



The Edinburgh Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, MAY 14, 1867.

FOREIGN OFFICE, May 7, 1867.

(General, No. 9.)

THE Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs has received from Her Majesty's Minister in Brazil a Despatch, of which the following is an extract: *

"Steamers have for some years plied between Pará, near the mouth of the Amazon, and Yurimagnas, on the Xuallaga, in Peru; they carry passengers and cargo. Brazilian steamers go once a fortnight from Pará to Manaos, and once a month from Manaos to Tabatinga. From this point, which is on the frontier between Brazil and Peru, Peruvian steamers, in connection with the Brazilian line, start once a month for Yurimagnas.

"The stations and distances between them, in English miles, are, more or less, as follows:—

	Miles.
Para to Breves	172
Breves to Gurupá	117
Gurupá to Prainha	141
Prainha to Santarem	104
Santarem to Obidos	79
Obidos to Villa Bella	104
Villa Bella to Serpa	149
Serpa to Manaos	121
987	
Manaos to Coary	291
Coary to Tefé	136
Tefé to Fonte Boa	170
Fonte Boa to Tonantins	155
Tonantins to S. Paulo	108
S. Paulo to Tabatinga	123
1970	
Tabatinga to Loreto	37
Loreto to Mancallacta	126
Mancallacta to Pevas	43
Pevas to Iquitas	128
Iquitas to Nanta	92
Nanta to S. Regis	389
S. Regis to Paranari	46
Paranari to Urarinas	101
Urarinas to Laguna	78

Laguna to Santa Cruz	55
Santa Cruz to Yurimagnas	70

Total 3135

"Of which 1970 miles are navigated by Brazilian steamers from Pará to Tabatinga, and 1165 miles from the latter to Yurimagnas.

"In 1865 the Brazilian steamers carried up and down 13,625 passengers, and received for

Passage money	£14,972
Freight	27,602

Total £42,574

"The approximate value of their cargoes in the same year was

Upwards	£391,494
Downwards	415,077

Total £806,571

"According to official returns during the year from July 1, 1864 to June 30, 1865, produce arrived from the province of the Upper Amazon at the port of Pará to the value of £85,778, and goods were despatched from that port to the same province to the value of £40,841, which were forwarded to Peru. The import from Great Britain to Pará has been more than double that of any other nation, whilst the export to Great Britain, though proportionally smaller, is still larger than to any other nation.

"The general entrance to the Amazon and its confluents is now by the Pará channel, and at Pará is the custom-house, at which vessels from beyond seas enter when bound to that part of Brazil. When, however, the navigation of the Amazon shall be opened in September next to the flags of all nations, the north-western entrance would be much more direct, accessible, easy and short, than the other passage. It is therefore much to be desired that a Port of entry should be established somewhere near that mouth of the Amazon, and I have reason to believe that the Brazilian Government meditate doing so at Macapá. If this intention be carried out, hardly any vessels will take the south-eastern entrance but those bound direct to Pará and to Cametá, on the river Tocantina, which, by the Decree of December last, will be open to foreign commerce in September next. The depth of water at the north-western entrance of the Amazon is generally about forty-five feet.

* See General Notice, No. 2, in London Gazette of January 4, for Decree as to the opening of the navigation of the Amazon.

"The principal affluents of the Amazon are the following:—

"The Trombetas, which, with the Rio Branco, unites the Province of Pará with the Guianas.

"The Rio Negro, which flows from Venezuela, and the Iça from New Granada.

"The Morona, Pastaza, and Napo, which afford a communication between the northern parts of Peru and New Granada and the Equator.

"And on the right bank the following rivers:—

"The Tocantins, Xingu, and Tapajoz, in Brazilian territory.

"The Madeira, in Brazilian and Bolivian territory.

"The Purus, Yurna, and Yavary, in Bolivian and Peruvian territory.

"And the Ucayali and Huallaga, in Peruvian territory.

"With regard to the navigation of the Trombetas, I have been unable to obtain any information.

"At about eight miles from the mouth of the Rio Negro is situated the town of Manaos, the capital of the province of Upper Amazon; thence to Santa Isabel, about 377 miles up the Rio Negro, the navigation is easy for steamers of light draught, and it is only in the dry season that there are one or two passes where the river is not more than three feet deep. There was at one time a line of steamers belonging to the Brazilian Company from Manaos to Santa Isabel, which was given up as not being sufficiently remunerative. Above Santa Isabel there are rapids, though of neither a dangerous nor difficult nature; and it is said that a very little engineering would render the river in that part also navigable for light draught steamers. As it is, large barges, loaded with produce, come done from San Carlos, in Venezuela, to Santa Isabel.

"At about 170 miles above Manaos, the Rio Branco flows into the Rio Negro. It is said that the former offers, during the greater part of the year, an easy navigation for light-draught steamers for 200 miles, as far as the Fort of St Joaquim, not far from the frontier of British Guiana.

"It is asserted that a much more rapid and easy communication may be established between Europe and Guiana and the interior of Venezuela by means of the Amazon, Rio Negro, and Rio Branco, than by the Orinoco, and that steamers could go from Pará to the frontier of Venezuela on the Rio Negro in twenty-seven days, and come down again in fifteen days.

"Of the Iça, Morona, and Pastaza little is known.

"The Napo is said to be an important river, and is said to possess an easy navigation by steam for 340 miles to a place called Puerto del Napo, whence Quito may be reached in six or seven days. The River Napo runs through the Province of Canclos, which is in dispute between Peru and the Equator, and where lands were ceded by the latter in payment of a debt to an English Company.

"The River Tocantins is entirely in Brazilian territory, but was opened by the Decree of last December to Cameta, about thirty-five miles distant from the confluence of that river with the Amazon. The remainder of the navigation is little known.

"The Xingu is also in Brazilian territory, and is little known.

"The Tapajoz is likewise in Brazilian territory along its whole course, and affords a communica-

tion with the Braz

By the Decree of Santarem, on the about twenty mil Amazon, was opened inhabitants of Ma the Tapajoz, hav Santarem by mea being however slc improved the com and Europe, as v would be much q the River Plate, I not have the dis foreign territory.

"The Tapajoz is navigable for steamers for above 170 miles above Santarem, when impassable rapids are met with; above these, boats can go to within a short distance of Diamantino, which is about 100 miles north of Cuyaba, the capital of Matto Grosso.

"The Madeira is a most important tributary of the Amazon; by the Decree of the 7th of December last this river is to be opened in September next to the flags of all nations as far as Borba, situated on the right bank of the Madeira, at about 120 miles from its mouth. For about 570 miles from its mouth the navigation of this river is clear and easy for vessels drawing 6 feet of water; generally speaking the river is very deep, and the current is not more than a mile and a half an hour. This brings one to St Antonio, where commences a series of impassable rapids and waterfalls for about 270 miles; to avoid these it would be necessary to construct a road for 170 miles from St Antonio to Guajará. A little above this point the Madeira separates into two, to the south-eastward and south-westward, the former taking the name of Guaporé, and the latter of Mamoré, of these the latter is by far the most important. From Guajará up the Mamoré the navigation is perfectly easy and clear; the current is from a mile to a mile and a half an hour; the water is in most places very deep, but always enough for vessels of twelve feet draught. Vinchuta, on the Mamoré, in Bolivia, is at about 500 miles from Guajará. It is at about 140 miles from Cochabamba and from Santa Cruz de la Sierra, and at 120 miles from Trinidad, the capital of the Bolivian province of Mojos. From Cochabamba to Chupuisaca, the capital of Bolivia, the distance may be 140 miles.

