

Leeuwe, July 7. We have been these ten days blocked up by the French on all sides, except on that towards *Diest*, the Enemies grand Guards being within reach of our Cannon; they have ravaged and plundered all the Country hereabouts, and have demolished *St. Tron* and *Tillemont*; out of the first of those places they took 900 Cows, 3000 Sheep, and three quarter parts of all their Corn, which stood them in great stead, for it's said they begun to be in want of Provisions; on Saturday last their Army encamped between *St. Tron* and *Tongres*, leaving us uncertain what their design is; which a few days will now discover. On Sunday night came hither from the Prince of *Oranges* Army, Major *Machiette*, with 150 Horse, to join with his Brother Colonel *Machiette*; yesterday about two in the morning they went out with 300 Horse, having desired of our Governour a small party of Foot to secure a Bridge over the *Demer*, which they purposed should serve for their retreat; they took a great way about, that they might come behind the Enemies grand Guard, consisting in 500 Horse, which stood about a quarter of a League from this place; at Noon *Machiette* appeared to them, between them and their Army, each of his Men having a green Branch in his Hat for a sign, engaged them, and, after a sharp dispute, totally routed them, most of them being killed upon the place, and three Captains, two Lieutenants, one Cornet, and 86 Horsemen being brought Prisoners hither, with five Standarts, and above 100 Horses, with their equipage; on our side was lost a Captain, a Cornet, and 3 Horsemen, and Colonel *Machiette* and four others wounded. The Wednesday before, the same Colonel had taken not far from *St. Tron*, 50 French Prisoners, and 35 Horses.

Brussels, July 5. In our last we told you of the French Army being on its march towards *Charleroy*, which, it seems, was only to meet a great Convoy that came from thence, with a reinforcement of 8000 Men, which having joined, his Most Christian Majesty is marched again towards the *Meuse*, having encamped the first instant, between *St. Tron* and *Tongres*, and is since advanced nearer to *Liege*, with what design is not known. Our Letters from *Leeuwe* give us an account, that the first instant, Colonel *Machiette* went out from thence with a chosen party of 300 Horse, with intention to make some brave attempt upon the Enemy; and that having an account of an advanced Guard of 500 Horse, who stood about half a League from the Town towards *Tillemont*, he took a great way about, and towards Noon, having got between them and the Army, fell upon them from behind, and, after a fierce dispute, totally routed them, greatest part of them having been killed upon the place, and three Captains, two Lieutenants, one Cornet, and 86 Cavaliers, having been brought Prisoners, with five Standarts, and 100 Horses, to *Leeuwe*, on the Spaniards side were killed a Captain, a Cornet, and three Horsemen, and Colonel *Machiette* wounded with a shot above the knee: That the next day the Most Christian King sent a Trumpet to *Leeuwe*, to know what Prisoners they had, and to desire they might be released and sent to him, promising on his Royal word, to return as many of ours, or their just ransom. The Prince of *Nassau*, late Governour of *Limburgh*, is come to reside here with his family. The Prince of *Orange* continues encamped with his Army near *Aerschet*, to receive a reinforcement of several fresh Troops from *Holland*, and the Spanish Garisons, as well as to observe the motions of the Enemy. Our Letters from *Strasburgh* inform us, That General *Montecuculi* finding he could not draw Monsieur de *Turenne* to a Battel was decamped with his Army, and removed nearer to *Offenburgh*, and that thereupon the French had likewise removed their Camp near

to *Strasburgh*; and, it is thought, we shall now very suddenly hear of an Engagement between them.

Magie, July 5. According to our advices of the second instant from our Army, it continued encamped near *Aerschet*, to refresh, after its hard march to the *Meuse* and back again; his Highness being resolved, so soon as he could perceive what the design of the Enemy was, to decamp, and march towards them. Much is said here in commendation of Colonel *Machiette*, who, with 300 Horse, surprized and defeated 500 of the Enemy, the first instant, near *Leeuwe*. The fourth instant, parted hence the Prince of *Frisland* towards the Army, intending to accompany his Highness this Campaign. We expect, with some impatience, to hear that the King of *Denmark* has declared; till which be done, many people will continue somewhat jealous of the intentions of that Court.

Paris, July 6. The first instant, *Te Deum* was sung in the Church of *Notre Dame*, for the taking of *Dinanti*, *Bry*, and *Limburgh*, the Archbishop of *Paris* officiating, and all the Sovereign Courts, &c. assisting at the Solemnity. Our last Letters from the Kings Camp are dated the 30 past at *Tillemont*, and give us an account, that the 25, his Majesty arrived there, having caused the Gates of that City, as well as of *St. Tron*, to be blown up, and the Fortifications demolished; and that our Troops found in those two places a great number of Cattle and a very considerable quantity of Corn: That the Sieur de *Montal*, Governour of *Charleroy*, had been out with 700 Horse, and 500 Dragoons, had set all the Country under Contribution, and almost passed in sight of *Brussels*. Our Letters from *Strasburgh* of the 29 past inform us, That the 26, about an hour before day, General *Montecuculi* decamped, and moved towards *Offenburgh*; which unexpected motion of the Imperialists, likewise obliged Monsieur de *Turenne* to decamp, to hinder the design they might have to approach the *Rhin*, and to go and take his quarters at *Newwal*, near the Port on the *Rhine*, the Imperialists encamping between *Offenburgh* and *Wistitz*: That the 28, the Imperial Army made another motion towards the *Rhine*, and encamped again about two Leagues from *Offenburgh*, and Monsieur de *Turenne* advanced to *Busterwick*, where he had his headquarters at the coming away of these Letters.

Advertisements.

An Introduction to Astronomy and Geography, being a plain and easie Treatise of the Globes in seven parts. 1. The definitions of the Lines, Circles &c. 2. The several Problems of Astronomy. 3. Trigonometry. 4. Dialling. 5. Astrology. 6. and 7. The explanation and use of the Terrestrial Globe, &c. Sold by *R. Worlton*, and *Will: Berry*, at the *Atlas* in *Co. nubl* near the *Royal Exchange*, and at the *Globe* between *Torch-house* and the *New Exchange*.

WHEREAS the more accurate observations and discoveries of late years have very much improved Astronomy and Geography, and so far as there have been no Globes made either in *England* or *Holland* since these modern Improvements and Alterations; there is therefore lately set forth Proposals for the publishing of a new size of Globes 30 inches diameter, by *R. Morison*, and *W. Berry*, by whom Encouragers may have further satisfaction at their Houses aforesaid.

STOLN out of *Westminster Abbey*, Sunday the 27 instant, Two large Silver Candlesticks, Eof'd and Gilt, and a large Silver Basin of the same Work; both of them with the Colledge Arms. If any Person shall give notice of the said Plate, to any of the Officers of the Abbey or Colledge, they shall have Twenty pounds Reward.

STRAYED or Stolen from Mr. *Bumhads* at *Bishops Hall* near *Hackney*, June 23. two Geldings; the one a bright Bay, about 14 hand high, without any white, a black Man and Tail, and cuts behind; the other Gray, about 14 hand, flat footed, a long head, and carried little body. If any give notice of them to Mr. *John Ashton* at the *Dog and Bear* in *Finchbury*, or to Mr. *Tho: Thomson* at the *Sun* in *Lenden-hall-street*, shall have four pounds Reward.

WHEREAS several Vagrant Persons do wander about the City of *London*, and Countries, pretending themselves to be Lunatics under Cure in the Hospital of *Beblen*, commonly called *Bedlam*, with Brass Plates about their Arms, and Inscriptions thereon. These are to give Notice, That there is no such Liberty given to any Patients kept in the said Hospital for their Cure, neither is any such Plate as a distinction or mark put upon any Lunatick during their being there, or when discharged thence. And that the same is a false pretence, to colour their Wandring and Begging, and to deceive the People, to the dishonour of the Government of that Hospital.