



The Edinburgh Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, MAY 5, 1863.

MARLBOROUGH HOUSE, April 22, 1863.

THIS day the Right Honourable the Lord Provost of the City of Edinburgh, attended by a Deputation, consisting of the Magistrates, several Councillors, the City Clerk, and his Lordship's Private Secretary, waited upon their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales with the following Addresses:—

To His Royal Highness **ALBERT EDWARD**,
PRINCE OF WALES.

May it please your Royal Highness,

WE, the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh, desire to offer your Royal Highness our humble and heartfelt congratulations on the auspicious occasion of your Marriage.

Recognising in the personal history of your royal parents the happy effects of early marriage based on mutual attachment, we rejoice to believe that the alliance formed by your Royal Highness with your illustrious consort is also one which, resting on mutual love and esteem, gives promise of a rich future of domestic happiness to your Royal Highness, fraught with manifold blessings to your royal house, and destined to extend its beneficent influence over the whole of this great Empire.

We share in the feelings of profound satisfaction with which the Nation has hailed the marriage of your Royal Highness with the Princess of a race closely allied to our own, and from which many of the most valuable elements of the British character are derived. To the people of Scotland, and especially to the citizens of Edinburgh, there are more-over peculiar elements of interest in that event, which links itself with some of the most stirring incidents of our national and civic history. And in the outburst of loyalty and affection with which the citizens of Edinburgh and the whole people of Scotland have hailed the marriage of your Royal Highness with your illustrious consort, we find the counterpart of the pride and enthusiasm with which the National heart welcomed the Danish brides of James III. and James VI. to this ancient capital and the time-honoured Palace of Holyrood.

We rejoice in the assurance that the illustrious lady with whom your Royal Highness is allied possesses qualities of mind and disposition as distinguished as those personal attractions which have commanded universal admiration. May we hope

that your Royal Highness will at no distant date afford the citizens of Edinburgh an opportunity of offering to your illustrious consort in person the homage of their admiration and love, and of testifying that the loyalty which of old delighted to do honour to her royal countrywomen is still as strong as ever, while at no period of our history were the royal family ever more securely enthroned in the affections of a happy and a grateful people.

That the union which your Royal Highness has formed may be long, prosperous, and happy, the source of much comfort to Her Majesty, and of manifold benefits to this country, is our humble and earnest prayer.

Signed in name and by appointment of the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council, and the Seal of the City affixed hereto, at Edinburgh, the 12th day of March 1863 years.

CHAS. LAWSON, Lord Provost.

To which Address His Royal Highness was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:—

"I receive with grateful feelings the congratulations which you present to me from the City of Edinburgh, and my prayer is joined to yours that the event which has called them forth may prove a public as well as a private blessing.

"The City of Edinburgh is connected in my mind with many pleasant recollections of my long residence there, and I trust that at no distant time I may have an opportunity of visiting it with the Princess."

To Her Royal Highness The PRINCESS OF WALES.

May it please your Royal Highness,

WE, the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh, desire to offer your Royal Highness the expression of our warmest welcome to this country, and our heartfelt congratulations on your marriage with His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

In the affectionate enthusiasm with which your Royal Highness has been received in Edinburgh, and in the universal rejoicings with which the people have hailed the marriage of your Royal Highness with the Prince of Wales, your



Highness may perceive some indication of the unbounded satisfaction with which that auspicious event is universally regarded, and of the love and loyalty on which your Royal Highness and your illustrious consort may ever rely. These sentiments, common to all Her Majesty's subjects, are held by none with deeper devotion than by the people of Scotland. Connected by blood and language, and cherishing traditions of national and domestic alliance with Scandinavia, the citizens of this ancient capital rejoice in the union of the Prince of Scotland with a Princess of Denmark, and they desire to offer your Royal Highness their profoundest homage and loyalty.

In the exalted character of his royal parents the Prince of Wales will ever have a strong hold upon the affections of this country. But your illustrious husband has personal and peculiar claims upon the love and sympathy of the inhabitants of this city, where he received a part of his education, and where his distinguished kindness and amiability are still held in grateful remembrance.

We rejoice in the assurance that your Royal Highness has enjoyed the benefits of a wise parental training, and that in your new home, and amid the splendours of your high position, you will be able to cherish the memories of a childhood and early youth spent in scenes of domestic peace and piety.

That God, in His infinite goodness, may pour down upon you His choicest gifts, and make you a blessing to your illustrious consort, to our beloved Queen, and to this great Empire, is our humble and earnest prayer.

Signed in name and by appointment of the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council, and the Seal of the City affixed hereto, at Edinburgh, the 12th day of March 1863 years.

CHAS. LAWSON, Lord Provost.

To which Address Her Royal Highness was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer:—

"My Lord Provost, and Gentlemen of the City of Edinburgh,

"I cordially accept your earnest expressions of congratulation and welcome.

"It is most gratifying to receive such proofs of loyalty and attachment.

"I can never forget these marks of deep interest manifested towards me.

"I thank you most sincerely for your kind wishes, which I return with the assurance of my full appreciation of their value."

WHITEHALL, April 30, 1863.

The following Addresses of Congratulation to the Queen, on the Marriage of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Baronet, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, for Presentation, have accordingly been presented by him to Her Majesty, who has been pleased to receive the same very graciously:—

To The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty.

May it please your Majesty,

We, your Majesty's loyal subjects, the Chancellor, Fellows, and Graduates of the University of London, offer to your Majesty our dutiful and heartfelt congratulations on the recent marriage of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales with Her Royal Highness the Princess Alexandra of Denmark.

We fervently hope that this auspicious union, welcomed with enthusiasm by the people of these realms, may impart to your Majesty for many

long years increased domestic satisfaction and happiness.

GRANVILLE.

GEO. GROTE, Vice-Chancellor and Fellow.

CHAS. J. FOSTER, Chairman of Convocation.

And the following on the same subject: from

The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of Huntingdon.

The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of Kingston-upon-Thames.

The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of Derby.

The Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Town-Council of the city of Perth.

The Inhabitants of the county of Berks.

The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of Honiton.

The Master, Wardens, and Commonalty of Merchant Venturers of the city of Bristol.

The President, Vice-Presidents, and Members of the Highland Society of London.

The Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral of Manchester.

The Vicar, Churchwardens, and Vestrymen of the parish and town of Greenwich.

The Magistrates and Councillors of the royal burgh of Newburgh.

The Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses, and Inhabitants of Dorchester.

The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of Margate.

The Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Canterbury.

The Provost, Magistrates, and Town-Council of the royal burgh of Burntisland.

The Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, Freeholders, and Inhabitants of the county of Essex.

The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of Reading.

The Inhabitants of the county of Merioneth, in county meeting assembled.

The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of Wisbeach.

The Noblemen, Gentlemen, Commissioners of Supply, and Justices of the Peace of the county of Edinburgh, in public meeting assembled.

The Provost, Magistrates, and Council of the city and royal burgh of Dunfermline.

—EARL RUSSELL, Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received from Sir Arthur C. Magenis, Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Lisbon, a copy of a Law passed by the Portuguese Government, and published in the "Diario de Lisboa," of April 7, 1863, abolishing passports for the Interior of Portugal, the Azores, and Madeira, of which the following is a translation:—

"Dom Lewis, by the Grace of God, King of Portugal, and of the Algarves, &c., we make known to all our subjects that the General Cortes have decreed, and that we sanction the following law:—

Article 1st. Passports for the interior of the kingdom of Portugal are abolished.

Article 2d. All persons, both natives and foreigners, will be allowed to travel and pass freely through the continent and the adjacent islands without being dependent upon passports or any other documents of a similar nature.

Article 3d. The Government will make, in the Police regulations now in force, the proper modifications, so that, firstly, travellers arriving from foreign countries and entering the kingdom shall not meet with unnecessary obstructions, or pay

any fees which they are not bound to pay; and secondly, for the purpose of harmonizing the fees paid by vessels on entering and quitting the ports of the kingdom, so that in equality of circumstances, native vessels shall not pay greater fees than foreign vessels, and no greater fees shall be exacted at one port than at another, unless there should be a special reason for it.

Article 4th. The tax of 600 reis, which is paid at present by foreigners entering the bar of Lisbon, is repealed.

Article 5th. All the legislation to the contrary is revoked.

We command, therefore, all the authorities to whom the knowledge of, and the compliance with, the said law appertain, that they do comply with it, and cause it to be complied with, and observed exactly as is contained therein.

The Ministers and Secretaries of State for the Affairs of the Interior and of Finance, shall have it printed, published, and put into circulation.

Given at the Palace of Mafra, on the 31st day of January 1863.

(Signed) THE KING.

EARL RUSSELL, Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received from Mr Ward, Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires and Consul-General at the Hanse Towns, a copy of an Ordinance of the Senate of Lübeck, abolishing the necessity of passports to foreigners frequenting the territory of that State from the 1st of May next, of which the following is a translation:—

Translation. 1863, April 11.—No. 7.

ORDINANCE TOUCHING THE ABOLITION OF THE
NECESSITY OF PASSPORTS.

(Published April 15th, 1863.)

In order to facilitate the resort of foreigners, the Senate has resolved upon the following regulations, which shall come into force on the 1st of May next,

1.

Foreigners who arrive in the Lübeck territory shall not be required to produce a passport or any other document of legitimation of their journey, or to have the same visa-ed by the Lübeck Police authorities; but they shall be obliged, as heretofore, if officially required, to give satisfactory proof as to their persons and means of living.

After a term of residence exceeding one month, the regulations of the Ordinance of November 28th, 1860, touching the residence of foreigners in the State of Lübeck, and the necessity of cards of residence (aufenthaltskarten) shall come into force.

2.

Foreign handicraftsmen, only passing through, shall, in consequence of the above general regulations, also be exempted from the necessity of producing their travelling-book to the Police authorities, or of having it visa-ed by them; at the desire of the former, however, their books shall be visa-ed, as has hitherto been the practice.

3.

Foreign handicraftsmen, workmen in factories, mechanics, servants, and others of the same class who arrive in the Lübeck territory in search of work, livelihood, or service, or who travel in the State of Lübeck in search of a livelihood, or living, by their profession, shall still be subject to the respective special regulations, and shall therefore, directly on their arrival, be obliged to produce to the Police authorities the necessary papers, (viz.,

travelling-book, work-book, passport, or certificate of settlement).

4.

As regards the admission of foreigners into the houses of Lübeck subjects, the regulations of the Ordinance of December 27th, 1851, which relates to the necessity of giving notice of the names of foreigners staying in the inns and public houses, as well as the Ordinances of August 25th, 1855, touching the admission of foreigners and the rules for servants, dated June 25th, 1862, shall remain in force.