"The principal desideratum then on this route would be the road of 170 miles from St Antonio to Guajará, a work which ought to be undertaken jointly by Brazil and Bolivia.

"Supposing this road to exist, merchandize could easily be carried from the mouth of the Amazon to Cochabamba, in the heart of Bolivia, in thirty-one days; whereas, if it went from the latitude of Pará round Cape Horn, landed at Africa, the nearest port to Cochabamba on the West Coast, and proceeded thither across the Andes, it would take at least 100 days to get there.

"This road would be further useful to Brazil, because steamers of very little draught could ascend the Guaporé as far as Villa Bella de Matto Grosso, and thus afford a completed internal water communication with the extreme west of the province of Matto Grosso.

"Little is known of the Purus, which is supposed to rise in about 12° south latitude, flowing nearly parallel to the Madeira, forming a small part

of the boundary between Bolivia and Peru, and proceeding through Brazilian territory till it empties itself into the Amazon. It is ascertained, however, that for 850 miles from its mouth, the Purus has from eight to thirteen feet water, and for 500 miles more from six to eight feet.

"No exact information can be obtained with regard to the Yarná and Yavary; but the former is said to be navigable for 1000 miles from its junction with the Amazon.

"The Ucayali and Huellaga are exclusively Peruvian rivers. They are no doubt of great importance in connection with the navigation of the Amazon, because they flow through very populous districts to the east of the Andes, which could be much more easily supplied with European merchandize by this route than by that of the Pacific, followed up by the difficult and expensive journey across the Andes. But I am unable to furnish any precise details as to the facilities which may be offered by these two rivers for navigation by steam. According to the best authorities it would seem that the Ucayali is navigable for steamers for about 880 miles from its mouth. Above that there are rapids which would interfere with the ascent of the river, but would not at all prevent vessels from coming down it from a much greater distance. The Huallaga, the course of which is nearer to the Andes than that of the Ucayali, is navigable for large vessels only as far as Laguna, about seventeen miles from its mouth, in all seasons, and during the rainy season as far as Yurimagnas, 125 miles higher.

To the Mouths of these two rivers the Amazon always has sufficient water for good-sized vessels, and there can be no doubt that once these are properly explored and opened to navigation all the inhabitants of Peru to the east of the Andes would be supplied by this route. I understand that the Peruvian Government are meditating the establishment of a line of steamers on the Ucayali.

The amount of population which would be chiefly interested in the navigation of the Amazon and its tributaries is, more or less, as follows:—

Brazilian Province of Pará	215,923
Do. do. Upper Amazon	46,443
Peru, east of the Andes	2,090,000
Bolivian Provinces of Beni, Santa Cruz, and Cochabamba	622,000
Venezuelan Provinces of Barinas, Apure, and Guayana, and the so-called District of the Amazon	16,000
Total	<u>2,990,366</u>

"This population will probably some years hence have all its communication with Europe by way of the Amazon. If we take as an instance the Peruvian town of Magro, situated in 10° south latitude, to the east of the Andes, on the river Pachitea, which falls into the Ucayali, and at about seven days journey from Lima, we find that in going down the rivers Pachitea and Ucayali the distance from Magro to Iquitos on the Amazon can be done in two days, from Iquitos to Pará in five days, and from Pará to England in fourteen days, making in all twenty-one days, and putting the time between Lima and England at twenty-seven days by this route.

"I am unable to inform your Lordship precisely what measures have been taken for the security of vessels navigating the Amazon. There are authorities at many points on the river who are

supported by a small force; indeed the Brazilian and Peruvian Governments feel themselves obliged to maintain a certain force on that river for their protection against their neighbours; but it would evidently be impossible fully to guard the whole course of the enormous distances which sometimes intervene between the different towns on the banks. Vessels navigating the river must, to a certain extent, depend on their own resources for safety. At the same time I understand that the inhabitants of the banks of the Amazon are generally well disposed towards foreigners, and most desirous of trading with them."

FOREIGN OFFICE, May 7, 1867.

(Quarantine, No. 22.)

The Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs has received, from Her Majesty's Consul at Malaga, a Despatch, of which the following is a copy:—

British Consulate, Malaga,
April 30, 1867.

I HAVE the honour to inform your Lordship that, by virtue of a Royal Order issued by the Spanish Government, under date of the 24th instant, the ports of Malaga and Almeria, within this Consular district, have been pronounced qualified for the performance of Quarantines of Observation; consequently, the term of three days' observation imposed on ships coming to Malaga or Almeria, from places treated by the Spanish Sanitary Ordinances as "compromised or suspected," may henceforth be performed at either of the above-named ports of destination, without the necessity of entering the Lazarets of Cadiz or Carthagen for that purpose, as previously required.

FOREIGN OFFICE, May 8, 1867.

(Quarantine, No. 23.)

The Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs has received from the Acting British Consul at Bilbao a Despatch, of which the following is a copy:—

I HAVE the honour to report to your Lordship that, by a Royal Order dated the 24th ultimo, Bilbao is added to the ports in Spain at which the three days' quarantine of observation required of vessels proceeding from suspected ports can be performed.

By this regulation British vessels proceeding to this port from the United Kingdom are relieved from the great expense and inconvenience they have for a long time sustained by being compelled to perform quarantine of observation at Santander.

FOREIGN OFFICE, May 9, 1867.

(General, No. 10.)

The Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs has received from Her Majesty's Consul at Helsingfors a Despatch, of which the following is a copy:—

British Consulate,
Helsingfors, April 29, 1867.

I HAVE the honour to inform your Lordship that "Finland's Official Gazette" of the 27th April contains the following Decree, issued by the Imperial Senate at Helsingfors, on the 17th instant:—

"In consequence of a petition lately presented to the Imperial Government, His Majesty the

Emperor has granted permission to foundry proprietors, as well as to iron merchants in general throughout the Grand Duchy of Finland, to import pig iron at the same reduced rate of duty as was imposed on that article in the year 1866, that is to say:—1 Finnish mark (or $9\frac{3}{4}d.$) per Skeppund— $7\frac{1}{2}$ skeppunds being equal to one British ton."

WM. CAMPBELL.

WAR OFFICE, May 8, 1867.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Her Nephew, His Serene Highness the Prince of Hohenlohe-Langenburg, K.C.B., to be an Honorary Member of the Civil Division of the First Class, or Knights Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

DOWNING STREET, May 9, 1867.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant Philip James Hankin, R.N., to be Colonial Secretary for the Colony of British Honduras.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Samuel Hartley Hill, Esq., to be Colonial Secretary for the Island of Tobago.

