

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday September 2, to Saturday September 6, 1760.

Relation of the King of Prussia's March into Silesia, and of the Victory gained on the 15th of August near Lignitz, over the Austrian Army under the Command of General Laudohn.

ON the 3d of August the Army marched from the Camp of Dallwitz, on the Borders of the Elbe, and arrived on the 7th at Buntzlau, keeping constantly close on the Side of Marshal Daun's Army. We made about a hundred Prisoners at the Passage of the Rober, and halted in this Camp to give some Rest to the Troops, which, in five Days, had marched 19 German Miles.

On the 9th the Army got to Goldberg; that of the Austrians were in March, and we accompanied them to Hohendorff, where the King encamped. The Corps under M. Laudohn, occupied the Heights of Praunitz before our Arrival, and M. de Beck covered the March of the Enemy, from his Post of Wolfberg.

On the 10th, the King took Possession of the Camp of Lignitz; and the Army of the Enemy occupied all the Ground between Parchwitz and Cosendau; so that Marshal Daun with his Army formed the Center, and occupied the Heights of Wahlstadt and Hochkirk. M. Laudohn with his Army covered the Ground between Jeschkendorff and Coschitz: General Nauhendorff that of the Heights of Parchwitz; and M. de Beck, who formed the Left, extended his Troops beyond Cosendau. This advantageous Position of the Enemy, prevented our passing the Katzbach and the Scharzwasser. The King's Army marched in the Night of the 11th to turn the Enemy, and to reach Jauer. At Break of Day the Columns were already near the Village of Hohendorff, from whence a new Camp at Praunitz was discovered; and Advice was received by some Prisoners, that it was M. de Laschy's Corps, which was just arrived from Lauban. The Army immediately passed the Katzbach to attack him. M. de Laschy made his Dispositions with so much Skill, and knew so well how to avail himself of the Advantages that the Ground gave him, that he retreated to Marshal Daun, without our being able to attack him with any Prospect of Success. He fled off by the low Grounds, and posted himself upon the Heights of Hennerdorff, which covered Jauer, before our Army, which was stoppt by the Defiles, could get thither. Both Armies encamped; the King's at Seichau, and that of the Enemy's at Hermsdorff

and Schlaup. The next Day, Attempts were made for turning the Enemy on the Side of the Mountains by passing at Pomfen and Jagerdorff. The Roads might have been practicable for the Army, but they being so steep, the Ammunition Waggons could not be brought on; and therefore the Attempt was laid aside. On the 13th we went back to our Camp at Lignitz, and Marshal Daun, with the Generals Laudohn, Laschy, and Beck, came to occupy his former Position behind the Katzbach. There we heard that the Russians had laid a Bridge at Auras, and that Count Czernichew was to pass it that same Day with 24,000 Men. It was suspected besides, that the Enemy had some Design upon us. Troops which have for a long Time been opposed to each other, can reciprocally guess at each other's Designs; the Method, used by the Enemy's Generals, grows familiar; and the least Motion, they make, discloses their Designs.

Had we waited for the Enemy in our Camp at Lignitz, M. de Laschy would have passed the Katzbach, in order to advance upon our Right, Marshal Daun would probably have attacked our Front, and M. Laudohn would have fallen upon our Left, possessing himself at the same Time of the Heights of Pfaffendorff. These Considerations were the Motives of the March we made on the 14th, to put our selves in order of Battle on the aforesaid Heights, which changed the Scene of Operations, and must disconcert the Dispositions the Enemy had made from the Nature of the Ground. Scarce had we taken this new Position, when we were informed, about Two o'Clock in the Morning, that M. de Laudohn was in full March, and that his Columns advanced by Bennowitz. Whereupon our Army separated into two Bodies; our Right remained upon the Ground, where it had been formed, to observe Marshal Daun, and to prevent him from advancing from the Schwartzwasser and thro' Lignitz. Sixteen Battalions, and Thirty Squadrons turned about, in order to fall upon the Corps under Laudohn. Near Three o'Clock, the Action begun, the Prussians attacked, and drove, the Austrians fighting almost to the Katzbach, where the Left halted, and it was not thought advisable to push on more vigorously, that we might be able to succour our Right, in Case M. Daun succeeded in advancing from Lignitz. His Army attempted it several Times, and his Want of succeeding was owing to the Disadvantage of the Ground, and to his Columns being exposed to the Fire of our Batteries.

In

[Price Three-Pence.]

In this Action the Enemy have lost upwards of ten Thousand Men; two of their Generals, eighty Officers, and more than five Thousand Men are Prisoners. Eighty-two Pieces of Cannon, and twenty-three Pair of Colours have been taken from them. The Enemy left about two Thousand Men upon the Spot, without reckoning the wounded; but their Loss by Desertion was equal to that in the Field. We marched, immediately after the Action, to Parchwitz, where we passed the Defile that had been so well disputed. And Marhal Daun, at the same Time detached Prince Lowenstein with the Reserve, and M. de Beck to join Count Czernichew. The King begun his March on the 16th for Neumark. The Russians have repassed the Oder at Auras, and Prince Lowenstein has retired on the Side of Jauer, so that our Attention is fixed at present upon opening our Communication with Breslau.

