

The Edinburgh Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1863.

FOREIGN OFFICE, October 10, 1863.

THE Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr Edward van Cutsem as Consul at Calcutta for His Majesty the King of the Netherlands.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr A. Havenith as Consul at Bombay for His Majesty the King of the Belgians.

LORD CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE,
October 10, 1863.

Notice is hereby given that the State Apartments of Windsor Castle will be closed to the Public on and after Wednesday the 14th instant, until further orders.

DUBLIN CASTLE, October 1, 1863.

The Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to appoint George Arthur Molony, Esq., to be a Resident Magistrate for the County of Mayo, pursuant to Act 6 Wm. IV., cap. 13.

CROWN OFFICE, October 13, 1863.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Tamworth.

John Peel, of Middleton Hall, in the county of Warwick, Esq., in the room of John Villiers Stuart Townshend, commonly called Viscount Raynham, now Marquis Townshend, summoned to the House of Peers.

ADMIRALTY, October 8, 1863.

Royal Marine Artillery.

First Lieutenant and Quartermaster Francis Edward Halliday to be Captain, vice Wriford, to half-pay.

WHITEHALL, July 21, 1863.

The Right Honourable Sir William Erle, Knt., Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, at Westminster, has appointed Edward Brydges Hardisty, of No. 43, Great

Marlborough Street, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance in and for the county of Middlesex, also in and for the city and liberties of Westminster, and the city of London.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 44.)—CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—TABLE BAY.

Green Light on the Breakwater.

The Colonial Government at the Cape of Good Hope has given notice, that on and after the 1st day of November 1863, a light will be established on the staging forming the outer arm of the works now in progress in Table Bay.

The light will be a *fixed green* light, visible when bearing from south round by west to north. It will be placed at an elevation of 25 feet above high water, but the distance at which it will be seen is not given.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric, or by lenses of the sixth order.

The light is intended to guide vessels entering Table Bay from a too close proximity to the breakwater, and will be shifted outwards as the works proceed. It will not be seen until vessels are eastward of Mouille Point light.

[All bearings are magnetic. Variation 29° 45' West, in 1863.]

By Command of their Lordships,

W. V. READ, Capt., R.N.,

for the Hydrographer.

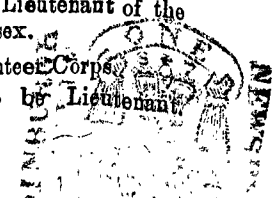
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
28th September 1863.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Table Bay, No. 1920; Cape of Good Hope, No. 636; and Africa, Sheet 4, No. 596. Also Africa, South and East Coasts, p. 3.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

29th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Frederick Reynolds to be Lieutenant.
Dated 1st October 1863.



Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Oxford.

Oxford University Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Supernumerary Lieutenant George Edward Gardiner to be Captain, vice Blackburne, resigned. Dated 9th October 1863.

Ensign Seymour Richard Coxe to be Lieutenant, vice Earle, promoted. Dated 9th October 1863.

Ensign Horatio Charles Maurice to be Lieutenant, vice Wickham, resigned. Dated 9th October 1863.

Eardley Wilmot Blomefield Holt, Esq., to be Ensign, vice Coxe, promoted. Dated 9th October 1863.

Richard Thomas Whittington, Esq. to be Ensign, vice Maurice, promoted. Dated 9th October 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Thomas Rogers in the Oxford University Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Glamorgan.

3d Glamorganshire Artillery Volunteers.

First Lieutenant Thomas Henton Wood to be Captain. Dated 7th October 1863.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Edward Pearse to be First Lieutenant. Dated 7th October 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Lieutenant Frederick Edward *Pearse* was Gazetted in error as Second Lieutenant in the name of Frederick *Pearce*.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 18th ultimo.]

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Hereford.

5th Herefordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Richard William Partridge to be Lieutenant, vice William Joseph Millard, resigned. Dated 10th September 1863.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Brecknock.

1st Brecknockshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign John James Williams to be Lieutenant, vice Powell, resigned. Dated 5th October 1863.

2d Brecknockshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Charles Henry Synd, gent. to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 5th October 1863.

MEMORANDA.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Major John Robinson in the West Kent Regiment of Militia. Dated 6th October 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain Henry Wemyss Feilden and Second Lieutenant Edward Pilkington in the 5th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

MEMORANDA.

4th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held in this Corps by Honorary Chaplain the Reverend George Allen, Ensign Rowland Barker, and Ensign Thomas Lawrie, Junior. Dated 3d October 1863.

48th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Queen has been pleased to remove Ensign James Henry Worthy from the Commission which he holds in this Corps. Dated 30th September 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held in Captain Edward Loyd in the 38th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 29th September 1863.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant John Barber in the 2d Worcestershire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

7th Lincolnshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Harwood Machinder.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant (Major) George Wingate in the 17th Hampshire Rifle Volunteer Corps. Dated 22d September 1863.

County of Clare Regiment of Militia.

Commission signed by Lord Inchiquin, Lieutenant of the County.

Lieutenant Geoffrey Davies to be Quartermaster, vice Hugh O'Loghlen, resigned. Commission dated 26th August 1863.

JOHN H. HARVEY, Deputy Clerk of the Peace, County of Clare.

Peace Office, Ennis,
21st September 1863.

Kilkenny Fusiliers.

Captain George Hollings Best, late 51st Light Infantry, has been appointed by His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Adjutant of the Kilkenny Fusilier Regiment of Militia. Commission dated 10th August 1863.

Captain George Hollings Best has also been appointed, by Colonel the Right Honourable William Frederick Fownes Tighe, Lieutenant of the County of Kilkenny, Captain by Brevet, in the Kilkenny Fusilier Regiment of Militia. Commission dated 10th August 1863. Dated this 25th September 1863.

By Order,
P. M'DERMOTT,
Deputy Clerk of the Peace.

Commissions signed by the Vice-Lieutenant of the County of Down.

Royal North Down Rifles.

Lieutenant John Amelius Massy Edmund Stacpools to be Captain, vice Crawford, resigned. Dated 2d September 1863.

Lieutenant James Traill Hall to be Captain, vice Howe, resigned. Dated 2d September 1863.

Lieutenant James Brown to be Captain, vice Craig, promoted. Dated 2d September 1863.

R. CRAIG LAURIE, Clerk of the Peace.

For Circulation amongst Harbour Authorities and other Persons interested in Works situate on Tidal Lands.

MEMORANDUM.

"General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861."

"General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, Amendment Act."

"Harbours Transfer Act, 1862."

"Railways Clauses Act, 1863."

THE attention of Promoters of Harbour Works, as well as of Parties objecting to such Works, is especially directed to the Enactments and Regulations relating to PROVISIONAL ORDERS. (See Part III.)

I.—NOTICES OF WORKS TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN TIDAL WATERS.

46 Geo. III., c. 153, s. 1. *By an Act for the Preservation of the Public Harbours of the United Kingdom, 1806, it is provided as follows, viz. :—*

'From and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to make, construct, or erect any Pier, Quay, Wharf, Jetty, Breast, or Embankment in or adjoining to any public Harbour in the United Kingdom, or any River immediately communicating therewith, so far as the Tide flows up the same, without giving at least One Month's previous Notice of his, her, or their Intention so to do to the Secretary of the Admiralty, who is to lay the same before the Lord High Admiral or Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty for the Time being.'

25 & 26 Vict. c. 69, s. 15. *By the Harbours Transfer Act, 1862, it is provided as follows, viz. :—*

'From and after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, the Act of the forty-sixth year of King George the Third (Chapter one hundred and fifty-three) 'For the Preservation of the Public Harbours of the United Kingdom' shall be read as if the Board of Trade were therein named instead of the Admiralty.'

All Notices therefore which have hitherto been deposited at the Admiralty under 46 Geo. III., c. 153, must after the 31st December 1862 be deposited at the Board of Trade.

II.—BILLS IN PARLIAMENT AFFECTING HARBOURS, TIDAL WATERS, OR NAVIGATION.

The Standing Orders of the House of Commons, No. 32, and the Standing Orders of the House of Lords, No. 182, Clause Three, contain the following Requirements, viz. :—

'In Cases where the Work shall be situate on Tidal Lands within the ordinary Spring Tides, a copy of the Plans and Sections shall, on or before the thirtieth day of November, be deposited at the Offices of the Board of Admiralty and of the Board of Trade.'

The Standing Orders of the House of Commons, No. 39, contain the following Requirements, viz. :—

'On or before the twenty-third of December, a printed copy of every Bill relating to any Dock,

'Harbour, Navigation Pier or Port, shall be deposited in the Office of the Board of Admiralty and in the Office of the Board of Trade.'

