The London razette

Bublished by Authority.

From Saturday January 2, to Tuesday January 5, 1762.

G E O R G E R. UR Will and Pleasure is, That you attend the Proclamation of Our Declaration of War against Spain, that is to be made on Monday next the Fourth Instant, between the Hours of Nine and Twelve in the Morning, in the usual Places, and with the Solemuities customary on the like Occasion: And for so doing this shall be your Warrant. Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Second Day of January, 1762, in the Second Year of Our Reign.

By His Majesty's Command, EGREMONT.

To Our Trusty and Well-Belowed Scrwants, the Kings, Heralds, and Pursuiwants, at Arms.

St. James's, January 4.

The Officers of Arms, with the Serjeants at Arms, and Trumpeters, mounted their Horses in the Stableyard, St. James's; and proceeding thence to the Palace Gate, Clarenceux King of Arms read His Majelly's Declaration of War, and Somerset Herald proclaimed it aloud: Which being done, a Procession was made as follows: A Party of Horse Grenadier Guards to clear the Way.—Beadles of Westminster with Staves, two and two.—Constables of Westminster.—High Constable of Westminster.—With his Staff.—The Officers of the High Bailiff of Westminster on Horseback, with White Wands.—Deputy of the High Bailiff of Westminster.—Knight Marshal's Men. - Knight Marshal. - Drums.major.-Trumpets.-Serjeant Trumpeter in his Collar, bearing his Mace. Bluemantle Pursuivant. Rouge-Dragon Pursuivant, Rouge Croix Pursuivant, between two Serjeants at Arms.—Lancaster Herald, between two Serjeants at Arms.—Somerset Herald, between two Serjeants at Arms.—Clarenceux King of Arms, between two Serjeants at Arms.—A Party or Troop of the Horse Guards, commanded by Colonel Carpenter.

At Charing Cross, Somerset Herald read the Declaration, and Lancaster Herald proclaimed it aloud. From thence the Procession was made to Temple-Bar, where the Officers of the City of Westminster retired; and, the Gates being shut, Bluemantle Pur-suivant, being conducted by two of His Majesty's Trumpets, after founding thrice, he knocked at the Gates; and being demanded who was there, re-plied, The Officers of Arms, who demand Entrance to make Proclamation of His Majesty's Declaration of War against Spain; and, the Gates being opened, he was conducted, by the City Marshal, to the Lord Mayor, who, with the Aldermen, Recorder, and Sheriffs, attended within the Gates; and, having shewed him the King's Warrant, he returned. The Gates were opened, and the Procession entered; and, at the End of Chancery Lane, Lancaster Herald read the Declaration, and Rouge Croix Pursuivant - At the End of Wood-street, proclaimed it aloud. -Rouge-Croix Pursuivant read the Declaration, and Rouge-Dragon Pursuivant proclaimed it alord .- And, laftly, at the Royal Exchange, Rouge Dragon Purfuivant read the Declaration, and Bluemantle Pursuivant proclaimed it aloud. —The Spectators, which were very numerous at each Place, expressing their Satisfaction by loud Acclamations.

D E C L A R A T Of WAR against the King of Spain.

GEORGE R. HE constant Object of Our Attention, fince

fible, to put an End to the Calamities of War, and to fettle the Publick Tranquillity upon a folid and lasting Foundation. To prevent those Calamities from being extended still farther; and because the most perfect Harmony between Great Britain and Spain is, at all Times, the mutual Interest of both Nations; it has been Our earnest Desire to maintain the strictest Amity with the King of Spain, and to accommodate the Disputes between Us and that Crown in the most amicable Manner. This Object We have steadily pursued, notwithstanding the many Partialities shewn by the Spaniards to Our Enemies the French, during the Course of the present War, inconsistent with their Neutrality: And most essential Proofs have been given of the Friendship and Regard of the Court of Great Britain for the King of Spain, and his Family. After & Conduct so friendly, and so full of good Faith, on our Part, It was Matter of great Surprise to Us, to find a Memorial delivered on the Twenty third Day of July last, by Monsieur Bussy, Minister Plenipotentiary of France, to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, expressly relating to the Disputes between Us and the Crown of Spain; and Declaring, that, if Those Objects should bring on a War, the French King would be obliged to take Part therein.
Our Surprife was encreased, when, afterwards, this
unprecedented and offensive Step, made by a Power in open War with Us, was avowed, by the Spanistr Minister to Our Ambassador at Madrid, to have been taken with the full Approbation and Consent of the King of Spain. But, as this Avowal was accompanied with the most becoming Apologies on the Part of the King of Spain, and with Assurances, that such Memorial never would have been delivered, if it had been foreseen that We should have looked upon it in an offensive Light; and that the King of Spain was at Liberty, and ready, to adjust all His Differences with Great Britain, without the Intervention, or Knowledge, of France; and foon after, We had the Satisfaction to be informed by Our Ambassador at Madrid, that the Spanish Minister, taking Notice of the Reports industriously spread of an approaching Rupture, had acquainted Him, that the King of Spain had, at no Time, been more intent on cultivating a good Correspondence with Us; and as the Spanish Ambassador at Our Court made repeated Declarations to the fame Effect; We thought Ourselves bound, in Justice and Prudence, to for-bear coming to Extremities. But the same tender Concern for the Welfare of Our Subjects, which prevented Our accelerating precipitately a War with Spain, if it could possibly be avoided, made it necessary for Us to endeavour to know with Certainty, what were the Engagements, and real Intentions of the Court of Spain. Therefore, as We had Information, that Engagements had been lately contracted between the Courts of Madrid and Versailles; and it was foon after industriously spread throughout all Europe, by the Ministers of France, that the Purport of those Engagements was Hossile to Great Britain, and that Spain was on the Point of entering into the War ; We directed Our Ambassador to defire, in the most Friendly Terms, a Communication of the Treaties lately concluded between France and Spain; or of fuch Articles thereof as immediately related to the Interests of Great Britain, if any such there were; or, at least, an Assurance that there were none incompatible with the Friendship subsisting between Us and the Crown of Spain. Our Assonishment and Concern was great, when we learnt, that, so far from giving Satisfaction upon so reasonable an Application, the Spanish Minister had deing a with Restanings and Infa lined natu

of a very hostile Tendency: And as, at the same Time, We had Intelligence, that great Armaments were making in Spain, by Sca and Land, thought it absolutely necessary to try, once more, if a Rupture could be avoided: We therefore directed Our Ambassador to ask, in a Firm, but Friendly Manner, Whether the Court of Madrid intended to join the French, Our Enemies, to act hostilely against Great Britain, or to depart from It's Neutrality; and, if he found the Spanish Minister avoided to give a clear Answer, to infinuate, in the most decent Manner, that the Resusing, or Avoiding to answer a Question so reasonable, could only arise from the King of Spain's having already engaged, or resolved to take Part against Us, and must be looked upon as an Avowal of such hossile Intension, and equivalent to a Declaration of War; and that He had Orders immediately to leave the Court of Madrid. The peremptory Refusal by the Court of Spain to give the least Satisfaction, with regard to any of those reasonable Demands on Our Part, and the solemn Declaration at the same Time made by the Spanish Minister, that they considered the War as then actually declared, prove to a Demonstration, that their Resolution to act offensively, was so absolutely and irrevocably taken, that It could not be any longer diffembled, or denied. The King of Spain therefore, having been induced, without any Provocation on Our Part, to consider the War as already commenced against Us, which has in Effect been de-clared at Madrid; We trust, that by the Blessing of Almighty God on the Justice of Our Cause, and by the Assistance of Our Loving Subjects, We shall be able to defeat the ambitious Designs, which have formed this Union between the Two Branches of the House of Bourbon; have now begun a new War; and portend the most dangerous Consequences to all Europe. Therefore, We have thought fit to declare, and do hereby Declare War against the said King of Spain; and We will, in pursuance of such Declaration, vigorously prosecute the said War, wherein the Honour of Our Crown, the Welfare of Our Subjects, and the Prosperity of this Nation, which We are determined at all Times with Our utmost Power to preserve and support, are so greatly concerned. And we do hereby Will and Require Our Generals and Commanders of Our Forces, Our Commissioners for executing the Office of Our High Admiral of Great Britain, Our Lieutenants of Our feveral Counties, Governors of Our Forts and Garrisons, and all other Officers, and Soldiers, under them, by Sea and Land, to do, and execute, all Acts of Hostility, in the Profecution of this War, against the faid King of Spain, His Vassals and Subjects, and to oppose their Attempts; Willing and Requiring all Our Subjects to take Notice of the same; whom We henceforth strictly forbid to hold any Correspondence, or Com-munication, with the said King of Spain, or His Subjects: And We do hereby command Our own Subjects, and advertise all other Persons, of what Nation foever, not to transport, or carry any Soldiers, Arms, Powder, Ammunition, or other contraband Goods, to any of the Territories, Lands, Plantations, or Countries, of the faid King of Spain; Declaring that whatfoever Ship or Vessel shall be met withal, transporting, or carrying any Soldiers, Arms, Powder, Ammunition, or other contraband Goods, to any of the Territories, Lands, Plantations, or Countries of the faid King of Spain, the same be-ing taken, shall be condemned as good and lawful And whereas there may be remaining in Our Kingdoms divers of the Subjects of the King of Spain, We do hereby declare Our Royal Intention to be, That all the Spanish Subjects, who shall demean themselves dutifully towards Us, shall be Cafe in their Persons and Effects.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Second Day of January, 1762, in the Second Year of Our Reign.

GOD fave the KING.

St. James's, January, 2.

I'S Majesty in Council was in Day pleased to order, that a Commission should be passed

impower the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty to issue forth, and grant Letters of Marque, or Commissions to Privateers, for seizing and taking the Ships, Vessels and Goods belonging to Spain, or the Vassals and Subjects of the King of Spain, or others inhabiting within any of his Countries, Territories, or Dominions, and such other Ships, Vessels and Goods, as are, or shall be, liable to Consistation, pursuant to the respective Treaties between His Majetty and other Princes, States, and Potentates.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 14th Day of December, 1761,

PRESENT,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty in Council. HEREAS His Majesty was graciously pleased by His Royal Proclamation bearing Date the Twenty Second Day of July 11st, to promife and declare, (amongst other Things) That the Bounties of Five Pounds for every able Scaman, and of Thirty Shillings for every ordinary Seaman, should be paid to every fuch able and ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, who should, on or before the Twelsth Day of September last, enter themselves to serve in His Majesty's Royal Navy, either with the Captains or Lieutenants of His Majesty's Ships, or the Chief Officers on Board such Tenders as should be employed for raising Men for the Service of the Royal Navy: And that a Bounty of Thirty Shillings should be paid to every able bodied Landman not above the Age of Thirty Five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, who should, on or before the said Twelstin Day of September, in like Manner voluntarily enter themselves to serve in His Majetly's Royal Navy; and that a Reward of Two Pounds for every able, and Thirty Shillings for every ordinary Seaman, should be paid to any Person who should discover any Seaman or Seamen who should secret themselves, so that such Seaman or Seamen should be taken for His Majesty's faid Service. And whereas the Time limited for paying the said Bounties and Rewards hath been extended to the Twelfth Day of this Instant December; And it being judged expedient for His Majesty's Service, that the same should be continued for some longer Time; His Majesty, with the Advice of His Privy Council, doth therefore order, and it is hereby accordingly or-dered, that the Time limited for Payment of the faid Bounties and Rewards, be prolonged and extended from the said Twelfth Day of this Instant December, to the Thirty First Day of January next inclu-Whereof all Persons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

Hen. Fane.

St. James's. January 5.

The following Address of the Aldermen, Bailiss, and Common Council of the Borough and Corporation of Denbigh, has been presented to His Majesty: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,
The humble Address of the Aldermen, Bailist, and
Common Council of the Borough and Corporation of Denbigh, in Common Council assembled.

Most gracious Sewereign,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Aldermen, Bailists, and Common Council of the ancient Corporation of Denbigh, do, with the greatest Sensibility of Jey, and with Hearts sull of the sincerest Gratitude, tender to your Majesty our unseigned Congratulations upon your Marriage with a Princess, so eminently illustrious by Descent, and so conspicuously amiable for Her Virtues.

Happy in your Majesty's wise Choice; and consident, that you will ever remain the faithful Guardian of the Laws and Liberties of these Kingdoms; we are now induced to take a pleasing View into suture Ages, and with great Alacrity assure ourselves, that

Divine Providence, happily fecured by this important

Nor shall we cease to offer up our ardent Prayers for the Prosperity of your Majesty, and your Royal Consort. May the King of all Kings grant you a long and successful Reign over a grateful and happy

By Order of the Court, Signed and passed under our Common Seal, this 16th Day of December, 1761.

John Hosser, Town Clerk.

The following Address of the Freeholders, Here tors, and Gentlemen of the County of Roxburgh, has been presented to His Majesty: Which Addreis His Majesty was pleased to receive very gra-

To the King's most Excellent Majesty, The humble Address of the Freeholders, Heretors, and Gentlemen of the County of Roxburgh.

cred Person, with our most fincere and hearty Congrutulations upon your Royal Nuptials. Choice your Majelly has made of a Princess adorned with every amiable, every Royal Accomplishment, its to padels the Heart and to share the Throne of so great a King. fills the Hearts of us, your loyal Subjects, with the truelt Joy.

That your Majesties may long live to reign over a free, a glorious, and a grateful People, and to be the Farmes of a Race of Princes, the Heirs of your Royal Virtues, as well as of your Throne, is our warmest Wish and daily Prayer.

Signed in our Presence and by our Appointment, by Sir William Scott, of Ancrum, Baronet, the 15th of December, 1761. William Scott.

The following Address of the Noblemen and Gentlemen of the County of Berwick, has been prefented to His Majesty: Which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty, The humble Address of the Noblemen and Gentlemen of the County of Berwick.

E, your Majesty's most dutiful and soyal Subjects, the Nablemen and O jects, the Noblemen and Gentlemen of the County of Berwick, beg Leave to approach your Royal Presence with the sincerest Congratulations, upon the happy Event of your auspicious Nuptials; an Event, which the univerfal Voice of your Majesty's Subjects, in all Parts of the World, most joyfully applaud.

Your loyal and affectionate Subjects could have formed no Wish, more interesting to your Majesty, or themselves, than the Alliance contracted with an Illustrious Princess, whose amiable and distinguished Endowments must secure, to your Majesty, the highest domestic Pleasure; and afford, to your Subjects, the happy Prospect, of having one of your Royal Offspring, to inherit your Majesty's most conspicuous Virtues, and to sway the Sceptre, over a free and happy People; to the latest Posterity.

Signed by Order of the Meeting.

Jo. Stuart.

Saville House, January 2.

This Day Omar Effendi, Ambassador from Al giers, had an Audience of Leave of his Royal Highness the Duke of York.

To which he was introduced by Stephen Cottrell, Efq; Assistant Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's, January 4, 1762.
Whereas it has been humbly represented to the King, that the Audit House of New College, in the University of Oxford, bath, within thefe Twelve Months paft, been robb'd of several Sums of Money, amounting, in the Whole, to Five Hundred Pounds and upwards: His Majefly, for the better discovering and bringing to Justice the Persons concerned in the Jaid Robbery, is, bereby, pleased to promise His most gracious Pardon to any one of them who shall discover His Accomplice, or Accomplices, in the faid Fast, Is that he, she, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof. BÙTE. And, as a further Encouragement, the Societo

New College, in the faid University of Oxford, des bereby, promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds, to any Person or Persons, making such Discovery as afore-said: To be paid by the said Society upon the Conviction of any one, or more, of the Offinders; and the said Society will, moreover, defray all the Expences witch may arije on account of fuch Discovery; the Members thereof being determined to spare neither Pains nor Expence towards detecting and bringing to Justice toe Perpetrators of this daring Villainy.

John Purnell, Warden.

Admiralty-Office, January 5, 1762.
The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty do hereby give Notice, that, in Pursuance of His Maj. fly's Commissions under the Great Scal of Great Britain, bearing Date respectively the 4th Instant, Commissions, or Letter of Marque, will be granted to such of His Maj sh's Subjects, and others applying for the same, as their Lordships shall deem fully qualified, empowering such Persons to arm and set forth in Warlike Manner, proper Sings and Vessels, for the Apprehending, Seizing, and Yuking the Ships, Vessels, and Goods belonging to France and Spain, or the Vassals and Subjects of the Frank King, or King of Spain, upon their giving the ufual Security. J. Člevland.