ADMIRALTY, May 7, 1867.

Lieutenant William Filmer Gregory has been this day promoted to be a Retired Commander, under the provisions of Her Majesty's Orders in Council of 1st August 1860, 9th July 1864, and 24th March 1866.

ADMIRALTY, May 8, 1867.

Sub-Lieutenant Robert Fry Castle to be Lieutenant in Her Majesty's Fleet.

John Jack, Esq. has this day been promoted to the rank of Staff-Surgeon in Her Majesty's Fleet, with seniority of 21st February 1867.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Derby.

15th Derbyshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Samuel Richardson Cox, gent. to be Ensign, vice Arthur A. Wilmot, resigned. Dated 8th May 1867.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Dorset.

Queen's Own Regiment of Dorsetshire Yeomanry Cavalry.

Cornet Montague John Guest to be Lieutenant, vice Sir Ivor Bertie Guest, Bart., resigned. Dated 2d May 1867.

George Bond, gent. to be Cornet, vice Guest, promoted. Dated 2d May 1867.

8th Dorsetshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Edward Munro Spooner, gent. to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 2d May 1867.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Essex.

22d Essex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Walter Blachford Gifford to be Lieutenant. Dated 27th April 1867.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant and High Steward of the Stewartry of Kirkcubright.

2d Kirkcubrightshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend Richard Addison Gillespie to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 7th May 1867.

Walter Lorraine, Esq. M.D., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 7th May 1867.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

19th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Josiah Burdett, gent. to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th April 1867.

2d Lancashire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

William Robert Blythe, gent. to be First Lieutenant. Dated 22d April 1867.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

1st Administrative Battalion of Staffordshire Rifle Volunteers.

Edward John Lamb, gent. to be Honorary Quartermaster. Dated 2d January 1867.

3d Staffordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Thomas Podsmore Wood, gent. to be Lieutenant, vice Bull, resigned. Dated 26th December 1866.

Charles George Baker, gent. to be Ensign, vice Alcock, promoted. Dated 26th December 1866.

15th Staffordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Joseph Bramah Cochrane to be Captain, vice Firmstone, resigned. Dated 27th April 1867.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve of Captain Thomas Chawner retaining his rank and wearing his uniform of his late Regiment the Queen's Own Royal Staffordshire Yeomanry. Dated 30th March 1867.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Clackmannan.

1st Clackmannanshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Wallace to be Lieutenant, vice Paton, deceased. Dated 3d May 1867.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Sussex.

Light Infantry Battalion of the Royal Sussex Militia.

Lieutenant Francis E. Dowler to be Captain, vice Swettenham, promoted. Dated 29th April 1867.

J. M. Percival, gent. to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Ewington, deceased. Dated 30th April 1867.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Wigtown.

3d Wigtownshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

John Maitland, Esq. to be Captain. Dated 4th May 1867.

William Corkran, gent. to be First Lieutenant. Dated 4th May 1867.

Thomas Frederick, gent. to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 4th May 1867.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

2d Regiment Royal Surrey Militia.

Captain Charles William Calvert to be Major, vice Ridley, promoted. Dated 9th May 1867.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets.

King's Own Light Infantry Militia.

Lieutenant Henry Howes to be Captain, vice Gridley, resigned. Dated 4th May 1867.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Wilts.

Prince of Wales's Own Royal Regiment of Wiltshire Yeomanry Cavalry.

Captain Sir Frederick Hutcheson Hervey Bathurst, Bart., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Henry, Marquis of Lansdowne, deceased. Dated 4th May 1867.

Lieutenant Horatio, Earl Nelson, to be Captain, vice Sir Frederick Bathurst, promoted. Dated 4th May 1867.

Frederick Thomas Arthur Hervey Bathurst, Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel Grenadier Guards, to be Lieutenant, vice Earl Nelson, promoted. Dated 4th May 1867.

George Briscoe Eyre, gent. to be Cornet, vice Matcham, resigned. Dated 4th May 1867.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Cornet Thomas Troy in the Taplow Troop of Yeomanry Cavalry.

BANKRUPTS

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

BANKRUPTCY ANNULLED.

Dominick Jennings, of 6, Elm Grove, Hammersmith, Middlesex, omnibus driver.

BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.

William Burls, of 16, and 17, New Cut, Lambeth, Surrey, keeper of the Gladstone Dining Halls, and now a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for Surrey, Horsemonger Lane, (in formâ pauperis).

Samuel Day, of 12, Lower Park Road, Peckham, Surrey, commercial clerk, formerly of 1, Love Lane, Eastcheap, London, and of Palmer's Rents, Snowsfields, Bermondsey, Surrey, trading as Day & Son, licensed carman.

John Green, of Brackley, Northampton, and renting premises at Banbury, Oxford, boot and shoe maker.

John Twisaday, of 8, Southover Crescent, Lewes, Sussex, clerk in Holy Orders.

Henry William Hatfield, of 318, Walworth Road, Surrey, tailor and draper.

Francis Pictet, of 90, Blenheim Crescent, Notting Hill, retired captain in the Indian Army, and trading as a coal merchant at 9, South Wharf, Paddington, both in Middlesex.

Richard Robert Riches, of Norwich, corn merchant, also carrying on business as an engineer and ironfounder with Charles Watts, under the style or firm of Riches & Watts.

Jonathan Neale, of 2, Raven Row, Whitechapel Road, previously of 4, John Street, White Horse Lane, Stepney, both in Middlesex, journeyman tailor.

William Muir, late of 10, John Street, Adelphi, engineer and machinist, (trading under the firm of W. Muir & Co.) now at 57, Claverton Street, Pimlico, both in Middlesex, and formerly carrying on business with Charles Garnett and Robert Garnett, at Strangeways, Manchester, as engineers and machinists, under the style or firm of Wm. Muir & Co.

Samuel Thompson, of 8, Lambeth Walk, Surrey, oilman.

Edwin Joseph Edmiston Fogg, (known, passing by the name of, and sued as Edwin Joseph Fogg,) of 217, East Street, Old Kent Road, Surrey, lithographic draftsman.

George Robson, of Creed's Cottage, Peckham Rye, Surrey, clerk to a hop merchant.

Lion Meiz, of 61, Chiswell Street, Finsbury, Middlesex, tobacconist.

James William Woodger, of 1, Baron Street, Pentonville, 63, White Lion Street, Clerkenwell, and the Blue Yard, Duncan Street, Islington, all in Middlesex, farrier, (sued as William Woodger.)

Natant Brunswick, (commonly called and known by the name of George Brunswick,) and Myrthil Brunswick, of 72, Newman Street, Oxford Street, Middlesex, cabinet manufacturers, carrying on business there under the name, style, or firm of Brunswick Brothers, the said Natant Brunswick residing at 27, Newman Street aforesaid.

Jacob Elliott, of Hounslow, Middlesex, builder.