By the Preliminary Inquiries Act, 1851, it is provided as follows, viz. :—

'Whenever Application shall be made to Parliament for a Bill whereby Power is sought to construct any Works on the Shore of the Sea, or of any Creek, Bay, Arm of the Sea, or navigable River communicating therewith, or to construct any Bridge, Viaduct, or other Work, across any Creek, Bay, Arm of the Sea, or navigable River, or to construct any Work affecting the Navigation of any Harbour, Port, Tidal Water, or navigable River, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Admiral, or for the Lords Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, to require the Promoters of such Bill to deposit at the Office of the Admiralty, in addition to the Plans, Sections, or other Documents which may have been deposited at such Office, in compliance with the Standing Orders of either House of Parliament, all such Statements and other Documents as the said Lord High Admiral or Lords Commissioners shall deem necessary to explain the Objects of the intended Application to Parliament, and the proposed Interference with such Tidal Lands or Navigation, as the Case may be.'

14 & 15 Vict. c. 49, s. 2.

By the Harbours Transfer Act, 1862, it is provided as follows, viz. :—

25 & 26 Vict. c. 69, s. 3.

'Whenever after the end of the present Session of Parliament Application is made to Parliament for any such Bill as is described in 'The Preliminary Inquiries Act, 1851,' the Board of Trade may exercise the Powers by that Act given to the Admiralty; and in relation to every such Bill that Act shall be read as if the Board of Trade were therein named instead of the Admiralty.'

The Documents heretofore required by the Admiralty under the Preliminary Inquiries Act, in addition to those required by the Standing Orders, must, therefore, in the case of Bills of the coming and future Sessions, be deposited with the Board of Trade instead of with the Admiralty.

These Documents consist of an Ordnance Map, or a Chart of the Locality, with the exact Site and Extent of the proposed Works laid down thereon.

By the Railways Clauses Act, 1863, which will, like the original Railways Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, be incorporated with future private Acts, it is provided as follows, viz. :—

26 & 27 Vict. c. 92.

Protection of Navigation.

Sect. 13.—'Where the Company is authorized by the Special Act to construct, alter, or extend any Work on, in, over, through, or across Tidal Lands or a Tidal Water, the Company shall, on or near the Work, during the whole Time of the constructing, altering, or extending thereof, exhibit and keep burning at their own Expense, every Night from Sunset to Sunrise, such Lights (if any) as the Board of Trade from time to time requires or approves; and (notwithstanding the Enactments for the time being in force respecting Lighthouses) shall also on or near the Work, when completed, always maintain, exhibit, and keep burning, at their own Expense, every Night from Sunset to Sunrise, such Lights (if any) for the Guidance of Ships as the Board of Trade from time to time requires or approves.'

' If the Company fails to comply in any respect with the Provisions of the present Section, they shall for each Night in which they so fail be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds.'

Sect. 14.—' Where the Company is authorized or required by the Special Act to construct a Bridge over a navigable Tidal Water, and the Special Act does not make express Provision respecting the Span or Spans thereof, then the Company shall construct the same with a Span or Spans of such Headway and Waterway, and with such opening Span or Spans (if any), and according to such Plan, as the Board of Trade directs or approves.'

Sect. 15.—' Where the Company constructs a Bridge with an opening Span, it shall not be lawful for the Company to detain any Vessel, Barge, or Boat at the Bridge for a longer time than may be necessary for admitting a Carriage or Engine traversing the Railway and approaching the Bridge to cross the Bridge, and for opening the Bridge to admit the Vessel, Barge, or Boat to pass; and the Company shall be subject to and shall abide by such Regulations with regard to the User of the Bridge as may from time to time be made by the Board of Trade.'

' If the Company detains a Vessel, Barge, or Boat longer than the time aforesaid, or fails in any respect to abide by any such Regulation as aforesaid, they shall for every such Offence be liable to a Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds, without Prejudice to any Remedy against them for any Loss or Damage sustained by any Person.'

Sect. 16.—' Where the Railway cuts off access between the Land and a Tidal Water or Tidal Lands, then and in every such case the Company shall, during the Construction of the Railway, and from time to time thereafter, make, and shall permanently maintain, and allow to be used by all Persons, at all times, free of Toll or other Charge, all such Footways and Carriageways over, under, or across the Railway, or on a level therewith, as the Board of Trade from time to time directs or approves: Provided always, as follows:

- (1.) ' The Company shall not be obliged to make a Footway or Carriageway over Lands for the use of an Owner or Occupier who has agreed to receive and has been paid Compensation for the Severance thereof from the Tidal Water or Tidal Lands:
- (2.) ' The Company shall not be obliged to make or to allow to be made a Footway or Carriageway in such manner as would interfere with the working or using of the Railway:
- (3.) ' The Expense of the making and maintenance of a Footway or Carriageway required to be made after the Construction of the Railway shall be defrayed by the Persons or Body interested in the Tidal Water or Tidal Lands for whose benefit or convenience the same is required:

' Where the Footway or Carriageway is made across the Railway on the Level, then the manner of the making and watching of the level Crossing shall be subject to the Approval of the Board of Trade; and where the level Crossing is made after the Construction of the Railway, then all Expenses attending the watching thereof shall be defrayed by the

' Persons or Body interested in the Tidal Water or Tidal Lands for whose benefit or convenience the same is required.'

Sect. 17.—' Where the Company is authorized by the Special Act to construct a Railway skirting a public navigable Tidal River or Channel, the Company shall not make any Deviation of the Railway from the continuous centre line thereof marked on the Plan deposited by them at the Board of Trade, even within the limits of Deviation shown on that Plan, in such manner as to diminish the navigable space, without the previous consent of the Board of Trade, or otherwise than in such manner as is expressly authorized by the Board of Trade.'

' If any Deviation is made in contravention of the present Section, the Board of Trade may abate and remove the work in the Construction whereof the Deviation is made, or any Part thereof, and restore the Site thereof to its former Condition, at the Expense of the Company; and the Amount of such Expense shall be a Debt due from the Company to the Crown, and be recoverable accordingly, with Costs, or the same may be recovered, with Costs, as a Penalty is recoverable from the Company.'

Sect. 18.—' If a Work constructed by the Company on, in, over, through, or across Tidal Lands or a Tidal Water is abandoned, or suffered to fall into Decay, the Board of Trade may abate and remove the Work, or any Part of it, and restore the Site thereof to its former Condition, at the Expense of the Company; and the Amount of such Expense shall be a Debt due from the Company to the Crown, and be recoverable accordingly, with Costs, or the same may be recovered, with Costs, as a Penalty is recoverable from the Company.'

Sect. 19.—' If at any Time the Board of Trade deems it expedient, for the purposes of the Special Act, or of this Part of this Act, to order a Survey and Examination of a Work constructed by the Company on, in, over, through, or across Tidal Lands or Tidal Water, or of the intended Site of any such Work, the Company shall defray the Expense of the Survey and Examination; and the Amount thereof shall be a Debt due from the Company to the Crown, and be recoverable accordingly, with Costs, or the same may be recovered, with Costs, as a Penalty is recoverable from the Company.'

III.—PROVISIONAL ORDERS UNDER 'THE GENERAL PIER AND HARBOUR ACT, 1861,' AND 'THE GENERAL PIER AND HARBOUR ACT, 1861, AMENDMENT ACT.'

By the General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, 25 Vict. c. 19. Amendment Act, it is provided as follows, viz. :—

Sect. 3.—' Any Persons intending to make Application to the Board of Trade for a Provisional Order relative to a Pier or Harbour, which Persons are hereinafter called the Promoters, shall in the Months of October and November, or either of them, immediately preceding the Application for the Provisional Order, publish Notice of their Intention by Advertisement, according to the Regulations contained in Schedule (B.), Part I, to this Act.'

Sect. 4.—' On or before the thirtieth day of November immediately preceding the Application for the Provisional Order, the Promoters shall deposit the Documents described in Schedule (B.), Part II. to this Act, according to the Regulations therein contained.'

Sect. 5.—‘ On or before the twenty-third day of December in the same year, the Promoters shall deposit the Documents mentioned in Schedule (B.), Part III. to this Act, according to the Regulations therein contained.’

SCHEDULE (B.) to 25 Vict. cap. 19, referred to in the above Sections.

PART I.—*Advertisement in October or November of intended Application.*

‘ (1.) Every Advertisement is to state—

‘ 1. The objects of the intended Application, specifying any of the following Objects, when comprised among the Objects of the Application :

‘ (a.) Extension of Time for the Completion of any Works already authorized :

‘ (b.) Power for a Company to amalgamate with another :

‘ (c.) Power to sell, purchase, lease, or take on lease an Undertaking :

‘ (d.) Amendment or Repeal of any Local or Special Act of Parliament, or of any former Provisional Order :

‘ (e.) Power to levy any Tolls, Rates, or Duties, or to alter any existing Tolls, Rates, or Duties :

‘ (f.) The conferring, varying, or extinguishing of any Exemption from Tolls, Rates, or Duties, or of any other Right or Privilege :

‘ (g.) Constitution or Alteration of Constitution of any Harbour authority.

