

the spreading of pleuro-pneumonia, prohibit or regulate the holding of any specified market, fair, auction, sale, or exhibition, of cattle within their district.

*Burial and Disinfection.*

36. Where, under section sixty of the Act of 1869, a horse or animal is buried, its skin shall be first so slashed as to prevent its being of any use. The Local Authority may, if they think fit, use for the purpose of such burial any place on the premises of the owner of the horse or animal.

37. Where a Local Authority is authorized by licence from the Privy Council to destroy, under section sixty of the Act of 1869, horses or animals that have died or been slaughtered as therein mentioned, every such horse or animal shall be destroyed in manner following, namely,—the carcase thereof shall be disinfected, and shall then be removed, in charge of an officer of the Local Authority, to a horse-slaughterer's or knacker's yard licensed for the purpose by the Privy Council, or other place so licensed, and shall be there destroyed by exposure to a high temperature, or by chemical agents. In every such case the Local Authority shall report to the Privy Council the fact and mode of destruction.

38. Where a Local Authority exercise the power of causing premises to be cleansed and disinfected, conferred on by them by the Act of 1869 or by any Order of Council, the occupier of those premises shall give all facilities for that purpose.

39. Where any landing-place, lair, shed, or other place is directed by the Act of 1869 or any Order of Council, or is ordered by a Local Authority, to be cleansed and disinfected, it shall be cleansed and disinfected in manner following:—

- (1.) By the sweeping out thereof and the effectual removal therefrom of all dung, sawdust, litter, and other matter:
- (2.) Then by the thorough washing thereof with water:
- (3.) Then by the application to the floor and to all parts above the floor with which animals or their droppings have come in contact, of a coating of limewash made by mixing good freshly burnt lime with water, and containing in each gallon of limewash either one-fifth of a pint of commercial carbolic acid, or one-fifth of a pint of commercial cresylic acid, or four ounces of fresh dry chloride of lime, such linewash to be prepared immediately before use.

The sweepings of the landing-place, lair, shed, or other place shall be well mixed with quicklime and effectually removed from contact with animals.

PART III.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

40. A Local Authority may, from time to time, revoke or alter any order, prohibition, or regulation made by them under the Act of 1869 or any Order of Council.

41. Every Local Authority shall send to the Privy Council a copy of every order, prohibition, or regulation made by them.

42. If the Privy Council are satisfied on inquiry, with respect to any prohibition or regulation made by a Local Authority under the Act of 1869 or any Order of Council, that the same is of too restrictive a character, or otherwise ob-

jectionable, and direct the revocation thereof, the same shall thereupon cease to operate.

43. Whenever there is any change in the name or address of any Inspector appointed under section twelve of the Act of 1869, or in the district of any such Inspector, the Local Authority shall forthwith report the same to the Privy Council.

44. Except where otherwise provided for in any Order of Council, a Local Authority shall provide and supply, without charge, printed copies of documents or forms requisite under the Act of 1869 or any Order of Council.

45. Every regulation made by a Local Authority under any Order of Council shall (where no other provision is made for the publication thereof) be published by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the district of the Local Authority.

46. If any person fails to give, produce, do, or observe any notice, licence, thing, or rule, which he is by this Order or by any order or regulation of a Local Authority thereunder required to give, produce, do, or observe, he shall in every such case be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order.

47. If any animal (including a horse) or any thing is moved or dealt with in contravention of this Order or of any order or regulation of a Local Authority thereunder, the owner thereof and the person directing or permitting such moving thereof or dealing therewith, and the person or company in charge of or removing or conveying the same, shall each be deemed guilty of an offence against this Order.

48. All orders and regulations made by a Local Authority under any former Order of Council and in force at the commencement of this Order shall, as far as the same are not varied by or inconsistent with this Order, remain in force until altered or revoked by the Local Authority.

ARTHUR HELPS.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 20th day of December 1871.

By the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT,

Lord President.

Mr. Secretary Bruce.

Mr. Chichester Fortescue.

Mr. Forster.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1869, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

2. This Order may be cited as The Foreign Animals Order of 1871.

3. This Order extends to Great Britain only.

4. In this Order—

The Act of 1869 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1869: