

# The London Gazette.

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*Wesel, August 18.*

**T**HE Army under the Command of the Prince of Soubizé is advanced to Appenbulte near Munster. The Hereditary Prince of Brunswick has left a Body of about 12,000 Hanoverians, under the Command of General Kielmansegge, to cover Munster, and is marched, with the rest of his Army, to join Prince Ferdinand at Neuhaus.

We have sent hence every Thing necessary for building our Ovens at Dorsten; and there are seventy-eight Pieces of heavy Cannon, with every Thing requisite for undertaking a Siege, ready to march on the first Order.

The King's Household, being sickly, arrived here Yesterday, where their General Officers and Chiefs are lodged; the rest camp on the Left of the Rhine, near Burick. To-day the Gendarmerie decamp to canton at Cleves, and in that Neighbourhood.

The Head Quarters of the King's Household will be at Xanten on the Rhine, and in the Dutchy of Cleves.

The Horse Grenadier Guards stay at the Army, with a Detachment of 300 Men drawn from the different Corps of the Household, and 200 of the Gendarmerie.

*Liège, August 21.* Last Tuesday 17,000 Sacks of Flour arrived here from Givet, &c. They have all been unloaded, and deposited in the Cloisters of our Convents, till such times as they can be forwarded with Safety to Wesel.

*Magdeburg, August 18.* It is reported that the King of Prussia had removed his Quarters from Strehlen to Kothenblutt; that the Russian Army had passed the Oder at Strid Leubus and Diebau; that Marshal Butterlin's Head Quarters were at Hydaun near Parchwitz; that General Czernichew, with the Russian Van Guard, was at W. hlitadt; and that Lignitz, Jauer, Strigau, and Hohenfriedberg, were occupied by the Austrians. If these Accounts are but nearly true, an Action must soon ensue, which may probably decide the Fate of this Campaign. In Saxony the different Armies remain in the same Inactivity.

*Magdeburg, August 22.* Letters from Glogau dated the 18th, bring an Account, that General Laudohn having on the 15th detached 43 Squadrons of Austrian Cavalry, to join the Russians who had passed the Oder, and were encamped in the Neighbourhood of Parchwitz, his Prussian Majesty meeting with that Body, on their March, had attacked, and entirely defeated them, made a great Number of Prisoners, and dispersed the rest.

*Brunswick, August 21.* This Evening the Corps of Prince Henry will enter this City, and be received at the Gate by their Serene Highnesses the Duke of Brunswick, and the Landgrave of Hesse, accompanied by all the General and other Military Officers, who will walk in Procession to the Cathedral Church, where the Body of His Serene Highness will be interred with all Military Honours.

The Advices from the Side of the Weser mention, that Marshal Broglio having passed the Weser at Hoxter, the 19th, the Posts of General Luckner had, upon that, been withdrawn towards Eimbeck.

Prince Ferdinand had detached likewise a Corps over that River, under the Command of General Wutgenau, who is now posted at Halle, on the Road to Hamelen. Colonel Freytag, with his Chasseurs, will take Post, as is said, on the Werra, to annoy the Enemy's Communication on that Side.

The Loss of the French, in Prisoners, in the Actions which they had on the 14th and 15th Instant with General Luckner at Dassel and Uslar, amounted to 44 Officers, and 759 Soldiers; besides which, they had 800 Horses taken.

*Stade, August 22.* This Day Her Most Serene Highness the Princess Charlotte of Mecklenburg arrived here in perfect Health.

*Hague, August 27.* Letters from Paderborn of the 22d Instant inform us, that Marshal Broglio had received another Reinforcement from Prince Soubise of 14 Battalions, and several Squadrons, and that he had crossed the Weser near Hoxter, which he had been before fortifying, but had now abandoned, and had taken the Road towards Eimbeck; and that the Head Quarters of the Allied Army were at Furstenau.

The Prince of Soubise continued in the Neighbourhood of Munster, and had begun to invest that Place,

*Hague, August 28.* The Head Quarters of Marshal Broglio were, on the 24th, at Moringen. His Army extended from that Place towards Eimbeck. Prince Xavier was at Dassel. The Light Troops of Prince Ferdinand's Army were gone into the Hartz.

The Prince of Soubise continues in the Neighbourhood of Munster, and has sent a Detachment, under the Marquis de Voyer, to the Ems.

Letters from Dantzic of the 15th say, that the Russian Fleet was again got together, and lay at Anchor near Rugenwalde in Pomerania, three or four Miles from Colberg, where they had landed the greatest Part if not the Whole of their Troops, who had already joined their other Forces in those Parts, and would, as was supposed, soon form the Blockade of Colberg.

*Hague, August 28.* Letters just received from the Hague bring an Account, that on the 15th Instant, 43 Squadrons of Austrians, which had been sent by General Laudohn to join the Russian Army, were totally defeated by the King of Prussia; and that the Cannon and Trophies which the Horse Grenadiers had with them, were taken. That the Russian Army had been driven back from Grofs Becken to Mettiche, and that two Regiments of their Infantry had been made Prisoners by General Knoblauch, in the Pursuit towards the Oder.

Letters from other Parts make the Advantage on the Prussian Side still greater, as they acquaint us, that the whole Body of Austrians, defeated the 15th near Parchwitz, consisted of Twelve Thousand Men, Part of which were the 43 Squadrons before-mentioned, who were the Prime of the Austrian Cavalry and Horse Grenadiers. They add, that the Russian main Army, upon the Report of this Defeat, having retreated immediately, the King pursued them over the Oder, cannonading them continually the 16th and 17th Instant.

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