Robert Burton Johnson, late of 6, Philip Terrace, and now of the Acacia Road, both in Tottenham, Middlesex, clerk to a solicitor.

George John Sayer, of New Brompton, Kent, trading in partnership with Theophilus Foster, brewer.

Edward Francis Yarrow, of 14, Goldsmiths' Row, Hackney Row, Middlesex, house decorator.

Bosom Dennis, of Edgefield, farmer, dealer, and cattle salesman, before that of Saxthorpe, both in Norfolk, farmer and dealer.

George William John Tow, (commonly called and known as William Tow,) of 43, Munster Street, Regent's Park, Middlesex, boot and shoe salesman.

George Baynes, of Saint Laurence, Essex, formerly a farmer, now of no business.

Alfred William Farmer, (sued as A. G. Farmer,) late of 10, Chapel Street, Saint Margaret, Westminster, Middlesex, grocer, cheesemonger, and dealer in pork, and now of 1, Fenham Road, Peckham, Surrey, in no occupation.

William Henry Osborn, of 14, Culford Road, De Beauvoir Town, Middlesex, and White Hart Street, Newgate Market, London, meat salesman.

Thomas John Gilson, of High Street, Hounslow, Middlesex, ironmonger.

James Jarvis, of 1, Arthur Terrace, Forest Road, Dalston, Middlesex, builder.

Samuel Notley, formerly of 13, Horbury Crescent, Notting Hill, Middlesex, but now of 31, Sydney Villas, Richmond, Surrey, accountant.

John Wright Siely, formerly of 22, Caversham Road, Kentish Town, commercial traveller, then of the Olive Branch Tavern, Park Lane, Tottenham, licensed victualler, now of 18, Richmond Place, Seven Sisters' Road, Holloway, all in Middlesex, commercial traveller.

John Tibbs, of the Swan beershop, Godstone, beer retailer, carrying on business as John Henry Tibbs, previously of 7, Amelia Street, Wandsworth Road, not following any business or occupation, formerly of the White Swan public-house, Church Row, Kennington, all in Surrey, licensed victualler, carrying on business under the name of Caroline Ann Tibbs, before then of 1, Woodbridge Street, Clerkenwell, of no business or occupation, prior thereto of the Man-in-the-Moon public-house, Colchester Street, Whitechapel, both in Middlesex, licensed victualler.

George Eden, of 33, Huntingdon Street, Kingsland Road, out of business, late at 66, Lever Street, Saint Luke's, both in Middlesex, boot and shoe manufacturer.

John Woolley, late of Ham Street, Orlestone, but now of Warehorn, near Ashford, both in Kent, grocer.

Alfred Ingram, now of 12, previously of 3, Canterbury Road, journeyman butcher, previously of 10, Union Street, St James' Square, and prior to that at 1, Walmer Place, all in Notting Hill, Middlesex, master butcher.

David Robinson, of Flamstead, Hertford, straw plait dealer.

William Flavell, residing at 41, and carrying on business at 16, Parker Street, Drury Lane, both in Middlesex, timber bender and steam saw mills proprietor.

Richard Dore, formerly of the Rose of Denmark beer-house, 2, Walbrook Place, East Road, City Road, beer-house keeper, and now of the Red House Tavern, College Street, Chelsea, both in Middlesex, barman.

Henry Murch, of 1, Somerset Terrace, Walmer Road, Notting Hill, Middlesex, grocer and general dealer.

James William Steel, (also known as James Steel,) of Adderbury East, Oxford, innkeeper and butcher.

John Hammond Lovatt, of 2, Brunswick Buildings, Hockley Hill, Birmingham, Warwick, chemist and druggist.

Joseph Norton Churchman, of Market Deeping, Lincoln, tailor and hatter.

- Henry Jeremiah Iliffe, of Harborne Road, and Thomas Sutton Wakeman, of Calthorpe Street, both in Edgbaston, carrying on business at Vittoria Street, Birmingham, all in Warwick, as button manufacturers, under the firm of H. J. Iliffe & Co., both being now prisoners for debt in Her Majesty's Gaol at Warwick.
- Edward Gordon, of the Commercial Road, Wolverhampton, butcher, grocer, and provision dealer, previously of Wednesfield, and Westbromwich, butcher, and previously of Dudley Street, Wolverhampton, all in Stafford, provision dealer, trading under the style or firm of E. A. & G. Gordon.
- Thomas Retekin, of High Street, Swansea, Glamorgan, beerhouse keeper.
- Edward Dangerfield, of Cheltenham, Gloucester, and of Swansea, Glamorgan, railway carriage and waggon builder.
- William Copley Shackelford, of Cheltenham, Gloucester, and of Swansea, Glamorgan, railway carriage and waggon builder.
- Thomas Trenholme, Robert Brook, George Stansfield, and William Davies, all of Baltimore Works, Langfield, near Todmorden, York, builders and timber merchants, trading under the style of Dobson, Trenholme, & Co.
- Edward Wilks, of Aberford, York, farmer.
- William Biscoe, of Edlington, Lincoln, clerk in holy orders.
- Mary M'Cormick, late of 21, Waterloo Road, Liverpool, Lancaster, licensed victualler, and late a prisoner for debt in Walton Gaol.
- David Davies, late of Ince, near Wigan, Lancaster, licensed victualler, and late a prisoner for debt in Her Majesty's Prison at Lancaster.
- Moses Heartwell, of Thornley Brook, Lees, near Manchester, Lancaster, bleacher.
- John Swire, of Blackburn Road, Haslingden, Lancaster, joiner and builder.
- John Turner, of Cheetham Hill, Lancaster, builder.
- Isaac Robinson, of Shap, Westmorland, grocer, provision and cattle dealer, and agent for the sale of artificial manure.
- Cornelius Guest, of Red Hall, Gornal Wood, Sedgley, Stafford, formerly a charter master, but now a miner.
- Cornelius Salter, of Elm Grove, Newport, Isle of Wight, Hants, mason.
- George Booth, of Astmoor Wharf, Runcorn, Chester, butcher.
- John Jenkins, of Morgan Street, Tredegar, Monmouth, builder, carpenter, and joiner.
- Hannah Thrall, of Lincoln, licensed victualler.
- Augustus White, of Glastonbury, late innkeeper, but now out of business.
- John Allen, of Maidwell, Northampton, boot and shoe maker.
- Edward Green, of the Birmingham Road, Oldbury, Worcester, retail brewer, provision dealer, grocer, and dealer in tobacco.
- William Butler, the younger, of 1, Lower Parliament Street, Nottingham, green grocer, and dealer in earthenware, and having standings in the market places at Nottingham and Derby for the sale of earthenware.
- Sarah Page, late of the Newmarket Tavern, Longden Street, Nottingham, beerhouse keeper, and now at Great Alfred Street South, Nottingham, out of business or employ.
- Thomas Howitt, late of Mansfield Road, printer, then of the Theatre-Royal Hotel, North Street, beerhouse keeper, and now of North Church Street, and Shakespeare Street, all in Nottingham, printer.
- Thomas Brown, late of 2, Plumb Street, and formerly of Ranciffe Street, both in Nottingham, green grocer.
- Stephen Davies, of Llanfihangel Croyddin, Cardigan, grocer and labourer.
- William Hedley, of 2, John Street, Cap Cock, Aberdare, Glamorgan, contractor.
- John Davies, of Villiers Street, Briton Ferry, Glamorgan, saddler and harness maker.
- Joseph Chapman, of Wind Street, Neath, Glamorgan, confectioner and baker.
- Sarah Tudball, of the Rose and Crown beerhouse, Caroline Row, Durdham Down, Clifton, Bristol, beer and cider seller and grocer, under the name of William Tudball.
- Henry Morgan, now at 3 House, 2 Court, Sand Street, out of business, previously at 27, Cumberland Street, huckster, and at 97, Newhall Street, all in Birmingham, Warwick, stamper and piercer.
- John Proctor, of 39, Portland Place, previously of 17, Great Homer Street, both in Liverpool, Lancaster, and at the said last-mentioned place carrying on business as a news agent and stationer in the name and under the style of James Lucas.
- Thomas Derbyshire, at 7, Southwell Street, Toxteth Park, previously of 5, Llewellyn Street, Toxteth Park, both in Liverpool, Lancaster, contractor, excavator, and dealer in manure.
- William Makinson, of Chester Road, Stretford, Lancaster, warehouseman.
- William Walter Withers, of Fisher's Pond, Owslebury, Southampton, general dealer and renter of tolls.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday the 8th day of May 1867.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes issued	32,963,230	Government Debt,.....	11,015,100
		Other Securities,	3,984,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion,.....	17,963,230
		Silver Bullion,	—
	£32,963,230		£ 32,963,230

