

a person actually attending that Levee, it is also necessary that a letter from the Nobleman or Gentleman who is to make the presentation, stating it to be his intention to be present, should accompany the presentation card above referred to, which will be submitted to The Queen for Her Majesty's approbation. It is Her Majesty's command that no presentations shall be made at the Levees except in accordance with the above Regulations.

It is particularly requested that in every case the names be *very distinctly written* upon the cards to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, in order that there may be no difficulty in announcing them to The Queen.

The state apartments will not be open for the reception of Company coming to Court until half-past one o'clock.

ADDRESSES.

The same Regulations apply to the presentation of Addresses or Petitions.

A card containing a statement of the object of the Addresses or Petitions, with the names of the persons who are to present them, must be sent to the Lord Chamberlain's Office two clear days before the Levee. Two other cards, containing similar information, are to be taken to the Levee, one to be delivered to The Queen's Page in Attendance in the Corridor, and the other to the Lord Chamberlain, who will read its contents to The Queen.

On these occasions no other statement is to be addressed to Her Majesty.

A Deputation to present an Address is not to exceed four persons.

The members of a Deputation, who have not previously attended Court, must be presented to The Queen.

SYDNEY, Lord Chamberlain.

FOREIGN-OFFICE, February 15, 1860.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint John Augustus Longworth, Esq. now Her Majesty's Consul at Monastir, to be Her Majesty's Consul-General in Servia.

WHITEHALL, February 13, 1860.

The Queen, taking into Her royal consideration that by the decease of Edward Jervis Jervis, Viscount St Vincent, on the twenty-fifth day of September last, the dignity of Viscount St Vincent devolved upon Carnegie-Robert-John Jervis, now Viscount St Vincent, as the eldest surviving son and heir of William-Jervis Jervis, Esquire, commonly called the Honourable William-Jervis Jervis, who was, whilst living, the eldest son and heir-apparent of the said Edward Jervis Jervis, Viscount St Vincent, whereby the only surviving brother and sister of the said Carnegie-Robert-John Jervis, Viscount St Vincent, cannot, according to the ordinary rules of honour, enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to them had their late father, the said William-Jervis Jervis, survived his father, the said Edward-Jervis Jervis, Viscount St Vincent, and had thereby succeeded to the dignity of Viscount St Vincent, Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to ordain and declare that William-Monk Jervis, Esquire, and Caroline-Mary-Francis Jervis, Spinster, shall have, hold, and enjoy the same title, place, pre-eminence, and precedence, as if their late father the said William-Jervis Jervis had survived his father

the said Edward-Jervis Jervis, Viscount St Vincent, and had thereby succeeded to the said title and dignity of Viscount St Vincent :—

And Her Majesty has been further pleased to command that the said royal order and declaration be registered in the College of Arms.

WHITEHALL, January 16, 1860.

The Right Honourable Sir William Erle, Knt., Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, at Westminster, has also appointed Robert Growse, of Hastings, in the county of Sussex, Gentleman, to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance in and for the county of Sussex.

(233.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
February 17, 1860.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Notification issued by the Neapolitan Board of Health, declaring that all vessels leaving the ports of the following countries, on and after the dates specified, will be received at Naples in free pratique :—

Hanover, on or after the 24th December 1859.

Norway, on or after the 12th December 1859.

Sweden, on or after the 1st January 1860.

Holland, on or after the 14th January 1860.

Sierra Leone and Guinea, on or after the 11th October 1859.

Spain, except Algeiras, on or after the 13th December 1859.

Belgium, except Antwerp, on or after the 10th January 1860.

Algiers, except Oran, on or after the 12th January 1860.

Algeiras, on or after the 2d January 1860.

Antwerp, on or after the 30th January 1860.

Oran, on or after the 1st February 1860.

The same notice states that vessels arriving from the port of Ceuta will be subjected to ten days' quarantine, with airing of merchandize.

(2050.)

Board of Trade,
February 15, 1860.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The following Notification has been published in the Malta Government Gazette :—

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

NOTICE is Hereby Given to all Masters of Steamers and Sailing Vessels, that if they hoist the flags of their official number when in sight of Gozo from the N.W., or of Ascjak from the S. and S.E., their name will be reported to Valletta, and that should they be in distress or in want of any coals or assistance, they can communicate with these signal stations, which will convey their signals to Valletta.

By Command of His Excellency the Governor.
VICTOR HOULTON,
Chief Secretary to Government.
Palace, Valletta.