‘ 2. A general description of the nature of the proposed new Works, if any.

‘ 3. The Names of the Parishes, Townlands, Townships, and Extra-parochial Places in which the proposed new Works, if any, will be made.

‘ 4. The Times and Places at which the Deposit under Part II. of this Schedule will be made.

‘ 5. An Office, either in London, or at the Place to which the intended Application relates, at which printed copies of the Draft Provisional Order, when deposited, will be purchaseable as hereinafter approved.

‘ (2.) The whole Notice is to be included in One Advertisement, which is to be headed, with a short Title descriptive of the Undertaking or Application.

‘ (3.) The Advertisement is to be inserted once at least in each of Two successive Weeks in some One and the same Newspaper published in the City, Town, or Place where the proposed Works will be made, or where the Pier or Harbour to which the intended Application relates is situate ; or if there be no such Newspaper, then in some One and the same Newspaper, published in the County in which such City, Town, or Place, or some Part thereof, is situate ; or if there be none, then in some One and the same Newspaper published in some adjoining or neighbouring County.

‘ (4.) The Advertisement is also in every Case to be inserted once at least in the London Gazette if the Place to which the intended Application relates is situate in England or Wales, in the Edinburgh Gazette if such Place is situate in Scotland, or in the Dublin Gazette if such Place is situate in Ireland.’

PART II.—*Deposit on or before 30th November.*

‘ (1.) The Promoters are to deposit—

‘ 1. A Copy of the Advertisement published by them.

‘ 2. A proper Plan and Section of the proposed new Works, if any ; such Plan and Section to be prepared according to such Regulations as may from Time to Time be made by the Board of Trade in that Behalf.

‘ (2.) The Documents aforesaid are to be deposited for public inspection—

‘ 1. In England or Ireland, in the Office of the Clerk of the Peace for every County, Riding, or Division ; in Scotland, in the Office of the Principal Sheriff Clerk for every County, District, or Division, in which any proposed new Work will be made, or in which the Pier or Harbour to which the intended Application relates, or any Part thereof, is situate.

‘ 2. At the Custom House, if any, of the Port, Sub-Port, or Creek to which the intended Application relates.

‘ (3.) The Documents aforesaid are also to be deposited in the Offices of the Admiralty* and of the Board of Trade.’

PART III.—*Deposit on or before 23d December.*

‘ (1.) The Promoters are to deposit at the Office of the Board of Trade—

‘ 1. A Memorial of the Promoters, signed by them or One of them, headed with a short Title descriptive of the Undertaking or Application (corresponding with that at the Head of the Advertisement), addressed to the Board of Trade, and praying for a Provisional Order.

‘ 2. A printed Draft of the Provisional Order as proposed by the Promoters.

‘ 3. An Estimate of the Expense of the proposed new Works, if any, signed by the Person making the same.

‘ (2.) They are also to deposit printed Copies of the Draft Provisional Order for public Inspection at the Custom House (if any) of the Port, Sub-Port, or Creek to which the Application relates.

‘ (3.) They are also to deposit a sufficient Number of such printed Copies at the Office named in that Behalf in the Advertisement ; such Copies to be there furnished to all Persons applying for them at the Price of not more than One Shilling each.’

The Board of Trade, acting in exercise of the Powers given to them by the General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, Amendment Act, have made the following Regulations :—

1. The Plans and Sections to be deposited in pursuance of Section 4 of the General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, must be such Plans and Sections as would be required by the Standing Orders of the House of Commons, if the Promoters, instead of applying for a Provisional Order, were proceeding by Private Bill.

2. The Draft Provisional Order which is to be deposited at the Board of Trade on or before the 23rd December must be deposited in triplicate, accompanied by a Copy of every Private or Local Act, Charter, Deed, or other Document of a like Nature which is referred to therein.

3. The Promoters must be prepared to prove Compliance with the Provisions of the Act concerning Deposit and Publication by the 10th January. Six Days Notice will be given of the Day and Hour at which the Promoters are to attend for

* See Section 12 of Harbours Transfer Act, referred to below.

the Purpose at the Board of Trade. Printed Forms of Proof will be supplied, which should be filled up by the Promoters, and brought with the requisite Documents to the Board of Trade at the Time fixed for Proof.

4. Any Objections to the Provisional Order which it is intended to urge on the Board of Trade must be sent in to that Office before the 1st February. A Copy of such Objections must also be sent at the same Time to the Promoters; and in forwarding the Objections to the Board of Trade the Objectors, or their Agents, should state that this has been done.

5. The Board of Trade will entertain and consider Objections founded on alleged Injury to public Interests, or alleged Violation of admitted Principles, e.g., 'That the proposed Work will injure a public Harbour,' or, 'That Tolls are to be imposed on Ships which will derive no Benefit from them;' and they will not proceed with any Provisional Order to which valid Objections of this Description are shown to exist. Objections arising out of Competition, or out of opposition between local Interests, they will only attempt to settle, provided the Parties are willing to abide by their Decision. When the Parties cannot come to Terms, the Board of Trade will not order a local Inquiry, or attempt to anticipate the Decision of Parliamentary Committees.

6. The Bill for confirming Provisional Orders will be brought in on the 1st March, or as soon after that Date as possible. And all preliminary Questions must be determined and the Provisional Orders must be finally settled and signed before that Date.

25 & 26 Vict. c. 69. *By the Harbours Transfer Act, 1862, it is provided as follows, viz.:*—

Sect. 12.—'From and after the end of the present Session of Parliament, any Provision of The General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, Amendment Act, requiring any Deposit of Documents to be made at the Admiralty Office, shall be repealed.'

Sect. 14.—'From and after the end of the present Session of Parliament, the following Sections of The General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, Amendment Act, and all Provisions relative thereto in any other Act or in any Provisional Order of the Board of Trade contained, shall be read and construed as if the Board of Trade were named in the said Sections instead of the Admiralty; namely, Sections Seven, Eight, Nine, Ten, and Eleven.'

IV.—AS TO WORKS WHEN THEY HAVE BEEN SANCTIONED BY PARLIAMENT.

25 & 26 Vict. c. 69. *By the Harbours Transfer Act, 1862, it is provided as follows, viz.:*—

Harbours, Docks, and Piers Clauses Act, 1847.

Sect. 5.—'With respect to any Special Act that may be passed after the end of the present Session of Parliament, the following Sections of The Harbours, Docks, and Piers Clauses Act, 1847, and all Provisions relative thereto in that Act or in any such future Special Act contained, shall be read and construed as if the Board of Trade were named in the said Sections instead of the Admiralty; namely, Sections Twelve, Thirteen, Sixteen, Eighteen, and Nineteen.'

Railway Clauses Consolidation Acts, 1845.

Sect. 6.—'With respect to any Special Act that may be passed after the end of the present Session of Parliament, Sections Seventeen of The Railways Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845, and The Railways Clauses Consolidation (Scotland) Act, 1845, respectively, and all Provi-

sions relative thereto in the said Acts or any such future Special Act contained, shall be read and construed as if the Board of Trade were named in the said Sections instead of the Admiralty.'

Tramways (Ireland) Act, 1860.

Sect. 7.—'With respect to Applications made after the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, under The Tramways (Ireland) Act, 1860, Section Forty-one of that Act shall be read as if the Board of Trade were therein named instead of the Admiralty.'

Special Acts for Railways, Harbours, &c.

Sect. 8.—'Where any Special or Local or Local and Personal Act, or Act of a Local or Local and Personal Nature, already passed or to be passed before the end of the present Session of Parliament,—

- (1.) Authorizing or regulating the Construction of a Railway, or the Execution of any Work whatever, situate on or affecting Tidal Lands, or the Shore of the Sea, or of any navigable River, where and so far up the same as the Tide flows and reflows; or,
- (2.) Authorizing or regulating the Construction or improving of a Harbour, Dock, or Pier, or Works connected therewith, by any Company, Body Corporate, Commissioners, Trustees, Undertakers, Persons or Person; or,
- (3.) Constituting, or altering or regulating the Constitution of any Harbour or Conservancy Authority; or,
- (4.) Altering or regulating the Powers or Duties of any Harbour or Conservancy Authority,—

contains either expressly or by Incorporation or Reference or otherwise any Provision for any of the Purposes following:—

