

# The London Gazette.

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From Saturday February 28, to Tuesday March 3, 1761.

Westminster, March 3.

**H**IS Majesty came this Day to the House of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir Henry Bellenden, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod; was sent with a Message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majesty was pleased to give the Royal assent to,

*An Act to continue an Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the better securing and encouraging the Trade of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in America.*

*An Act for extending an Act intituled, An Act to discontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable on Tallow imported from Ireland, to Hogs Lard and Grease.*

*An Act to enable His Majesty to make Leases and Copies of Offices, Lands, and Hereditaments, Parcel of His Duchy of Cornwall, or annexed to the same; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.*

*An Act to indemnify Persons, who have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and to indemnify Justices of the Peace, Deputy Lieutenants, Officers of the Militia, and others who have omitted to register or to deliver in their Qualifications within the Time limited by Law, and for giving further Time for those Purposes.*

*An Act to amend an Act passed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, concerning the Qualification of Justices of the Peace; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.*

*An Act to extend the Provisions relating to the Holding of Courts Martial, and to the Punishment of Offences committed in the East-Indies, contained in the Act made in the Twenty-seventh Year of His late Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East-Indies; and for the Punishment of Offences committed in the East-Indies, or at the Island of St. Helena, to the said Company's Settlement of Fort Marlborough; and to such other Principal Settlements, wherein the said Company may be hereafter empowered to hold Courts of Judicature.*

*An Act for Enlightening the Streets within the City of Exeter and the Suburbs thereof.*

*An Act for Repairing and Widening the Road leading from the Eastern End of the Borough of Grampound in the County of Cornwall, through the Town of St. Austel and Lethwithiel, and from thence to the East End of the Western Taphouse-Lane in the said County.*

*An Act for Making, Widening, and Repairing a Road from the North-East Side of the Goswell-street Road next Islington in the County of Middlesex, and near to the Road called the New Road, over the Fields and Grounds to Old-street Road, opposite to the Doghouse Bar, and at and from the Doghouse Bar to the End of Chiswell-street by the Artillery Ground.*

*An Act for Repairing and Widening the Road from the East End of West Taphouse-Lane to the Borough of Lisheard, and from thence to Coomb Row House; and also the Road from the said Borough of Lisheard to Craftbole, and from thence to Crimble Passage and Tar Point, and from Craftbole aforesaid to St. German's Beacon, in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon.*

*An Act for Repairing and Widening the Roads from Dyed Way to Somerton, and from Garwbridge to Tintinbull Fords, and from a Stream of Water called Ford, to Carigate in Marstock in the County of Somerset.*

*An Act for continuing and amending an Act made in the Sixteenth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, for Repairing the Highways from the City of Gloucester to the Top of Birdlip Hill, and from the Foot of the said Hill to the Top of Crickley Hill.*

*An Act for amending the Road from Sacred Gate, in the Parish of Thorngumbald, to Patrington Creek or Haven, and from the Guide Post in Wingstead to Frodingham Gate, in or near Widow Branton's Farm in the County of York; and for Scouring and Cleansing the said Creek or Haven.*

*An Act for amending, widening and keeping in Repair the Road leading from Fisherton Bridge to the Turnpike Road at Willoughby Hedge in West Knoyle, and from Wilton Bridge to the Turnpike Road at the West End of Heytesbury; and also the Road from the Turnpike Road at the Top of Red Hone Hill, in the Parish of Urshfont, to the Mile Stone at the Western End of Fisherton Street in the County of Wilts.*

*An Act for repairing and widening the Road from Traveller's Rest, in the Parish of Ashburton, to Newton Bushel, and from thence to Forches, otherwise Forgers Cross, in the Parish of Highweek in the County of Devon.*

*An Act for discontinuing the Use of a Road in the Parish of Great Packington in the County of Warwick, and for preventing the Trustees appointed to put in Execution an Act passed in the Thirty-third Year of His late Majesty's Reign, for Repairing the Road from Stone Bridge to Castle Bromwich, from erecting a Gate or Turnpike between Stone Bridge and the Place where the Road turns off to Colehill in the County of Warwick.*

*An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the Thirty-first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An Act for Repairing the Road from Leeds to Sheffield in the County of York.*

*An Act to explain and amend so much of an Act passed in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, intituled, An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual the Powers granted by several Acts of Parliament for Repairing several Roads leading to the City of Bath; and for amending several other Roads near the said City, as directs the laying out a new Road from the Bridge at Bath to Rusb Hill.*

*An Act for amending and widening the Road leading from the Town of Falmouth in the County of Cornwall, through the Towns of Penryn, Helston, and Marazion, and from thence to and over Marazion River and Bridge, and two hundred Feet to the Westward of the said River and Bridge.*

And to Twenty Three Private Acts.