Newcastle House, January 2, 1762.

Notice is bereby given, in Pursuance of the several Acts of Parliament now in Force relating to the Militia Forces of that Part of Great Britain called England, that His Majesty's Lieutenant of the County of Middlefex, and the Deputy Lieutenants of the Jaid Courty, will meet at Mr. Lambe's House in Pullmall, on Tassday the 12th Day of this Instant January, at Eleven of the Clack in the Forenoon, it being the first General Meeting for the present Year 1762, appointed for the carrying into Execution the several Laws relating to the Militia Forces of this Kingdom

HÖLLES NEWCASTLE.

Albemarle Street, January 2, 1762.

Notice is hereby given, in Pursuance of the several Acts of Parliament now in Force relating to the Militie, that His Majesty's Lieutenant of the County of Mont. gomery, and the Deputy Lieutenants of the faid County, will meet at the Green Dragon in the Town of Montgomery, on Tuesday the 12th Day of this Instant fa. nuary, at Eleven of the Clock in the Ferenoon; it heing the first General Meeting for the present Year 1762, appointed for the carrying into Execution the several Laws relating to the Militia Forces of this Kingdom. POW15.

West Riding of Yorkshire.

Notice is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Deputy Lieutenants for the Jaid Riding, will be held on Tuesday the 12th Day of January Instant, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Red Lyon in Pontefract in the said Riding, for carrying into Execution the Laws relating to the Militia, pursuant to the Act of Parliament made and paffed in the Thirty-third Year of His late Majesty's Reign.

Richard Fenton, Clerk of the General Meetings.

Lord Almoner's Office, Whitehall, Jan. 1, 1762. Notice is bereby given, that all Petitions, for His Majosty's Bounty at Easter and the Maundy, be brought to this Office before the 1st Day of March; and for His Majesty's Bounty at Christmas, before the 1st Day of

It is defired, that all Persons, who recommend Petitions, would, in their own Hand Writing, with the Date of Time and Place, fignify their personal Know-ledge or credible Information of the Case of the Object; that the Nobility would to their figuing add their Scals; and all other Persons, the Names of their Office, or juch other Designation, as shall make them sufficiently known ; By these Mouns, due Attention may be paid to the Recommendations; and the Impositions, which have been very frequent, upon His Majesty's Bounty, may be prevented. R. EBOR.

General

General Post Office, January 1, 1762.

Publick Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern; that a Mail for the Corunna, will be made up and dispatched from hence on Tuesday next the 5th In-stant; but that no more Packet Boats, after that Time, will be permitted to sail for the Corunna.

By Command of the Post Master General, Hen. Potts, Secretary.

Navy Office, December 30, 1761. The Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy give Notice, that on Wednesday the 13th of next Month, at Eleven o'Clock in the Morning, they will be ready to treat with such Persons as are willing to contract for building, at Millord Haven, a Ship of 74 Guns for His Majesty: A Draught of which, with a Copy of the Contract. may be seen in the Office of the Clerk of the Acts of His Majesty's Navy.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Ship Venus, who were actually on Board at retaking (in Company with His Majesty's Ship Juno) the Vestal, that they will be paid their respective Shares of the Salvage for her on Board at Plymouth, the 13th of January 1762; and the Shares remaining unpaid, will be recalled at the Exeter Irn at Plymouth, the first Monday in every Month for three Years to come, after the first Payment shall be made as aforesaid.

Tyringham Stephens, of Tower Hill, Agents. John Lloyd, of Plymouth,

In the Press, and speedily will be Published, ONGSWORD Earl of SALISBURY An Historical Romance.

Printed for W. Johnston in Ludgate Street.

For SALE by the Candle,

T Garraway's Coffee House in Exchange Alley Cornhill, A on Wednelday the 20th of January 1762, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon,

About 90,000 lb. French Indigo,

landed from the Courageoux French Man of Waz from St. Domingo, taken by His Majesty's Ships Bellona and Brilliant, Robert Faulkner and James Logie, Efgrs. Commanders. Catalogues will be timely delivered, by

Hudson, Barssett and Harris, Brokers, Lawrence Pountney Lane, Cannon Street.