- 'For preventing the Construction or Execution of any Work or the doing of any Thing without the Consent or Approval of the Admiralty, or for authorizing or requiring any Work to be constructed, executed, or maintained, or any Thing to be done with the Consent, or on the Requisition, or to the Satisfaction of the Admiralty;
- 'For empowering the Admiralty to exercise any Authority concerning Lifeboats, Mortars, Rockets, Tide Gauges, or Barometers to be provided by any Undertakers;
- 'For empowering the Admiralty to make a Local Survey or Examination at the Expense of any Company, Body, or Person;
- 'For empowering the Admiralty, in case of any Work being abandoned or suffered to fall into Disuse or Decay, or in any other Case, to abate, remove, or alter any Work or any Part of it, or restore the Site thereof to its former Condition, at the like Expense;
- 'For empowering the Admiralty to exercise any Authority concerning Light to be maintained at Night during the Construction or Execution of any Work;
- 'For empowering the Admiralty or the First Lord of the Admiralty to nominate or appoint a Member or Members of any Board or Body of Trustees, Commissioners, or Conservators, or of any Harbour or Conservancy Authority;
- 'For empowering the Admiralty to determine any Dispute or Difference between or among any Bodies or Persons:

‘ For empowering the Admiralty or the First Lord of the Admiralty to nominate or appoint any Arbitrator, Referee, or Umpire, or any Engineer, Inspector, or Officer, or any Person to Fill any Place or discharge any Duty under such Act :
 ‘ or any other Provision for the Protection, Management, or Regulation of Harbours or Navigation, or for the exercise of any Control or Power over or in relation to any Harbour Authority, or any other Provision in any wise relating to Conservancy, or authorizing or requiring any Act or Thing concerning Harbours or Navigation or Conservancy to be done by or in relation to the Admiralty,—
 ‘ Then from and after the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, such Acts and all Enactments relative thereto shall be read and construed as if in the respective Provisions aforesaid the Board of Trade were named instead of the Admiralty, and the President of the Board of Trade instead of the First Lord of the Admiralty.’

‘ that the whole or any Part of any Harbour, Port, Bay, Estuary, or Navigable River, in, on, or adjoining to which there is or shall be any of Her Majesty’s Dockyards, Victualling Yards, Steam Factory Yards, Arsenals, or Naval Stations, should be excepted, either entirely or in some respects, out of the Operation of the last foregoing Section, the Admiralty may give Notice in Writing to the Board of Trade, that any such Harbour, Port, Bay, Estuary, or Navigable River as aforesaid, or such Part thereof as is in the Notice specified, is to be deemed so excepted, either entirely or in the respects therein mentioned ; and every such Notice shall be published by the Admiralty in the *London, Edinburgh, or Dublin Gazette* (according as the Place affected may be in England, Scotland, or Ireland), and thereupon the Harbour, Port, Bay, Estuary, or Navigable River to which such Notice relates, or the Part thereof therein specified, shall, either entirely or in the respects therein mentioned, as the Case may require, be and remain as if this Act had not been passed.’

V.—RESERVATION OF ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION IN CERTAIN CASES.

By the 9th Clause of the Harbours Transfer Act, 1862, it is provided as follows, viz. :—

‘ Where it appears to the Admiralty that the Interests of Her Majesty’s Naval Service require

The Admiralty have, in pursuance of the said Act, given Notice to the Board of Trade that they reserve the following Harbours and Parts of Harbours mentioned below, and have inserted such Notice in the *Gazette*.

1. Dockyards, Victualling Yards, Steam Factory Yard, Arsenals or Naval Stations.	2. Harbours, Ports, Bays, Estuaries or Navigable Rivers.	3. Extent of the several Harbours, Ports, Bays, Estuaries or Navigable Rivers specified in Column 2, on which the above-written Notice operates.
<p>1. Portsmouth Dockyard and Steam Factory and Naval Station. Royal Clarence Victualling Yard at Gosport.</p>	<p>1. Portsmouth Harbour, Fareham, Porchester, and Fountain Lakes.</p>	<p>1. So much as is comprised within the following Limits :— On the East a Line drawn from the Coast Guard Station at 1½ Nautic Miles to the Westward of Eastoke Point, and running in a Direction S. by W. ¾ W. (true) to the Eastern End of the Princessa Shoal. On the South a Line passing to the Southward of the S.E. Princessa Black Buoy, in a Direction due West, to Low Water Mark at Culver Cliff on the Eastern Side of the Isle of Wight, on the S.W. the Low Water Line of the Eastern and Northern Shores of the Isle of Wight to Egypt Point, including Cowes Roadstead, but not Cowes Harbour. On the West and North-west a Line drawn from Egypt Point to the West Bramble Buoy, and so on round the West End of the Bramble Sand to the N.W. Bramble Buoy, and thence in a direct Line to a Point named Hill Head. On the North the Line of High Water Mark between Hill Head and the Coast Guard Station near Eastoke Point, including Portsmouth and Langstone Harbours.</p>
<p>2. Portland Naval Station.</p>	<p>2. Portland and Part of Weymouth Bay.</p>	<p>2. So much as is comprised within a Line drawn due East (true) from Sandfoot Castle, just South of the Town of Weymouth, meeting a Line drawn in a Direction North by East (true) from Grove Point, the East Point of Portland.</p>
<p>3. Devonport Dockyard, Keyham Steam Factory Yard, Royal William Victualling Yard, and Naval Station.</p>	<p>3. Hamoaze, Tamar, Tavy, and Cutwater.</p>	<p>3. So much as is comprised within the following Limits :— On the South a Line drawn across the Entrance of Plymouth Sound, from Penlee Point on the West to the Shagstone on the East, and all the Waters of the Sound and Hamoaze, including Devonport, and all the Bays, Creeks, Lakes, Pools, and Rivers, as far as the tide flows within, or to the Northward of the above-mentioned Line.</p>

1. Dockyards, Victualling Yards, Steam Factory Yard, Arsenals or Naval Stations.	2. Harbours, Ports, Bays, Estuaries or Navigable Rivers.	3. Extent of the several Harbours, Ports, Bays, Estuaries, or Navigable Rivers specified in Column 2, on which the above-written Notice operates.
4. Pembroke Dockyard and Naval Station.	4. Milford Haven and the River Cleddaw.	4. So much as is comprised within the following Limits :— A Line drawn South (true) for a distance of One Nautic Mile from St Ann's Lower Lighthouse, and from thence along by the Middle Channel Black Buoy to Sheep Island, and up Milford Haven and the River Cleddaw to Blackpool Bridge on the East, and from Haverfordwest on the North-west, and the Waters of Milford Haven and the River Cleddaw, and all the Bays, Inlets, Pills, and Creeks wherever the Tidal Waters extend within the aforesaid Limits.
5. Woolwich Dockyard and Naval Station.	5. The Thames.	5. So much as is comprised within the following Limits :— From the North-west Angle of the Dockyard near Charlton Pier to the Eastern or Lower End of the Dockyard Wharf Wall. Also, the River 50 Fathoms from the Centre of the Moorings.
6. Chatham and Sheer- ness Dockyards and Naval Stations.	6. The Medway.	6. So much as is comprised within the following Limits :— From the Great Nore by Sheerness and Chatham to Rochester Bridge, thence about 10 miles further up the River to the First Lock between Aylesford Bridge and Allington Castle, and all Creeks and Inlets wherever the Tide flows.
7. Deptford Dockyard, Victualling Yard, and Naval Station.	7. The Thames.	7. So much as is comprised within the following Limits :— From the North End of the Victualling Yard to the Lower Side of Deptford Creek, and 50 Fathoms from the Centre of the Moorings.
8. Dover Admiralty Pier.	8. Part of Dover Bay.	8. So much as is comprised within the following Limits :— From Archcliff Fort on the West to Guilford Battery on the East, including the Inner Tidal Harbour, the Admiralty Pier, and all the Approaches there- to, and Seaward for a Distance of One Mile from the Shore.
9. Greenhithe.	9. The Thames.	9. So much as is comprised within the following Limits :— On the North-west Greenhithe Pier, and on the South-west a Pier near the East End of the Ingress Abbey Grounds, and anywhere within 50 Fathoms of the Mooring Buoys laid for swinging Her Majesty's Ships.
10. Falmouth.	10. Falmouth Har- bour, Penryn Creek and Truro River.	10. So much as is comprised within the following Limits :— On the South a Line drawn from Pendennis Castle on the West to St Anthony's Point on the East, and the Harbour and all the Bays, Rivers, Creeks, and Pills as far as the tide flows within or to the Northward of the above-mentioned Line.
11. —————	River Mersey.	11. So much of the River as is by the Act 5 and 6 Vict., cap. 110, within and under the Jurisdiction and Authority of the Conservancy Commissioners, by that Act constituted.

T. H. FARRER.

(1161.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
October 1, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Notification issued by the Portuguese Board of Health, and forwarded by Her Majesty's Consul at Lisbon, declaring the port of Fernambuco to be considered suspected of cholera.

