

# The London Gazette.

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Stockholme, June 30.

**T**He Letters from *Holland* bringing an account of a War having been declared there against this Crown, his Majesty assembled the Senate, to consult what measures to take, where it was resolved, that his Majesty should make War against the States General, both by Land and Sea; in order whereunto, the Fleet is making ready with all the diligence possible, and several Privateers are fitting out, by the Nobility, and others, for the annoying the Dutch Trade. The Goods and Effects of the Dutch Merchants here, have been likewise seized, as likewise all Debts owing by the Subjects of this Crown to the Dutch, by which means, it is thought, the King will raise a sum of Two hundred thousand pound *sterling*, though even the Suedish Merchants will in some part suffer thereby. It hath also been intimated to the Dutch Resident here, that the King desires he will forbear coming to Court, or making any Addresses to his Ministers for the future. In the mean time the preparations still continue for the solemnizing the Kings Marriage with the Princess of *Denmark*, as likewise for the Kings Coronation, and the assembling the States of the Kingdom in order thereunto.

*Ren. burg*, July 18. In pursuance of the Accord made between the King of *Denmark*, and the Duke of *Saxony*, *Turingen*, *Gottorp*, and *Holmar Schaus* have received Danish Garrison; and the Dukes Troops are committed to the Kings service. On Tuesday last, the Duke of *Holstein*, after having dined with the King, took his leave, and parted from *Gottorp*; and on Saturday or Sunday next, the King intends to return towards *Copenhagen*, but with design to be back here again in three Weeks; in the mean time most of the Danish Troops are quartered in the Dukes Territories, and will continue so about a Month longer, till the Corn is ripe, when, its said, the King will march with his Army into the Duchy of *Bremen*; his Majesty continues to raise more Men.

*Hamburg*, July 23. The *Brandenburgh* Army is still within three Leagues of *Wismar*, where his Electoral Highness expects the Conjunction of the Imperialists. The Suedish Army continues about *Demmitz*. From *Copenhagen* they write, that five Dutch Men of War were arrived in the sound from *Holland*.

*Naples*, July 21. On Saturday last arrived here a *Felucca* in three days from *Melazzo*, the Patron reports, that the Spaniards had forced the French to quit *St. Lucia*, *San Ferris*, and *San Lorenzo*, who they had posted themselves for the better carrying on the Siege of *Melazzo*, with the loss of 400 Men; and that the French had thereupon quitted the Siege, and were retired to *Melina*; of which we expect the confirmation.

*Vienna*, July 14. The Ministers of this Court have of late had several Conferences with the Baron of *Gersdorff*, Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of *Saxony*, concerning the present conjuncture. The Emperor has given out Commissions for the raising of three Regiments of Horse and Foot more, and, its said, that that which is raising by the Count of *Krauss*, advances

apace. His Imperial Majesty has these days past declared the Count of *Harrach*, his Ambassador at present residing in the Court of *Spain*, Master of his Horse. On Thursday last returned hither the Count of *Windsgrais*, having been sent to the Dukes of *Lunenburg*, *Hannover*, &c. And its said, that from this latter, he brings great assurances of friendship and good correspondence. The Count de *Bagnasco* is arrived here from *Turin*; to signify to his Imperial Majesty the death of the late Duke of *Savoy*, and to desire the investiture of such States for the young Duke, which he holds of the Emperor.

*Strasbourg* July 19. The Armies continue, as formerly, without that any thing considerable passes between them; the Parties have indeed frequent encounters; and, we are told, that the 17 instant, the Count of *Caprari*, who was sent out with a Body of Horse towards *Offenburg*, defeated 1000 French Horse, killed near 200, and took several Prisoners. The French that are on this side the *Rhine*, continue to fortify themselves; and nothing is omitted on their part, to hinder the communication between this City, and the Imperial Army. We hear nothing farther of the *Mareschal de Crequi*, and the general opinion is, that he remains with the Forces under his command about *Metz*, to observe the motions of the *Lorain* and *Lunenburg* Troops, who are marching that way.

*Frankfort*, July 21. The Letters we receive from the Imperial Army all agree, that the French are in great want of Forage, and that their Horses are forced to feed on leaves of Trees, but on the other side seems to own, they themselves have some scarcity of Provisions. They add, that General *Spork* is leaving the Army, and upon retiring to his Estate in *Bohemia*; and that the Prince of *Lorain* commands the Right Wing of the Imperial Cavalry. Yesterday the Baron d'*Orsbee*, Coadjutor of *Greves*, and Nephew to that Elector, was elected Bishop of *Spire*, to the great satisfaction of the Imperialists, who have so well made use of their interests, as to be able, within this little while, to advance to the Bishoprick of *Wurzburg*, the Electorate of *Meyence*, and the Bishoprick of *Spire*, Persons most acceptable to the Emperor.

*Cologne*, July 23. The Troops of the Dukes of *Zell* and *Ofnabrugh* advance but slowly, yesterday they had their quarters near *Opdal*, above *Bonne*, about seven Leagues from hence; and it is said, that this morning part of them have decamped, and continue their march towards the *Moselle*, which the rest will follow to morrow; the 3000 Monasterians who are to join them, are arrived this day at *Mulheim*, and to morrow they will pass the *Rhine* here: the Duke of *Lorain* is advanced with his Forces as far as *Cruetznach*, having passed the *Moselle* at *Coblentz*. The Marquis de *Grana* is gone towards *Bonne*, to draw out from thence, *Lecheatch* and *Kerpen* 1000 Imperialists, to join these Confederates. The Letters from *Strasbourg* of the 19 instant, bring us nothing new, the Armies continuing posted, as before, though it is generally reported that the Imperial wants Bread, and the French Forage, to that degree, that they will ere long be forced to remove. From *Lipstadt* of the 20 in.

to instant; they write, That 6 or 7000 Munsterians, having with them eight Field-pieces, advanced towards the *Wefer*, with design to pass it at some convenient place; That two Regiments of *Brandenburgh* Infantry, and 4 or 500 Horse were to join them, and that then they would march towards *Bremen*, to attack the *Suedes* on that side. We have Letters of the 19 from *Mieddeburg* which say, That the Elector of *Brandenburgh* was with his Army within three or four Leagues of *Wismar* and that he only expected the arrival of the *Imperialists* under the command of *General Cops* to begin the siege of *Wismar*, or some other considerable place belonging to the *Suedes*; who, according to our Advices from above, have been at last declared by the Dyet at *Ratisbon*, Enemies of the Empire.

*Brussels, July 27.* Our Army having, as we told you in our last, marched Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, as at present encamped in the Neighborhood of *Hall*, near which place it passed the *Senne* on Wednesday; but the day following, viz, on Thursday had a hot alarm occasioned by the advance of the French Army under the command of the Prince of *Conde*, which was afterwards confirmed by the Foragers, who were beaten by me, except those that were taken Prisoners; our advices from other hands likewise assure us, that the Prince of *Conde*, upon the account he received, of the motion of our Army, immediately decamped with his, and taking very great journeys, was yesterday encamped at *Lens* and the Abbey of *Crambron*, about four Leagues from *Hall*, having reinforced the Garison of *Seib* with 3000 Men; hereupon the Prince of *Orange* hath given orders for the doubling the out-guards of his Army, and that the Foragers shall keep nearer home than before, while in the mean time, we continue in great expectation of some Action, seeing the Armies are so near each other. Six hundred Wagons have been provided at *Ghent*, with all sorts of necessaries for a Siege, which will hardly be undertaken as the Armies now lie. The Advices we have from *Lorraine*, say, That the *Mareschal de Crequi* is with a Body of 10 or 12000 Men about *Metz*, the *Marquis de Rochefort* being his Lieutenant-General; That his orders are to have an eye upon the *Lorraine*, *Luxembourg* and *Osnabruch* Troops which advance towards the *Moselle*, though very slowly, and to keep them from attempting any thing on that side; or otherwise to go and join *Monsieur de Turenne*, according as his Majesties service shall require.

*Amsterd., July 27.* Our Army under the command of the Prince of *Orange* hath lain these two or three days encamped near *Hall*, where it on Wednesday passed the River *Senne*, and took its quarters on the other side very much at large, but hath since been forced to contract them, by reason of the approach of the French Army under the command of the Prince of *Conde* to *Lens*. We are told, that the Prince made so much haste in his march that he, from his quarters near *Perwez*, that the whole Army marched one day eight Leagues. People make great complaints here that the Dutch Soldiers live very disorderly, and have committed several violences, notwithstanding his Highness has issued very strict orders for the restraining them. We have Letters from *Sieily* which speak of the French having been forced to quit the Siege of *Melazzo*. Our Letters from *Strasbourg* amongst other things say, that the Magistrates of that City had prohibited the selling of all Arms and Ammunition to the French.

*Hague, July 27.* Our Letters from *Stockholme* give us account, That our Merchants there are proceeded against with much severity, their Goods and Effects seized, and their Persons secured. This day Lieutenant

*Admiral de Ruyter* took his leave of the States General, and is gone to *Helvoetsluys*, where he will embark, and in few days sail with his Squadron towards the *Streights*. From *Flanders* they write, That the Prince of *Conde* was advanced within three Leagues of the Prince of *Orange*; That the French were not counted above 20000 strong, and our Army 30000; several Regiments are drawing out of our Garisons, for the reinforcement of his Highness. The States have strictly prohibited the transporting any Corn, or other Provisions, for the subsistence of Men or Beasts, into the Countrey of *Liege* till after the end of September; by that means to incommode the French Army, which draws most of its subsistence out of that Countrey.

*Paris, July 27.* The 24 instant, the Count *Perrier*, Ambassador of *Savoy*, had Audience of their Majesties, to whom he presented the Count de *St. Maurice* Envoy Extraordinary from the Dutches of *Savoy*, to acquaint their Majesties with the death of the late Duke her Husband. From this Court, the Count de *St. Maurice* will pass on the same errand for *England*. We are told, that the said Duke deceased hath (by his last Will) declared his Dutches Regent of his Countreies and Turix to the young Duke his onely Son, appointing *Dom Gabriel* of *Savoy*, the *Marquis of St. Maurice*, and the President *Truchi* to be her Highnesses Council. The 25 was concluded a Contract of Marriage between the Duke of *Cadmus*, Great Master of the Household to the Queen of *Portugal*, and *Mademoiselle d'Armagne*, the Chevalier de *Lorraine* being the said Dukes Proxy. From the Army in *Flanders* they write, That the King before his leaving it, had commanded six Battalions of Foot, 12 Squadrons of Horse, and 500 Dragoons, towards *Lorraine*. That the Prince of *Conde* having advices that the Prince of *Orange* was removed with his Army towards *Hall* and *Tubise*, had likewise decamped from *Perwez* near *Perwez*, where he had his quarters; That the 24 instant, he decamped near *Gony*, and from thence intended to continue his march towards the Enemy. Our Letters from *Monsieur de Turenne* Camp, are dated the 19 instant at *Bisheim*, and say, that nothing of Action had as then passed between the two Armies. That the 15, at Night, *Monsieur de Turenne* had possessed himself of a certain passage on the River *Renchen*, about a League above *Renchenich*, which is the Enemies Post, and had caused his Men to fortifie themselves there, but that the *Imperialists* perceived them; That few hours after, a Party had passed the said River there, and returned again with 80 Prisoners, and 150 Horses they had taken. He said, that *Monsieur de Turenne*, by means of this Post, will very much interrupt the *Imperialists* communication with *Strasbourg*.

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Taken out of *Sir Henry Capels* Closet at *R. w* near *Richmond*, in the County of *Surrey*, on Friday the 16 instant. A Picture of his Lady drawn in little, by *Copier*, (whose name is to it) in a Cipher, in Sky coloured Eodice, and set in an Oval Case of Gold. Also two very large Volumes of *Monsieur Faulx*, containing the Platforms of all the Sieges and Battels in the last long War between *France* and *Spain*, in fair Copper Cuts, together with the Relation of the same by the French Generals. As also one Volume in Folio, of the Works of the late King *Charles*. Whosoever gives notice of the said Picture to *Mr. Herriot* a Goldsmith at the *Naked Boy* near *Fleet* Bridge, shall have five pounds, and the like for the Books.