Dated the 9th day of May 1867.

FRANK MAY, Deputy Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital.....	14,553,000	Government Securities	12,886,314
Rest	3,138,502	Other Securities.....	19,220,896
Public Deposits, (including Exchequer, Savings' Banks, Commissioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts).....	7,406,357	Notes	9,816,420
Other Deposits	17,535,100	Gold and Silver Coin.....	1,167,127
Seven days and other Bills.....	457,798		
	£43,090,757		£43,090,757

Dated the 9th day of May 1867.

FRANK MAY, Deputy Chief Cashier.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 8 and 9 Vict., cap. 38, of the Amount of BANK NOTES authorized by Law to be Issued by the several Banks of Issue in SCOTLAND, and the Average Amount of Bank Notes in Circulation, and of Coin held during the four weeks ending Saturday the 27th day of April 1867.

Name and Title as set forth in Licence.	Name of the Firm.	Head Office or Principal Place of Issue.	Circulation authorized by Certificate.	Average Circulation during four Weeks ending as above.			Average Amount of Coin held during four Weeks ending as above.		
				£5 and upwards.	Under £5.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Bank of Scotland.....	{ The Governor and Company of the Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	£ 300485	168822	303207	472029	218630	69617	288247
Royal Bank of Scotland	Royal Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	216451	198977	339020	537997	350250	73278	423528
British Linen Company	British Linen Company	Edinburgh	438024	171835	298407	470243	207650	60431	268081
Commercial Bank of Scotland	Commercial Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	374880	196782	381419	578201	279033	46179	325212
National Bank of Scotland.....	National Bank of Scotland.....	Edinburgh	297024	177821	305101	482923	246034	46143	292178
Union Bank of Scotland.....	Union Bank of Scotland.....	Edinburgh	454346	217103	372179	589232	221358	55010	276368
Aberdeen Town and County Banking } Company	{ Aberdeen Town and County Banking } Company	Aberdeen	70133	65429	75798	141227	76795	10142	86937
North of Scotland Banking Company ...	North of Scotland Banking Company	Aberdeen	154319	106903	109287	216190	78859	10728	89587
Clydesdale Banking Company	Clydesdale Banking Company	Glasgow	274321	148616	237182	385798	149902	29691	179593
City of Glasgow Bank	City of Glasgow Bank	Glasgow	72921	141720	217520	359240	309968	31528	341496
Caledonian Banking Company	Caledonian Banking Company	Inverness	53434	26017	48504	74521	28465	6752	35217
Central Bank of Scotland	Central Bank of Scotland	Perth	42933	25810	34522	60332	33895	5614	39510

I hereby certify, that each of the Bankers named in the above Return, who have in Circulation an Amount of Notes beyond that authorised in their Certificate, (with the exception of _____), have held an amount of Gold and Silver Coin not less than that which they are required to hold during the period to which this Return relates.

Dated this 9th day of May 1867.

W. W. DALBIAC, Officer of Stamp Duties.

AN ACCOUNT of the Importations and Exportations of Bullion and Specie,
registered in the Week ended 8th May 1867.

Countries from which Imported.	Imported into the United Kingdom.					
	GOLD.			SILVER.		
	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
France.....	11,250	...	11,250	30,520	...	30,520
Portugal.....	...	...	...	10,044	680	10,724
Gibraltar.....	257	...	257	7,708	...	7,708
Jamaica.....	850	8,266	9,116	182,148	58,684	240,832
United States of America.....	771	4,525	5,296	1,100	150,960	152,060
Brazil.....	1,053	11,454	12,507	880	11,196	12,076
Other Countries.....	593	2,260	2,853	1,231	280	1,511
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
Aggregate of the Importations registered in the Week ... }	14,774	26,505	41,279	233,631	221,800	455,431
Approximate Value of the said Importations computed at the rates specified below }	£ 56,532	£ 94,444	£ 150,976	£ 57,735	£ 56,374	£ 114,109
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 15 0 to 3 17 10½	£ s. d. 3 10 0 to 3 15 0	...	s. d. 4 11 to 5 0¾	s. d. 5 1	...

Countries to which Exported.	Exported from the United Kingdom.							
	GOLD.				SILVER.			
	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.
	British.	Foreign.			British.	Foreign.		
Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	
Hamburg.....	...	2,875	...	2,875	...	1,680	140,000	141,680
Holland.....	...	...	...	...	...	11,800	100,040	111,840
France.....	...	...	31,908	31,908	...	68,450	800	69,250
St Thomas.....	800	208	...	1,008	...	...	...	...
Other Countries.....	80	...	...	80	7,650	10,960	31,080	49,690
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
Aggregate of the Exportations registered in the Week }	880	3,083	31,908	35,871	7,650	92,890	271,920	372,460
Approximate Value of the said Exportations computed at the rates specified below... }	£ 3,427	£ 11,754	£ 127,632	£ 142,813	£ 1,936	£ 22,932	£ 69,113	£ 93,981
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 17 10½	£ s. d. 3 16 3	£ s. d. 4 0 0	...	s. d. 5 0¾	s. d. 4 11½	s. d. 5 1	...

EDW. BERNARD,

Assistant Inspector-General of Imports and Exports.

Office of the Inspector-General of Imports and Exports,
Custom-House, London, May 9, 1867.