Given at Lübeck, in the Assembly of the Senate, on April 11th, 1863.

(Signed) C. TH. OVERBECK, Dr.,
Secretary.

At the Court at Windsor, the 28th day of April
1863,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

This day the Right Honourable George Frederick Samuel, Earl de Grey and Ripon, was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

At the Court at Windsor, the 28th day of April
1863,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Her Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable George Frederick Samuel, Earl de Grey and Ripon, to be one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, he was this day, by Her Majesty's command, sworn one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State accordingly.

At the Court at Windsor, the 28th day of April
1863,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas the rules and practice observed for the purpose of preventing collisions at sea, which were formerly adopted by maritime Nations, have proved insufficient to satisfy the requirements of modern navigation; and whereas various alterations in such rules and practice have from time to time been made by different Nations, but the rules so altered have been found to be in some cases inconsistent with each other, and in other cases to have the force of municipal law only; and whereas certain regulations for the purpose aforesaid have been sanctioned by the "Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862," and are contained in table C, in the schedule to that Act. And whereas the said regulations have, in pursuance of the provisions in the said Act contained, been modified by an Order in Council bearing date the 9th day of January 1863, and the said regulations so modified, are appended to the said Order and to this Order. And whereas, by virtue of the said Act, and of the said Order, the said regulations so appended as aforesaid, will, so far as relates to British and French ships, and also so far as relates to other foreign ships when within British jurisdiction, come into operation on the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three: And whereas it is provided by the same Act, that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that the Government of any foreign country is

willing that the regulations for preventing collision, contained in Table C, in the schedule to the said Acts, or such other regulations for preventing collision as are for the time being in force under the said Act, should apply to the ships of such country when beyond the limits of British jurisdiction, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that such regulations shall apply to the ships of the said foreign country, whether within British jurisdiction or not: And it is further provided by the said Act, that whenever an Order in Council has been issued, applying any regulation made by or in pursuance of the said Act to the ships of any foreign country, such ships shall, in all cases arising in any British Court, be deemed to be subject to such regulation, and shall, for the purpose of such regulation, be treated as if they were British ships: And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that the following Governments, that is to say:—

The Government of His Majesty the Emperor of Austria ;
 The Government of His Majesty the King of the Belgians ;
 The Government of His Majesty the King of Hanover ;
 The Government of His Majesty the King of Hayti ;
 The Government of His Majesty the King of Italy ;
 The Government of His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin ;
 The Government of His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Oldenburg ;
 The Government of His Majesty the King of Portugal ;
 The Government of His Majesty the King of Prussia ;

Are willing that the said regulations appended to the said Order and to this Order should, on and after the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, apply to ships belonging to their respective countries when beyond the limits of British jurisdiction :

Now therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the power vested in Her by the said recited Act, and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to direct

That the said regulations appended to the said Order in Council bearing date the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and to this Order, shall, on and after the said first day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, apply to ships belonging to the following countries, that is to say :

Austria,
 Belgium,
 Hanover,
 Hayti,
 Italy,
 Mecklenburg-Schwerin,
 Oldenburg,
 Portugal,
 Prussia,

whether within British jurisdiction or not.

ARTHUR HELPS.

REGULATIONS REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING ORDER.

REGULATIONS FOR PREVENTING COLLISIONS AT SEA.

Contents.

Article 1. Preliminary.

RULES CONCERNING LIGHTS.

2. Lights to be carried as follows:—

3. Lights for Steam Ships.

4. Lights for Steam Tugs.
5. Lights for Sailing Ships.
6. Exceptional Lights for small Sailing Vessels.
7. Lights for Ships at Anchor.
8. Lights for Pilot Vessels.
9. Lights for Fishing Vessels and Boats.

RULES CONCERNING FOG SIGNALS.

10. Fog Signals.

STEERING AND SAILING RULES.

11. Two Sailing Ships meeting.
12. Two Sailing Ships crossing.
13. Two Ships under steam meeting.
14. Two Ships under steam crossing.
15. Sailing Ship and Ship under steam.
16. Ships under steam to slacken speed.
17. Vessels overtaking other vessels.
18. Construction of Articles 12, 14, 15, and 17.
19. Proviso to save special cases.
20. No Ship under any circumstances to neglect proper precautions.

PRELIMINARY.

Art. 1. In the following Rules every Steam Ship which is under sail and not under steam is to be considered a Sailing Ship; and every Steam Ship which is under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a ship under steam.

RULES CONCERNING LIGHTS.

Lights.

Art. 2. The Lights mentioned in the following Articles, numbered 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, and no others, shall be carried in all weathers, from sunset to sunrise.

Lights for Steam Ships.

Art. 3. Sea-going Steam-ships when under weigh shall carry :

(a.) *At the Foremast Head* a bright White Light, so fixed as to show an uniform and unbroken Light over an arc of the horizon of 20 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light 10 points on each side of the ship, viz., from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on either side; and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least five miles :

(b.) *On the Starboard Side* a Green Light so constructed as to throw an uniform and unbroken Light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on the starboard side; and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles :

(c.) *On the Port Side* a Red Light, so constructed as to show an uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on the port side; and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles :

(d.) The said Green and Red Side Lights shall be fitted with inboard screens, projecting at least three feet forward from the Light, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.

Lights for Steam Tugs.

Art. 4. Steam Ships, when towing other ships, shall carry two bright White Mast-head Lights vertically, in addition to their side lights, so as to distinguish them from other Steam Ships. Each of

these Mast-head Lights shall be of the same construction and character as the Mast-head Lights which other Steam-Ships are required to carry.

Lights for Sailing Ships.

Art. 5. Sailing Ships under weigh, or being towed, shall carry the same lights as Steam Ships under weigh, with the exception of the White Mast-head Lights, which they shall never carry.

Exceptional Lights for Small Sailing Vessels.

Art. 6. Whenever, as in the case of small vessels during bad weather, the Green and Red lights cannot be fixed, these lights shall be kept on deck, on their respective sides of the vessel, ready for instant exhibition; and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the Green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the Red light on the starboard side.

To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy, the lanterns containing them shall each be painted outside with the colour of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with suitable screens.

Lights for Ships at Anchor.

Art. 7. Ships, whether steam ships or sailing ships, when at anchor in roadsteads or fairways, shall exhibit, where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding twenty-feet above the hull, a White light, in a globular lantern of eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light, visible all round the horizon, and at a distance of at least one mile.

Lights for Pilot Vessels.

Art. 8. Sailing Pilot Vessels shall not carry the lights required for other sailing vessels, but shall carry a White Light at the mast-head, visible all round the horizon,—and shall also exhibit a Flare-up Light every fifteen minutes.

Lights for Fishing Vessels and Boats.

Art. 9. Open Fishing Boats and other open boat shall not be required to carry the side lights required for other vessels; but shall, if they do not carry such lights, carry a lantern having a Green slide on the one side and a Red slide on the other side; and on the approach of or to other vessels, such lantern shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the Green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the Red light on the starboard side.

Fishing Vessels and open boats when at anchor, or attached to their nets and stationary, shall exhibit a bright White Light.

Fishing Vessels and open boats shall however not be prevented from using a Flare-up in addition, if considered expedient.

RULES CONCERNING FOG SIGNALS.

Fog Signals.

Art. 10. Whenever there is fog, whether by day or night, the Fog Signals described below shall be carried and used, and shall be sounded at least every five minutes; viz:—

(a.) Steam Ships under weigh shall use a Steam Whistle placed before the funnel, not less than eight feet from the deck:

(b.) Sailing Ships under weigh shall use a Fog Horn:

(c.) Steam Ships and Sailing Ships when not under weigh shall use a Bell.

STEERING AND SAILING RULES.

Two Sailing Ships Meeting.

Art. 11. If Two Sailing Ships are meeting end on, or nearly end on, so as to involve risk of collision, the helms of both shall be put to port, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

Two Sailing Ships Crossing.

Art. 12. When two sailing ships are crossing so as to involve risk of collision, then, if they have the wind on different sides, the ship with the wind on the port side shall keep out of the way of the ship with the wind on the starboard side; except in the case in which the ship with the wind on the port side is close-hauled and the other ship free, in which case the latter ship shall keep out of the way; but if they have the wind on the same side, or if one of them has the wind aft, the ship which is to windward shall keep out of the way of the ship which is to leeward.

Two Ships under Steam Meeting.

Art. 13. If two ships under steam are meeting end on, or nearly end on, so as to involve risk of collision, the helms of both shall be put to port, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

Two Ships under Steam Crossing.

Art. 14. If two ships under steam are crossing so as to involve risk of collision, the ship which has the other on her own starboard shall keep out of the way of the other.

Sailing Ship and Ship under Steam.

Art. 15. If two ships, one of which is a sailing ship, and the other a steam ship, are proceeding in such directions as to involve risk of collision, the steam ship shall keep out of the way of the sailing ship.

Ships under Steam to slacken Speed.

Art. 16. Every steam ship, when approaching another ship so as to involve risk of collision, shall slacken her speed, or if necessary stop and reverse; and every steam ship shall, when in a fog, go at a moderate speed.

Vessels overtaking other Vessels.

Art. 17. Every vessel overtaking any other vessel, shall keep out of the way of the said last-mentioned vessel.

Construction of Articles, 12, 14, 15, and 17.

Art. 18. Where, by the above rules, one of two ships is to keep out of the way, the other shall keep her course, subject to the qualifications contained in the following Article.

Proviso to save special cases.

Art. 19. In obeying and construing these rules, due regard must be had to all dangers of navigation; and due regard must also be had to any special circumstances which may exist in any particular case rendering a departure from the above rules necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

No Ship, under any circumstances, to neglect proper precautions.

Art. 20. Nothing in these Rules shall exonerate any Ship, or the owner, or master, or crew thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper look-out, or of the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

REGULATIONS FOR THE REGISTRATION OF POST LETTERS.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the 3d and 4th years of the reign of Her Majesty, chapter 96, for the regulation of the duties of postage, it was enacted by section 39, (after reciting that it might be expedient that certain post letters should be registered,) that in case the Postmaster-General should at any time deem it expedient that all or any post letters should be registered by the Post-Office, the Postmaster-General might, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, forward letters so registered without charging any additional rate for the registration thereof, or he might charge for any letters so registered such rate of postage in addition to any other rates payable under the Post-Office Acts as the Postmaster-General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, should from time to time direct, (but such registration should not render the Postmaster-General, or the Post-Office Revenue, in any manner liable for the loss of any such post letters, or the contents thereof,) and that all registered letters should be delivered to the Post-Office, and also be delivered by the Post-Office, at or between such hours in the day, and under all such regulations in every respect, as the Postmaster-General should from time to time appoint; and that the Postmaster-General might therein require such registration rate to be paid on the letter being put into the Post-Office. And by section 60 it was further enacted that in all cases in which the postage of any unstamped letter should not have been paid by the sender it should be paid by the person to whom the letter is addressed, on the delivery thereof to him, but that, if the letter should be refused, or the party to whom it is addressed should be dead, or could not be found, the writer or sender should pay the postage; and that the now reciting enactment should apply to every packet, newspaper, and thing whatsoever chargeable with postage, which should be transmitted by the post. And by section 63 it was also enacted that all post letters should be posted, forwarded, conveyed, and delivered, under and subject to all such orders, directions, and regulations, and under and subject to all such conditions, limitations, and restrictions, as to the form, size, dimensions, enclosures, or otherwise, as the Postmaster-General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury should from time to time direct.

And whereas by a certain other Act of Parliament, made and passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the 10th and 11th years of the reign of Her Majesty, chapter 85, for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post-Office, after reciting the said hereinbefore recited Act it was enacted by section 10 that it should be lawful for the Postmaster-General, and any officer of the Post-Office, to detain any letters which should be posted or sent by the post contrary to the regulations of the said now recited Act, or the said hereinbefore recited Act, or contrary to any regulations made under the authority of the said now reciting Act, or the said hereinbefore recited Act, or contrary to the regulations of any Treasury Warrant which should be issued under or by virtue of the said now recited Act, or which had been or should be issued under or by virtue of the said hereinbefore recited Act, and to forward such letters to the places of their destina-

tion, charged with such rates of postage as the Postmaster-General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, should from time to time direct.

And whereas, by the said two hereinbefore recited Acts respectively, it was provided that whenever the order, consent, authority, or direction of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury was prescribed by the said Acts, such order, consent, authority, or direction (not being by Warrant), might be signified either under the hands of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, or any three of them, or under the hand of one of their Secretaries or Assistant-Secretaries.

And whereas, in pursuance of the said recited Acts, a system of registration has been established, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, whereby the public have been and are entitled to forward letters by the post at a certain charge or registration rate of postage, in addition to the other rates payable thereon, and it is expedient that such system of registration should be extended, and such registration rate altered, in manner and according to the regulations hereinafter mentioned and contained, and that certain orders, directions, and regulations for that purpose heretofore made, should be rescinded, revoked, repealed, and annulled.

Now I, Edward John Lord Stanley of Alderley, Her Majesty's Postmaster-General, by and with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, signified under the hand of one of their Secretaries, whose name is hereunto set, do hereby rescind, revoke, repeal, and annul certain orders, directions, and regulations heretofore by me made, and bearing date the 20th day of December 1862, except so far as the same shall have rescinded, revoked, repealed, or annulled any other orders, directions, or regulations theretofore made, and except as to all matters and things which shall have been made or done previous to the coming into operation of these orders, directions, and regulations, as to which the said orders, directions, and regulations, bearing date the 20th day of December 1862, shall be and remain in full force and effect, notwithstanding the repeal thereof, which is only to operate as from the day on which these orders, directions, and regulations shall come into operation; and I do hereby, by and with such consent as aforesaid, order, direct, and declare as follows:—

1. The registration rate of postage, payable at any Post-Office in the United Kingdom on inland letters registered during the ordinary hours appointed for the registration thereof at such Post-Office, shall be fourpence, and such registration rate shall be payable in stamps, but this regulation shall not extend to the registration rates chargeable and payable on colonial or foreign letters.

2. All letters, whether inland, colonial, or foreign, may be registered at the metropolitan chief Post-Offices, or at the London District Post-Offices, (including the Lombard Street and Charing Cross Branch Post-Offices,) or at any Provincial Head Post-Office in the United Kingdom, after the ordinary hours appointed for the registration thereof, at any such Post-Office, until the closing of the letter-box for each dispatch, or until such Post-Office is closed for the night, upon payment of a late registration rate of postage of fourpence, which shall be payable in stamps in addition to the ordinary registration rate, and to any other rates chargeable or payable thereon.

3. All letters containing coin, posted in any town or place in the United Kingdom, addressed to any person, town, or place in the United King-

dom, and all letters which shall have written or put thereon the word "registered," or any other word or words of the like meaning or to the like effect when posted, whether the same shall have or contain therein coin or not, shall be delivered to the Post-Office for registration, and shall be registered by the Post-Office at the time of the same being posted, and a rate of postage of fourpence for every letter so registered shall be charged for the registration thereof, in addition to any other rates of postage payable thereon, or which may become chargeable thereon under the regulations hereinbefore, in the 2d clause mentioned, and every such registration rate shall be paid in stamps at the time of such letters being posted.

4. If any such letters shall be put into the Post-Office without being registered by the Post-Office, and without the registration rate or rates chargeable thereon being paid in stamps, as hereinbefore in the third clause is mentioned and directed, such letters shall be registered by any Post-Office through which they may pass in course of transmission thereof by the post, and shall be forwarded so registered to their destination, and shall be charged with double the ordinary registration rate of postage of fourpence, in addition to any other rates of postage chargeable or payable thereon, with a deduction nevertheless equal to the amount of any stamps which may have been affixed to such letters in payment or part payment of the registration rate chargeable thereon.

5. Any such letters as are hereinbefore in the 4th clause mentioned, may be detained for the purpose of being registered by any Post-Office through which they may pass in course of transmission thereof by the post, until the next ordinary dispatch to that by which they would have been forwarded, conveyed, and delivered, if they had been registered by the Post-Office according to the directions hereinbefore in the 3d clause mentioned.

6. The 3d and 4th clauses hereinbefore contained shall not extend to any letters sent to or from any of Her Majesty's colonies or any foreign country.

7. These regulations shall come into operation on and from the 1st day of May next.

Given under my hand, this 2d day of April 1863.

STANLEY OF ALDERLEY,
Her Majesty's Postmaster-General.

whereby signify the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury to the foregoing regulations.

F. PEEL.

CROWN OFFICE, April 28, 1863.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of New Radnor.

Richard Green Price, of Norton Manor, in the county of Radnor, Esq., in the room of the Right Honourable Sir George Cornewall Lewis, Bart., deceased.

April 29.

Borough of Halifax.

James Stansfeld, the younger, of Thurloe Square, Brompton, in the county of Middlesex, Esq., one of the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

ADMIRALTY, April 27, 1863.

Royal Marine Light Infantry.

First Lieutenant Charles Lanyon Owen to be Adjutant.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Edinburgh or Mid-Lothian.

1st Mid-Lothian Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Second Lieutenant Andrew W. Stewart to be First Lieutenant. Dated 18th April 1863.

William Ross Gardlyne to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th April 1863.

1st Mid-Lothian Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Andrew Aitken to be Lieutenant. Dated 15th April 1863.

Ensign John Bennett to be Lieutenant. Dated 15th April 1863.

Ensign Hather Rasmussen to be Lieutenant. Dated 15th April 1863.

John Miller Russell to be Ensign. Dated 15th April 1863.

Samuel Smart to be Ensign. Dated 15th April 1863.

Lieutenant James Smith to be Supernumerary Lieutenant. Dated 15th April 1863.

Lieutenant George Blanchard to be Supernumerary Lieutenant. Dated 15th April 1863.

BANKRUPTS

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

BANKRUPTCY DISMISSED AND ANNULLED.

Maria Urry and Thomas Charles Urry, of 4, Leigh Street, Burton Crescent, Euston Road, Saint Pancras, Middlesex, trading as Urry & Co., stampers on muslin, and dealers in perfumery, hair nets, and other fancy goods.

BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.

William Frederick Henson, of 15, New Cavendish Street, Portland Place, Middlesex, commission agent, a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, (in formâ pauperis).

Walter Hancock, of Fulbourn, (and not Fulham, as before advertised,) Cambridge, grocer and draper.

James Unsworth, now and for three months last past residing at 4, Buxton Terrace, Old Swan, near Liverpool, Lancaster, and for ten years previously thereto residing and carrying on business as a boot and shoe maker in St Oswald Street, Old Swan aforesaid, and during the whole of the said periods being a cabinetmaker.

William Harrison, the younger, of Saxilby, Lincoln, blacksmith, and retailer of beer.

John Broune Boulton, of Newcastle-under-Lyme, Stafford, smallware and marine store dealer.

George Priestley, of Haley Hill, Northowram, Halifax, York, provision dealer and confectioner.

Frederick Taylor, of Frog Street, Exeter, coach-builder, (in formâ pauperis).

William Noble, of 68, Myrtle Street, Bradford, York, tea dealer, previously of Windhill, York, tea dealer.

Thomas Maids, of Taynton, Oxford, carpenter and hurdle maker, grocer, provision dealer, baker, and dealer in flour, coals, and fuel.

John Allen, of Freshford, Somerset, haulier.

Thomas Caleadine, of Bath Street, Ilkeston, Derby, fruiterer.

Jacob Moseson, at present residing in furnished lodgings in Princess Street, West Hartlepool, Durham, out of business, and previously of Sussex Street, Sunderland, Durham, and carrying on business under the name or style of Jacob Moseson & Co., jeweller.

Henry Seddon, of 270, Deansgate, Manchester, watch and clock maker.

Thomas Wright, of 5, Priory Terrace, Tonbridge, Kent, linen and woollen draper, tailor, hatter, and tea dealer.

John Proctor, of Market Rasen, Lincoln, beer retailer.

Peter Turtle Scott, of 104, Coleman Street, Islington, Middlesex, working tailor, a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, (in formâ pauperis).

Jane Floyd, of 13, Burdett Street, Walworth Common, Surrey, schoolmistress and sempstress, a prisoner for debt in Horsemonger Lane Gaol, (in formâ pauperis).

Thomas Gurney Philpot, of 30, Gracechurch Street, London, ship broker, insurance broker, and ship owner, residing at Florence Villa, Camden Hill, Kensington, Middlesex, (trading under the style or firm of Philpot & Company).

John Hudson, of 3, Camden Street North, Camden Town, Middlesex, out of business, late of Wiveton Rectory, Cley-next-the-sea, Norfolk, and formerly of 76, Gloucester Place, Kentish Town, Middlesex, clerk in the general post-office.