After which His Majesty was pleased to make the following most gracious Speech.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

**U**PON granting New Commissions to the Judges, the present State of their Offices fell naturally under Consideration.

In Consequence of the Act, passed in the Reign of my late Glorious Predecessor King William the Third, for settling the Succession to the Crown in my Family, their Commissions have been made during Their Good Behaviour; but, notwithstanding that wise Provision, their Offices have determined upon the Demise of the Crown, or at the Expiration of

of Six Months afterwards, in every Instance of that Nature, which has happened.

I look upon the Independency and Uprightness of the Judges of the Land, as essential to the impartial Administration of Justice; as one of the best Securities to the Rights and Liberties of my Loving Subjects; and as most conducive to the Honour of the Crown; and I come now to recommend this Interesting Object to the Consideration of Parliament, in order that such farther Provision may be made, for securing the Judges in the Enjoyment of their Offices during Their Good Behaviour, notwithstanding any such Demise, as shall be most expedient.

*Gentlemen of the House of Commons,*

I must desire of You in particular, that I may be enabled to grant and establish upon the Judges such Salaries, as I shall think proper, so as to be absolutely secured to Them during the Continuance of their Commissions.

*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

I have nothing to add but my Thanks for the great Unanimity and Application with which you have hitherto carried on the Publick Business, and to desire you to proceed with the same good Disposition, and with such Dispatch, that this Session may be soon brought to a happy Conclusion.

*Whitehall, March 3.*

This Day an Express arrived at the Earl of Holderness's Office, with Letters of the 27th of February, from the Honourable Major General Yorke, His Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary at the Hague, with the following Account of the farther Progress of His Majesty's Army in Hesse.

*Prince Ferdinand's Head Quarters at Haufen, near Ober-Aula, Feb. 21, 1761.*

**T**HE Commandant of Fritzlar having accepted the Conditions offered him, except those concerning the Garrisons of Waldeck and Wildungen, which were no longer insisted on, upon his declaring, that the Troops in those Places were not under his Command, he marched out of the Town in the Evening, with his Corps, consisting of Seven Piquets drawn from the Irish Battalions, and 965 Men of the Royal Grenadiers, besides 105 wounded or sick, agreeable to the Capitulation. My Lord Granby sent Word the next Day to the Commandant of the Castle of Gudensburg, that he was ready to grant the same Conditions to him, as M. de Narbonne had obtained, with which Proposal the Commandant very readily accepted, as Provisions, and particularly Water, began to fail them.

The Army renewed their March on the 17th, and advanced as far as Ober-Vorschutz. The Vanguard took Possession of the Pass of Felsberg: Major General Zastrow of that at Nieder-Mellerich. The Hereditary Prince posted himself in the Neighbourhood of Falskenberg, and was beforehand with the Enemy in taking Possession of the Post of Hombourg with a Party of his Hussars. The reigning Count of Schaumbourg-Lippe took the Command of a great Body of the Army which remained in the Neighbourhood of Cassel, and was joined by the Corps under General Gilsac.

The same Day our Troops entered Melsungen, which Marshal Broglio left the preceding Evening, in order to repair to Hirschfeld. The Enemy had only Time to destroy a Part of the Magazine there, and there was found remaining, a Quantity of Meal and Forage. Our Troops seized another considerable Magazine at Ober-Morichen. A Courier, who was dispatched by Messrs. de Stainville and de Solms, expecting to find the Marshal at Melsungen, was taken by our Hussars; and we learnt from the Letters he carried, the Defeat of the Saxon Troops by M. de Sporcken near Langensaltze.

The Army passed the Eder on the 11th at Felsberg and at Nieder Mellerich, and was cantoned between the Asse and the Fulda in the Neighbourhood of Hombourg. The Hereditary Prince was a Day's March before them, towards Hirschfeld. My Lord Granby marched to Frittendorff, by the Way of Ziegenhain.

