

The London Gazette.

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From Saturday July 25, to Tuesday July 28, 1761.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Recalling and Prohibiting Seamen from serving Foreign Princes and States: For giving Encouragement to Seamen and able-bodied Landmen to enter themselves on Board His Majesty's Ships of War; and for granting Rewards for discovering such Seamen as shall conceal themselves.

WHEREAS We are informed, that great Numbers of Mariners and Seafaring Men, Our natural-born Subjects, are in the Service of divers Foreign Princes and States, to the Prejudice of Our Kingdom: And whereas Our Service doth, at this Time, require a speed Supply of Seamen and Seafaring Men, to Mann such of Our Ships as are now ready to be Commissioned, We have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy-Council, to publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby strictly charge and command all Masters of Ships, Pilots, Mariners, Seamen, Shipwrights, and other Seafaring Men whatsoever and wheresoever, (being our natural-born Subjects) who are in the Pay or Service of any Foreign Prince or State, or do serve in any Foreign Ship or Vessel, that forthwith they, and every of them, do (according to their known and bounden Duty and Allegiance) withdraw themselves, depart from, and quit such Foreign Service, and return Home to their native Countries. And farther, We do hereby strictly prohibit and forbid all Masters of Ships, Pilots, Mariners, Seamen, Shipwrights, and other Seafaring Men whatsoever, (being Our natural-born Subjects) from entering, and do charge and command them, and every of them, from henceforth, to forbear to enter themselves into the Pay or Service of any Foreign Prince or State, or to serve in any Foreign Ship or Vessel whatsoever, without our special Licence first had and obtained in that Behalf; to all which We expect due Obedience, and exact Conformity. And We do hereby publish and declare, That the Offenders to the contrary shall not only incur Our just Displeasure, but be proceeded against for their Contempt, according to the utmost Severities of the Law. And We do hereby declare, That if any such Masters of Ships, Pilots, Mariners, Seamen, Shipwrights, or other Seafaring Men, (being Our Subjects) shall be taken in any Foreign Service, by the Turks, Algerines, or any others, that they shall not be reclaimed by Us, as Subjects of Great Britain. And whereas it is Our Royal Intention to give all due Encouragement to all such Seamen, Seafaring Men, and able-bodied Landmen, who shall voluntarily enter themselves in Our Service, We do hereby promise and declare, That the Bounties of Five Pounds for every Able Seaman, and of Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, be paid to every such Able and Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, who shall, on or before the Twelfth Day of September next, voluntarily enter themselves to serve in Our Royal Navy, either with the Captains or Lieutenants of Our Ships, or the Chief Officers on Board such Tenders as shall be employed for raising Men, for the Service of Our Royal Navy; and also, that a Bounty of Thirty Shillings be paid to every Able-bodied Landman, not above the Age of Thirty-five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years,

who shall, on or before the said Twelfth Day of September next, voluntarily enter themselves to serve in Our Royal Navy, either with the Captains or Lieutenants of Our Ships, or the Chief Officers on Board such Tenders, as shall be employed for raising Men for the Service of Our Royal Navy; and that such respective Sums be paid to all such Seamen and Landmen, upon their being brought on Board Our Ships at any of Our Dock Yards in England, by the Clerks of the Cheque; or upon their being put on Board any Ship or Vessel, appointed to receive Men at Leith or Greenock in Scotland, or at Dublin or Corke in Ireland, by the Captains or Commanders of the Ships or Vessels, whereinto such Seamen and Landmen shall be put, or by the Sea Officer employed in raising Men on Shore. And for Prevention of any Abuses by any Persons leaving the Ships or Vessels to which they shall belong, and entering themselves on Board any other Our Ships or Vessels, in order to obtain the said Bounty-Money; We do hereby declare and command, That such Seamen or Landmen, belonging to any of Our Ships or Vessels, as shall absent themselves from any of the said Ships or Vessels to which they shall belong, and enter themselves on Board any other of Our Ships or Vessels, in order to obtain the said Bounty, shall not only lose the Wages due to them, in the Ships or Vessels they shall leave, but also be severely punished according to their Demerits. And We do hereby further promise and declare, That a Reward of Two Pounds for every Able, and Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, shall be paid to any Person who shall discover any Seaman or Seamen, who may secret themselves, so that such Seaman or Seamen shall be taken for Our said Service, on or before the said Twelfth Day of September next, by any of Our Sea Officers employed for Raising Men: The said Rewards to be paid for any Seaman or Seamen so discovered and taken in and about London, by the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Our Navy; and, at the Out Ports, by the Naval Officers, where there are any; and where there are no Naval Officers, by the Collectors of Our Customs, immediately on a Certificate being produced to the said Principal Officers and Commissioners of Our Navy, Naval Officers, or Collectors of Our Customs respectively, by the Person who may make Discovery of any Seaman or Seamen as aforesaid, certifying his Name, and the Name or Names, and Number of Seamen procured in Consequence of his Discovery; and the said Certificate to be given by such Officer as may take such Seaman or Seamen for Our Service.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the 22d Day of July, 1761, in the First Year of Our Reign.
GOD Save the KING.

