

and the documents which show the nature of the cargo; and if, from the examination of these, it shall appear that the vessel has no contraband of war on account of and intended for the enemy, the visitation will be thus at an end, and the vessel will be left at liberty, after having the entry made in its papers accordingly. But if these documents prove the existence of contraband of war on board, you will capture the vessel, take possession of its papers, and proceed according to the directions of the service regulations, bearing in mind that even in this last case you must not have the hatches, cupboards, and other receptacles opened for the purpose of ascertaining whether there are other suspicious papers or goods.

D. It is to be understood, however, that all that is pointed out in the paragraphs of this Article in no way alters the discipline prescribed in the case of an infringement of blockade.

E. You must remember that if accidental circumstances remove you from the line of blockade, or carry you into the territorial waters of a neutral country, the right of search must cease in those waters, according to what is said in Article 4, preceding.

11.

You will not visit vessels in a convoy escorted by a neutral ship of war; you will limit yourself to asking the Commander of the convoy for a list of the ships placed under his protection, with a declaration that there is no contraband of war on board of them on account of or intended for the enemy. If, nevertheless, you have reason to suppose that the good faith of the Commander of the convoy has been imposed upon, you will communicate your suspicions to him, and he will proceed alone to search the suspected vessel.

12.

In the event of capturing a vessel of war you will confine yourself to a statement of the fact in your journal, and you will provide for conducting the prize in the manner best adapted for the safety of the crews to which you entrust it, bearing in mind Article 94 of the regulations for service on board.

Florence, June 30, 1866.

(Signed) DEPRETIS,
Minister for Marine Affairs.

A true copy.

(Signed) C. DI BROCCHELLI,
Director-General of the Naval Service.

(1186.)

*Board of Trade, Whitehall,
July 23, 1866.*

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a translation of a Notice which has been issued by the Hanoverian Ministry of Finance and Trade forbidding the export of horses, and the export and transmission of munitions of war from and through the Kingdom of Hanover until the 1st of October next.

(1187.)

*Board of Trade, Whitehall,
July 23, 1866.*

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council for Trade hereby give notice that the Moniteur of the 17th instant contains a Report to the Emperor, together with an Imperial Decree, on the subject of herring and mackerel fisheries.

ELECTION OF A TEMPORAL PEER OF IRELAND.

CROWN AND HANAPER OFFICE,
July 24, 1866.

In pursuance of an Act passed in the fortieth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Third entitled "An Act to regulate the mode by which the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons, to serve in the Parliament of the United Kingdom, on the part of Ireland, shall be summoned and returned to the said Parliament," I do hereby give Notice that Writs, bearing teste this day, have issued for electing a Temporal Peer of Ireland, to succeed to the vacancy made by the demise of George John Danvers, Earl of Lanesborough, in the House of Lords of the said United Kingdom, which said Writs are severally directed to the following Peers whose right to vote on the election of Temporal Peers of Ireland have, upon claims made on their behalf, been admitted since the Union, by the House of Lords of the said United Kingdom; and that the said Writs are ready to be delivered at this Office.

Augustus Frederick, Duke of Leinster.
John De La Poer, Marquess of Waterford.
Arthur Wills Blundell Sandys Trumbull, Marquess of Downshire.
George Hamilton, Marquess of Donegall.
Henry Francis Seymour, Marquess of Drogheda.
Thomas, Marquess of Headfort.
George John, Marquess of Sligo.
Frederick William Robert, Marquess of Londonderry.
Francis Nathaniel, Marquess of Conyngham.
George Thomas John, Marquess of Westmeath.
James Edward William Theobald, Marquess of Ormonde.
Ulick John, Marquess of Clanricarde.
Henry John Chetwynd Talbot, Earl of Waterford.
Richard Edmund St Laurence, Earl of Cork.
Arthur James, Earl of Fingall.
Frederick John William, Earl of Cavan.
George Arthur Hastings, Earl of Granard.
William Thomas Spencer Wentworth, Earl Fitzwilliam.
John Stuart, Earl of Darnley.
George, Earl of Egmont.
John George, Earl of Bessborough.
Somerset Arthur, Earl of Carrick.
Richard, Earl of Shannon.
James, Earl of Fife.
Philip Yorke, Earl of Arran.
James George Henry, Earl of Courtown.
James, Earl of Charlemont.
John Charles George, Earl of Mexborough.
Thomas, Earl of Howth.
Robert, Earl of Roden.
Ernest, Earl of Lisburne.
Richard Plantagenet Campbell, Earl Nugent.
Benjamin O'Neale, Earl of Aldborough.
Stephen, Earl of Mount-Cashel.
Mark, Earl of Antrim.
William Lygon, Earl of Longford.
Henry John Reuben, Earl of Portarlington.
Robert, Earl of Mayo.
William Richard, Earl Annesley.
William Willoughby, Earl of Eanniskillen.
John, Earl of Erne.
Granville Levison, Earl of Carysfort.
William, Earl of Wicklow.
John Henry Reginald, Earl of Clonmell.
William Sydney, Earl of Leitrim.
George Charles, Earl of Lucan.
Somerset Richard, Earl of Belmore.
Francis, Earl of Bandon.
William Hale John Charles, Earl of Limerick.
William Thomas, Earl of Clancarty.
William, Earl of Rosse.
Welbore Ellis, Earl of Normanton.
Richard, Earl of Bantry.
George Augustus Frederick, Earl of Sheffield.
Francis Jack, Earl of Kilmorey.
Edwin Richard, Earl of Dunraven.
William, Earl of Listowel.
Hector, Earl of Norbury.
Edward Anthony John Preston, Viscount Gormanston.
Henry Edmond, Viscount Mountgarrett.
Richard George, Viscount Lamley.