

# The London Gazette.

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From Thursday August 12. to Monday August 16. 1675.

Naples, July 30.

**T**HE 24 instant, appeared in our Bay, and in sight of this City, 20 French Men of War, and as many Gallies, and the next day took a *Genouse* laden with Corn; till the 27, they continued plying in the Bay, and the general apprehension was, they would have attempted to burn the 16 Spanish Men of War that are here, who were therefore haled close under the Castles; and the Prince of *Montefarchio*, Admiral of the Fleet, accompanied with several of the Nobility, was himself on board the Ship that always bears the Admiral: but the 28, the Enemy stood off to Sea again, and hapned to meet with several Barks laden with Corn, coming in hither, which they took. From *Messina* they write, That the Spanish Gallies had taken a French Man of War of 20 Guns, on the Coast of *Galabria*. We are now assured, that the Spanish Men of War will sail in three or four days at farthest, the Seamen having orders to repair on board within two days, on pain of death.

*Vienna, Aug. 8.* We are told of a considerable Sum of Money that is preparing here, to be sent to General *Montecuculi*, for the use of the Army. The States of *Bohemia* have made his Imperial Majesty a Present of 100 000 Florins. From *Po'and* our Letters tell us of the small appearance there seems to be of a Peace, unless the Poles will submit to the terms proposed by the Cham of *Tartary* on the part of the Grand Signior, viz. That the Poles shall for ever quit their pretensions to *Caminiec*, and the whole *Ukraine*; which hitherto the King appears resolved not to do.

*Hamburg, Aug. 16.* The Elector of *Brandenburgh* continues with his Army at *Swan*, having sent for his heavy Cannon from *Magdeburg*, which have hitherto remained there. From *Copenhagen* they write, That the King would begin his journey to the Army the 20 instant, having put his Fleet, which together with ten Dutch Men of War consists of 32, in a posture to sail. The Danish Forces in these parts have in the mean time enlarged their quarters, which some of them have taken in the Villages belonging to and near this City. The 11 instant, 2000 *Brandenburgh* Horse came very near to *Wisnar*, and notwithstanding the Town fired upon them, took some Cattle away from under the walls.

*Strasburgh, Aug. 9.* The 7 and 8 instant, the Imperial Army passed the *Rhine* over our Bridge, and encamped in the *Riperschaw*; and General *Montecuculi* caused three Bridges to be laid over the little River *Preusch*, with intention to pass it, and so enter into the Lower *Alsatia*, and attack *Hagenaw*, where the French have a great Magazine. This morning the Troops of the Circles have likewise passed the *Rhine*, and are joined with the Imperialists, who, we hear, are passing the *Preusch*. The French Army is at present encamped at *Bloßheim*, about a League and half from hence. The Major-General *Kilmanseck* coming from *Bon*, was some days since taken by the French, he not knowing of their

being come on this side the *Rhine*. The French have great Magazines at *Saverne* and *Hagenaw*, and in the latter is a Garison of 2000 Men.

*Ditto, August 12.* The ninth instant, the Imperial Army decamped from *Rupershaw*, passed the River *Preusch*, and joined the Troops of the Circles, commanded by the Duke of *Saxen-Lawenburgh*, at *Bischenheim*, being about 4500 Men. It was believed that Gen. *Montecuculi* would have marched directly to *Hagenaw*, and have besieged it, but he on the sudden changed his march, and took it directly towards the Enemy, with intention to put himself between them and the succors they expected from *Saverne*, and to cut off all communication between them, the said City of *Saverne*, *Hagenaw*, and *Strasburgh*; and accordingly, on the 10 instant, General *Montecuculi* took his Head-quarter at *Wolfsheim*, his Army stretching from thence to *Eckoltzheim*, not being above a League from the Enemy, so that we may expect to hear of some farther Action between the two Armies. We are told that the Governor of *Saverne*, has caused the Suburb of that City to be burnt down, in order to the better defence of the place, in case of an attack.

*Cologne, Aug. 16.* We have Letters here dated the 11 instant, from the Imperial Camp, which said, that the Army lay then encamped along the River *Preusch* from *Schafoltzheim* to *Eckoltzheim* between the French and their Towns of *Saverne* and *Hagenaw*; That the French were encamped at *Bolsenheim*, between the *Rhine* and the River *Ill*, where they fortified themselves. General *Montecuculi* had once thought, as is said, to attack *Hagenaw*, but that resolution was altered, it being judged better to advance directly towards the French, and either oblige them to a Battel, or else to retreat out of *Alsatia*, before the arrival of the Prince of *Conde*, and the recruits that come with him. And since we have Letters of the 12 instant from *Strasburgh*, which say, That upon the march of the Imperialists, the French had passed the River *Ill*, and were advanced to *Geysspitzen*, and *Glockelsberg*, to meet them; so that it was expected at *Strasburgh*, there would within few days be another Engagement between the two Armies. The French Army, at the coming away of these Letters, was commanded by the Duke *de Duras*.

*Mons in Haynault, Aug. 13.* Two thousand Horse, who Convoyed the Prince of *Conde* on his way towards *Alsatia*, are returned, and have rejoined the Army commanded by the Marechal *de Montmorency*, which continues near *Aeth*.

*Luxemburgh, Aug. 15.* We have certain advice, That the Marechal *de Crequi* seeing his Army totally routed, and out of a posture to rallie again, had taken his way towards *Treves*; for that he heard the Governor there, the Count *de Vignory*, had been a day or two before killed by a fall, and accordingly got into the place; the Besieged, in the absence of the Confederates, (when drawn off in order to their fighting *Crequi*;) made a Sally upon those Troops which remained before the place in a certain Retrenchment with the Confederates Baggage;

Baggage; but after some skirmish, were beaten back into the Town. All the particulars we have of the Fight, is, That the Confederates having the 11 instant, passed the Saar, the Foot over a Stone-bridge called *Conzertbrugg*, and the Horse having forded through, they came upon *Marschal de Crequi* very unexpectedly, who, however, as well as the time would permit, drew up his Army, and posted it the most advantageously he could, not having above 8 or 9000 Men; the Confederates, who were almost double the number, begun to attack them about Noon, and the Fight continued three hours, when the French Horse gave ground, and as well Horse as Foot were broken, and fell into confusion; most of the Foot were killed, for it's said the *Germans* gave no quarter; and some of the Horse, but the greatest part fled to *Metz*, *Tbionville*, &c. their Baggage, and eight or ten pieces of Cannon, were taken: the *Chevaliers de Sourdis* and *de la Trousse*, who commanded next to *Crequi* the Cavalry, the son of the *Marschal de Grancey*, and a Colonel of Dragoons, were made Prisoners. The Confederates, after having gained this Victory, returned to the Siege, where the 13 instant, the Batteries, on which are planted above 30 pieces of Cannon, were finished. We are told, that there is a very strong Garison within the place, and that they are resolved to make a brave defence; and on the other side, the Confederates pretend they will not grant them other conditions than to be Prisoners at War.

*Aix la Chapelle*, Aug. 16. Two thousand Horse, Four hundred Dragoons, and Two hundred Foot, of the Garison of *Masstricht*, are come into the Countrey of *Cornelius Munster*, with design, probably, to make a diversion on that side.

*Brussels*, Aug. 20. On Saturday last, a French party of *Charleroy*, cut off above 200 of our Foragers; and two days before, the *Baron de Quincey* had cut off a French Convoy between *Aeth* and *Tournay*. The Prince of *Orange* continues still with his Army near *Hall*, but it is every day expected that he will decamp; his Highness, to amuse the Enemy, has caused three several grounds to be viewed, as though intended for his next encampment; one near *Ninove*, another at *Grammon*, and the third at *Nivelle*. And yesterday in the evening, orders were given out for the Army to march this morning, but about midnight they were countermanded, and directions given to be only in a present readiness to march. In the mean time the Duke of *Luxembourg*, now called the *Marschal de Montmorency*, remains between *Aeth* and *Cambron Abby*, though it be said that he hath lately sent several Troops to reinforce the Neighbouring Garisons, not knowing what his Highness designs; and it is added, that he has likewise sent 3000 Horse towards *Germany*. *Treves* still holds out; it is certain the *Marschal de Crequi* is there: the Confederates have above 30 pieces of Cannon on Batteries against the place, and hoped to be Masters of it before this day.

*Ostend*, Aug. 21. Yesterday, at five a Clock in the morning, a party of 350 French, both Horse and Foot, of the Garison of *Courtray*, appeared within a League of this place, on the River or Canal that passes from *Plashendal* to *Newpart*, having brought with them two large flat-bottomed Boats on Waggons, by which means they past the said River, and came to a Village called *Les-fing*, which they set on fire, and burnt to the grounds, and so returned, taking away with them many Horses, and some Prisoners. It is said that the Admiral ship of the Capers of this place, is accidentally blown up, and that 225 Men perished in it.

