

# The London Gazette.

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From Tuesday May 11, to Saturday May 15, 1762.

AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 9th of April, 1762,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Time limited by His Majesty's Order in Council of the 19th of October last, for prohibiting the Exporting out of this Kingdom, or carrying Coastwise, Gunpowder, Salt Petre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, will expire upon the 29th Day of this Instant April — And whereas it is judged expedient for His Majesty's Service, and the Safety of this Kingdom, that the said Prohibition should be continued for some longer Time; His Majesty doth therefore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, hereby Order, Require, Prohibit and Command, That no Person or Persons whatsoever (except the Master General, Lieutenant General, or Principal Officers of the Ordnance for His Majesty's Service) do, at any Time, during the Space of Six Months, to commence from the said 29th Day of this Instant April, presume to transport into any Parts out of this Kingdom, or carry Coastwise, any Gunpowder, Salt Petre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, or ship or lade any Gunpowder, Salt Petre, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition, on Board any Ship or Vessel, in order to transporting the same into any Parts beyond the Seas, or carrying the same Coastwise, without Leave or Permission in that Behalf first obtained from His Majesty, or His Privy Council, upon Pain of incurring and suffering the respective Forfeitures and Penalties inflicted by an Act passed in the Twenty Ninth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, entituled, "An Act to empower His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation of Salt Petre, and to enforce the Law for empowering His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation of Gunpowder, or any Sort of Arms and Ammunition; and also to empower His Majesty to restrain the carrying Coastwise of Salt Petre, Gunpowder, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition." And the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Master General of the Ordnance, and His Majesty's Secretary at War, are to give the necessary Directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

*Hen. Fane.*

*Frankfurt, May 4.* The French have thrown over the Meyn, one Bridge above this City near Offenback, and two below, for the Passage of the Troops that are quartered on the Side of Bamberg, and behind that River.

*Hajfeh, May 6.* The last of the four Battalions of French Guards arrived here the 4th; they seem compleat, are new clothed, and in very good Order. From hence they march to Stockem, where they cross the Ma-se.

To-day we expect the first Battalion of Swiss Guards: As there has been some Defertion in that Corps, their Road is changed, and instead of passing the River at Stockem, they will leave it on their Right, and march directly to Ruremond.

[ Price Three-Pence. ]

*Liege, May 8.* Our Cardinal Bishop arrived last Thursday Morning at Seraign in good Health. His Highness came by the New Road, that leads directly to his Country Seat, without passing through this City.

The 6th the Battalion of Paris, Militia, arrived here from Ruremond; and To-day Colmar, Militia, who have been quartered here during the Winter, marched hence to Aix, having Orders to join the Army on the Lower Rhine.

*Dusseldorff, May 8.* Early Yesterday Morning we received Advice, that the Allied Troops were in Motion, on which Orders were sent by Couriers, to the French Regiments in this Neighbourhood, to immediately put themselves in March, with their Colours, Cannon, Baggage, &c. In Consequence, Yesterday at Two in the Afternoon, the Nine Battalions, in Garrison at Cologne, marched Four Hundred Men per Battalion, having Three Days Bread with them.

The Corps of Conflans had again taken Post at Elberfeld; but as it is said the Allies are advanced in Force, it is probable they will make their Retreat in Time.

As the French Troops could not be ready to camp till the 16th or 17th, all the Regiments that are marched will return to their Quarters, should the Allied Troops retreat again.

*Hague, May 11.* By our last Letters from the Prussian Armies we have an Account, that the King of Prussia assembled his Army on the 6th in Silesia; and that Prince Henry did the like, on the same Day, in Saxony.

The Austrians were also in Motion; and General Laudohn has detached a considerable Corps towards Neiss.

*Admiralty Office, May 12.*

Captain Richard Knight, of His Majesty's Ship the *Leverpoole*, hath brought with him to Cork, the Grand Amiral, a French Privatier Snow, of 10 Guns and 85 Men, which he took the 24th of last Month off Mizenhead: The Privatier had been out from Bayonne 43 Days, and taken nothing.

Captain Mitchell Graham, of His Majesty's Ship the *Alborough*, in his Letter dated at Cork the 2d Instant, gives an Account, that on the 28th past, off Cape Clear, he fell in with and took the *Neustra Senora de la Piedad*, alias *Golondrina*, a Spanish Privatier Schooner, of 8 Guns and 65 Men: And also that he retook the Ship *Brayton*, of Whitehaven, from Carolina, which had been taken by the above-mentioned Privatier.

*Admiralty Office, May 14.*

His Majesty's Ship the *Phoenix* arrived in Basque Road the 17th of last Month, with the Duke de Fronfac Armed Ship, taken by the *Mermaid* on the 9th. There was on Board her a Company of the Regiment of Bigores Grenadiers, consisting of 48 Men, Officers included; and one of Angoumois, of 41 Men, Officers included, bound for Louisiana: This Ship, with about Six others (one of which of 250 Tons was taken at the same Time, and is since arrived) sailed from Bourdeaux on the 7th. The *Phoenix* left the *Mermaid* in close Pursuit of a Third.

His Majesty's Ship the *Royal William* has also taken