

is hereby revoked: but nothing herein shall invalidate or make unlawful anything done under that Order before the date when this Order takes effect, or interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed against, or any penalty incurred under, that Order.

Extension of Act of 1878.

6. Swine fever, that is to say, the disease called or known as typhoid fever of swine, soldier, purples, red disease, hog cholera, or swine plague, shall be a disease for the purposes of the following Sections of the Act of 1878, namely:—

Section twenty-eight (infected places).

Section thirty (slaughter and compensation).

Section thirty-one (notice of disease).

Section thirty-two (Orders of Council).

Section fifty (powers of police).

Section fifty-one (power of entry).

Section fifty-four (exclusion of strangers).

And of all other Sections of the Act containing provisions relative to or consequent on the provisions of those Sections, including such Sections as provide for offences and procedure.

Extension of Orders of Council.

7. The provisions of the undermentioned Articles of the following Orders shall, as far as they are applicable, apply to swine fever and to places where that disease is found to exist, namely:—

(a.) The Animals Order of 1878—

Articles eighteen and nineteen (movement or exposure of animals).

Article twenty (movement of dung).

Article twenty-two (digging up carcasses).

Articles twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, and thirty-three (general provisions).

(b.) The Cleansing and Disinfection Order of 1878—

Articles ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, and fourteen (cleansing and disinfection).

Declaration of Place infected with Swine Fever.

8.—(1.) Where it appears to an Inspector of a Local Authority that swine fever exists, or has within ten days existed, in a pig-sty, shed, or other place, he shall forthwith make and sign a declaration thereof.

(2.) He shall serve a notice, signed by him, of the declaration on the occupier of that pig-sty, shed, or other place.

(3.) Thereupon that pig-sty, shed, or other place shall become and be a place infected with swine fever, subject to the determination and declaration of the Local Authority.

(4.) The Inspector shall, with all practicable speed, inform the Local Authority of his declaration and notice, and shall send his declaration and a copy of his notice to the Local Authority.

(5.) The Local Authority shall forthwith on receipt of that information inquire into the correctness of the Inspector's declaration, with the assistance and advice of a Veterinary Inspector, or of a person qualified according to the Act of 1878 to be such.

(6.) If the Local Authority are satisfied of the correctness of the Inspector's declaration as regards the existence or past existence of disease, they shall by order determine and declare accordingly, and prescribe the limits of the place infected with

swine fever, and may, if they think fit, include within these limits any lands or building adjoining or near to the pig-sty, shed, or other place to which the Inspector's declaration relates.

(7.) The Local Authority may include in a place infected with swine fever any adjoining part of the district of another Local Authority, with the previous consent in writing of that Authority, but not otherwise.

(8.) If the Local Authority are not satisfied of the correctness of the Inspector's declaration as regards the existence or past existence of disease, they shall by order determine and declare accordingly; and thereupon, as from the time specified in that behalf in their order, the pig-sty, shed, or other place to which the Inspector's declaration relates shall cease to be a place infected with swine fever.

(9.) The Local Authority shall forthwith report to the Privy Council the declaration of the Inspector, and the proceedings of the Local Authority thereon.

Movement out of Place infected with Swine Fever.

9. The following rules shall have effect in relation to a pig-sty or other place which has become a place infected with swine fever, namely:

(a.) No swine shall be moved alive out of a place infected with swine fever.

(b.) No carcase of swine shall be moved out of a place infected with swine fever, except either with a certificate of an Inspector of the Local Authority certifying that the carcase moved did not belong to a head of swine affected with swine fever, or with a licence of an Inspector of the Local Authority for the purpose of being buried or destroyed.

(c.) The licence shall be available for twelve hours, and no longer.

(d.) The licence shall specify the place to which the carcase is to be moved for burial or destruction, and it shall not be moved to any other place.

(e.) If the carcase is to be moved into the district of another Local Authority, there shall also be requisite a licence of that other Local Authority indorsed on or referring to the first-mentioned licence.

(f.) If moved for burial or destruction, the carcase shall be moved to the specified place under the direction and in charge of an Inspector or other officer of the Local Authority out of whose district it is moved; and he shall enforce and superintend the immediate burial or destruction there of the carcase, and shall forthwith report to both the Local Authorities the fact of the burial or destruction there.

(g.) No swine shall be moved into a pig-sty, shed, or other place where swine fever has existed, unless and until an Inspector of the Local Authority has certified that all the swine in that pig-sty, shed, or other place have died or been slaughtered, and that the pig-sty, shed, or other place has been, as far as practicable, cleansed and disinfected.

Slaughter in Swine Fever.

10.—(1.) A Local Authority shall cause all swine affected with swine fever to be slaughtered within two days after the existence of the disease is known to them.

(2.) A Local Authority may, if they think fit, cause any swine being or having been in the same pig-sty or shed, or in contact with swine affected with swine fever to be slaughtered.