*Briel*, Aug. 18. We have little to advise from hence; except that Lieutenant-Admiral *de Ruyter* is put to Sea with 25 Men of War, directing his Course to the Southward from the *Maeße*. Here now lies before this Town three Men of War, and a Dogger, fitted out for the service of the Elector of *Brandenburgh*.

*Hague*, Aug. 18. The great news we have at present, is the defeat of the *Marschal de Crequi*, which we receive from *Brussels*; we hope our next Letters will give us an account of the surrender of *Treves*, which can now hardly expect to be succeeded. We are told that the *Heer Ravenhaup* is lately dead at *Coeverden*. We have advice from *Italy*, That the Duke of *Vivonne's* design was upon young *de Ruyter*, who he understood to be on his way with several rich Merchantmen towards the *Levant*; but that he having changed his course, the Duke had missed him, and was returned with the French Fleet of Men of War and Gallies to *Messina*, of which we expect a confirmation.

*Ditto*, Aug. 20. At *Amsterdam* they have advice of six East India Men, homeward bound, being upon the Coasts; and, it's said, that one or two of them are already arrived in the *Texel*. We have not any thing of news from our Army in *Flanders*.

*Lime*, Aug. 11. By a Vessel arrived here in six weeks from the *Barbadoes*, we have advice of a Conspiracy that had been discovered among the Blacks there, to destroy the English; and that it had been formed and carried on with great secrecy, till the very time intended for the execution, which had been begun by the Blacks belonging to one Capt. *Swanley*, who was killed by them; several of the Blacks had been already exemplarily punished, and a farther search was making the whole Island over, for the perfecting the discovery of the whole matter.

*London*, Aug. 12. By a Vessel arrived from *New-England*, we have an account of the rising of some of the *Indians*, with design to fall upon the English; that they had already killed several, and burnt and plundered their Houses and Plantations; upon which, the *Bostoners*, and they of *Plymouth*, had set out several hundred armed Men to pursue the *Indians*, who skulked here and there, but durst not appear in any considerable Bodies.

#### Advertisements.

August 12. Stolen from *Robert Childrey* Painter in *St. Margrets* near *Roebster* in *Kent*, certain Plate, viz. a Tankard, a Bowle, a large bellied Cup chased with a Cover loose, a small chased Cup, another Cup with two ears, a silver Porringer, five plain silver Spoons, two silver and gilt Spoons, a small silver Chain, a Gunny, and two other pieces of Gold; all the Plate, except the two gilded Spoons, marked R. C. A. Likewise a new grey Stuff Coat lined, a strait-bodied Coat with silver and gold Buttons, a Camlet Cloak, and other wearing Apparel, all to the value of thirty pound, by *Will. Childrey* a Scot, aged about 20 years, middle stature, strait black hair. Whoever give notice of him to *Samuel Tate* in *Whiffers Court* in *Cannon-street*, *London*, or to his said Master, shall have 20 s. It is thought he is gone away with one *Patrick* a Soldier in *Roebster*, a tall man, aged Forty years, flaxen hair, round visage.

Lost the tenth instant, being Wednesday, between *Salisbury-court*, and *Fleet-bridge*; a little Gold Watch, the Owner may have it at *Mrs. Feuz*, next door to the *White Swan* in *Hatton-garden*, or at *Mr. Warnsford*, at the *Nags-head* in *Fleet street*.

Stolen from *Samuel Draper* of *Shoreditch*, the 8th and 12th of July, several white Cloaths undrest, marked with W. H. If these be offered to Sale, give notice to *Mr. Richard Drew* in *Mugwell-street* at the *Half-moon*, you shall have five pounds.

From the same person, three of his Apprentices are run away, one *Nathaniel Bogott*, 12 years old, dark-coloured hair, of a middle stature, his Cloaths of a Chestnut colour; *Caleb Lumpley* and *John Wincott*, both about 19 years of age, *Caleb* in a pitish cloth Coat, red Hair, and the other in a sad-colour cloth. Upon notice of these persons, you shall be very well rewarded.

Stolen from *William Jackman* at *Farringdon* in the County of *Dorset*, the tenth instant, two light bay Geldings, 15 hands, stars in their Foreheads, thorn Manes, short dockt Tails, one a whitish mealy Nose. Whoever give notice of them to *Mr. William Jackman* aforesaid, or to *Mr. John Little* at the *Feathers* in *Russel-street*, *Coven-garden*, shall have 40 s. Reward.