## The London Gazette.

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Lisbon, July 3.

He last Week went out three Men of War to cruise for the security of our Coasts, which have of late been greatly insested by the Corfairs of Barbary. Madamoiselle d'Armagmac is daily expected here from France, having been married by Proxy to the Prince of Cadaval. Some dayes since came in here, one of the Kings Ships who had had a rencounter with an Algerine, and had been boarded by him; but the Corfair was repulsed with confidential to see

fiderable loss.

Madrid, July 18. The great expectation here at prefent, is to hear of the raising of the Siege of Oranac present besieged by the Moores; the seven Men of War that were ordered thither, have been met by a Vessel come into Cadiz net far from thence, fo that we hope our next Letters will give us a good account; the last that came from the Governor of Oran, Don Inigo deToledo, advised that the Moores were not above Five thoufund firong, with two or Three thousand Arabs; That they had made an attack upon the place, but had been repulsed with the loss of abovet five hundredMen, the besteged not having had above nine killed, and about as many wounded. The Marquis d'Aftorgas is certainly recalled from the Government of Naples, which is given to the Cardinal Porto Carcro pro interim, till a new Viceroy be sent from hence; amongst those that pretend to that Government, its said the Count de Monterey, late Governor of the Spanish Netherlands, is the most likely to have it. We have nothing new from Catalonia.

Venice, July 29. We have not in a long while received any Letters from Conflantinople, which bring us any thing relating to the Publick, worth communicating; our last spoke of the great preparations that are making for the Ceremony of Circumciling the Grand Signiors Son, and marrying his Daughter, but made not any men-tion of profecuting the War this Summer against the Peles ; but on the other fide faid, that the Grand Signior had fent full power to the Cham of Tartary to conclude a Peace, if he thought fit, and upon fuch terms as he should think agreeable with his honour. Two days fince, the Popes Nuncio had Audience of the Senate, whom he acquainted, that the Imperial and Spanish Ambassadors at Rome, had adjusted the differences they had with that Court. Some here in Town, pretend to have advice from Meffina, that the French, fince their quitting the Siege of Melazzo, occasioned, as is faid, by the discovery of the correspondence they had with the Governor, and others within the place, had made another attempt upon the Scaletta; but feveral Vessels, who litely are arrived from those parts, not giving any account thereof, we cannot think this report to have any

Biperor received Letters from Count Montecuculi commanding his Army on the Rhine, in which he ac-

quaints his Imperial Majesty, that the French Army begun to have so great want of Forage, that he believed it would be very suddenly forced to change quarters. It hath been this day signified to the Suedsschminister here, that his Imperial Majesty expects he will forthwith leave his Court, and indeed the Empire, pursuant to the Decree of the Diet at Ratisbonne. The Duke of Transit-vania continues to assemble his Forces, and to give this Court a jealousie that he intends to temploy them in favor of the Rebels, who, in considence thereof, begin to be very busie in several parts of Hungary; but to prevent the worst, a Body of 10000 Imperialists are kept in a posture on those Frontiers. The 19 instant, was performed here a solemn Funeral Service for the Duke of Savoy deceased.

Berlin, July 28. Our Elector is at present encamped at Schwan not far from Guftrow, having beset all the paffages between him and the Suedish Army, which lies at present not far from Straelfond; it was expected his Electoral Highness would ere this have besieged Wifmar, but it feems that design has been hitherto delayed, through the preparations that must be necessarily made in order thereunto, as well as by the expectation of the Imperial Troops under the command of General Cobe, who are at present in the Neighborhood of Fehr Berlin. It is said here, That the Bishop of Munster is going to pass the Weser with his Forces, which may be about 7 or 8000 Men, to act against the Suedes on the side of Bremen, while our Elector gives them employment in these parts. We cannot yet perceive any intention in the Duke of Hanouer to engage himself on either side, though it is discoursed, as if he will actagainst whomsoever disturbs the Suedes in Bremen, having taken upon him by a former Treaty between the Crown of sueden and him, the Guaranty of that Countrey; but time will thew.

Bruchfal, fuly 30. The Troops of the Circles commanded by the Duke of Saxen Lawenburg, are at prefent encamped here. Yesterday the Duke received by an Expressirom the Imperial Army, an account of the death of Monsieur de Turenne, and the advantages which the Imperialists hoped from it especially seeing they were certainly informed that the French were reduced to great strict has for want of Forage; upon which the Duke held a Councel of War with his principal Officers lash night, and as we are told; it hath been resolved to march to the assistance of the Imperial Army, the better to enable them to make use of the opportunity, which seems to offer at present, to gain some advantage upon the Enemy. We hear that the Major-General Tracy, who was taken Prisoner the 24 instant, is conducted to Hailbron.

Hamburgh, Aug. 3. Our Letters from Stockholme tell us, That their Ambassador was returned from Copenhagen, bringing with him the Trenty of Marriage concluded between the King of Sueden, and the Princess of Denmark, which, its said, is to be consummated within a very short time, and that accordingly the necessary preparations are making at Stockholm. That the Suedish

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Pleet is fitting out with all speed, as well for the annoy in those parts, is not in a posture to hinder them ing the Trade of the Datch in the Baltique, as for the transporting the necessary Succors into Pomeren. On the other hand, the Danes likewise continue their preparations for War, but leave us wholly in the dark, as to what they really intend. A great Migazine is providing at Giu. kstadt, and to that end a very considerable quantity of Corn hath been already bought up : there are at prefent three Danish Men of War at Gluckstadt, on which this City has an ill eye. Here is a report that the Bishop of Munfter hath paffed the Wefer, but we have Letters which fay, that the 29 past, he was still with his Forces in the Countrey of the Count de Lippe.

Francfort, Aug 3. All the discourse here at present is, concerning the Actions that have for these dayes paid hapned between the French and the Germans in the Neighborhood of strasburgh; some speak of a great many Men killed, and that the French have been forced to retreat towards their Bridge on the Rhine, what is certain, is, That Monsieur de Turenne General of the French Army, is killed, which alone is a very confiderable loss to them; but as for the other particulars, we yet want them. The Duke of Lorrain, who after having paffed the Mofelle, advanced formewhat towards these parts, upon the News he received of the march of the Lunenburg, Osurbrug and Munster Troops, is gone back towards that River, to join with them in the Siege of Treves, to which the Elector of Mayence, and the Elector of Treves, will likewise contribute by sending a certa innumber of Men, and especially the latter, who hath promised above thirty great pieces of Cannon for

Hague, August 6. The States of Holland are again separated, having fully concluded the affair they met about, in relation to the Suedes, with whom the States General feem very much disfatisfied for their severe proceedings against our Merchants, and its said that the War will be now carried on with more vigor against that Crown both by Sea and Land, than was at first intended. The Men of War that are fitted our for the accompt of the Elector of Brandenburgh, are fix or feven in number; they are equipped by private Merchants, and are intended, as is thought, to be employed in the Baltique, SeveralRegiments are drawing together about Grave, to form a Body of an Army under the conduct of Prince Mau-- rits of Nassaw; the Spaniards we hear, assemble like-\*wife 2 or 4000 Men about Leeuwe, and, its probable, they may join together, and act somewhere on the side of Liege, to give the French a diversion, Wednesday next being appointed for a general Thankigiving for the late successes of the Elector of Brandenburgh upon the Suedes, the Brandenburgh Ministers make great preparations to conclude that day with Bonfires and Feaflings. On Friday last sailed out of the Texel, the Men of War that were there defigned to Spain and Sicily, together with five East-India thips outward bound; they are gone, to Schonevelt on the Coast of Zealand, to expect there Lieucenant-Admiral de Ruyter with his ships from the Maeje. We have not any thing of News from our Army in Flanders, our last Letters lest it still encamped in the Neighborhood of Hall, and his Highness, as is said, refolved to enter now upon some considerable Action very fuddenly; the Prince of Conde was gone towards Alfatia, having left the Army under the conduct of the Duke of Luxemburgh, and fent his Son the Duke d' Enghien to Paris, to receive the Kings Orders, and to bring them after him. Our Advices from above, feem to fay for certain, That Treves is belieged by the Confederate Troops; and that the Mareschal de Crequi, who

Amsterdam, Aug. 6. The Letters we receive from Liege bring us an account, that several Troops which were supposed to be gone towards Luxemburgh, and the Moselle, to join the Mareschal de Crequi were returned to Maestricht. They add, that the Coxsederate Troops had besieged Treves. The Men of War design. for Messina are failed out of the Texel, towards Zealand, where they will expect Lieutenant Admiral de Ruyter from the Maefe. From the Sound we have advice that the Suedish Capers have lately taken two Dutch Merchantmen in the Baltique, so that it is thought the States will appoint a Squadron of Men of War to Cruife in those Seas, to secure our Trade for the future.

London, Aug. 4 The Letters from France Holland, and Flanders of Friday and Saturday last, not being as yet arrived, we still want a certain and particular relation of the Battel that hath lately been fought between the Germans and the French; the only account we as yet have of it, comes from France, by Letters of the feventh instant, newstile, and they speak in general onely, viz, That the Count de Lorge having remained three days in his Camp near Saizbach after Monsieux de Turennes death, found himself obliged on the first instant through want of Forage to decamp, and in three dayes to march towards his Bridge over the Khine at Altenhiem; than the next day, being the fe-cond, the Count de Lorge was advertised, that the Enemy appeared, and foon after discovered the whole Imperial Army marching in Battalia towards him ; upon which, he likewise put his Troops in order, and expected the Girmans; That about Ten in the morning, the Fight began, and lasted till Seven at Night, in which many Men were killed on both fides; That on the part of the French the Marquis de Vau-Fron was killed, the Chevalier de Vendosme, aud the Marquis de la Ferte woundée, with three or four Brigadiers, and other Officers; That the next morning the Fight was renewed, and briskly maintained on both fides; That they did not yet know the particulars of the loss either Party had sustained; That they heard, the Count de Montecuculi, and the Count de Caprara were wounded, and the Duke de Bournonville killed; That the Count de Lorge had been flightly wounded; That the Chevalier du Plessys was Prisoner; And that at the coming away of the Letters, the French Army was still on the other fide of the Rhine, in a condition and resolution bravely to defend themselves, in case the Enemy should again attack them. This is the best and most sober Account we have as yet of this great Action; of which, the Letters we expect, will, without doubt, give us a full information.

Advertisements. This last Week was published Mr. Hugh Davis his Specimen and Propositions, for the Printing of a Literal and Pradical Commentary, to be collected out of the best Annotators, Pradical Divines and others, and Assistant in English to the Text of the Holy Scriptures. The substance of the said Specimen and Propositions having been delivered into the hands of divers Persons of Honour, Citizens and others, within whele three Months last past. And now they (together with the Description of the somuch commended Undertaking) are to be had at the house of James Chadwick Elq; in New Kings-firet by Quildball, London: or else at the Chamberlames Office in the faid Guildhall.

These are to give notice to all Persons, That the Place at Rewel Stade, in the County of Northampton, will be continued on the first Thursday of September, and will be worth about Torty pound: But no price is to be set on the Horses; so that any one may put in his Hotse, and not be forced to sell him, as formerly. The rest of the Atticles are to stand as they were before.