Joseph Walters, of Northampton, hatter.

Robert William Hanford, of St Neots, Huntingdon, printer, bookseller, stationer, and news agent, and formerly carrying on business in copartnership with Edward Stephens and George Henry Carne Hedley, under the style or firm of Stephens & Co., at Biggleswade, Bedford, as fire lighter manufacturers.

Nicholas Lane Jackson, of 8, Mason's Avenue, Basinghall Street, London, and 38, Commercial Road, Peckham, Surrey, sergeant-at-mace to the Sheriffs of London.

John Atkins Blake, (sued and committed as John Blake, and also trading as John Atkins,) late of 17, Canterbury Place, Lambeth, but now of Falcon Villa, Falcon Road, Battersea, both in Surrey, commission agent, and dealer in building materials, and perfumery, a prisoner for debt in Horsemonger Lane Gaol, Surrey, (in formâ pauperis).

John White, of Garrett Lane, Wandsworth, Surrey, journeyman lucifer match maker, lately a retailer of beer.

Francis Hopkins Parsons, of 109, Cirencester Street, Harrow Road, Middlesex, plumber, glazier, oilman, and grocer.

Thomas Burbrow, of 4, Collingwood Street, City Road, Middlesex, baker.

Robert Mothersill, of 11, Euston Square, St Pancras, and of 512, New Oxford Street, both in Middlesex, wine merchant.

John Roddis, the younger, formerly of Northampton, baker, but now of Arthur Street, Kingsthorpe, Northampton, baker and beerseller.

Daniel Yardley, of 2, James Place, Kensington Square, and previously of Church Street, Kensington, both in Middlesex, tailor, (in formâ pauperis).

Alfred John Sherring, of 6, Horrocks's Row, New Cross, Surrey, baker.

Robert Turner Fry, late of 1, Bedford Row, Clapham Rise, collector of the South Western Railway Company, Nine Elms, Vauxhall, afterwards of the House of Correction, Wandsworth Common, but now of 5, Frederick Terrace, Lavender Hill, all in Surrey, out of business.

Philip Cross, of 1, Kender Street, New Cross, Surrey, butcher.

James Hacker, formerly of Haviland Hall, Norfolk, coachman, whilst there wife carrying on business at 14, Middle Row, Knightsbridge, as a tobacconist, then of 26, Stanley Street, Brompton, and next and now of 25A, Princess Street, Chelsea, all in Middlesex, coachman, wife lodging-house keeper.

William Frost, of 76, High Street, Gravesend, Kent, boot and shoe maker.

Thomas MacLagan, now in lodgings at Bath Row, Birmingham, Warwick, vocalist, and late of 14, Saint John Street, Saint Peter Street, Islington, Middlesex, vocalist, and during part of such residence travelling in various parts of England and Scotland as a vocalist.

Edward Charles Lyne Taylor, formerly of 4, 19, and 22, Cumberland Place, Newington Butts, Surrey, afterwards of 4, The Crescent, Hackney Road, Middlesex, and of 29, Union Road, Stone's End, Southwark, Surrey, and late of 4, King's Arch Place, East Street, Walworth Road, Surrey, perambulator manufacturer, trading in copartnership with Ambrose Sparkes, at the last-mentioned place, as perambulator manufacturers, a prisoner for debt in Horsemonger Lane Gaol, Surrey, (in formâ pauperis).

James Hillert Perry, formerly of Tenison Street, York Road, Lambeth, Surrey, and of Thames Ditton, Surrey, afterwards of 10, Newman Street, Oxford Street, Middlesex, afterwards of 10, Charlotte Street, Bedford Square, afterwards of 4, Carpenter Street, Mount Street, Berkeley Square, but now of 3, Charles Street, Berkeley Square, all in Middlesex, magnetic pathist, a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, London, (in formâ pauperis).

Richard Boycott, of Blaina, Monmouth, contractor.

Edmund George Hercy, (and not Edmund George Herey, as previously advertised,) of 1, Monmouth Road North, Westbourne Grove, Middlesex, and now residing at Stammer's Hotel, Greenwich, Kent, milliner.

Matthew Saich, formerly of 2, Albion Place, afterwards of 43, Berkeley Street, both in Hyde Park Square, carpenter and builder, then of the Railway Hotel, Ealing, licensed victualler, but previously of Rinalip, near Uxbridge, farmer, and now residing at 12, Windsor Place, Windsor Terrace, Harrow Road, Paddington, all in Middlesex, out of business.

George Moon, of 89, Montpelier Road, Brighton, and late of 214, Western Road, Brighton, both in Sussex, tobacconist, journeyman plumber, painter, and house decorator.

Abraham Rawson, of Northill, Bedford, potatoe dealer and butcher.

Nathan Mason and Louis Mason, of Vyse Street, Birmingham, Warwick, jewellers, trading under the firm of Mason & Son.

Charles Burton, of Wolverhampton, Stafford, butcher.

The Reverend John Henry Brown, of Langford, Nottingham, clerk.

John Bean, of Swinthorpe, Snelland, Lincoln, farmer, previously of Beckingham, Lincoln, farmer, out of business, and formerly of Hademore, Stafford, farmer.

John Henry Osborne, of Plymouth, Devon, painter, glazier, plumber, and gasfitter.

George Stoney, of Bradford, York, bobbin manufacturer, trading under the style or firm of George Stoney, late Leuty, Stoney, & Co.

Richard Johnson, of Kingston-upon-Hull, draper.

William Spicer, of Sutton, East Riding of York, brewer.

James Edgecombe Galt, of 31, Paradise Street, Liverpool, Lancaster, window blindmaker.

John George Hague, of 219, Burlington Street, and late carrying on business at 68, Portland Street, both in Liverpool, Lancaster, grocer, provision and flour dealer, and baker.

David Stevens, of 4, Woodville Terrace, Everton, Liverpool, Lancaster, dealer in felt, previously of 7, Dame Court, Dame Street, Dublin, Ireland, dealer in wines, spirits, and beer.

Richard Parr, late of Old Cross, Freckleton, and formerly of the Bridge Inn, Leyland, Lancaster, licensed victualler, and late a prisoner for debt in Her Majesty's Prison at Lancaster.

George Bradbury, late of 10, New Cannon Street, Manchester, Lancashire, yarn commission agent and yarn dealer.

Robert Handley, of Spring Side, Toad Lane, Rochdale, Lancaster, butcher.

Edward Newton and Robert Broderick Armstrong, both of Sunderland, Durham, sail makers and ship chandlers, trading together as copartners under the style or firm of Newton & Armstrong.

Sayer Spedding, of South Church and Bishop Auckland, both in Durham, common brewer and maltster.

Albert Sherwood, now and for six months now last past in lodgings at James Sherwoods, Vine Place, Wills Street, Villa Street, Aston Manor, Birmingham, Warwick, out of business and employment, before then residing at 52, Great Hampton Street, Birmingham aforesaid, electro plate manufacturer.

George Burnby, of West Heslerton, York, out of business, formerly of Acomb, York, innkeeper.

Thomas Woods, of Lever Edge Farm, Great Lever, Lancaster, cattle dealer, and dealer in straw, late a prisoner for debt in the Gaol of Lancaster.

Charles Giddins, of Dunstable, Bedford, painter, plumber, and glazier, late a prisoner in the Bedford County Gaol for debt.

Rachel Smith and Ann Atkinson, both of Bishop Auckland, Durham, licensed victuallers.

Henry Scott, of Bridgwater, Somerset, timber merchant.

David Norris, of the British Camp Inn, Colwall, Hereford, innkeeper.

John Howe, of Railway Terrace, Saint Philip and Jacob, Bristol, mason and builder.

William Henry Bowers, of 1, St Thomas' Place, and late of 5, Dale Street, both in Manchester, commercial traveller, out of employment.

Robert Carman, the younger, of Prickwillow, Isle of Ely, Cambridge, and late a prisoner in the County Gaol of Cambridgeshire, Chesterton, wheelwright and machine maker.

James Fielden, of 60, Berkeley Street, Strangeways, Manchester, Lancaster, furniture dealer.

William Halcrow, of Pelham Street, Kingston-upon-Hull, cooper and machinist.

STATIONS OF THE BRITISH ARMY on 4th MAY 1863.

Where two Places are mentioned, the last named is that at which the Depot of the Regiment is Stationed.

CAVALRY.

1st Life Guards, Regent's Park.	
2d " Hyde Park.	
Royal Horse Guards, Windsor.	
1st Dragoon Guards, Bangalore, Madras—Canterbury.	
2d " Bengal—Canterbury.	
3d " Ahmednuggur, Bombay—Canterbury.	
4th " Dublin.	
5th " Dublin.	
6th " Aldershot.	
7th " Sealkote, Bengal—Canterbury.	
1st Dragoons, Birmingham.	
2d " (Greys), Birmingham.	
3d Hussars, Piershill, Edinburgh.	
4th " Newbridge.	
5th Lancers, Norwich.	
6th Dragoons, Mhow, Bombay—Maidstone.	
7th Hussars, Umballa, Bengal—Maidstone.	
8th " Meerut, Bengal—Canterbury.	
9th Lancers, Brighton—Canterbury.	
10th Hussars, Dublin.	
11th " Cahir.	
12th Lancers, Aldershot.	
13th Hussars, Aldershot.	
14th " Manchester.	
15th " Dundalk.	
16th Lancers, York.	
17th " Secunderabad, Madras—Maidstone.	
18th Hussars, Hounslow.	
19th Hussars, Cawnpore, Bengal—Maidstone.	
20th " Sealkote, Bengal—Canterbury.	
21st " Muttra, Bengal—Canterbury.	

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Head-Quarters, London—Woolwich.

1st (Horse), Woolwich.	11th (Field) Lucknow.
2d " Meerut.	12th (Garrison) Mauritius.
3d " Bangalore.	13th (Field) Woolwich.
4th " Kirkee.	14th " Bombay.
5th " Umballa.	15th " Halifax, N.S.
1st (Garrison) Gibraltar.	16th " Barruckpore.
2d " Dover.	17th " Madras.
3d " Malta & Corfu.	18th " Kirkee.
4th (Field) Aldershot.	19th " Peshawur.
5th (Garrison) Plymouth.	20th " Kamptee.
6th " Portsmouth.	21st " Mhow.
7th " Portsmouth.	22d " Moeat.
8th (Field) Dublin.	23d " Secunderbd.
9th " Shorncliffe.	24th " Mean Meer.
10th (Garrison) Halifax, N.S.	25th " Delhi.