THE Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury having certified to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in pursuance of the Act 10 Geo. IV., c. 27, sec. 1, that the actual surplus revenue of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland beyond the actual expenditure thereof, for the year ended the 30th day of June 1863, amounted to the sum of one million one hundred and fifty-nine thousand two hundred and sixty-three pounds thirteen shillings and eight pence :

The Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt hereby give notice, that the sum of two hundred and eighty-nine thousand eight hundred and fifteen pounds eighteen shillings and five pence, being one-fourth part of the said surplus of one million one hundred and fifty-nine thousand two hundred and sixty-three pounds thirteen shillings and eight pence, will be applied, under the provisions of the said Act, between the 11th day of October 1863 and the 31st day of December 1863, to the following purposes; viz. :—

To be applied towards the Reduction of the National Debt	£.	s.	d.
	289,815	18	5
Add Interest receivable on account of Donations and Bequests, to be applied to the purchase of Stock		5,630	9 11
	£295,446	8	4

National Debt Office, October 10, 1863.

A. Y. SPEARMAN, Comptroller-General.

A RETURN shewing the Amounts received from, and paid to, Savings' Banks, and Post Office Savings' Banks, in the United Kingdom, by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, during the Four Weeks ending Saturday the 10th October 1863.

	Total Amount received by the Commissioners.	Total amount paid by the Commissioners.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
SAVINGS' BANKS—		
In Money and Interest credited	54,720 1 7	109,995 2 11
To Transfer Certificates from Post-Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks ... }	.....	.....
By Transfer Certificates from Savings' Banks to Post-Office Savings' Banks ... }	.....	4,417 8 10
Total	£54,720 1 7	£114,412 11 9
POST-OFFICE SAVINGS' BANKS—		
In Money and Interest credited	83,750 0 0	.....
To Transfer Certificates from Savings' Banks to Post-Office Savings' Banks ... }	4,417 8 10	.....
By Transfer Certificates from Post-Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks ... }	.....	.....
Total	£88,167 8 10	.....

Total Amounts on the 10th October 1863, at the credit of—

The Fund for the Banks for Savings	£40,265,337	11	4
The Post-Office Savings' Banks Fund	2,740,255	11	8
Total	£43,005,593	3	0
Ditto—by last Monthly Account	£42,977,118	4	4

A. Y. SPEARMAN,

Comptroller-General.

C. J. BOTT, Check Officer,

National Debt Office, 12th October 1863.



CORN IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

AN ACCOUNT shewing the Quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal Imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the Quantities of British and Foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, Exported from the United Kingdom, in the Week ended the 10th October 1863.

	QUANTITIES IMPORTED INTO				QUANTITIES EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM.		
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	The United Kingdom.	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Exported.
	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.
Wheat	74,582	32,230	17,519	124,331	625	51	676
Barley	32,505	8,438	25	40,968	8	...	8
Oats	69,561	...	...	69,561	277	...	277
Rye .....	...	4,051	...	4,051	...	...	...
Pease	2,399	49	...	2,448	135	...	135
Beans	4,682	70	...	4,752	...	...	...
Indian Corn.....	24,617	6,900	21,695	53,212	...	8	8
Buck Wheat	1	...	...	1	...	...	...
Beer or Bigg .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malt.....	...	...	...	...	472	...	472
Total of Corn ...	208,347	51,738	39,239	299,324	1,517	59	1,576
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Wheat Meal or Flour	87,642	12,034	875	100,551	432	...	432
Barley Meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oat Meal.....	...	...	...	...	410	...	410
Rye Meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pea Meal.....	...	...	...	...	18	...	18
Bean Meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian Corn Meal ...	55	...	...	55	8	...	8
Buck Wheat Meal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Meal ...	87,697	12,034	875	100,606	868	...	868
Total of Corn and Meal stated in Imperial Quarters ...	233,403	55,176	39,489	328,068	1,908	59	1,967

Office of the Inspector-General of Imports and Exports,
Custom-House, London, October 12, 1863.

EDW. BERNARD,
Assistant-Inspector-General.

BANKRUPTS
FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

BANKRUPTCY ANNULLED.

John Mason, of Runcorn, Chester, ship builder, carrying on business under the style of John Mason & Company.

BANKRUPTCY ANNULLED AND DISMISSED.

Henry Coney, of 76, Tottenham Court Road, Middlesex, boot and shoe maker.

BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.

Susannah Frayling Grimes, of the Lord Nelson, 18, Aston Place, Holloway Road, Middlesex, licensed victualler.

John Daniel Pound, late of 39, Collet Place, Commercial Road East, Middlesex, oil and colourman, but now of 8, Charles Terrace, Cassland Road, Hackney, out of business.

William Benns, of Woodbridge, Suffolk, miller and corn dealer.

John Lovell, Brice Saunders, and William Daniel Saunders, of 18, New Square, Minories, London, and trading under the style and firm of Saunders Brothers, as wine merchants, at 18, New Square, Minories aforesaid.

Henry Knight, formerly of 253, Oxford Street, Westminster, Middlesex, tobacconist and cigar dealer, and now of 253, Oxford Street, out of business or employment.

James Southey, formerly of 129, High Hoxton, and now of 32, Northampton Road, Clerkenwell, both in Middlesex, chesemonger and grocer.

Joseph Roberts, of 10, Penton Street, Walworth, Surrey, business agent and clerk in a public company.

James Hitchinor, of Walsall, Stafford, brass dresser.

Charles Midwinter, of 9, Lucas Place, Commercial Road East, Middlesex, watchmaker and jeweller.

Thomas Tomlinson Bennett, of 23, Broad Street, Golden Square, Saint James', Middlesex, plumber, painter, and decorator, and now at 11, Dale Road, Kentish Town.

Mary Garstin, late of the Alma Tavern, Upper Norwood, now a prisoner for debt in the custody of the Sheriff of Surrey, at Seal's Lock-up-House, 75, George Street, Blackfriars Road, both in Surrey, not in any business or employ.

Oliver Humphrey Fowler, formerly of 51, Jewin Street, London, then of 3, Wilmington Street, Wilmington Square, Middlesex, then and now of 38, King Street, Snow Hill, London, medical student, a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, London, (in formâ pauperis).

Rice Brooks Swanson, of 13, Odessa Road, West Ham, Essex, out of business, previously of Grundy Street, Poplar, Middlesex, haberdasher, and formerly clerk to Saint Catherine's Docks.

Edmund Strange, of 24, London Street, Norfolk Square, Paddington, Middlesex, boot and shoe maker.

Robert Harmer Bailey, of 8, Portland Place, Cambridge Road, Middlesex, tailor.

Ambrose Archer, of High Easter, Essex, tailor.

Wolf Moses, (trading as Wolf Moss,) of 5, Brighton Place, Brixton Road, Surrey, china, glass, and earthenware dealer.

Sarah Ann Pickard, of 75, Hatton Garden, Middlesex, dealer in watches.

George Pearce, of Ower, near Romsey, Hants, farmer and cattle dealer.

John Hopkins, of Llangattock, Brecon, blacksmith.

John Greenhouse, of 104, High Street, Shoreditch, Middlesex, outfitter and hosier.
 Benjamin Bregazzi, of 15, Fashion Street, formerly of 31, Brick Lane, previously of 38, New Montague Street, Spitalfields, Middlesex, looking-glass frame maker.
 William Walters, of 48, London Road, Southwark, out of business or employ, previously thereto of 1, Kettle Place, Hill Street, Walworth, railway porter on the South-Eastern Railway, formerly of 27, Webb Street, Bermondsey, all in Surrey, railway porter on the said South-Eastern Railway.
 William Meredith, of Stafford Street, Wolverhampton, Stafford, fishmonger, fruiterer, provision dealer, and vegetable merchant.
 William Veal, of Birmingham, Warwick, licensed victualler and cab proprietor.
 Henry Woodward, of Kidderminster, Worcester, coal merchant, formerly innkeeper.
 George Dawson, of Shelly Hill Top, Kirkburton, and of Huddersfield, both in York, manufacturer of skirts and waistcoats, shopkeeper, and merchant, and late of Stockmoor, Thurstonland, manufacturer of skirts and waistcoats, and afterwards there in partnership with one Henry Silverwood, under the firm of Dawson & Company, as such manufacturers.
 David Shaw, of Huddersfield, York, hosier, glover, haberdasher, and shirt maker.
 George William Ramsden, of Bradford, York, stuff dealer.
 James Brown, late of St Helen's, licensed victualler, but now of Liverpool, both in Lancaster, out of business.
 Charles Mather, of 186, Great Jackson Street, Hulme, Manchester, grocer and tea dealer.
 David Thomas Little, of High Street, Ware, Hertford, baker and confectioner.
 Ebenezer Walker Davenport, of Siddals Bridge Cottage, Litchurch, Derby, in lodgings, and out of business, previously thereto of 25, Park Street, Derby, chemist and druggist.
 William Andrew Perry, previously of Kates Hill, Dudley Worcester, commission agent, now in lodgings there.
 Richard Robinson, of Tarns, Holme Cultram, Cumberland, potato dealer and commission agent.

