



The Edinburgh Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 1866.

FOREIGN OFFICE, April 14, 1866.

THE Earl of Clarendon has received a Despatch from Lord Augustus Loftus, Her Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary at the Court of Prussia, dated the 12th instant, announcing that Her Royal Highness the Crown Princess, Princess Royal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, was safely delivered of a Princess at the New Palace of Potsdam at six o'clock on that morning.

FOREIGN OFFICE, April 17, 1866.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Juan Robertson as Consul at St John's, New Brunswick, for the Argentine Republic.

THE following Notice has been received by the Clerk of the Council from the Local Authority appointed under the Orders of the Lords of the Council relating to the "Cattle Plague," and is published in the London Gazette in conformity with the requirements of their Lordships' Orders:—

CATTLE PLAGUE.

Burgh of Paisley.

NOTICE is hereby given that the local authority for the burgh of Paisley under "The Cattle Diseases Prevention Act, 1866," has resolved and declared, and hereby, in virtue of the provisions of the said Act, and of the relative Orders of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, resolves and declares:—

First.—That it is expedient that, from the date of the publication of this notice, no animal (meaning thereby any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine,) shall be brought from any other part of Great Britain into the burgh or town of Paisley; provided always, that sheep or lambs may be brought into the said burgh if they have not been recently in a public market, and, if conveyed by railway, that they have been carried in trucks which have been disinfected since cattle or sheep were last conveyed in them, and are certified to have been so by the traffic manager at the station where the sheep are trucked, and by a member of the local authority,

or a Justice of the Peace resident in the immediate neighbourhood of said station; and providing also, that it shall not be unlawful to remove any animal (meaning as aforesaid,) from any place within the said burgh to any other place therein, nor to bring any such animal into said burgh provided that the animal is free of disease, and that the cattle plague does not exist and has not existed on the premises from which the animal is to be removed, for at least thirty days preceding the date of removal, and where the disease has existed that the premises have been disinfected at said period. And further, that the animal when removed shall, in the case of animals brought into the burgh, be accompanied by a declaration signed by the owner, and a certificate signed by two members of the committee of the district from which such animals are brought; and in the case of animals removed from one part of the burgh to another, by a certificate signed by any one of the magistrates of the burgh, which declaration and certificates shall be to the effect above stated; and the owner shall be bound immediately to exhibit, and if necessary to deliver, the same to the cattle constable of the district; and provided also that the animal shall be removed within forty-eight hours after the date of the certificate.

Second.—That it shall not be lawful for any person to bring or send any raw or untanned hides or skins, or any horns, or hoofs of any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, or calf, (except such as are directly imported from India, Australia, South Africa, or America,) or any offal of such animals, or any dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter likely to propagate infection, from any other parts of Great Britain into any place within the said burgh or town of Paisley.

Third.—That it shall not be lawful for any person to remove any such hides, skins, offal, or dung, from any premises within the said burgh or town of Paisley in which the cattle plague at the time exists, to any other premises within or beyond the said burgh; nor to remove any of the said articles from any premises where the cattle plague has existed, unless they are accompanied by a certificate from any of the magistrates of said burgh that the cattle plague has not existed on the premises within the immediately preceding thirty days, and that the articles have not been infected. But it shall not be unlawful for any