Coast Brigade, Head-Quarters, Woolwich.

ROYAL ENGINEERS.

Head-Quarters, Horse Guards, 19th Coy., Perth, (survey).	
A Troop, Royal Engineer Train, Aldershot.	20th Weymouth.
1st Coy., Devonport.	21st Mauritius.
2d Aldershot.	22d Portsmouth.
3d Gibraltar.	23d Shorncliffe.
4th Halifax, N.S.	24th Aldershot.
5th Bermuda.	25th Cape of G. Hope.
6th New Zealand.	26th Weymouth.
7th Dover.	27th Gibraltar.
8th China.	28th Malta.
9th Woolwich.	29th Corfu.
10th Chatham.	30th Corfu.
11th Mauritius.	31st Malta.
12th Cape of Good Hope.	32d St Helena.
13th Dublin, (survey).	33d Gibraltar.
14th Dublin, (survey).	34th Bermuda.
15th Canada.	35th Chatham.
16th Southampton, (survey).	36th Chatham.
17th Curragh of Kildare.	37th Chatham.
18th Canada.	38th Chatham.
	39th Chatham.
	40th Chatham.

MILITARY TRAIN.

Head-Quarters, Woolwich.	
1st Battalion, Woolwich.	
2d " Aldershot.	
3d " Canada.	
4th " Aldershot.	
5th " Woolwich.	
6th " Curragh of Kildare.	

FOOT GUARDS.

Grenadier Guards, (1st Battalion) Montreal.	
" (2d Battalion) Wellington Barracks.	
" (3d Battalion) St George's Barracks.	
Coldstream Guards, (1st Battalion) Portman St. Barracks.	
" (2d Battalion) Windsor.	
Scotch Fusilier Guards, (1st Bat.) Wellington Barracks.	
" (2d Battalion) Montreal.	

INFANTRY.

1st Foot, (1st Batt.) Rangoon, Madras—Colchest	
(2d Battalion) Aldershot—Colchester.	
2d, (1st Battalion) Plymouth—Walmer.	
(2d Battalion) Gibraltar—Walmer.	
3d, (1st Battalion) Aldershot—Limerick.	
(2d Battalion) Gibraltar—Limerick.	
4th, (1st Battalion) Kurrachee, Bombay—Chatham.	
(2d Battalion) Cephalonia—Chatham.	
5th, (1st Battalion) Aldershot—Colchester.	
(2d Battalion) Mauritius—Colchester.	
6th, (1st Battalion) Gosport—Colchester.	
(2d Battalion) Corfu—Colchester.	
7th, (1st Battalion) Nowshera, Bengal—Walmer.	
(2d Battalion) Gibraltar—Walmer.	
8th, (1st Battalion) Sheffield—Templemore.	
(2d Battalion) Gibraltar—Templemore.	
9th, (1st Battalion) Corfu—Limerick.	
(2d Battalion) Corfu—Limerick.	
10th, (1st Battalion) Dublin—Preston.	
(2d Battalion) Cape of Good Hope—Preston.	
11th, (1st Battalion) Cork—Fermoy.	
(2d Battalion) Cape of Good Hope—Fermoy.	
12th, (1st Battalion) New South Wales—Chatham.	
(2d Battalion) Curragh of Kildare—Chatham.	
13th, (1st Battalion) Gwalior, Bengal—Fermoy.	
(2d Battalion) Cape of Good Hope—Fermoy.	
14th, (1st Battalion) Jamaica—Fermoy.	
(2d Battalion) New Zealand—Fermoy.	
15th, (1st Battalion) New Brunswick—Pembroke.	
(2d Battalion) Malta—Pembroke.	
16th, (1st Battalion) Montreal—Templemore.	
(2d Battalion) Nova Scotia—Templemore.	
17th, (1st Battalion) Quebec—Limerick.	
(2d Battalion) Nova Scotia—Limerick.	
18th, (1st Battalion) Secunderabad, Madras—Buttevant.	
(2d Battalion) New Zealand—Buttevant.	
19th, (1st Battalion) Mean Meer, Bengal—Chatham.	
(2d Battalion) Dublin—Chatham.	
20th, (1st Battalion) Goronopore, Bengal—Chatham.	
(2d Battalion) Portsmouth—Chatham.	
21st, (1st Battalion) Barbadoes—Birr.	
(2d Battalion) Dublin—Birr.	
22d, (1st Battalion) Malta—Parkhurst, Isle of Wight.	
(2d Battalion) Malta—Parkhurst, Isle of Wight.	
23d, (1st Battalion) Fyzabad, Bengal—Walmer.	
(2d Battalion) Malta—Walmer.	
24th, (1st Battalion) Aldershot—Cork.	
(2d Battalion) Mauritius—Cork.	
25th, (1st Battalion) Malta—Athlone.	
(2d Battalion) Edinburgh—Athlone.	
26th, Aldershot—Belfast.	
27th, Gondah, Bengal—Cork.	
28th, Nusseerabad, Bombay—Fermoy.	
29th, Curragh of Kildare—Preston.	
30th, Toronto—Parkhurst, Isle of Wight.	
31st, China—Chatham.	
32d, Curragh of Kildare—Preston.	
33d, Lucknow, Bombay—Fermoy.	
34th, Lucknow, Bengal—Colchester.	
35th, Agra, Bengal—Chatham.	
36th, Dublin—Athlone.	
37th, Aldershot—Pembroke.	
38th, Dynapore, Bengal—Colchester.	
39th, Bermuda—Templemore.	
40th, New Zealand—Birr.	
41st, Glasgow—Preston.	
42d, Dugshai, Bengal—Stirling.	
43d, Barruckpore, Bengal—Chatham.	
44th, Belgaum, Bombay—Colchester.	
45th, Curragh of Kildare—Parkhurst, Isle of Wight.	
46th, Cawnpore, Bengal—Buttevant.	
47th, Montreal—Athlone.	
48th, Seetapore, Bengal—Cork.	
49th, Manchester—Belfast.	
50th, Ceylon—Parkhurst, Isle of Wight.	
51st, Rawul Pindee, Bengal—Chatham.	
52d, Sealkote, Bengal—Chatham.	



STATIONS OF THE BRITISH ARMY on 4th MAY 1863—*Continued* :—

53d, Portsmouth—Birr.	92d, On passage Home—Stirling.
54th, Roorkee, Bengal—Colchester.	93d, Peshawur, Bengal—Aberdeen.
55th, Portsmouth—Preston.	94th, Jullundur, Bengal—Chatham.
56th, Deesa, Bombay—Colchester.	95th, Poona, Bombay—Fermoy.
57th, New Zealand—Cork.	96th, Cape of Good Hope—Belfast.
58th, Dublin—Birr.	97th, Jubbulpore, Bengal—Colchester.
59th, Dover—Preston.	98th, Rawul Pindee, Bengal—Colchester.
60th, (1st Battalion) The Tower—Winchester.	99th, Hong-Kong, China—Cork.
Do. (2d Battalion) Portsmouth—Winchester.	100th, Gibraltar—Parkhurst, Isle of Wight.
Do. (3d Battalion) Pegu, Madras—Winchester.	101st, Bengal—Chatham.
Do. (4th Battalion) Canada—Winchester.	102d, Madras—Chatham.
61st, Jersey—Pembroke.	103d, Bombay—Colchester.
62d, Kingston, Canada—Belfast.	104th, Meerut, Bengal—Parkhurst, Isle of Wight.
63d, London, Canada—Belfast.	105th, Madras—Pembroke.
64th, Aldershot—Colchester.	106th, Bombay—Birr.
65th, New Zealand—Birr.	107th, Lucknow, Bengal—Fermoy.
66th, Cannanore, Madras—Colchester.	108th, Madras—Fermoy.
67th, China—Athlone.	109th, Bombay—Cork.
68th, Rangoon, Madras—Fermoy.	Rifle Brigade, (1st B.) Hamilton, Canada—Winchester.
69th, Fort St George, Madras—Fermoy.	" (2d B.) Delhi, Bengal—Winchester.
70th, New Zealand—Colchester.	" (3d B.) Meerut, Bengal—Winchester.
71st, Sealkote, Bengal—Stirling.	" (4th B.) Malta—Winchester.
72d, Mhow, Bombay—Aberdeen.	German Legion—Poona.
73d, Aldershot—Chichester.	Medical Staff Corps, Chatham—Kent.
74th, Bellary, Madras—Aberdeen.	Army Hospital Corps—Chatham.
75th, Plymouth—Chatham.	Convalescent Establishment—Yarmouth.
76th, Aldershot—Belfast.	
77th, Benares, Bengal—Chatham.	
78th, Shorncliffe—Aberdeen.	
79th, Ferozepore, Bengal—Stirling.	
80th, Saugur, Bengal—Buttevant.	
81st, Umballa, Bengal—Chatham.	
82d, Shajehanpore, Bengal—Colchester.	
83d, Dover—Chatham.	
84th, Shorncliffe—Pembroke.	
85th, Cape of Good Hope—Pembroke.	
86th, Waterford—Templemore.	
87th, Aldershot—Buttevant.	
88th, Bengal—Colchester.	
89th, Dugshai, Bengal—Fermoy.	
90th, Allahabad, Bengal—Colchester.	
91st, Bengal—Chatham.	

COLONIAL REGIMENTS.	
1st West India Regiment, Barbadoes—Chatham.	
2d " Bahamas—Chatham.	
3d " Sierra Leone—Chatham.	
4th " Jamaica—Chatham.	
Ceylon Rifle Regiment—Ceylon.	
Cape Mounted Riflemen, Cape—Canterbury.	
Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment—Kingston, Canada.	
Royal Newfoundland Veteran Companies—Newfoundland.	
Royal Malta Fencibles—Malta.	
St Helena Regiment—St Helena.	
Gold Coast (Artillery) Corps—Cape Coast Castle.	

DEPOT BATTALIONS IN ENGLAND, SCOTLAND, AND IRELAND, on 4th MAY 1863.

CAVALRY DEPOTS.

MAIDSTONE.—6th Dragoons; 7th and 19th Hussars; and 17th Lancers.

CANTERBURY.—1st, 2d, 3d, and 7th Dragoon Guards; 9th Lancers; 8th, 20th, and 21st Hussars; Cape Mounted Rifles.

INFANTRY DEPOTS.

1st DEPÔT BATTALION (<i>India Depôts</i>).—Chatham.	12th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Athlone.
4th, 35th, 43d, 77th, 94th, and 101st Regiments.	25th, 36th, 47th, and 67th Regiments.
2d DEPÔT BATTALION (<i>India Depôts</i>).—Chatham.	13th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Birr.
12th, 20th, 31st, 52d, and 83d Regiments.	21st, 40th, 53d, 58th, 65th, and 106th Regiments.
3d DEPÔT BATTALION (<i>India Depôts</i>).—Chatham.	14th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Belfast.
19th, 51st, 75th, 81st, 91st, and 102d Regiments.	26th, 49th, 62d, 63d, 76th, and 96th Regiments.
4th DEPÔT BATTALION (<i>India Depôts</i>).—Colchester.	15th DEPÔT BATTALION (<i>India Depôts</i>).—Buttevant.
38th, 64th, 70th, 73d, 82d, 90th, 98th, and 103d Regiments.	18th, 46th, 80th, and 87th Regiments.
5th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Parkhurst, Isle of Wight.	16th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Templemore.
22d, 30th, 45th, 50th, 100th, and 104th Regiments.	8th, 16th, 39th, and 86th Regiments.
6th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Walmer.	17th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Limerick.
2d, 7th, and 23d Regiments.	3d, 9th, and 17th Regiments.
7th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Winchester.	18th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Fermoy.
60th Regiment, 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th Battalions; Rifle Brigade, 1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th Battalions.	11th, 13th, 14th, and 28th Regiments.
8th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Pembroke.	19th DEPÔT BATTALION (<i>India Depôts</i>).—Fermoy.
15th, 37th, 61st, 84th, 85th, and 105th Regiments.	33d, 68th, 69th, 89th, 95th, 107th, and 108th Regiments.
9th DEPÔT BATTALION (<i>India Depôts</i>).—Colchester.	20th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Cork.
1st, 6th, 54th, 56th, and 66th Regiments.	24th, 27th, 48th, 57th, 99th, and 109th Regiments.
10th DEPÔT BATTALION (<i>India Depôts</i>).—Colchester.	22d DEPÔT BATTALION (<i>India Depôts</i>).—Stirling.
5th, 34th, 38th, 44th, 88th, and 97th Regiments.	42d, 71st, 79th, and 92d Regiments.
11th DEPÔT BATTALION.—Preston.	23d DEPÔT BATTALION.—Aberdeen.
10th, 29th, 32d, 41st, 55th, and 59th Regiments.	72d, 74th, 78th, and 93d Regiments.

* * Regiments ordered Home—13th, 1st Battalion; 43d; 65th; and 69th.

AN ACCOUNT of the Importations and Exportations of Bullion and Specie,
registered in the Week ended 29th April 1863.

Countries from which Imported.	Imported into the United Kingdom.					
	GOLD.			SILVER.		
	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
France .....	...	...	...	5,088	...	5,088
Portugal	273	...	273	8,000	1,140	9,140
Australia	33,879	6,300	40,179	577,572	...	...
South America and West Indies	...	48,152	48,152	21,768	626,940	1,204,512
United States.....	24,358	...	24,358	1,855	...	21,768
Other Countries.....	40	254	294	...	...	1,855
...
...
...
...
...
...
Aggregate of the Importations } registered in the Week ... }	58,550	54,706	113,256	614,283	628,080	1,242,363
Approximate Value of the said } Importations, computed at the rates specified below ... }	£ 226,315	£ 194,621	£ 420,936	£ 159,542	£ 171,741	£ 331,283
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 16 3 to 3 17 10½	£ s. d. 3 10 0 to 4 0 0	...	s. d. 4 11½ to 5 2½	s. d. 5 5½	...

Countries to which Exported.	Exported from the United Kingdom.							
	GOLD.				SILVER.			
	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.
	British.	Foreign.			British.	Foreign.		
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
Hanse Towns .....	...	250	...	250	...	2,400	...	2,400
France .....	...	1,185	10,000	11,185	...	11,562	15,750	27,312
Portugal.....	5,677	...	...	5,677	...	...	...	285,200
Egypt.....	5,565	...	5,125	10,690	...	...	285,200	3,884
Other Countries.....	442	24	950	1,416	...	684	3,200	...
...
...
...
...
...
...
Aggregate of the Exporta- } tions registered in the Week }	11,684	1,459	16,075	29,218	...	14,646	304,150	318,796
Approximate Value of the said } Exportations, computed at the rates specified below ... }	£ 45,495	£ 5,562	£ 60,683	£ 111,740	£ ...	£ 3,799	£ 83,166	£ 86,965
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 17 10½	£ s. d. 3 16 3	£ s. d. 3 15 6	...	s. d. ...	s. d. 5 2½	s. d. 5 5½	...

Office of the Inspector-General of Imports and Exports,
Custom-House, London, 30th April 1863.

JOHN A. MESSENGER,
Inspector-General of Imports and Exports.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday the 29th day of April 1863,

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

£		£	
Notes issued.....	29,141,405	Government Debt,	11,015,100
		Other Securities,	3,634,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion, ...	14,491,405
		Silver Bullion,.....	—
<u>£29,141,405</u>		<u>£29,141,405</u>	

Dated the 30th day of April 1863.

W. MILLER, Deputy Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

£		£	
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	Government Securities (including	
Rest	3,104,770	Dead Weight Annuity).....	12,051,395
Public Deposits, (including Exchequer,		Other Securities.....	17,845,954
Savings' Banks, Commissioners of		Notes	8,272,940
National Debt, and Dividend		Gold and Silver Coin.....	857,087
Accounts).....	7,178,312		
Other Deposits	13,606,959		
Seven days and other Bills.....	584,335		
<u>£39,027,376</u>		<u>£39,027,376</u>	

Dated the 30th day of April 1863.

W. MILLER, Deputy Cashier.

GENERAL AVERAGE PRICE OF BRITISH CORN,
per QUARTER,

Received in the Week ended April 25, 1863.

Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	Beans.	Peas.
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
45 8 433	35 3 762	21 11 425	30 6 096	36 11 267	35 3 713

AGGREGATE AVERAGE OF SIX WEEKS.

Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	Beans.	Peas.
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
45 6	36 0	21 6	31 10	36 1	35 7

Published by Authority of Parliament,

HENRY FENTON JADIS,
Comptroller of Corn Returns.

Corn Department, Board of Trade.

INTIMATION is Hereby Given that the Right Honourable MARY CHRISTOPHER NISBET HAMILTON, commonly called LADY MARY CHRISTOPHER NISBET HAMILTON of Belhaven and Dirleton, wife of the Right Honourable Robert Adam Christopher Nisbet Hamilton of Belhaven and Dirleton, and Heir of Entail in possession of the Entailed Estates of BEILL or BELHAVEN and Others, situated in the Constabulary of Haddington and Sheriffdom of Edinburgh, with consent of her said Husband, and he for his interest, have presented a Petition to the Lords of Council and Session, (First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary, Mr Skene, Clerk,) in terms of the provisions of the Act 11 and 12 Victoria, cap. 36, intituled 'An Act for the Amendment of the Law of Entail in Scotland,' praying their Lordships to find and declare that the Petitioner, Lady Mary Christopher Nisbet Hamilton, has expended on permanent improvements on the said Entailed Estates of Beill or Belhaven and others, of the nature and description contemplated by the

26th Section of the said Act, the sum of L.1,697, 1s. 1d. sterling, or such part or parts of that sum as their Lordships shall ascertain to have been so expended; and to authorise the application of a portion of the Trust Funds remaining in the hands of the Trustees acting under a Trust Disposition granted by the late William Hamilton Nisbet, Esq. of Belhaven and Dirleton, and mentioned in the said Petition, in repayment of the said expenditure; and also to authorise the further application of the said Trust Funds, to the amount of L.1,550, or thereby, in the execution of certain other permanent improvements which the Petitioners propose to execute on the said Entailed Estates; and to grant warrant to and ordain the said Trustees to make payment to the Petitioners out of said Trust Funds of the sum which shall be ascertained to have been expended in the said improvements already executed, and also of the further sum of L.1,550, or thereby, for the purpose of being applied in payment of the foresaid proposed improvements: On which Petition Lord Curriehill, the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills, has pronounced the following Interlocutor:—'*Edinburgh, 28th April 1863.*—The Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills appoints this Petition to be intimated on the Walls and in the Minute-Book for fourteen days, and advertised in the Edinburgh Gazette, and Newspapers mentioned in the prayer of the Petition, in terms of the Statute; further, grants warrant for serving the same on the parties mentioned in the prayer of the Petition, in terms of the Act of Sederunt; and ordains them to lodge Answers thereto, if so advised, within fourteen days from the date of service, if within Scotland, and sixty days if furth thereof.'

(Signed) 'JOHN MARSHALL.'

DUNDAS & WILSON, C.S.
Petitioners' Agents,

16, St Andrew Square,
Edinburgh, 1st May 1863.

HAILES ESTATE.

NOTICE is Hereby Given, that in obedience to an Order of Reference from the Right Honorable the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, dated 23d March 1863, and made on the Petition of the Edinburgh and Glasgow Union Canal Company, and of William Macdonald, Esquire, Alexander Campbell, Esquire, and Joseph Grant, Esquire, being three and a quorum of the Committee of Management of the said Company, praying leave to bring in a Bill for the purposes in the said Petition mentioned, all Heirs of Entail in possession of or entitled to succeed to the Estate of HAILES, in the County of Edinburgh, and all other persons interested in the said Estate, or in the provisions of the said Bill, are appointed to appear before the Honorable Lord Benholme in Scotland, and the Honorable Lord Mackenzie in Scotland, within the Robing-Room of the Judges, Parliament House, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 6th day of May 1863, at 12 o'clock noon, when they will be heard for their interest in the matters of the said Petition and Bill: By which Bill it is intended to provide for the settlement and arrangement of all claims of compensation and damages, present, future, and contingent, of Sir William Henry Gibson Carmichael of Skirling, Baronet, Heir of Entail in possession of the said Estate, and the other Heirs of Entail entitled to succeed thereto, upon and against the Edinburgh and Glasgow Union Canal Company, or any other Company or person, under an agreement between the deceased Sir Thomas Gibson Carmichael of Skirling, Baronet, and the said Company, recited in the said Petition and Bill; or otherwise, for or in respect of the construction of the said Canal in and through the said Estate, or in respect of the rock and stone therein; and also to provide for ascertaining and fixing the amount of such compensation, and paying, investing, or applying the same, and for the final discharge of such claims,—all in the manner specified in the said Bill.

A. G., R., & W. ELLIS, W.S.,
4, Royal Terrace, Edinburgh.
d April 1863.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND DEBTORS.

THOMAS M'LEISH, Wright, No. 48, Cadogan Street, Glasgow, having on 2d instant executed a Trust-Conveyance of his whole estate and effects in favor of James Landells Selkirk, Accountant in Glasgow, as Trustee for behoof of all his just and lawful Creditors at the date thereof,—all Parties having Claims against the said Thomas M'Leish are hereby required to lodge the same, with declarations to the verity thereof, in the hands of the Subscribers, within one month from this date, failing which they may be excluded from participation in the funds thereafter to be divided; and to whom the Debtors to the said Thomas M'Leish are hereby required to make immediate payment. **M'NAB & SELKIRK**, Accountants.
55, Renfield Street, Glasgow, May 4, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of ALEXANDER CHRISTIE,
Wine and Spirit Merchant, No. 23, George Street,
Edinburgh.

A Petition has been presented to the Sheriff of the County of Edinburgh for the said Alexander Christie, with concurrence of a majority in number and four-fifths in value of the Creditors who have produced oaths in his sequestration, praying to be discharged of all debts and obligations contracted by him, or for which he was liable at the date of his sequestration; and the Sheriff has of this date appointed the said Petition to be intimated in the Edinburgh Gazette, and by circular to each Creditor;—and of which Intimation is hereby given accordingly. **WM. MASON**, S.S.C., Agent.

Edinburgh, May 5, 1863.

TO THE CREDITORS ON

The Sequestrated Estates of **DAVID DUNLOP DUFF**, Bleacher, Graham Street, Glasgow, as a Partner of **GEORGE DENHOLM & COMPANY**, Bleachers, Graham Street, Glasgow, and as an Individual.

By virtue of an Order of the Sheriff-Substitute of Lanarkshire, David Dunlop Duff above designed, hereby intimates that he has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow, to be finally discharged of all debts contracted by him, as a Partner of George Denholm & Company, and as an Individual, before the date of the sequestration of his estates,—in terms of the Bankrupt Statute.

DAVID DUNLOP DUFF.

Glasgow, May 1, 1863.

NOTICE is Hereby Given, that **ROBERT BOYLE WATSON**, sometime Glass Merchant in Dunfermline, thereafter Manager of Hovig Glass Works, Norway, now Salesman, New City Road, Glasgow, has presented a Petition to the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills praying to be discharged of all debts and obligations contracted by him, or for which he was liable at the date of the sequestration of his estates, on 19th April 1861.—All in terms of the "Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1856," and the "Bankruptcy and Real Securities (Scotland) Act, 1857."

WM. OFFICER, S.S.C.,
Agent of Petitioner.

Edinburgh, May 2, 1863.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

DONALD MACDONALD of Skeabost, sometime Merchant, Fishcurer, and Dealer and Shipowner at Lochinver, Sutherlandshire, and at Tanara, Cromartyshire, and thereafter Cattle-dealer and Road Contractor at Skeabost, Isle of Skye, Inverness-shire.

ROBERT CHRISTIE, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said Donald Macdonald, hereby intimates that his intromissions with the funds of the estate, from the 27th day of December 1862 to the 27th day of April 1863, have been audited by the Commissioners.

ROBT. CHRISTIE, Trustee.

Edinburgh, May 4, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of ROBERT CALDER & SON, Lime Merchants, Netherwood, near Cumbernauld, in the Shire of Dumfries, as a Company, and of Robert Calder, Senior, Lime Merchant there, and presently residing in Glasgow, as a Partner thereof, and as an Individual.

THE Commissioners on the sequestrated estates of the above designed Robert Calder & Son, and Robert Calder, Senior, have audited my accounts, brought down to the 19th ultimo, postponed the declaration of a dividend on said estates till next statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

GEO. WINK.

Glasgow, May 4, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of ROBERT CALDER, Junior, sometime Lime Merchant at Netherwood, near Cumbernauld, in the County of Dumfries, and Grain Merchant and Grocer at Cumbernauld aforesaid, one of the Individual Partners of **ROBERT CALDER & SON**, Lime Merchants, Netherwood aforesaid, and as an Individual.

THE Commissioners on the sequestrated estates of the above-designed Robert Calder, Junior, have audited my accounts, brought down to the 19th ultimo, postponed the declaration of a dividend till the recurrence of next statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

HENRY M'LACHLAN, Trustee.

Bank Buildings, Coatbridge, May 4, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM FAIRWEATHER, late of Balluderon, formerly residing in Perth Road, Dundee, afterwards residing at Balluderon, in the Parish of Tealing, in the County of Forfar, now deceased.

WILLIAM STIVEN, Accountant, Dundee, Trustee in this sequestration, hereby intimates that the Commissioners have audited his accounts up to 18th ultimo, and have postponed a second dividend.

WM. STIVEN, Trustee.

Dundee, May 4, 1863.

THE Estates of ALEXANDER WOOD, Grocer and Spirit Merchant in Dunbar, were sequestrated on the 30th day of April 1863, by the Sheriff of the Counties of Haddington and Berwick.

The first deliverance is dated the 30th day of April 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Saturday the 16th day of May 1863, within the House of Robert Cossar, Innkeeper in Dunbar.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 30th day of August 1863.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

DAVID STOBLE, Writer, Dunbar,
Agent.

THE Estates of JOHN PAYNE, Farmer in Townhead, in the Parish of Mouswald, and County of Dumfries, were sequestrated on the 1st day of May 1863 years, by the Sheriff of the County of Dumfries.

The first deliverance is dated the 1st day of May 1863 years.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at two o'clock afternoon, on Thursday the 14th day of May 1863 years, within the Commercial Hotel, Dumfries.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 1st day of September 1863.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

WM. MARTIN, Writer, Dumfries,
Agent.

THE Estates of JOHN DAVIDSON, Draper, Forfar, were sequestrated on the 1st day of May 1863, by the Sheriff of Forfarshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 1st day of May 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday the 12th day of May 1863, within the Commercial Hotel, Forfar.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 1st day of September 1863.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the said meeting of Creditors for the election of Trustee, has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JAS. LOWSON, Writer, Dundee,
Agent.

THE Estates of WILLIAM M'LENNAN, Wholesale Boot and Shoe Manufacturer, Nelson Street, Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 1st day of May 1863, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 1st day of May 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held on Wednesday the 13th day of May 1863, at 12 o'clock noon, within the Faculty Hall, St George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 1st day of September 1863.

A Personal Protection has been granted in favor of the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

BROWN & DUNLOP, Agents,
3, Victoria Place, Glasgow.

THE Estates of THOMAS KENNETH RITCHIE, residing in Renfrew Street, Glasgow, formerly Sewed Muslin Manufacturer, now Dealer in Shares in Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 1st day of May 1863, by the Sheriff of the County of Lanark.

The first deliverance is dated 1st May 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday the 12th day of May 1863, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 1st day of September 1863.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted by the said Sheriff in favor of the Bankrupt, against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting for the election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN CLARK, Agent,
22, Renfield Street, Glasgow.

THE Estates of JAMES HENDERSON, Horse-dealer, Potterrow, Edinburgh, were sequestrated on the 2d day of May 1863, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated the 2d day of May 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at two o'clock afternoon, on Monday the 11th day of May 1863, within Messrs Dowells & Lyon's Rooms, No. 18, George Street, Edinburgh.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 2d day of September 1863.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff-Court of the County of Edinburgh.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt has been granted to the Bankrupt, until the meeting of Creditors for the election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

G. & H. CAIRNS, W.S., Agents,
Edinburgh, 35, Geo. IV. Bridge.

THE Estates of THOMAS KING, Draper in Hamilton, were sequestrated on the 2d day of May 1863, by the Sheriff of the County of Lanark.

The first deliverance is dated the 2d day of May 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Thursday the 14th day of May 1863, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 3d day of September 1863.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

WM. AIKMAN, Writer, Hamilton,
Agent.

THE Estates of ALEXANDER MACKENZIE, residing in Dingwall, lately carrying on Business there under the Firm of MACKENZIE & COMPANY, Drapers in Dingwall, were sequestrated on the 1st day of May 1863, by the Sheriff of the Counties of Ross and Cromarty.

The first deliverance is dated 1st May 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at noon, on Tuesday the 12th day of May current, within the Caledonian Hotel, Dingwall.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 2d day of September 1863.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt has been granted to the said Alexander Mackenzie, until the meeting of the Creditors for the election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ANDW. SMITH, Solicitor, Dingwall, Agent.

THE Estates of ALEXANDER HUME, Innkeeper at Craze, and Quarrier, Cumlodan, Lochfyneside, both in the County of Argyle, and Quarrier in Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 5th day of May 1863, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated 5th May 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held on Wednesday the 13th day of May 1863, at two o'clock afternoon, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 5th day of September 1863.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff of the County of Lanark.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN WALLS, S.S.C.,
33, Heriot Row, Edinburgh, Agent.

In the Sequestration of JAMES KERR LINDSAY, Plumber and Gasfitter, North Albion Street, Glasgow.

NOTICE is Hereby Given that the Sheriff-Substitute of Lanarkshire at Glasgow (Mr Murray,) has appointed a meeting of Creditors for the purpose of electing the Trustee and Commissioners; and for the other purposes provided by the 'Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1856,' and Statutes explaining or amending the same, to be done at the first meeting of Creditors, to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Friday the 15th May 1863, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 20th August 1863.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

DAVID T. MACLAY, Agent,
169, West George Street, Glasgow.

SEQUESTRATION of MESSRS URQUHART & COMPANY, Merchants in Dingwall, as a Company, and of William Urquhart, Merchant there, a Partner of said Company, as a Partner, and as an Individual.

HECTOR MUNRO, Agent at Dingwall for the City of Glasgow Bank, has been elected Trustee on the estates; and Andrew Smith, Solicitor in Dingwall, William Moffat, Writer there, and Murdo MacGregor, Accountant in the City of Glasgow Bank there, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt, William Urquhart, will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house at Dingwall, on Monday the 18th day of May current, at noon; and the Creditors will meet in the Caledonian Hotel, Dingwall, on Friday the 29th day of May current, also at noon.

HECTOR MUNRO, Trustee.

Dingwall, May 1, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of ROBERT REID, Innkeeper, Letham.

WILLIAM STIVEN, Accountant, Dundee, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and George Lloyd Alison, and William Lawson, both Wine Merchants, Dundee, and John Suttie, one of the Partners of the Firm of Smith, Suttie, & Company, Merchants, Arbroath, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place on Saturday the 9th day of May current, within the Sheriff-Court-house, Forfar, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Trustee's Chambers, No. 3, Bank Street, Dundee, on Thursday the 14th day of May current, at one o'clock afternoon.

WM. STIVEN, Trustee.

Dundee, May 1, 1863.

AT a Meeting of Creditors on the sequestrated estate of HUGH KENNEDY, Baker and Grain Dealer in Ayr, held at Ayr on the 22d day of April 1863, an offer of composition was duly made and entertained, in terms of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1856.

The Trustee hereby calls a meeting for deciding on the said offer to be held within his Office, No. 31, Newmarket Street, Ayr, on the 15th day of May current, 1863, at two o'clock afternoon.

WILL. KILPATRICK, Trustee.

Ayr, May 5, 1863.

JOHN FLEMING, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of ROBERT M'ARTHUR & COMPANY, Manufacturers in Paisley, and of Hugh M'Kenzie, residing in Paisley, and James Robert M'Arthur, residing at Gallowhill, near Paisley, the Individual Partners of that Company, as Partners thereof, and as Individuals, hereby calls a general meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Chambers of John & James H. Dunn, Writers, County Place, Paisley, on Thursday the 21st day of May instant, at half-past one o'clock P.M., for the purpose of electing a Commissioner, in room of John Lealie, deceased, and also instructing the Trustee in regard to the disposal of the heritable property belonging to the estate.

JOHN FLEMING, Trustee.

Glasgow, May 2, 1863.

JOHN RUSSELL'S SEQUESTRATION.

AS Trustee on the sequestrated estate of John Russell, Accountant, Guano Merchant, and General Dealer in Inverness, I hereby call a special general meeting of the Creditors of the said John Russell, to hold within the Writing-chambers of Mr James Anderson, Solicitor, 42, High Street, Inverness, upon Monday the 18th day of May current, at one o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of considering an offer of compromise of the Trustee's claim to the subjects on the farm of Kineraig, also claimed by third parties.

ALEX. A. GREGORY.

Inverness, May 4, 1863.

WILLIAM RUSSEL, Bookseller, Aberdeen, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of WILLIAM TAYLOR KEITH, Bookseller and Merchant, Aberdeen, hereby calls a general meeting of the Creditors on said sequestrated estate, to be held within the Office of Alexander Emslie Smith, Advocate, 74, Union Street, Aberdeen, on Wednesday the 13th day of May 1863, at two o'clock afternoon, to take into consideration an offer of composition to be made by or on behalf of the said William Taylor Keith.

WILLIAM RUSSEL, Trustee.

Aberdeen, May 4, 1863.

THE Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN GOVENLOCK, sometime Innkeeper, Newtown, St Boswells, now residing at Blackhall, in the Parish of Ewes, Dumfriesshire, hereby calls a meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Office of Messrs Curle & Erskine, Writers, Melrose, on Monday the 1st day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon, to consider as to an application for his discharge.

ALEX. CURLE, Trustee.

Melrose, May 1, 1863.

JAMES HOGARTH BALGARNIE, C.A., Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JAMES TAIT, Plasterer, 1, Mound Place, Edinburgh, hereby calls a general meeting of Creditors to be held in his Chambers, No. 9, North Saint David Street, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 29th day of May 1863, at one o'clock P.M., to consider as to an application to be made for the Trustee's discharge.

JAS. H. BALGARNIE, Trustee.

Edinburgh, May 4, 1863.

JAMES HOGARTH BALGARNIE, C.A., Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of DAVID STAIG, Mill Master at Juniper Green, and Moredun Mills, near Liberton, hereby calls a general meeting of Creditors to be held in his Chambers, No. 9, North Saint David Street, Edinburgh, on Friday the 29th day of May 1863, at three o'clock afternoon, to consider as to an application to be made for the Trustee's discharge.

JAS. H. BALGARNIE, Trustee.

Edinburgh, May 4, 1863.

JOHN ROBERT SWAN, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of WILLIAM COVERLY, Junior, Glasscutter, St Enoch's Wynd, Glasgow, hereby intimates that at the general meeting of Creditors held on the 30th day of April last, the Bankrupt made an offer of composition of Seven Shillings and Sixpence per pound to his Creditors on all debts due by him at the date of his sequestration, payable by equal instalments at three, six, and nine months after the Bankrupt's final discharge, and offered Mr Robert Muir, Letterpress Printer in Glasgow, as his security; the said William Coverly further offered to pay or provide for the whole expenses attending the sequestration and the remuneration of the Trustee.

neration to the Trustee; and that the Creditors present at said meeting unanimously resolved that the offer and security should be entertained for consideration. Notice is hereby given that another general meeting of Creditors will be held within my Chambers, No. 59, St Vincent Street here, on Saturday the 23d day of May current, at 11 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of finally deciding on the Bankrupt's offer and the security proposed.

J. R. SWAN, Trustee.

Glasgow, May 1, 1863.

JOHN MANN, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of **JOHN REID**, Coal Merchant, and Agent for Lighters, Govan, near Glasgow, hereby intimates that at the second general meeting of Creditors held on the 1st day of May current, the Bankrupt, John Reid, made an offer of composition of Two Shillings per pound to the Creditors on all debts due by him at the date of the sequestration of his estates, payable fourteen days after the date of his final discharge; The said Bankrupt further offered to pay or provide for the expences attending the sequestration and discharge, and the remuneration to the Trustee, and offered Mr Peter Reid, Manager at Govan Dye-Works, as security for payment of the said composition, expences, and remuneration. That the Creditors present at said meeting having agreed to entertain the said offer and security for consideration, Notice is hereby given that another general meeting of Creditors will be held within the Counting-house of the said John Mann, No. 153, Queen Street, Glasgow, on Saturday the 23d day of May current, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of finally deciding on the Bankrupt's offer and the security proposed.

JNO. MANN, Trustee.

Glasgow, May 4, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of SAMUEL BLAIND, Bone Merchant and Shipowner in Dumfries, now deceased.

A Second dividend will be paid on 22d June next, at my Shop, 10, Irish Street, Dumfries.

WILLIAM BELL, Trustee.

WILLIAM BEVERIDGE, Banker, Dunfermline, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **JAMES RAMSAY**, Farmer, Chapel of Lochore, hereby intimates that his accounts, up to the 20th ultimo, have been audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed the declaration of a dividend till another statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

WILL BEVERIDGE, Trustee.

Dunfermline, May 2, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN LINDSAY, Farmer, Craighall, in the Parish of East Kilbride.

THE Commissioners have audited my accounts to the 15th current, postponed the declaration of a dividend, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

ALEX. W. WOODSIDE.

112, West George Street,
Glasgow, April 29, 1863.

THE Commissioners on the sequestrated estate of **ALEXANDER ERSKINE**, Victualler and Potatoe Dealer in Glasgow, have audited the Trustee's accounts, postponed declaring a dividend, and dispensed with circulars to the Creditors.

WM. R. RUTHERGLEN, Trustee.

Glasgow, May 4, 1863.

JAMES MURDOCH, Law Accountant, Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **ALEXANDER FENTON**, Commission Merchant, Leith, hereby intimates that his accounts have been made up to the 17th April last, and audited by the Commissioners, and that a dividend has been postponed, and circulars to the Creditors dispensed with.

JAMES MURDOCH, Trustee.

Edinburgh, May 1, 1863.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM FORBES, Hotel-keeper in Gourrock, and who sometime carried on Business as a Commission Merchant in Glasgow under the Firm of **WILLIAM FORBES & COMPANY**.

JOHN DUNCAN, Accountant in Greenock, Trustee on said sequestrated estate, hereby intimates that his accounts with said estate, to 18th April 1863, have been audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed the declaration of a dividend till the recurrence of another stated period.

JOHN DUNCAN, Trustee.

Greenock, May 2, 1863.

JOHN M'KINNEY, Fruit and Poultry Merchant, Glasgow, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of the County of Lanark craving interim protection and decret of Cessio Bonorum; and all his Creditors are hereby required to compare within the Sheriff-Court-house at Glasgow, on Friday the 5th day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon, when he will appear for examination.

W. BELL LEECH, Writer, Glasgow, Agent.

Glasgow, May 4, 1863.

NOTICE.

Dalkeith, April 27, 1863.

THE Copartnery Concern carrying on Business at Dalkeith, as Brewers and Maltsters, under the Firm of **THE DALKEITH BREWERY COMPANY**, was **DISSOLVED** of mutual consent by the Subscribers, the sole Partners thereof, on the date hereof.

The whole Assets of the said Concern having been transferred to Mr Andrew Thompson, Junior, who intends carrying on the said Business of Brewing and Maltng, under the said Firm of **THE DALKEITH BREWERY COMPANY**, all debts due to, and all debts due by the said late Concern will be received and paid by him.

DALKEITH BREWERY CO.
ROBERT THOMPSON.

A. D. ROBERTSON.

J. M. P. STEVENSON, Writer, Glasgow, Witness.
ALEX. DICK, Jr., Writer, Glasgow, Witness.

JAMES THOMPSON,

ANDREW ROBERTSON, Writer, Kelso, Witness.
DAV. BROOMFIELD, Writer, Kelso, Witness.

ANDW. THOMPSON, Junr.

SAMUEL BARKER, Clerk, Witness.

T. PREECE, Groom, Witness.

JOHN M'FARLANE, Jeweller in Argyle Street, Glasgow, retired from the Business, of which he was Partner, carried on in London Street, Glasgow, under the Firm of **C. LECKIE & CO.**, Merchants and Manufacturers there, on the 8th day of April 1863.

C. LECKIE & CO.

J. G. MACKAY,

C. LECKIE.

J. H. WALKER.

JOHN M'FARLANE.

R. SINCLAIR, 14, Miller Street, Glasgow,
Witness.

THOMAS SINCLAIR, 14, Miller Street,
Glasgow, Witness.

Glasgow, May 4, 1863.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERY

THE Business carried on at Greenock under the Designation of **A. & E. MORE**, Berlin Wool Repository, West Blackhall Street, of which the Subscribers were the sole Partners, was this day **DISSOLVED** by mutual consent.

A. MORE.

E. MORE.

WILLIAM C. KELSO, Witness.

DANIEL HENDERSON, Witness.

Greenock, April 30, 1863.

N.B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.

Printed and Published at the Office, 13, North Bank Street, by **WILLIAM ALEXANDER LAURIE**,
Printer to the **QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.**

** * This Gazette is filed at the Offices of the London and Dublin Gazettes.*

Tuesday, May 5, 1863.

Price One Shilling.