John Plant, of Lower Whitley, Chester, beerhouse-keeper and huckster.
 John Hobbs, of Longhope, Gloucester, innkeeper.
 William Jump, of Brunswick Street, Stockton-on-Tees, Durham, rope manufacturer.
 George William Locke, of Paradise Cottage, High Street, New Brompton, Kent, surgeon.
 James Cook, of 8, Gough's Court, Barford Street, Birmingham, Warwick, cab driver.
 Edwin Day, late of 43, College Street, Bristol, butcher and dealer in meat, but now a prisoner for debt in the Gaol at Bristol, (in formâ pauperis).
 John Rowland, of Saint Anne Street, Chester, carpenter and joiner.
 George Leeds, late of Rollesby, Norfolk, but now of Feltwell, Norfolk, veterinary surgeon.
 Herman Smerdon, of Burrow Farm, Harpford, Devon, farmer.
 John Warrener, formerly of Brenchley, Kent, assistant to Thomas Wickens, a draper and grocer, carrying on business as Brenchley aforesaid, and afterwards and now of Headcorn, Kent, grocer and druggist.
 George Taylor, late of George Street, Westbromwich-Stafford, mine and commission agent, then of Rowley Regis, Stafford, coalmaster, in copartnership with Samuel Partridge and Richard Hayes, trading as coalmasters at the Jervoise Colliery, Westbromwich aforesaid, under the style or firm of Partridge & Hayes, and now of the Oak House, Westbromwich aforesaid, mine and commission agent.
 David Arthur Hawking, of Calenock Street, Truro-Cornwall, cabinetmaker, before the filing of his petition having carried on the said business of a cabinetmaker by the name and style of David Hawking, at Falmouth, Cornwall.
 Alfred Charles Wright, of 44, High Street, Southampton, carpenter and builder.
 Rigby James Maddock, (sued as Rigby Maddock,) late in lodgings at 56, Woodville Terrace, Everton, near Liverpool, Lancaster, a non-trader, and late a prisoner for debt in the Liverpool Borough Gaol, Walton, Lancaster.
 Thomas Frost, of Macclesfield, Chester, builder.

MONTHLY RETURN.

AN ACCOUNT, shewing the Quantities of Corn, Grain, Meal, and Flour, Imported into the United Kingdom, and admitted to Home Consumption in the Month of September 1863.

SPECIES OF CORN, GRAIN, MEAL, AND FLOUR.	Quantities Imported into the United Kingdom and admitted to Home Consumption in the Month of September 1863.					
	Imported from Foreign Countries.		Imported from British Possessions out of Europe.		TOTAL.	
	Qrs.	Bush.	Qrs.	Bush.	Qrs.	Bush.
Wheat.....	478,406	3	95,410	0	573,816	3
Barley	97,504	4	—	—	97,504	4
Oats	184,140	0	—	—	184,140	0
Rye	582	5	—	—	582	5
Pease	8,689	4	5,061	1	13,690	5
Beans.....	36,748	6	1	0	36,749	6
Maize or Indian Corn	405,364	7	15,941	3	421,306	2
Buck Wheat	0	6	—	—	0	6
Beer or Bigg	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total of Corn and Grain....	1,211,437	3	116,353	4	1,327,790	7
	Cwt.	qrs.	lb.	Cwt.	qrs.	lb.
Wheat Meal and Flour	232,225	0	0	103,379	3	21
Barley Meal	—	1	0	—	—	—
Oat Meal	99	1	16	12	0	0
Rye Meal	8	0	0	—	—	—
Pea Meal	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bean Meal	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maize or Indian Corn Meal ...	421	0	27	38	3	0
Buck Wheat Meal	2	2	0	—	—	—
Total of Meal and Flour ...	232,757	0	15	103,430	2	21

THE Estates of HUGH MILLER, Grocer, Rutherglen, were sequestrated on 13th October 1863, by the Sheriff of the County of Lanark.

The first deliverance is dated the 13th October 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Friday the 23d day of October 1863, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 13th day of February 1864.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt till the meeting for the election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JAMES BOYD, Agent,

154, St Vincent Street, Glasgow.

THE Estates of WILLIAM MILLER, Consulting Engineer, Insurance Valuator, and Machinery and Commission Agent, No. 197, North Street, Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 14th day of October 1863, by the Sheriff of the County of Lanark.

The first deliverance is dated 14th October 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Friday the 23d day of October 1863, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 14th day of February 1864.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J.A. SERVICE, Writer, Glasgow.
Agent.

THE Estates of DANIEL DUNCAN, Innkeeper, Castle Street, Rothesay, were sequestrated on the 14th day of October 1863, by the Sheriff of the Sheriffdom of Dumbarton and Bute.

The first deliverance is dated the 14th day of October 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 10 o'clock A.M., on Saturday the 24th day of October 1863, within the Royal Hotel, Rothesay.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 14th day of February 1864.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JNO. M'KIRDY, Agent, Rothesay.

THE Estates of PHILIP HAY & COMPANY, Merchants in Aberdeen, and John Hay and William Beverley, both Merchants in Aberdeen, Individual Partners of said Company, as Partners thereof, and as Individuals, were sequestrated on the 14th day of October 1863, by the Sheriff of Aberdeenshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 14th day of October 1863.

The meeting to elect a Trustee and Commissioners on the several estates is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Monday the 26th day of October 1863, within the Lemon Tree Hotel, Aberdeen.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 15th day of February 1864.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupts against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt until the meeting of Creditors for the election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

WM. L. REID, Advocate in Aberdeen,
Agent.

THE Estates of JOHN DUNLOP, sometime Provision Merchant in Govan, presently Joiner, and residing at Whiteinch, near Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 15th day of October 1863, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 15th day of October 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at two o'clock afternoon, on Friday the 23d day of October 1863, within the Faculty of Procurators' Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 15th day of February 1864.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

WILLIAM YORK, Jr., Agent,
55, Renfield Street, Glasgow.

SEUQUESTRATION of the Company carrying on Business as Warehousemen in Buchanan Street, Glasgow, under the Firms of BIGHAM & COMPANY, and G. BIGHAM & COMPANY, and of George Bigham, Warehouseman there, the sole, or at least only known Partner of that Company, as such Partner, and as an Individual.

WILLIAM BROWN, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estates; and John Duncan, Tobacconist, Glasgow, John M'Kinnon, Warehouseman there, and James Harold, Cashier to Messrs Simpson, Hunter, & Young, Warehousemen there, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Chambers of Mr Sheriff Strathern, on Wednesday the 28th day of October 1863, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Chambers of Messrs M'Cowan & Brown, Accountants, No. 17, Gordon Street, Glasgow, on Monday the 9th day of November next, at two o'clock afternoon.

Glasgow, October 15, 1863. Wm. BROWN, Trustee.

SEUQUESTRATION of JOHN CAMERON, Potatoe Merchant, No. 5, Hill Place, Edinburgh.

JAMES KNOX, Accountant in Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on this estate; and Peter Anderson, Commission Agent, No. 27, Cumberland Street there, has been elected a Commissioner thereon. The Bankrupt will be examined in the Sheriff's Office, Edinburgh, on Tuesday 27th October current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Trustee's Chambers, on Tuesday 3d November next, at 12 o'clock noon, and will then decide on an offer of composition made to and entertained by the meeting held for the election of Trustee, subject to a protest made by William Bell, Whitfield Factory, Leith Walk, Leith.

JAMES KNOX, Trustee.

Chambers, 47, Hanover Street,
Edinburgh, October 16, 1863.

SEUQUESTRATION of JAMES MACKILLICAN, Corn Merchant in Invergordon.

GEORGE TAYLOR MUNRO, Writer in Tain, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Alexander Maclean, Farmer at Rosskeen, and Andrew Munro, Bank Agent, Invergordon, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-room at Tain, on Friday the 23d day of October current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Royal Hotel, Tain, on Saturday the 31st day of October current, at 12 o'clock noon.

GEO. T. MUNRO, Trustee.

Tain, October 12, 1863.

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JOHN WILSON, Silversmith, lately residing in James Street, Calton, Glasgow, now deceased.

I MATTHEW MIDDLETON, Painter, Union Street, Glasgow, a Commissioner on the sequestrated estates of the said deceased John Wilson, do hereby intimate that the Sheriff of Lanarkshire has appointed a general meeting of the Creditors on the said estates to be held within the Faculty Hall, St George's Place, Glasgow, on Monday the 26th day of October current, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a new Trustee, in room of James Mitchell, Accountant, Renfield Street, Glasgow, resigned.

MATTHEW MIDDLETON.

J. L. LANG, Agent and Procurator.

Glasgow, October 14, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of ALEXANDER MORRISON, Junior, Merchant, Schoolhill, Turiff.

The Trustee hereby intimates that his accounts, brought down to the 30th ultimo, have been audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed the declaration of a dividend; and that a meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Trustee's Chambers, 38, Castle Street, Aberdeen, on Friday the 6th day of November next, at 12 o'clock noon, to consider as to the expediency of exposing the outstanding debts and estate for Sale by Public Roup.

JAMES COLLIE, Trustee.

Aberdeen, October 13, 1863.

No. 16, Adelphi,
Aberdeen, October 10, 1863.

The Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **JOHN ANDERSON, Baker, Gallowgate, Aberdeen,** hereby calls a general meeting of the Creditors on said estate to be held within the Chambers of Mr Charles Duncan, Advocate, 16, Adelphi, Aberdeen, upon Monday the 9th day of November next, at 10 o'clock forenoon, to consider as to an application for his discharge as Trustee foresaid.

A. R. GRAY, Trustee.

I **HENRY DARLINGTON, Upholsterer, Frederick I, Street, Edinburgh,** Trustee on the sequestrated estates of **JOHN BAIRD & SONS, Skippers, Wool Dealers, and Leather Dressers, Silver Mills, Edinburgh,** as a Company, and of John Baird, Senior, and John Baird, Junior, the Individual Partners of that Company, as Partners thereof, and as Individuals, hereby call a general meeting of the Creditors on the said sequestrated estates to be held within the Rooms of Thomas Chapman, No. 11, Hanover Street, Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 27th current, at two o'clock afternoon, to take into consideration an offer of composition to be made by the Bankrupts.

H. DARLINGTON.

Edinburgh, October 16, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN MILLER, Grocer and Spirit Dealer in Airdrie and Coatbridge.

As Trustee on the above estate I hereby call a meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Chambers of **M'Cubbin & Johnston, Accountants, 93, West Regent Street, Glasgow,** on Tuesday the 27th current, at one o'clock afternoon, to consider an offer of composition to be then submitted by the Bankrupt.

DAV. M'CUBBIN, Trustee.

Glasgow, October 15, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of COLIN FRASER, sometime Grocer in Glasgow, now residing at No. 12, Charlotte Street there.

I hereby call a general meeting of the Creditors to elect a Commissioner on the estate, to be held in the Office of **Robert Galt & Son, Accountants, 20, Buchanan Street, Glasgow,** on Wednesday 28th October 1863, at two o'clock afternoon.

ROBERT GALT, Junr. Trustee.

20, Buchanan Street,
Glasgow, October 15, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of GEORGE HALL, Merchant in Montrose.

The Trustee, with the consent of the Commissioners, hereby calls a meeting of the Creditors to be held in the Star Hotel, Montrose, on Saturday 24th October current, at 12 o'clock noon, to consider an offer of composition made by the Bankrupt.

WM. STIVEN, Trustee.

Dundee, October 13, 1863.

D **DAVID WEMYSS HENDERSON, Grain Broker and Factor in Leith,** Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **THOMAS MATHEWSON, sometime Miller at Middle Mill, Markinch, Fife,** and now residing in West Bowling Green Street, Leith, hereby intimates that at the meeting of Creditors held on 15th current the Bankrupt made offer of a composition of One Shilling per pound on his debts at the date of the sequestration of his estate, payable in cash immediately after his final discharge, and also to pay and provide for the expences attending the sequestration and the remuneration to the Trustee, and offered William Smith, Baker in Kinghorn, as security for payment of the said composition, remuneration, and expences; which offer and security were unanimously entertained for consideration; and Notice is hereby given that another general meeting of the Creditors

will be held within the New Ship Hotel, No. 20, Shore, Leith, on Monday the 9th day of November next, at three o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of finally deciding on the Bankrupt's offer and the security proposed.

D. W. HENDERSON, Trustee.

Leith, October 16, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM SMITH, Blacksmith at Redcastle, in the Parish of Killearnan, and County of Ross.

WILLIAM SMITH, Founder in Inverness, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said William Smith, Blacksmith, intimates that at a general meeting of the Creditors of the said William Smith held this day, specially called, an offer of composition by the Bankrupt of Two Shillings and Sixpence per pound on all debts due by him at the date of the sequestration, payable four months after the date of his final discharge, as also to pay or provide for the whole expences attending the sequestration and the remuneration to the Trustee, and offering as his security Donald Davidson, Sculptor in Inverness, was unanimously entertained for consideration; and Notice is hereby given that the said offer will be decided upon at a meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Writing-Chambers of Messrs Fraser Mackintosh & Innes, Solicitors, 69, Church Street, Inverness, on Friday the 6th day of November next, at 11 o'clock forenoon.

WM. SMITH, Trustee.

Inverness, October 14, 1863.

R **ROBERT M'CALLUM, Law-Agent, Ayr,** Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **JOHN MONTGOMERIE, Coal Merchant, Troon, in the Parish of Dundonald,** and Agent there for Maxwood Colliery, hereby intimates that a first and final dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Office, No. 49, Newmarket Street, Ayr, on the 26th day of November next.

ROBT. M'CALLUM, Trustee.

Ayr, October 12, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM SCOTT, Tailor and Innkeeper, Star Inn, Regent Street, Kilmarnock.

R **ROBERT GRAIG, Accountant in Glasgow,** Trustee on said sequestrated estate, hereby intimates that on and after Monday the 30th day of November 1863, within the Office of Thomson & Craig, Accountants, 70, George Square, Glasgow, a second and final dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted.

For ROBERT CRAIG, Trustee,
JAMES THOMSON.

79, George Square,
Glasgow, October 13, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of ROBERT ANGUS, residing at No. 28, Bernard Street, Leith, and carrying on Business at No. 12, Kirkgate Street, Leith, under the Name and Firm of ANGUS & COMPANY, Milliners there.

R **ROBERT CRAIG, Accountant in Glasgow,** Trustee on said sequestrated estate, hereby intimates that on and after Monday the 30th November 1863, within the Office of Thomson & Craig, Accountants, 70, George Square, Glasgow, an equalising dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have now been admitted, and who did not participate in the former dividend.

For ROBERT CRAIG, Trustee,
JAMES THOMSON.

70, George Square,
Glasgow, October 13, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM M'EWEN, Iron-monger in Crieff.

As Trustee on this estate I intimate that a dividend will be paid to those Creditors who did not participate in the first dividend, and whose claims have been admitted, at my place of Business in Crieff, on Tuesday the 1st December next.

ANDW. MILLAR, Trustee.

Crieff, October 12, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM GRAY, Baker, Banchory-Ternan.

A First Dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted, within the Office of James & George Collie, Advocates, 38, Castle Street, Aberdeen, on Monday the 30th day of November 1863.

JONATHAN MESS, Trustee.

Aberdeen, October 12, 1863.

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MICHAEL HONEYMAN, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of **CAR-MICHAEL & NEILSON**, Masons and Builders in Glasgow, and of **Archibald Carmichael** and **Hugh Neilson**, both Masons and Builders in Glasgow, hereby intimates that a dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by him, as Trustee, at his Counting-house, No. 5, Victoria Place, West Regent Street, Glasgow, on the 31st day of October current.

MICHAEL HONEYMAN, Trustee.

Glasgow, October 14, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES SUMMERS, Mason and Portioner in Hamilton, in the County of Lanark.

JAMES KEMP, Accountant in Hamilton, Trustee on the above estate, hereby intimates that a first and final dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Office in Cadzow Street, Hamilton, on the 1st day of December 1863.

JAMES KEMP.

Hamilton, October 15, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of ANDREW CRANE BYRNE, Net and Twine Manufacturer in Glasgow, and at Kilbirnie, Ayrshire.

WILLIAM COPLAND, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the above sequestrated estate, hereby intimates that his account of intromissions with the funds of the sequestrated estate, brought down to the 30th ultimo, has been audited by the Commissioners; and that an equalizing, and second and final dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted, at the Office of the Trustee, 49, West George Street, Glasgow, on the 1st day of December next.

WILL. COPLAND, Trustee.

Glasgow, October 14, 1863.

JOHN BLACK, Writer in Brechin, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **WILLIAM SMART**, Slater in Brechin, hereby intimates that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to 1st October current, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding at the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on the estate, in terms of the Statute; that he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before 1st October current, and made up lists of those Creditors entitled to draw a dividend from the funds of the estate, and also of those whose claims he has rejected in whole or in part; farther, that the Commissioners on the said estate have decided that payment of a dividend is to be postponed till the recurrence of another statutory period.

JOHN BLACK, Trustee.

Brechin, October 14, 1863.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JOHN REID, Farmer in Ardler, in the Parish of Strathdon.

WILLIAM LESLIE REID, Advocate in Aberdeen, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said John Reid, hereby intimates that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 29th day of September last, has been audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed payment of a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period, and have dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

WM. L. REID, Trustee.