The Enemy having reassembled a Body of Troops near Ober Weimar, and Nieder-Weimar, not far from Marbourg, Lieutenant General Oheim determined at first to attack them, but altered his Intention, on receiving an Account of the March of a Body of the Enemy, under the Command of the Chevalier de Maupeou, who had come from Siegen, with an Appearance of making some Attempt, by Padberg and Berleberg, upon Franckenberg.

On the 16th M. d'Oheim left Wetteren to go to Franckenberg; and he found the Enemy posted near Rodenau, in order to defend the Passage of the Eder, which was made difficult by the marshy Ground there. The Bridge of Franckenberg being broken by the Swell of the Water, M. d'Oheim was obliged to stop to repair it. The Enemy taking Advantage of these Obstacles to withdraw themselves in the Night towards Hallenberg, after having destroyed the Bridge of Rodenau; M. d'Oheim was no sooner informed of that Retreat, than he ordered a Part of his Cavalry to ford the River, and to occupy the Heights on the Left Bank of the Eder; and sent Parties to Sachsenberg and Hallenberg to get Intelligence of the Enemy. The Repair of the Bridge of Franckenberg was finished. M. d'Oheim having learnt the 17th, that M. de Maupeou was with his Corps at Sachsenberg, after having sufficiently provided for the Security of the Post of Franckenberg, and of the heavy Artillery, put himself in Motion on the 18th, early in the Morning, to march towards the Enemy, whose advanced Guard he met with between Sachsenberg and Neuenkirchen. It was that Instant attacked and routed; M. de Maupeou, Lieutenant General, who was there in Person, was taken, with a Lieutenant Colonel, five Officers, and 50 Soldiers. The Enemy having fell back towards Hallenberg, M. d'Oheim returned to Franckenberg to give his Troops some Rest there, and observe the Motions the Enemy might make on the Side of Marbourg, towards which several of their Regiments had filed off. Major Scheither attacked, the same Day, a Detachment of the Enemy near Padberg, dispersed it, and took 140 Prisoners, amongst whom there were 4 Officers.

The Army arrived the 19th in the Neighbourhood of Sohwarzenborn. The Hereditary Prince's Corps posted itself at Ober-Geise, and pushed Detachments on to Gittersdorff. My Lord Granby went to Neuenkirchen; the Enemy's Detachments at Ober and Neider Grentzbach falling back upon Zeigenhaya. The Patroles of the Hereditary Prince reported in the Night between the 19th and 20th, that they saw a Fire at Hirschfeld, which gave Reason to suppose the Enemy had abandoned that Place, and had set Fire to the Magazine. This Suspicion was confirmed the next Morning, and our Troops entered Hirschfeld, where there had been 15 French Battalions, which marched away in the Night towards Fulda. Great Part of the Magazine was saved, which had consisted of Eighty Thousand Sacks of Meal, Fifty Thousand Sacks of Oats, and a Million of Rations of Hay.

This Day the Army marched to Haufen; the Hereditary Prince to his Quarters at Neider-Aula.

On the 19th, News came from M. de Sporcken, (by Captain de Borch, his Aid de Camp) whom he had dispatched the Day after the Affair of Langensaltze, with the Account of his Motions, since the 8th of this Month, the Substance whereof follows.

M. de Sporcken having divided the Corps under him into two Columns, one of which was commanded by Count Kielmansegge, and the other by Lieutenant General Wangenheim, put Major General de Luckner at the Head of a strong advanced Guard, who marched the 5th to Heiligenstadt.

The First Column arrived at Buren, and the Second at Stadthorbes. The Troops halted the 10th. M. de Luckner marched the next Day to Kulstedt, Count Kielmansegge to Helmstorff, and M. de Wangenheim to Beberstedt.

M. de Sporcken went to reconnoitre the Enemy, several of whose Regiments of Infantry had passed the Werra at Eschwege. There were Five Thousand French in the City of Muhlhausen; that of Langen-

Langensaltze, and the Villages in its Neighbourhood were occupied by Saxons. M. de Sporcken found on the Heights of Dorne Four Battalions of Grenadiers of France ranged in Order of Battle, and the Infantry posted in the Wood towards Eschwege, to protect the Communication of the Werra with Muhlhausen and Langensaltze. M. de Luckner had Orders to attack them the next Day in the Morning with his Corps, which was to be sustained by two Battalions and Six Squadrons. The same-Day M. de Belfunce appeared before Duderstadt, with Three Thousand Men, and some Cannon of the Garrison of Gottingen. He summoned Lieutenant-Colonel Rehborn, who commanded in that Town, three Times; and, upon the negative Answers received from him, he caused the Gates to be battered for Three Hours; but his Attempts were fruitless, and he returned the same Night.

M. de Luckner attacked the 12th, the French and Swiss Grenadiers who had passed the Night under Arms, in the Wood of Dorne, over-against his advanced Posts at Anerode and Buckewiede. He pushed them as far as the Heights of Egerieden, where they gained a thick Wood, which Count de Solms had fortified by felled Trees. They cannonaded each other. The Enemy received Reinforcements from the Quarters on the Werra, and those of the Saxons.

The Night coming on, M. de Sporcken could not assemble his Men, so as to undertake any Thing against the Enemy; he contented himself with making some Changes in the Disposition of his Quarters, and to push the Posts farther on. The Skirmishes of this Day cost him Forty Men in killed and wounded. The Loss of the Enemy was more considerable, and Four Officers and Fifty of their Men were taken.

M. de Sporcken put his Troops in Order of Battle the 13th, at Seven o'Clock in the Morning, upon the Height called Eisberg; but having found the Enemy considerably reinforced; that they had occupied all the Woods where the Horse could not act; and that the Troops of his Prussian Majesty were at the Distance of Three Marches, he resolved to pass the Unstrut at Silberhausen and Hortsmar, to draw near them by a forced March.

He informed M. de Sibourg of his Intentions, and the Motion was executed in Presence of the Enemy without the least Loss. The Troops were cantoned between Kayferslager and Marolderode.

The Corps of Prussians advanced the 14th to the Height of Langensaltze, which was occupied by 3000 Saxons. M. de Sporcken occupied the Village on the Left Side of the River Unstrut, with the Troops of his first Line, and drew those of his second Line as near it as possible.

He agreed with M. de Sibourg, that the Prussian Troops should pass the Unstrut at Merxleben, whilst he passed it at Thomasbruck, and M. de Luckner at Bolstedt. In the Night, the Bridges, which the Enemy had broken, were repaired.

On the 15th, at Seven in the Morning, all the Troops came to the River Side in order to pass it, but the Thaw had increased the Waters to such a Degree in twice 24 Hours, that there was an Inundation from Mulhausen almost to Langensaltze.

The Prussian Cavalry got through the Passage of Merckleben, while their Cannon was battering the Town of Langensaltze. Eight Squadrons of M. de Sporcken's first Line passed at Thomasbruck with a Brigade of Chasseurs, and a Squadron of Luckner's, whose whole Corps could not pass, the Waters continuing out all the Day. In the mean Time the Prussian Cavalry fell upon the Enemy, who were going out of Langensaltze; and M. de Sporcken's Corps did so likewise upon the Troops which were coming down the Hills to their Assistance.

M. de Sporcken computes the Enemy's Loss that Day at 3000 Men, at the same Time that his own scarcely exceeds 100. Lieutenant General Hodenberg was wounded and taken Prisoner.

The Prussians took three Battalions, and seven Pieces of Cannon; and M. de Sporcken's Troops took two Bagalions and six Pieces of Cannon.

During the Action, the Infantry of M. de Spor-

cken's first Line passed the Unstrut at Thomasbruck; but the Troops being greatly fatigued, M. de Sibourg cantoned his Corps at Langensaltze, and General Sporcken's re-entered his former Quarters on the Left of the Unstrut, except M. de Luckner's Body, which remained at Mulverstedt and Schottstedt.

On the 16th, the first Line, under the Command of General Sporcken, passed the Unstrut again at Bolstedt, and advanced cantoning as far as Gros Gultern and Opperhausen. The second Line passed the Unstrut at the same Place, and cantoned at Mulhausen, where still 53 of the Enemy's Sick were found, and made Prisoners of War.