Chancery, before Thomas Harris, Efq; one of the Mafters of the faid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, The feveral Eftates here under-mentioned, for the Remainder of a Term of 500 Years, created by an Indenture of Settlement dated the 7th Day of August, 1728, in the several Lots follow-

Lot 1. A Messuage and Garden at Hoxton in Mid-dlesex, lett (clear of Taxes) to John Bassington at Lot 2. Three Messuages in Hoxton, lett (clear of Taxes and Repairs) to William Cratagene at 14 l.

Lot 3. Another Messuage, with a Garden, in Hoxton, lett to John Leman at 34 l. Lot 4. A Tenement and Garden at Hoxton, lett to

Lot 5. Another Tenement at Hoxton, lett to -81. ot 6. Two Fields at Hoxton, lett (clear of Taxes)

to Richard Eldridge at 771.
Particulars of the said Estates may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt issued forth against Samuel Gilhody, of Liverpool in the County of Lancaster, China Facturer, Dealer and Chapman, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Essessie, on Friday the 29th of January Instant, at Three o'Clock in the Afternament the Sign of the Colden Line in Delas states in Times. noon, at the Sign of the Golden Lion in Dale-fireet in Liverpool aforefaid, in order to affent to or diffent from the Af-fignees commencing and profecuting Suit or Suits in Law or Equity concerning the faid Bankrupt's Estate and Esfects; and also to their compounding, and submitting to Armitration, or otherwise agreeing any Matters in Dispute relating thereto, and on other special Affairs.

Hereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Green, of Farcham in the County

forth against John Green, of Farcham in the County of Southampton, Merchant, and he being declared a Bank-rupt, is hereby required to furrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 16th of January Instant, at Ten o'Clock in the Forencon, on the 23d of the said Month, at Four o'Clock in the Asternoon, and on the 16th of February next, at

Ten of the Clock in the Forencon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Estects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared Affignces, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Affignces, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or diffent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Rosewell, in Angel Court Throgmorton Street, London.

HE Commissioners in a Commission of Eankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Hall, now or late of Great Moorgate, London, Distiller and Dealer in Hops, intend to meet on the 26th of January Instant, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a second Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Estects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they

will be excluded the Benefit of the faid Dividend.

HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and islued forth against Elizabeth Bond, of Moorfields, London, Widow, Broker, Dealer and Chapwoman, intend to meet on the 27th of January Instant, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Essets; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the fame, or they will be ex-cluded the Benefit of the faid Dividend.

HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt award-

Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already

proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the fame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the faid Dividend.

Hereas the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Thomas Smith, of Magpye Alley in Fenchurch Street, London, Merchant, have certified to the Right Honourable Lord Henley, Baron of Grange, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the faid Thomas Smith hath in all Things conformed himfelf according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by virtue of an Act passed in the Fisch Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 26th of January Instant.

THE following Persons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas, on or before the TWENTY-FIFTH Day of OCTOBER, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty, and having furrendered themselves to the Goalers or Keepers of the respective Prisons or Goals hereaster-mentioned, do hereby give Notice, That they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, passed in the First Year of the Reign of His predent Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An Act for Relief of Insolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty, or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after THIRTY Days from the FIRST. Publication of the under-mentioned Names, viz.

Fugitive furrendered to the Keeper of LUDGATE in the City of London.

Second Notice.

James Pritchett, late of Shire Lane, near Temple Bar, Vic-

Fugitive furrendered to the Keeper of WOODSTREET Compact, in the City of London.

Third Notice.

Thomas Dunston, late of Castle Court, Budge Row, in the City of London, Mariner.

Fugitive furrendered to the Keeper of the KING's BENCH Prison in the County of Surry.

Third Notice.

Chapman Horner, late of the Parish of St. Margaret West-minster, Stable Keeper and Chapman.

N. B. The above Name was inserted in the Gazette of Satur-day December 5, as a Third Notice, surrendered to the Keeper of the Sherist's Ward for the County of Devon, by Mistake, instead of the King's Bench as above.