Aberdeen, October 14, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN FAULDS, Coalmaster, formerly residing at Broom House, Stevenstone, Ayrshire, now residing at Wick, in the County of Caithness.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Sheriff Officer in Wick, Trustee in the above sequestration, hereby intimates that the Commissioners have postponed a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.

ROBERT SINCLAIR, Trustee.

Wick, October 8, 1863.

THE Trustee on the sequestrated estate of ROBERT LIVINGSTON, Coalmaster, residing at Rawyards, near Airdrie, hereby intimates that his accounts as at 4th October current have been audited, and a dividend postponed till another statutory period, and circulars to Creditors dispensed with.

JNO. MOODIE, Trustee.

Airdrie, October 13, 1863.

I DAVID ROSS, Agent for the Caledonian Banking Company at Dingwall, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of **WILLIAM MACKENZIE & COMPANY**, Merchants in Ullapool, and of **William Mackenzie** and **Alexander Mackenzie**, the Individual Partners of that Company, hereby intimate that I have had no intromissions with the funds of the estate since the 22d of June last; farther, that the Commissioners have postponed a dividend till the next statutory period.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

DAVID ROSS, Trustee.

Dingwall, October 5, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of THOMAS GUNN, Distiller, Camelon, Falkirk, sole Partner of **STARK, GUNN, & COY.**, Nail Manufacturers, Camelon aforesaid.

DAVID RIDDPATH, Confectioner, Nicolson Street, Edinburgh, Trustee on the above estates, hereby gives notice that his accounts, brought down to the 12th instant, have been audited and approved of by the Commissioners, who have postponed declaring a dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period, and have dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.—Of all which Notice is hereby given in terms of the Statute.

DAVID RIDDPATH, Trustee.

36, Nicolson Street,
Edinburgh, October 14, 1863.

CHARLES ROLES, Junior, Writer in Grantown, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **ALEXANDER WATSON**, Merchant in Tomintoul, in the County of Banff, hereby intimates that the accounts of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 5th October current, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners, who have postponed a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period, and have dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

CHAS. ROLES, Junr. Trustee.

Grantown, October 13, 1863.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JOHN SCOTT, residing at Bellfield House, Kirkintilloch, in the County of Dumbarton.

JOHN SMITH, Auctioneer, Kirkintilloch, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said John Scott, hereby intimates that his intromissions with the funds of the estate have been audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed the declaration of a dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

JOHN SMITH, Trustee.

Kirkintilloch, October 14, 1863.

TO THE CREDITORS ON

The Sequestrated Estate of **JAMES CRUICKSHANK ROGER**, Merchant, and Ship and Insurance Broker, Glasgow, one of the Partners of the Firm of **SMITH, ROGER, & SMITH**, Merchants, and Ship and Insurance Brokers there, as such Partner, and as an Individual.

THE said James Cruickshank Roger has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire praying to be discharged of all debts and obligations contracted by him, or for which he was liable, at the date of the sequestration of the estates of the said Firm of Smith, Roger, & Smith, and of the said James Cruickshank Roger, as one of the Partners of said Firm, and as an Individual, on the 24th day of April 1860: On which Petition the Sheriff-Substitute pronounced the following Deliverance:—'Glasgow, 15th October 1863.—Appoints intimation of the foregoing Petition to be made in the Edinburgh Gazette, and by circulars posted to every Creditor, in terms of the Statute.'

(Signed) 'A. ERSKINE MURRAY.'

JA. HUTCHESON, Agent.

130, Hope Street,
Glasgow, October 15, 1863.

ALLAN FORBES, Flesher and Cattle Dealer in Dunfermline, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Fife, at Dunfermline, praying to be finally discharged of all debts contracted by him before the date of the sequestration of his estates, on 31st July 1861.—Of which Intimation is hereby given in terms of the Statute, and of the Order of the Sheriff-Substitute at Dunfermline.

BEVERIDGE & DARLING, Writers,
Dunfermline, Agents.

Dunfermline, October 15, 1863.

NOTICE is Hereby Given that **JAMES M'GREGOR**, Druggist, presently residing in Aberdeen, whose estates were sequestrated by the Sheriff of Aberdeenshire on 4th April 1861, has presented a Petition to the said Sheriff praying to be discharged of all debts and obligations contracted by him, or for which he was liable, at the date of said sequestration, in terms of the 'Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1856.'

JOHN DUNCAN, Petitioner's Agent.

Aberdeen, October 14, 1863.

ABRAHAM FREYD, Jeweller, Argyle Street, Glasgow, having presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire to be finally discharged of all debts contracted by him before the sequestration of his estates, the Sheriff has appointed intimation to be made in the Edinburgh Gazette and to each Creditor.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

ABRAHAM FREYD, Petitioner.

JOHN CAMPBELL WEIR, Baker, Grocer, Provision Merchant, and General Dealer at Strone, in the County of Argyle, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire to be discharged of all debts and obligations contracted by him, or for which he was liable, at the date of the sequestration of his estates.—Of which Intimation is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

R. SINCLAIR, Agent for Petitioner.

14, Miller Street,
Glasgow, October 15, 1863.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND DEBTORS.

WILLIAM STEPHEN, otherwise **WILLIAM JAMIESON STEPHEN**, Draper, Aberdeen, having on 14th October current executed a Trust-Deed in favour of James Thomson, Accountant in Glasgow, as Trustee for behoof of all his just and lawful Creditors,—all Persons having Claims against the said William Jamieson Stephen are hereby required to lodge notes of said claims, with declarations of verity thereto, in the hands of the Subscribers, Factors for the Trustee, within one month from the date hereof; and all Debtors to the estate are hereby required forthwith to make payment of their several debts to the Subscribers.

THOMSON & CRAIG, Factors for the Trustee.

70, George Square, Glasgow, October 15, 1863.

NOTICE is Hereby Given that Charles Stewart, Wine Merchant in Aberdeen, has presented a Petition to the Commissary of Aberdeenshire craving that he be decerned Executor-Dative *qua* Creditor to the Deceased **SIR ANDREW LEITH HAY**, Knight, of Rannes, in the County of Aberdeen, who died on or about the 13th October 1862.

GEORGE COLLIE,
Procurator for Petitioner.

ROBERT REID, Spinner in Jedburgh, presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Roxburghshire praying for the benefit of the process of Cessio Bonorum, and interim protection from the diligence of his Creditors. The said Sheriff has fixed the 16th day of November next, at 12 o'clock noon, within the Court-house, Jedburgh, for the meeting of Creditors, and the public examination of the Petitioner, in terms of the Statute and Act of Sederunt. **ALEXANDER JEFFREY**, Petitioner's Solicitor.
Jedburgh, October 14, 1863.

ROBERT GEIKIE DUNN, presently a Prisoner in the Prison of Kinross, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of the County of Kinross for liberation, interim protection, and decret of Cessio Bonorum; and all his Creditors are hereby required to appear within the Sheriff-Court-house at Kinross, on Tuesday the 17th day of November next, at one o'clock afternoon, when he will appear for examination.

RO. BURNS BEGG, Jr., Petitioner's Agent.
Kinross, October 14, 1863.

NOTICE.

THE Business carried on in South Street, Perth, by the Late Mrs Elizabeth Stephen or Peacock and James M'Innes, as Silk Printers, under the Firm of **PEACOCK & IMRIE**, was **DISSOLVED** on 12th ultimo by the death of Mrs Peacock.

Mr M'Innes is authorised to receive and discharge all debts due to the Firm.

JOHN JAMIESON,
PETER CAMPBELL, Jr. } Trustees of the late
ROBERT MORISON, } Mrs Elizth. Stephen
JAS. M'INNES. } or Peacock.

JNO. SCOTT, Apprentice to J. & R. Morison,
Accountants, Perth, Witness.
THOS. ROSS, Apprentice to J. & R. Morison,
Accountants, Perth, Witness.

Perth, October 14, 1863.

The above James M'Innes begs to intimate that the Business will continue to be carried on by himself under the Firm of **PEACOCK & IMRIE**, as formerly.

JAS. M'INNES.

Back Street,
Kilmarnock, October 13, 1863.

THE Business carried on by us, as Joiners and Contractors in Back Street, Kilmarnock, under the Firm of **R. & P. GEMMELL**, has this day been **DISSOLVED** with mutual consent.

ROBERT GEMMELL,
PETER GEMMELL.

GEO. S. STEVENSON, Writer, Kilmarnock,
Witness.
JOHN HAMILTON, Law-Clerk, Kilmarnock,
Witness.

N.B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.

Printed and Published at the Office, 13, North Bank Street, by **WILLIAM ALEXANDER LAURIE**,
Printer to the **QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.**

* * *This Gazette is filed at the Offices of the London and Dublin Gazettes.*

Friday, October 16, 1863.

Price One Shilling.

