

9. Wilfully or carelessly damaging or destroying any part of the Prison premises or furniture, clothing, bedding, implements of work, materials, wrought goods, books, or documents.
10. Attempting, by speaking, writing, or signal, to communicate with any other prisoner with whom he has not special permission at the time to communicate.
11. Failing to give up money or other articles in his possession on admission.
12. Having any article hidden about the person or otherwise.
13. Obtaining liquor or tobacco.
14. Tampering with the arrangements for ventilation, heating, or lighting.
15. Giving the alarm in terms of Rule XXVIII., without sufficient cause, or so as needlessly to disturb the Prison.
16. Failure to perform the prescribed amount of work or labour.
17. Refusing, without excuse, to take exercise in the manner prescribed.
18. Leaving the cell or other place where by Regulation or Order the prisoner ought to be.
19. Failure to rise from or go to bed at the prescribed time.
20. Refusing without excuse to attend Divine Service.
21. Irreverent behaviour during Divine Service.
22. Refusing to be photographed, or wilfully obstructing the process of photographing.
23. Making any malicious or idle charge against an Officer.

CXVI. Conditions as to punishments.—Conditions of punishment:—

1. The punishment is to be entered in the Register of Punishments before it is inflicted, and its purport is to be read by the Governor from the Register to the prisoner punished.
2. No reduction of diet shall be awarded without the consent of the Surgeon, who will put his initials to the entry in the Register.
3. Every punishment by putting in irons or confinement in dark cell must be intimated to the Surgeon.
4. The name of the Officer who has given in the complaint or information leading to the punishment is to be recorded, along with the names of any other Officers who have given testimony or information in the matter.
5. If there are other Officers available, no one whose name is so recorded is to be employed in giving effect to the punishment.
6. When any force is necessary in giving effect to a punishment, at least two Officers must be employed.

DIETARIES.

CXVII. The following are the Tables of Dietaries for the several classes of Prisoners:—

I.

Persons under sentence to imprisonment not above three days:—

- Breakfast* . . . 1 pint of oatmeal gruel.
- Dinner* . . . 1 lb. of bread.
- Supper* . . . 1 pint of oatmeal gruel.

II.

Persons under sentence to imprisonment above three days and not above fourteen days.

Females, and Male Juveniles not above fourteen years of age, under sentence to imprisonment above fourteen days and not above two months, not with hard labour.

Females, and Male Juveniles not above fourteen years of age, under sentence to imprisonment with hard labour not above ten days.

BREAKFAST.	DINNER.	SUPPER.
4 oz. of oatmeal made into porridge, with $\frac{3}{4}$ pint of milk.	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ pints of barley broth, with 6 oz. of wheaten bread; or 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of potatoes, with $\frac{3}{4}$ pint of milk.	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of potatoes, with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of milk; or 4 oz. of oatmeal made into porridge, with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of milk.

III.

Adult Males under sentence as follows:—

To imprisonment above fourteen days and not above two months, not with hard labour.

To imprisonment with hard labour not above ten days.

Females, and Male Juveniles not above fourteen years of age, untried, or under sentence as follows:—

To imprisonment above two months and not above six months, not with hard labour.

To imprisonment with hard labour above ten days and not above sixty days.

BREAKFAST.	DINNER.	SUPPER.
6 oz. of oatmeal made into porridge, with $\frac{3}{4}$ pint of milk.	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ pints of barley broth, with 6 oz. of wheaten bread; or 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of potatoes, with $\frac{3}{4}$ pint of milk.	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of potatoes, with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of milk; or 4 oz. of oatmeal made into porridge, with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint of milk.

IV.

Adult Males untried or under sentence as follows:—

To imprisonment above two months and not above six months, not with hard labour.

To imprisonment with hard labour above ten days and not above sixty days.

Females, and Male Juveniles not above fourteen years of age, under sentence as follows:—

To imprisonment with hard labour above sixty days.