

No. 8.

RETURN of Killed and Wounded.

Etawah Levies.	Killed.				Wounded.	
	European Officers.	Native Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Privates.	Native Officers.	Privates.
Infantry .....	...	...	...	1	...	2
Cavalry	1	1	1	8	...	10
13th Troop Police Cavalry.....	...	...	...	6	1	2
Total	1	1	1	15	1	14

All the wounded are very severely wounded.
 Also 1 Chaprassie, 2 Bhisties, and 1 follower, killed; 1 Chaprassie and 2 followers, wounded.

T. FORBES, Lieutenant,
 Commanding Etawah Levies and Military Police Battalion.

No. 9.

No. 598 of 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following Despatch from Lieutenant-Colonel Brind, C.B., Commanding Artillery Field Force, reporting the operations of a light column from Brigadier Troup's brigade, and an affair with the rebels at Mehndi on the 18th November 1858.

These operations are highly approved of by the Governor-General.

No. 10.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Brind, to Major Cox, Major of Brigade, Brigadier Colin Troup's Field Force.

Camp, Mehndi,
 November 20, 1858.

SIR,
 I HAVE the satisfaction of reporting, for the information of Brigadier Colin Troup, commanding Field Force, the successful operations of the light column as per margin, entrusted to my command. For the more perfect understanding of the performances of this detachment, I consider it necessary to faintly trace the progress of the column from Mittowlie. The Brigadier broke ground at about 7 o'clock on the morning of the 17th, with his moveable column, in the order shown in margin. Crossing about $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile of open space, our course for 3 miles was through thick trees and underwood jungle, when the country was found tolerably open for a considerable distance, here and there narrow belts of jungle, and extensive groves of mangoe and other trees, with villages and cultivation scattered over a beautifully undulating expanse, to the small town of Secundrabad, distant from Mittowlie 11 miles,

which we reached about 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ A.M. Here the force rested, and took refreshment, for an hour. From this to Jellalpoore the scenery is very similar to that south of Secundrabad; rich and picturesque. There is a gurra or fort at this place, of the general Oude character, surrounded by thick bamboo fences, and grown over with low jungle, which the Brigadier had carefully examined previous to the force passing by it and through the village, north of which, for a mile or two, high grass and patches of forest and cultivation are the principal features, up to the dense belt of jungle, through which we passed the last three miles of the road to the Oel Nuddee, without any event worthy of record, a little before sunset. The distance travelled to this point is about 25 miles. Whilst fording the river, having evidence of the enemy being in force at Ally Gunge and neighbouring villages, distant 3 miles to the north, in accordance with orders I advanced at as rapid a pace as the cattle were equal to over heavy ground. The enemy opened fire upon my detachment, (consisting of 4 guns of the 3d troop, with brigade staff, 1 squadron of 6th Dragoon Guards, under Lieutenant-Colonel Custance, and the Mooltanee Horse, under Major Cureton). When we were about 16 hundred yards from their position, 4 light guns discharged a few shot, which fell harmless about us. The night was closing in upon us, so, if only to secure safety of our force during the night's bivouack, I determined to dash forward to 600 and 300 yards from the villages, &c., a telling range for round shot and shrapnell, which we poured into the flying foe, until I perceived that the Mooltanee Cavalry I had sent on was sufficiently advanced to fall upon their rear. To our right flank I turned the fire of our guns, and by the admirable practice of Captain Mercer and his officers, the jungle in that direction was also