In Justice to the Alacrity and Bravery of the Troops it must be said, that they engaged with an heroic Spirit, after suffering the Extremity of Fatigue; and all, who were concerned, distinguished themselves. We have lost no General Officer. A List will be given without Delay, of the Names of the Officers killed and wounded, together with those of the Austrians made Prisoners. Our Loss is inconsiderable; we have but five Hundred killed, and twelve Hundred wounded on our Side. It is to be hoped, that this successful Event will be attended with Consequences of still greater Advantage.

Hague, September 1. By the last Letters from Prince Ferdinand's Army, which are of the 28th past, we have received Information, that the French under Marhal Broglio left their Camp upon the Dymel, in the Night between the 21st and 22d, marching off by their Right; and that the Hereditary Prince crossed that River on the 22d, at the Head of 12,000 Men, in order to gain the Left Flank of the Enemy: That the advanced Troops of that Corps came up with their Rear Guard near Zierenberg; and that after the Light Troops on each Side had been engaged with different Success, the Hereditary Prince arrived in Person, with the Greys and Inniskilling Dragoons, supported by the English Grenadiers, and put an End to the Affair in a Quarter of an Hour, by forcing the Enemy to a precipitate Flight, with great Loss.

Prince Ferdinand was at Buhne on the 28th; and by the last Accounts, Marhal Broglio was encamped between Mariendorff and Hohkirchen, with the Fulda in his Rear; and had considerably reinforced Prince Xavier's Reserve.

KENT. September 4, 1760.

A General Meeting of his Majesty's Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants for the County of Kent, will be held at the Bell in Maidstone, on Thursday the 25th of this Instant September, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, to issue out Precepts for returning Lists to the Subdivision Meeting; and to transact such other Business as may be most conducive to the faithful Execution of the Acts of Parliament relating to the Militia.

Austen, Clerk of the General Meeting.

General Post Office, April 12, 1760.

Publick Notice is hereby given, That, for the Time to come, no Person whatsoever will be permitted to pass from England, in any of the King's Packet Boats, stationed at Harwich or Dover, without first obtaining a

Passport from one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

All Persons, intending to return to England in the said Packet-Boats, are in like Manner to produce a Passport from His Majesty's Minister at the Hague, or from His Majesty's Consul or Vice-Consul at Flushing, before they can be received on Board.

*By Command of the Post master General,
Henry Potts, Secretary.*

Navy Office, Sept. 1, 1760.

The principal Officers and Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy give Notice, that on Thursday the 11th Instant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Morning, they will expose to Sale at this Office, several Parcels of old Stores, consisting of Paper Stuff, old Rope, Cordage, Iron Pots, Fishing Nets, Lanthorns, Ocham, Refuse Ends, lying at his Majesty's Yard at Woolwich; where such Persons as are willing to be Purchasers may have the Liberty of viewing them at any Time in the common working Hours of the said Yard till the Day of Sale; and as a Deposit of 25 l. per Cent. or in Proportion thereto is to be made by the Persons who shall Purchase the said Stores, all Persons who shall attend the Sale are to take Notice thereof, and come prepared for that Purpose; and unless the Stores so purchased shall be paid for and taken away at the End of Forty Days after the Day of Sale, the Deposit shall be forfeited and become the Property of the Crown.

Victualling Office, September 1, 1760.

The Commissioners for Victualling His Majesty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that on Friday the 12th Instant, exactly at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, they will be ready to treat for Iron Hoops for the Service of his Majesty's Navy.

East India House, August 20, 1760.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies do hereby give Notice, That the Transfer Books for the East India Annuities will be shut on Wednesday the 10th Day of September next, at Two of the Clock, and opened again on Friday the 10th Day of October following:

And that the Dividend Warrants for the said Annuities due the 10th of October next, will be delivered on Thursday the 6th Day of November following.

This is to give Notice, That on the 16th Day of this Instant September, the Prize-Money due to the Commanders, Officers, Seamen, and others, of the Armed Cutters, Duke William and Two Brothers, on account of the undermentioned Ships, will be paid at the Three Kings Tavern at Deal; and the Recalls on the first Wednesday in every Month for three Years next after the said 16th Day of September.

*Heva,
Catharine Jeanne.*

Advertisements.

Notice is hereby given, That the Partnership between Manoel Francis Silva and Son, of London, Merchants, is dissolved and determined this Day; and all Persons are desired to settle their Concerns with the said Partnership with Manoel Francis Silva only.

*St. Mary Axe, 3d Sept.
1760.*

*Manoel Fran. Silva,
Thomas Silva.*

This

This Day is published,
In One Large Volume Quarto,
(Being the most compleat Treatise on the Subject ever
published in any Language,)

A Methodical SYNOPSIS of MINERAL WATERS; (being a Work of Twenty-one Years) comprehending above 160 of the most celebrated Medicinal Waters, both cold and hot, of Great Britain, Ireland, France, Germany and Italy, besides many other Parts of the World. Wherein the several impregnating Minerals being previously described, and their Characteristics investigat'd, each Water is reduced to its proper Genus; and besides the particular Analysis, the Virtues, Uses and Abuses, of the Waters, are described, in a Method entirely new; with a far more distinct and ample Account of the Sulphurous, Vitriolic, and Copper Waters, than has been published. Interspersed with Tables tending to throw Light upon this intricate Subject: And Abstracts of the principal Authors who have treated on Mineral Waters; and the Accounts of Waters, dispersed in the Acts of the several Learned Societies in Europe, are collected and properly digested.

By JOHN RUTTY, M. D.

Printed for W. Johnston in Ludgate Street.

Where may be had, Price 1 s.

A Free and Candid Examination of a Pamphlet, entitled, An Analysis of Dr. Rutty's Methodical Synopsis of Mineral Waters.

Dr. ANDERSON's, or The Famous SCOTS PILLS;

ARE faithfully prepared only by JAMES INGLISH, Son of DAVID INGLISH, deceased, at the Unicorn, over-against the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are desired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes sealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mulletts Argent, Dr. Anderson's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Isabella Inghish underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Use in all Cases where Purging is necessary, and may be taken with Epom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

DR. JAMES's Powder for FEVERS, and other Inflammatory Distempers, published by Virtue of His MAJESTY's ROYAL LETTERS PATENT, will remove (as has been experienced in many thousand Cases) any continual acute Fever in a few Hours, though attended with Convulsions, Light-headedness, and the worst Symptoms: But if taken in the Beginning of a Fever, one Dose is generally sufficient to perform a Cure.

It is likewise a most effectual Remedy for all internal Inflammation, Pleurisy, Quincies, acute Rheumatisms, and the Lowness of Spirits, and Uneasinesses proceeding from slow and latent Fevers, which are generally mistaken for Vapours and Hysterics; It is extremely effectual in the Small Pox, Measles, and St. Anthony's Fire; and a single Dose remarkably stops the Progress of a Cold, and certainly prevents the ill Consequences arising from that very common Disorder, the Source of almost all Distempers.

This Powder (which is a very safe and pleasant Medicine to take) is sold by J. Newbery at the Bible and Sun in St. Paul's Church-yard, London; and by J. Hoey, jun. in Skinner Row, Dublin; at 2 s. 6 d. the two Doses, with good Allowance to those who buy it for charitable Uses, or to sell again.

• See a Dissertation on Fevers, and other Inflammatory Distempers, sold at the Places above-mentioned. Price 6 d.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt hath been lately awarded against John Perrott, of Ludgate Hill, London, Merchant; and there is Reason to believe, that the greatest Part of his Effects are now concealed, the Assignees therefore give Notice, That such Person or Persons, who shall make a Discovery of any Money or Effects of the said Bankrupt, which are concealed, shall receive as a Reward after the Rate of Forty Pounds for every Hundred Pounds of the nett Produce of such Monies or Effects as shall be recovered by such Discovery, on Application to Mr. Tho. Cobb, Attorney at Law, at Sadlers Hall, Cheap-side.

PUrtuant to an Order made by the Right Honourable Lord Henley, Baron of Grainge, Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain, for Enlarging the Time for Robert Mabley, of London, Druggist, Dealer and Chapman, (a Bankrupt,) to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, for Fifty Nine Days, to be computed from the 9th Day of September instant; This is to give Notice, that the Commissioners in the said Commission named and authorized, or the major Part of them, will meet on the 28th Day of October next, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; when and where the said Bankrupt is required to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, may then and there come and prove the same, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Frances Basset and Catherine Hepburn, of the Parish of St. Paul Crovent Garden in the County of Middlesex, Milliners, Dealers, Chappemen and Coprainers, and they being declared Bankrupt are hereby required to surrender themselves to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 23d and 26th of this instant September, and on the 18th of October next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of their Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupts are required to finish their Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of their Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupts, or that have any of their Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same, but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Messrs. Harrison and Lee in Friday-street, London.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against William Hankins, of the Town of Northampton, Shopkeeper, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 9th of September instant, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and on the 26th of September instant and 18th of October next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Chapone, at his Chambers N^o 18. Clements Inn, London.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Joseph Rowe, of the City of Exon, Tobaccoist, Hotpressman, Merchant and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 17th and 30th of September instant, and on the 18th of October next, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon on each of the said Days, at the House of John Swales, called Swales Wine Cellar in the Serge Market in the said City of Exon, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. William Williams in the said City of Exon.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Edward Baldwin, late of the City of Coventry, Mercer, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Lord Henley, Baron of Grainge, Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain, that the said Edward Baldwin hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act passed in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 27th of September instant.