Brunswick, July 17. General Luckner had a very hot skirmish with the Enemy on the 13th. He marched that Morning early to Samle, where the Count de Chabot was incamped with three Regiments of Dragoons, a Regiment of Hussars, the Volunteers of Flanders, and two Regiments of Foot, on this Side the Lippe. This Body he attacked so vigorously and successfully, that M. Chabot repassed the River in great Confusion. Luckner took 150 Prisoners, among whom, two Captains of Horse, and above 200 Horses. The Hussars of Baner, and those

those of Brunswick, which formed the Attack, penetrated thrice into the King's Regiment, which they overthrew, and of which very few would have escaped, but for the Desfiles, which stop the Hussars.

We hear from Usur of Yesterday's Date, that the Captains Kampen and Engel were detached the 14th towards Cassel with 200 Horfe, in order to destroy the French Convoys of Provisions, in which they succeeded. Whilst Capt. Engel watched the Causey that leads to Cassel, and Captain-Lieutenant Sanders that to the Dynel, Capt. Kampen attacked and ruined the Post, and Inclosure of West Uffeln, and Nieder Meissen, where he lost one Man. He broke about 200 empty Waggons, and Ham-strung above 300 Horfes.

Capt. Engel also broke to Pieces all the Carriages that were going to Cassel, and Ham-strung all the Horfes.

Lieutenant Muller was sent with 20 Horfe to meet a Column of Carriages, escorted by 10 Dragoons, two Officers, and 50 Soldiers. He fell upon them so briskly, that the two Officers run away directly, and the 50-Soldiers were dispersed. Muller pursued the Dragoons to the very Gates of Cassel, where they escaped him, his Horfes being spent with Fatigue. Above Thirty Carriages with Bacon and other Provisions, going to the French Head Quarters, were burnt for want of Time to carry them off, in Sight of the Garrison of Cassel.

They took from the Enemy in all 700 Horfes, and spoilt 2000 more, by the Enemy's own Confession.

This Stroke must be very sensible to the Enemy, who were before in great Want of Bread, and have lost upon this Occasion a prodigious Quantity of That, and also of Meal, Part of which was carried off by the Hussars, and the rest distributed to the Peasants, who flocked in from all Parts.

Upon their Return, this Body of Light Troops took 250 recovered Men of the Enemy's Troops.

Dusseldorf, July 18. The 16th Infant the French Army was beaten by the Allies. The Brigades of the King, Auvergne, Brijunce, and Nassau, have suffered the most. The Duke of Havré is killed, with his Son in Law, the Marquis of Cjrrac. The Marquis of Rougé, Lieutenant General, and his Son, Colonel, are also said to be killed. The Loss in Officers is very considerable. This is all we know at present of the Affair, having received no Advise directly from the Army.

Admiralty-Office, July 28.

Rear Admiral Holmes, Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Ships at Jamaica, gives an Account, in his Letter to Mr. Cleveland, dated on Board His Majesty's Ship the Hampshire, off the Guanave, the 16th of June, that having Intelligence several Ships of War of the Enemy had sailed from Port Louis the 5th of June; as also that the St. Anne French Ship of War had sailed from Port au Prince on the same Day, he disposed several Ships of his Squadron in such Manner, as he thought most likely to meet with those of the Enemy: That in the Morning of the 13th, the Hampshire fell in with the St. Anne to Windward, and chased her right down upon the Centaur to Leeward. Upon discovering the Centaur, the St. Anne haul'd up, and was kept between the two Ships till she was run close in Shore, and becalmed, about a League to the Northward of Dona-Maria Bay, when she began to fire her Stern Chace. Soon after One o'Clock, the Centaur got close along-side the St. Anne, when she struck her Ensign. She is a very fine Ship, constructed for 64 Guns, and had on Board six 24 Pounders, twenty-six 12 Pounders, and eight 8 Pounders, with 389 Persons; was commanded by M. Aguillon, and was carrying Home a Cargo of Indigo, Coffee, and Sugar, to the Value of One Million of French Livres. Mr. Holmes sent her to Jamaica.

Exchequer Bill Office, July 28, 1761.

The Paymasters of Exchequer Bills give Notice, that the several Bills made out on Credit of the Land Tax Anno 1760, as far as No 6590, and the principal Sum of 1,309,000 l. are now in Course of Payment: And that Payment of the remaining Exchequer Bills, made out on the said Land Tax, will continue to be made in Course, as the Monies of the said Tax shall from Time to Time arise and be reserved in the Exchequer, according to the Register which may be seen there, or at this Office.

*Bush Lane, Cannon Street, July 25, 1761.
Mines Royal and of and for Mineral and
Battery Works.*

The Governour and Assistants for these Corporations give Notice, that the Books will be opened for the Payment of the Dividend on Thursday the 20th Day of August next.

Stephen Ludlow, Secretary.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his House in Curstors Street in Chancery Lane, London, Several Farms, Lands, and Tenements situate in Vestva Hamlett, in the Parish of Llanelly in the County of Carmarthen, amounting to 91 l. 2 s. a Year, Part of the Estate of Sir Edward Vaughan Mansell, Bart. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's House.

THE Creditors of Peter Kinley, late of the Parish of St. Bridget, otherwise St. Bride in the City of London, Gentleman, lately discharged out of the King's Bench Prison by Compulsion, as a Prisoner there for Debt in Execution, by Virtue of a late Act of Parliament for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, are desired to meet the 17th Day of August next, at Mrs. Martha Williams's, the Sign of the Angel in Ironmonger Lane, Cheapside, in the City of London, by Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, in order for the Choice of one or more Assignee or Assignees of his Estate and Effects and that a due Distribution may be made thereof pursuant to the said Act.

THE Creditors of George Hale, late of Monken Hadley in the County of Middlesex, Gentleman, lately discharged out of the King's Bench Prison by Virtue of the Act of Parliament for Relief of Insolvent Debtors, intend to meet at the Feathers Tavern in Cheapside, London, on Thursday the 6th Day of August next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, to chuse an Assignee or Assignees of the Estate and Effects of the said George Hale.

THE Creditors of John Brown, of Snow Hill, London, Stationer, Dealer and Chapman, against whom a Commission of Bankrupt hath been lately issued, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate, on Thursday the 6th of August next, at the Salutation Tavern in Nicholas Lane, London, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, in order to consider of proper Measures to be taken in Relation to a Rule filed in the High Court of Chancery against the Assignees, and upon other special Affairs touching the said Bankrupt's Estate.

PURSUANT to an Order made by the Right Honourable Robert Lord Henley, Baron of Grange, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for Enlarging the Time for Thomas Holdernels, late of Cookham in the County of Berks, Barge-master, Dealer and Chapman, (a Bankrupt) to surrender himself and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, for Forty-Nine Days, to be computed from the 1st Day of August next; This is to give Notice, that the Commissioners in the said Commission named and authorized, or the major Part of them, will meet on the 19th Day of September next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of William Wilder, being the Sign of the Black Bear in Reading in the said County of Berks; when and where the said Bankrupt is required to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, may then and there come and prove the same, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Wright, of Angel Street in St. Martin Le Grand, London, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 18th of August next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Brown, of Snow Hill, London, Stationer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 25th of August next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

THE following Persons being Prisoners for Debt, in the respective Prisons, or Goals, hereafter mentioned, do hereby give Notice, That they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, passed in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for Relief of Insolvent Debtors*, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty, or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after **THIRTY** Days from the **FIRST** Publication of the under-mentioned Names, *viz.*

Prisoners in the BOROUGH Compter, in Southwark, in the County of Surry.

Second Notice.

Robert Bartlett, late of St. Mary Magdalen in the County of Surry, News Carrier.

Third Notice.

Alexander Cushnie, late of St. Saviour Southwark, in the County of Surry, Taylor.
Meredith Williams, late of the Parish of St. Saviour Southwark, in the County of Surry, Glass Grinder.

Prisoner in NEWGATE, in the City of Bristol.

Second Notice.

Thomas Morgan, late of the Parish of St. Stephen, Bristol, Brush-maker.

Prisoner in the Goal of MONMOUTH, in and for the County of Monmouth.

Third Notice.

William Mickel, late of the Town of Abergavenny in the County of Monmouth, Corvisor.

Prisoner in RUTHIN Goal in and for the County of Denbigh.

Second Notice.

Rice Thomas, late of Castell, in the Parish of Llanarmon in Yale, in the County of Denbigh, Miner.

Prisoner in the Castle of NORWICH, the Goal for the County of Norfolk.

Second Notice.

William High, late of Beachamwell, in the County of Norfolk, Yeoman.

Prisoners in the Goal at BEDFORD, in and for the County of Bedford.

Second Notice.

Roger Farrell, formerly of Wantage, in the County of Berks, late of Bedford, Pedlar.
Richard Livett, late of Willington, in the County of Bedford, Schoolmaster.
Thomas Shirley, late of Amptill, in the County of Bedford, Stay-maker.
Matthew Tatman, late of Muggeranger, in the Parish of Blunham, in the County of Bedford, Farmer.
Thomas Vipond, late of Dunstable, in the County of Bedford, Draper and Grocer.

Prisoners in the Goal or Prison at DERBY, in the County of Derby.

Second Notice.

William Molinus, late of Wirksworth, in the County of Derby, Miner.
Edmund Kitchin, late of Bonfall, in the County of Derby, Butcher.
Richard Redfearne, late of Tidswell, in the County of Derby, Innkeeper.

Prisoners in IVELCHESTER Goal in the County of Somerset.

Second Notice.

John Melliar, formerly of North Bradly, in the County of

Wilt, late of Berkly in the County of Somerset, Gentleman.

John Culverwell, late of Creech St. Michael, in the County of Somerset, Soap-boiler.

William Baine, late of the City of Bath, in the County of Somerset, Cabinet-maker.

Prisoners in the Goal for the County of LEICESTER.

Third Notice.

Thomas Johnson, late of Ibstock in the County of Leicester, Stay-maker.

Richard Wilburne, late of the Borough of Leicester, in the County of Leicester, Blacksmith.

Richard Sperry, late of Hether in the County of Leicester, Farmer.

Thomas Cotton, late of Lutterworth in the County of Leicester, Bricklayer.

Elizabeth Poole, late of Burton upon the Wolds, in the County of Leicester, Widow.

Prisoner in the Goal for the Borough of LEICESTER.

Third Notice.

John Harvey, late of the Borough of Leicester, Innholder.

THE following Persons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas, on or before the **TWENTY-FIFTH** Day of **OCTOBER**, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty, and having surrendered themselves to the Goalers or Keepers of the respective Prisons or Goals hereafter-mentioned, do hereby give Notice, That they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, passed in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for Relief of Insolvent Debtors*, at the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty, or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after **THIRTY** Days from the **FIRST** Publication of the under-mentioned Names, *viz.*

Fugitive surrendered to the Keeper of WOODSTREET Compter, in the City of London.

First Notice.

Moses Perera Decastro, otherwise Moses Decoster, late of Houndsditch in the City of London, Diamond Cutter.

Fugitives surrendered to the Keeper of the POULTRY Compter, in the City of London.

Third Notice.

Richard Denew, formerly of the Old Jewry, late of Aldersgate Street in the City of London, Cheesemonger.

Thomas Booth, formerly of Rochdale in the County of Lancashire, late of Little Tower Hill in the City of London, Carpenter.

Fugitive surrendered to the Warden of His Majesty's Prison of the FLEET.

Second Notice.

Benjamin Stephenson, formerly of Windmill Street, late 30 Vine Street in the Liberty of Westminster, in the County of Middlesex, Victualler and Vintner.

Fugitive surrendered to the Keeper of the KING's BENCH Prison in the County of Surry.

Third Notice.

William Southey, formerly of the Parish of St. Mary Magdalen in the Town of Taunton, in the County of Somerset, late of Gracechurch Street in the City of London, Fuller.

N. B. If any Person in the foregoing List of Prisoners shall find, on the Perusal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, such Error shall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.