INTIMATION is Hereby Given that the Right Honourable JOHN HAMILTON DALRYMPLE, EARL OF STAIR, VISCOUNT OF DALRYMPLE, LORD NEWLISTON, GLENLUCE, AND STRANRAER, and BARON OXENFOORD OF COUSLAND, Heir of Entail in possession of the Estates commonly designated THE STAIR ENTAILED ESTATES, comprehending various Lands, Baronies, and Others, in the Counties of Ayr and Wigton, which were by a Charter under the Great Seal in favour of John, Second Earl of Stair, dated 17th February 1707, erected into an Earldom, Lordship, and Barony, to be called in all time thereafter the Earldom of Stair, Lordship and Barony of Dalrymple, and also various other Lands and Heritages in the said Counties of Ayr and Wigton, has presented a Petition to the Lords of Council and Session (First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary, — Mr Drysdale, Clerk), in terms of the provisions of the Act 11 and 12 Vict., cap. 36, entitled 'An Act for the Amendment of the Law of Entail in Scotland,' praying their Lordships to authorise the Petitioner to uplift and apply the sum of £6,732, 15s. 5d. consigned, or about to be consigned, in Bank by the Portpatrick Railway Company, as mentioned in the said Petition, in repayment to himself, *pro tanto*, of the sums laid out by him in executing the permanent improvements referred to in the said Petition on the said Stair Entailed Estates; and to authorise and ordain the British Linen Company Bank, or other Bank, in which the said sum has been, or may be, deposited, to make payment of the same to the Petitioner, with all interest that has accrued, or may yet accrue, thereon: In which Petition Lord Curriehill, the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills, pronounced, on 2d May 1867, an Interlocutor, *inter alia*, appointing the Petition to be advertised in the Edinburgh Gazette and Newspapers mentioned in the prayer thereof, in terms of the Statute.

DUNDAS & WILSON, C.S.,
Petitioner's Agents.

16, St Andrew Square,
Edinburgh, 8th May 1867.

NOTICE.

HER GRACE THE DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND AND COUNTESS OF CROMARTIE, with consent of HIS GRACE THE DUKE AND EARL OF SUTHERLAND, being desirous to grant a LEASE for Ninety-nine years to the Reverend George MacLeod, Minister of the Free Church, Lochbroom, and Others, as Trustees for the Congregation of the Free Church of Scotland in Coigach, of THREE PIECES OF GROUND at Altandow, Achiltybaie, and Strathcainnard, respectively, in the Barony of Coigach, and Parish of Lochbroom, for sites of Schoolhouses and Schoolmasters' Houses, and for Gardens and Playgrounds to be attached thereto, in connection with the Free Church of Scotland, have applied to the Sheriff of Ross and Cromarty for his authority, in terms of the Act 3d & 4th Vic., cap. 48; and the Sheriff-Substitute of the said Counties, on 16th March 1867, has ordered Intimation of the application to be made to the Curators or other legal Guardians of the Honourable Francis Sutherland Leveson Gower, commonly called Viscount Tarbet, the Heir of Entail next in order of succession to the Entailed Estates of Cromartie, he being in minority; and also Notice of the measure proposed, and of the import of the application, to be published in the Edinburgh Gazette, and Inverness Courier Newspaper, three times, at intervals of fourteen days.—Of all which Notice is hereby given accordingly.

ANDW. SMITH,
Procurator for Petitioners.

Dingwall, April 8, 1867.

INTIMATION is Hereby Given that a Petition has been presented by Archibald Crawford, Merchant, Leith, of the Firm of A. & A. Crawford, Commission Merchants, Leith, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of A. & G. MATTHEW, Bottlers, Dundee, and of Alexander Lawson Matthew and George Matthew, both Bottlers there, the Individual Partners of said Firm, as such, and as Individuals, for approval of a Scheme of Ranking and Division of the claims on the price of the heritable property which belonged to the Bankrupts: On which the Lord Ordinary (Curriehill) officiating on the Bills has pronounced the following Interlocutor:—
'*Edinburgh, 9th May 1867.*—The Lord Ordinary having considered this Petition, with the writs produced, appoints the Trustee to intimate in the Gazette, and by circular letter to all the Creditors in the sequestration, that he has made up a Scheme of Ranking and Division of the price of the heritable property sold by him as Trustee foresaid, and reported the same to the Lord Ordinary, in order that the same might be approved of, and a warrant granted for payment, in terms thereof; and allows all concerned to appear and object to said Scheme within ten days after publication and intimation.—One word deleted.'

(Signed) 'JOHN MARSHALL'
ARCH. CRAWFORD, Trustee.

Leith, May 13, 1867.

HENRY M'LACHLAN, Accountant in Coatbridge, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of GRAYS & WATSON, Malleable Iron Manufacturers at Woodneuk Iron-Works, Gartcosh, Lanarkshire, and William Gray, sometime Smith and Founder in Coatbridge, and Coal-master at Dalziel, and now Malleable Iron Manufacturer, residing at Kingshill Cottage, Gartcosh aforesaid, John Watson, Malleable Iron Manufacturer, residing in Glasgow, Archibald Gray, Ironfounder in Coatbridge and in Borrowstounness, presently residing in Glasgow, and Thomas Gray, now or lately residing at Kingshill Cottage aforesaid, the Individual Partners of the said Company, as such Partners,—and on the Individual Estates of the said William Gray, John Watson, and Thomas Gray, hereby intimates that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 17th day of April last, has been audited by the Commissioners, and that they have postponed the declaration of a dividend until another statutory period, and have dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

HENRY M'LACHLAN, Trustee.
Coatbridge, May 11, 1867.

JAMES DRUMMOND, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the Late THOMAS SMITH, Spirit Dealer, 180, High Street, Edinburgh, hereby intimates that the Commissioners have postponed a dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period.

JAMES DRUMMOND, Trustee.
65, Princes Street,
Edinburgh, May 14, 1867.

JAMES WYLLIE GUILD, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of CAMPBELL BROTHERS, Iron Brokers and Merchants in Glasgow and London, and John Campbell, Junior, and David Campbell, the Individual Partners, hereby intimates that the Commissioners have postponed declaring a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.

J. WYLLIE GUILD, Trustee.
Glasgow, May 13, 1867.

THE Commissioners on the sequestrated estate of ALEXANDER AIKENHEAD, lately Clothier and Outfitter, Argyll Street, Glasgow, now deceased, have postponed the declaration of a further dividend.

JOHN C. REID, Trustee.

WILLIAM BROWN, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of GEORGE GILLIES LESLIE, Yarn Agent, South Hanover Street, Glasgow, hereby intimates that the Commissioners have postponed a dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period.

W. BROWN.
Glasgow, May 11, 1867.

SEQ UESTRATION of WILLIAM PATERSON, Innkeeper, Kilsyth.

I Have had no intromissions with the funds of this estate as at the first statutory period, and consequently there can be no dividend to the Creditors.

JNO. CRUIKSHANK, Trustee.
Glasgow, May 11, 1867.

THE Estates of WILLIAM MAIN, Grain Merchant in Airdrie, were sequestrated on the 9th day of May 1867, by the Sheriff-Substitute of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 9th day of May 1867.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday the 23d day of May 1867, within the Royal Hotel, Airdrie.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 9th day of September 1867.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN RANKIN, Writer, Airdrie,
Agent.

THE Estates of ALEXANDER LUMSDEN, Tube and Shovel Maker, Forge Master, and Brassfounder at Coatbridge, carrying on business there under the Firm of JOHN LUMSDEN & COMPANY, of which he is the sole Partner, were sequestrated on the 11th day of May 1867, by the Sheriff of the County of Lanark.

The first deliverance is dated the 4th day of May 1867.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday the 23d day of May 1867, within the Royal Hotel, in Airdrie.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 11th day of September 1867.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

THO. A. MACFARLANE, Solicitor, Airdrie,
Agent.

THE Estates of JAMES GIBB & COMPANY, Publishers and Wholesale Stationers in Glasgow, as a Company, and James Gibb and James Skinner, Publishers and Wholesale Stationers there, as Partners, and as Individuals, were sequestrated on the 11th day of May 1867, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 11th day of May 1867.

The meeting to elect the Trustee, or Trustees in succession and Commissioners, is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on the 21st May 1867, within the Hall of the Faculty of Procurators, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 11th September 1867.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupts.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

THOS. HART, Agent,
63, Renfield Street, Glasgow.

SEQUESTRATION of ROBERT BROWN, Grocer in Dalrymple Street, Greenock.

JOHAN DUNCAN, Accountant in Greenock, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Alexander Bowman, Baker, John Houston, Baker, and John Yeats, Tobacconist, all in Greenock, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house at Greenock, on Thursday the 23d day of May current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Office of John Black, Writer, No. 5, West Blackhall Street, Greenock, on Monday the 3d day of June next, at one o'clock P.M.

JOHN DUNCAN, Trustee.

Greenock, May 11, 1867.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN MACPHAIL, Baker and Innkeeper in Dingwall.

GEORGE SELLAR, Flour Merchant, Culcairn, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Hector Munro, Agent for the City of Glasgow Bank, Dingwall, Alexander Mackenzie, Grocer, Dingwall, and Daniel Christopher Mackintosh, Watchmaker, Dingwall, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house at Dingwall, on Saturday the 18th day of May current, at 11 o'clock forenoon. The Creditors will meet in Sinclair's National Hotel, Dingwall, on Monday the 27th day of May current, at 12 o'clock noon.

GEORGE SELLAR, Trustee.
Culcairn, by Evanton, May 10, 1867.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN ALLAN, formerly Forester at Livingstone, and now Overseer at Dalmeny Park Offices, in the Parish of Dalmeny, and County of Linlithgow.

PATRICK TURNBULL, Chartered Accountant in Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and John Thomson, Solicitor Supreme Courts of Scotland, Edinburgh, and Robert Riddoch Glen, and William Horn Henderson, Writers, Linlithgow, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house, Linlithgow, upon Tuesday the 21st day of May current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Chambers of Messrs Glen & Henderson, Writers, Linlithgow, upon Friday the 31st of May current, at one o'clock afternoon.

PAT. TURNBULL, C.A., Trustee.

7, Young Street,
Edinburgh, May 13, 1867.

SEQUESTRATION of DAVID FINDLAY, Spirit Dealer, Parson Street, Glasgow.

THOMAS BROWN, Junior, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Peter Wordie, Brewer, Glasgow, James Wright, Merchant, Glasgow, and James Mair Davies, Accountant, Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff's Chambers, County Buildings, Wilson Street, Glasgow, on Tuesday the 21st day of May current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Trustee's Chambers, 135, Buchanan Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 29th day of May current, at 12 o'clock noon.

THO. BROWN, Jun. Trustee.

Glasgow, May 13, 1867.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

WILLIAM SMITH & COMPANY, Engineers and Founders in Greenock, and in Dumbarton, and William Smith, Engineer and Founder, residing in Greenock, the only Individual Partner of that Company, as such only Individual Partner, and as an Individual.

JAMES WELSH, Accountant in Greenock, Trustee on the above sequestrated estates, hereby calls a general meeting of the Creditors to be held in his Office in Greenock, upon Thursday the 23d instant, at 12 noon, to give instructions as to the disposal of the moveable estate belonging to the Bankrupts, or part thereof.

JAMES WELSH, Trustee.

Greenock, May 10, 1867.

DAVID M'CUBBIN, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of ROBERT ARMSTRONG, Cotton, Silk, and Wool Card Maker, and Wire Merchant in Glasgow, and trading under the Style or Firm of ROBERT ARMSTRONG & COMPANY, Cotton, Silk, and Wool Card Makers, and Wire Merchants in Glasgow, and of which Firm or Company he is the sole and only Partner, as such Partner, and as an Individual, hereby intimates that at the general meeting of Creditors held on 8th May 1867, the Bankrupt made an offer of a composition of Two Shillings per pound on all the debts due and owing by him at the date of his sequestration, payable four months after the date of his final discharge, and also offered to pay and provide for the whole law-expenses attending the sequestration and the remuneration due to the Trustee, and offered Henry Hardie, Spindle Maker in Glasgow, and John Coats, Doctor of Medicine in Glasgow, as his securities for the payment of said composition, law-expenses, and remuneration to the Trustee; that the Creditors present or represented at said meeting unanimously resolved that the offer and security should be entertained for consideration. Notice is hereby given that another general meeting of Creditors will be held within the Trustee's Chambers, 93, West Regent Street, Glasgow, on Thursday 6th June 1867, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of finally deciding on the said offer.

DAV. M'CUBBIN, Trustee.

Glasgow, May 13, 1867.

ALEXANDER EDMOND, Advocate in Aberdeen, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOSEPH ROWELL, Iron Merchant in Aberdeen, hereby intimates that an equalizing dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted, and who did not participate in the first dividend, at his Chambers, No. 22, Adelphi, Aberdeen, on the 29th day of June next.

ALEX. EDMOND, Trustee.

WILLIAM STEWART, Merchant, Saint Andrew Square, Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **MESSRS HUGH & THOMAS BILSLAND**, Grocers in Broxburn and Edinburgh, as a Company, carrying on business in Broxburn under the Name of **HUGH BILSLAND**, and in Edinburgh under the Name of **HUGH & THOMAS BILSLAND**, and Hugh Bilsland and Thomas Bilsland, the Individual Partners of the said Company, as such, and as Individuals, hereby intimates that a second and final dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Counting-house, No. 31, Saint Andrew Square, Edinburgh, on the 26th day of June next.

WM. STEWART, Trustee.

Edinburgh, May 10, 1867.

NOTICE.

ALEXANDER CROMAR, Iron and Metal Merchant, Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **ALEXANDER MELVILLE**, Plumber and Gasfitter, Galashiels and Melrose, in the County of Roxburgh, hereby intimates that the Commissioners have audited his accounts, brought down to the 4th current, and that they have postponed the declaration of a dividend until another statutory period, and have dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

ALEX. CROMAR, Trustee.

Edinburgh, May 14, 1867.

SEQUESTRATION of **ROBERT WILSON**, Bellhanger, Norfolk Street, Glasgow.

THE Commissioners have audited my accounts, brought down to the 27th ultimo, postponed the declaration of a dividend, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

GEO. MUIR, Trustee.

SEQUESTRATION of **ALEXANDER MALCOLM**, Ropemaker in Fraserburgh.

THE Commissioners on this sequestrated estate have postponed the declaration of a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period, being 30th July 1867.

JAMES ROSS, Trustee.

75, Union Street, Aberdeen, May 10, 1867.

JOHN BARRIE, Importer of Butter and Eggs, 38, Little Street, Glasgow, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of the County of Lanark for interim protection and decret of Cessio Bonorum; and all his Creditors are hereby required to appear within the Sheriff-Clerk's Office, County Buildings, Wilson Street, Glasgow, upon Friday the 14th day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon, when he will appear for examination.

JOHN BARRIE, Petitioner.

Glasgow, May 13, 1867.

PETER YOUNG, Storekeeper, Milngavie, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Stirlingshire craving a warrant of interim protection against the execution of diligence, and decret of Cessio Bonorum; and all his Creditors are hereby required to appear within the Ordinary Court-house, Stirling, on Tuesday 18th June next, at 12 o'clock noon, when the Petitioner will appear for examination.

W. T. ROSS & ARNOT, Writers, Glasgow, Agents for Petitioner.

ALEXANDER MUNRO, Junior, Baker in Keith, and presently a Prisoner in the Prison of Banff, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Banff, Elgin, and Nairn, acting in Banffshire, for liberation, interim protection, and decret of Cessio Bonorum; and all his Creditors are hereby required to appear within the Ordinary Court-house at Banff, upon Friday the 14th day of June next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, when he will appear for examination.

JAS. RICHARDSON, Solicitor, Keith, Agent for Petitioner.

Keith, May 13, 1867.

THE Firm of **WHYTE & MITCHELL**, Bottlers, Scouringburn, Dundee, has been this day DISSOLVED of mutual consent.

W. WHYTE.
WM. MITCHELL.

J. W. HALLIBURTON, Solicitor, Dundee, Witness.
JAMES HENDERSON, Brewer, Dundee, Witness.

Dundee, May 10, 1867.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERY.

THE Copartnery which carried on business as Manufacturers in Glasgow, under the Firm of **WALLACE & MURRAY**, was DISSOLVED on the 2d day of October 1866 by the death of Mr William David Murray, one of the Partners, and the business continues to be carried on by the Subscriber, Thomas Wallace, the remaining Partner, under the same Firm.

THO. WALLACE.

JOANNES J. C. MURRAY,

Sole Executrix of the Late WM. DAVID MURRAY.

JOHN CAMPBELL, Writer, Pollokshaws, Witness.

JAMES KERR, Salesman, Glasgow, Witness.

Glasgow, May 9, 1867.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

THE Copartnership carried on in Stirling by the Subscribers, under the Firm of **GOULD & REOCH**, Millwrights, Engineers, and Ironfounders, was this day DISSOLVED of mutual consent.

The Subscriber, John Gould, is authorised to uplift and discharge the whole debts due to the Firm, and to pay the whole debts due by it.

Stirling, May 9, 1867.

JOHN GOULD.

J. MILLER REOCH.

WILLIAM CATHCART, Writer, Stirling, Witness.

DONALD RANKIN, Clerk to Hill & Cathcart, Writers, Stirling, Witness.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnery of **M'ILWRICK & CAMPBELL**, Shawl Manufacturers in Paisley, was this day DISSOLVED by mutual consent of the Subscribers, the sole Partners thereof.

The Subscriber, William Campbell, Junior, is authorised to receive payment of the accounts due to, and will pay those due by the late Copartnery,—the whole of the estates having been assigned to him.

WILLIAM M'ILWRICK.

WM. CAMPBELL, Junr.

J.A. CALDWELL, Writer, Paisley, Witness.

JOHN ANDERSON, Law-Clerk, Paisley, Witness.

Paisley, May 10, 1867.

NOTICE.

THE joint trade or business carried on by the undersigned, as Brewers and Maltsters, and also as Commission Agents in St Andrews, under the Firm of **HAIG, LAING, & COMPANY**, was this day DISSOLVED by mutual consent.

The Subscriber, Mr Laing, will realise the assets and pay the debts of the Firm.

Dated at St Andrews this 27th day of March 1867.

WILLIAM HAIG.

FRANCIS LAING.

WILLIAM FORSYTH, Witness.

JOHN B. SCOTT, Witness.

WE, the Undersigned, hereby give notice that from and after the 30th day of March 1867 we ceased to be Partners of, or to have any interest in THE UNION COAL & LIME COMPANY, Montrose.

ROBERT LINDSAY.

JOHN MILNE.

WILLIAM WADDELL.

CHARLES M'KENZIE, Witness.

DAVID LYALL, Witness.

Montrose, May 10, 1867.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

THE Business Concern carried on by the Subscribers as Masons and Builders in Glasgow, under the Firm of **MILLAR & FINDLAY**, has this day been DISSOLVED of mutual consent.

Glasgow, April 23, 1867.

JOHN MILLAR.

JAMES FINDLAY.

JNO. WATSON, Law-Clerk, Glasgow, Witness.

MAL. DOWNIE, Law-Clerk, Glasgow, Witness.

NOTICE.

THE Concern of ROBERT SMITH & COMPANY, heretofore carried on in Greenock as Drapers and Haberdashers, by the Subscribers, the sole Partners thereof, has this day been DISSOLVED by mutual consent.

The Subscriber, Robert Smith, will receive all debts due to, and pay all debts and obligations owing by the late Concern.

ROBT. SMITH,

JOHN M'LEAN.

GEO. WILLIAMSON, Writer, Greenock, Witness.

HUGH WEIR, Clerk, Greenock, Witness.

Greenock, May 13, 1867.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERY.

THE Copartnery business carried on by the Subscribers under the Name or Firm of STEWART & WALES, Paperhanging Manufacturers in Glasgow, of which the Subscribers were the sole Partners, was DISSOLVED on the 16th day of April 1867, by mutual consent.

The Subscriber, the said James Wales, who will in future carry on the business in his own name, is authorised to collect the debts and discharge the liabilities of the Company.

GILBERT STEWART.

JAMES WALES.

ALEX. TAYLOR INNES, Writer in Glasgow, Witness.

JAS. SANDERS, Book-keeper to Moody, M'Clure, & Hannay, Writers, Glasgow, Witness.

N.B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.

Printed and Published at the Office, 13, North Bank Street, by WILLIAM ALEXANDER LAURIE,

Printer to The QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

. *This Gazette is filed at the Offices of the London and Dublin Gazettes.*

Tuesday, May 14, 1867.

Price Ninepence.