On the 17th Major General Luckner, with his Corps, composed the Van Guard, and marched to Eisenach, which he attacked, and forced the Enemy, who was still there under the Command of the Generals Stainville and Solms, to retire to Vacha. About 40 Prisoners were taken there, and two Saxon Officers. The Army made a forced March in two Columns, and cantoned in the Neighbourhood of Streck, and Neukirchen. Luckner's Corps remained at Eisenach.

On the 18th they halted. This Day came in above 100 Swifs and Saxon Deserters.

On the 19th, Luckner's Corps, reinforced with four Squadrons of Veltheim's and Bremet, marched as far as Vacha, (the Bridge of which was barricaded) attacked and forced the Enemy to abandon it about Midnight. Six of our Men were killed, and about 30 of the Enemy's wounded. General Luckner lodged the Light Troops in Vacha, and cantoned the Rest of his Corps, on the Right of the Werra near Vacha. The first Line marched to Ober Elin, and Forda, and the second to Eisenach.

On the 20th Luckner's Corps halted. The first Line of Sporcken's Corps marched to Heringen and Kieselbach, and the second to Vehren-Breitenbach and Frauensee. The Prussian Troops marched this Day to Gotha, to observe the Army of the Circles, which was re-assembled at Arnstedt.

On the 21st Luckner's Corps marched to Mansbach, and passed the Werra at Vacha. The first Line marched to Friedenswald, Hamelshausen, and Lengers, passing the Werra at Vacha and Lengers. The second marched to Heringen and Vacha. Many Deserters came in from Stainville's Corps, which made its Retreat by Mansbach to Fulda.

#### *Whitehall, March 3.*

The King has been pleased to order Letters Patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the Kingdom of Ireland, containing a Grant unto the Right Honourable James Earl of Kildare, and his Heirs Male, of the Dignities of a Marquis and Earl, by the Name, Style, and Title of Marquis of Kildare, and Earl of Ophaly in the said Kingdom.

#### *Lord Chamberlain's Office, March 3, 1761.*

Orders for the Court's further Change of Mourning on Sunday next the 8th Instant, for His late Majesty King George the Second, of Blessed Memory, viz.

The Ladies to wear black Silk or Velvet, coloured Ribbons. Fans, and Tippetts.

The Men to continue in black full trimmed, and to wear coloured Swords and Buckles.

#### *Admiralty-Office, February 17, 1761.*

Notice is hereby given, that in Pursuance of the Directions of an Act of Parliament passed in the 32d Year of His late Majesty's Reign, entitled an Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and the more speedy and effectual Manning His Majesty's Navy, and for the prevention of Piracies and Robberies by Crews of private Ships of War, a Session of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery for the Tryal of Offences committed on the High Seas within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, will be held on Monday the 30th of March next, at Justice-Hall in the Old Bailey, London, at Eight of the Clock in the Morning.

J. Cleveland.

Navy Office, January 29, 1761.

*The Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy give Notice; that they will be ready to treat with such Persons as are desirous to contract for the Stores under-mentioned, for His Majesty's Service, on the Days expressed against the same, at Eleven o'Clock in the Morning, that they may attend with their Proposals accordingly, viz.*

*Norway Goods, Wednesday March 4, 1761.*

*Riga Masts, Friday March 6, 1761.*

*On Wednesday next will be published,*

*Neatly printed in One Volume, Quarto, on a Royal Paper, Price bound One Guinea,*

*To which is added a complete INDEX,*

*The SECOND EDITION,*

*(Illustrated with a HEAD of PHILIP, and a HEAD of DEMOSTHENES, engraved by GRIGNION; a large MAP of GREECE, and a PLATE of MEDALS)*

**T**HE HISTORY of the Life and Reign of PHILIP King of MACEDON, Father of ALEXANDER.

By THOMAS LELAND, D. D.  
Fellow of Trinity College, Dublin.

Printed for W. Johnston in Ludgate Street.

N. B. There are a few on a fine Writing Paper, Price 11. 11s. 6d.

*To all Mayors, Justices of Peace, Constables, and others whom it may concern.*

**W**HEREAS several Persons travel the Countries, acting Shews, or as Mountebanks, or making Shews of other Things, for Hire, Gain and Reward, without having any Licence from His Majesty's Office of Revels for so doing, by Means whereof they incur, and are subject to all the Pains and Penalties mentioned in several Acts of Parliament relative to Vagrants and Vagabonds; you are therefore hereby desired to convict, or cause to be convicted, all such Persons, and give Notice thereof to Mr. Gawler, Deputy Master of the Revels, in the Inner Temple, London.

**T**O be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Thomas Bennett, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his House in Currier's Street, Chancery Lane, London, A Messuage or Dwelling House, and several Freehold Lands and Tenements, situate and lying in the Parish of Uttroter in the County of Stafford, late the Estate of William Gilbert the Younger, deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's House.

**T**HE Commissioners under the Commission of Bankruptcy against Francis Mannock, late of Throgmorton Street, London, Merchant, intend to meet on Thursday next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, to sell to the highest Bidder, the Bankrupt's Life Interest, if he survives his Wife, in a Freehold Lease under the Bishop of Winchester, of Premises at Sevington, Hants, rented at 289 l. and not 299 l. as formerly advertised. Particulars to be had of Messrs. Whitefield and Le Breton, Sun Court, Cornhill.

**T**HE Creditors of Edward Badcock, of Crofs Lane, London, Hat-maker, are desired to deliver upon Oath, before Lady-day next, a particular Account of their Debts to Messrs. Kidney and Co. Skinners in Cannon Street, London. And all Persons indebted to his Estate, are forthwith to pay the same to Messrs. Kidney and Co. to whom the said Badcock has executed an Assignment of his Estate, in Trust for his Creditors, who shall, before Lady-day next, deliver an Account of their Debts, and they who neglect so to do, will be excluded the Benefit of such Assignment.

**T**HE Creditors who have proved their Debts under the Commission of Bankruptcy awarded and issued against Mary Guthrie and Alexander Macculloch, formerly of Cadiz in Spain, but late of London, Merchants and Copartners, are desired to call on Messrs. Whitefield and Le Breton, in Sun Court Cornhill, London, on Friday the 13th Day of March Instant, between the Hours of Ten and Twelve, and afterwards any Monday, Wednesday and Friday, between the same Hours, in order to receive a Dividend on the said Bankrupt's Estates.

**T**HE Commissioners under the Commission of Bankruptcy against Thomas Mannock, late of Throgmorton Street, London, Merchant, intend to meet on Wednesday the 11th Day of March Instant, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, to take the Proof of Debts, and ascertain Claims on the Bankrupt's Estate. The Creditors are in the mean Time desired to leave the Particulars of their Claims or Debts, with the Vouchers or Policies, with Messrs. Whitefield and Le Breton, in Sun Court Cornhill, to facilitate their Adjustment before the Commissioners.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against William Ricards, late of Goodmans Yard near Goodmans Fields, in the County of Middlesex, John Scott, now or late of East Smithfield, in the said County of Middlesex, and Robert Newcome, late of Mansel Street Goodmans Fields, in the said County of Middlesex, Coal Merchants, Lightermen, Dealers and Chapman, and Copartners,

and they being declared Bankrupts, are hereby required to surrender themselves to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 9th and 13th of March Instant, and on the 14th of April next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of their Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupts are required to finish their Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of their Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupts, or that have any of their Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Leggett, Attorney, in Dog Tavern Yard near Billingsgate, London.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Brown, of Snow Hill, London, Stationer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 7th of March Instant at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, on the 21st of said March, and 14th of April next at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, on each of the two last Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint.

**W**HEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against James Parnell, of Bishopsgate Street, London, Hosier, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 5th and 16th of March Instant, and on the 14th of April next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Stevens Tottor, Attorney, in Spital Square, London.

**T**HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against James Hunter and Loth Specht, late of London, Merchants and Partners, intend to meet on the 9th of April next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a final Dividend of the said Bankrupts Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**T**HE Commissioners in a renewed Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Daniel Walkly, late of the Parish of St. Clement Danes, in the County of Middlesex, Taylor, intend to meet on the 3d Day of April next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**T**HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Thomas Brame, of Harleston in the County of Norfolk, Shopkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 4th Day of April next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**T**HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Powell, of Charing Crofs in the County of Middlesex, Harter, Hosier and Chapman, intend to meet on the 15th of April next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.

**T**HE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Revell Homfray, late of Sheffield in the County of York, Stationer, deceased, intend to meet on the 6th of April next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of Timothy Warde, being the Sign of the Crown in Sheffield aforesaid, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend.