

passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance in and for the city of Bath, also in and for the county of Somerset.

The Right Honourable Sir Alexander Edmund Cockburn, Knt., Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, at Westminster, has also appointed James Brownell, of Lymm, in the county of Chester, Gentleman, to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the county of Chester, also in and for the county of Lancaster.

The Right Honourable Sir Alexander Edmund Cockburn, Knt., Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, at Westminster, has also appointed Stephen Pilgrim, of Hinckley, in the county of Leicester, Gentleman, to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the county of Leicester, also in and for the county of Warwick.

#### NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 1.) WEST INDIES—CUBA.

Fixed Light, with flashes, on Cay Piedras.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice that since the 1st of September 1857 a permanent light has been established in a lighthouse (erected in the position formerly occupied by the lighthouse which was blown down on the 28th of August 1856.) on Cay Piedras, at the entrance of Cardenas Bay, on the north side of the Island of Cuba.

The light is a *fixed white* light, varied by a *red flash* every half minute; it is placed at an elevation of 68 English feet above the level of the sea, and should be visible in clear weather at a distance of 15 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is Fresnel lens of the fourth order.

The lighthouse stands in lat.  $23^{\circ} 14\frac{1}{2}'$  N., long.  $81^{\circ} 9'$  west of Greenwich, nearly. Its form, height, and colour are not stated.

By Command of their Lordships,  
JOHN WASHINGTON, Hydrographer.  
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,  
January 1, 1858.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—West Indies, Outline, with Lights, No. 390; General Sheet 4, No. 392*d*; Florida Strait, Sheet 1, No. 1217; Mona, Piedras, and Monilla Cays, No. 410. Also West India Lights List, No. 25.

#### NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 2.) MEDITERRANEAN—IVIZA.

Revolving Light on Conejera Island.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice that on and after the 19th of November 1857 a light would be exhibited from a light-

house recently erected on Cape Blanco, the north-east extremity of Conejera Island, on the west coast of Iviza, an Island of the Baleares group.

The light is a *white revolving* light, eclipsed once a minute, but the eclipses are not total within a distance of 3 or 4 miles. It is visible from S.S.W.  $\frac{3}{4}$  W. round westerly to N.E. by E.  $\frac{3}{4}$  E.; and, being at an elevation of 292 English feet, should be seen from the deck of a vessel in clear weather at a distance of about 20 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is catadioptric, of the second order.

The light tower is circular, crowned by a small turret supporting the lantern, and of a yellowish colour; it stands at 9 yards from the edge of the cliff, in lat.  $38^{\circ} 59' 47''$  N.; long.  $1^{\circ} 16' 32''$  East of Greenwich.

By Command of their Lordships,  
JOHN WASHINGTON, Hydrographer.  
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,  
1st January 1858.

This notice affects the following Admiralty charts:—Mediterranean, General, No. 2158; Spain, sheet 2, Alicante to Palamos, No. 1187; Iviza and Formentera, No. 145. Also Mediterranean Light List, October 1857, No. 25.

#### NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 3.) ENGLAND—SCILLY ISLANDS.

Fixed Light on Bishop Rock.

THE Corporation of the Trinity House of London have given notice that on or about the 1st of September 1858, a light will be exhibited from the lighthouse in the course of erection on Bishop Rock, the south-westernmost of the Scilly group, lying W.  $\frac{3}{4}$  N., 4 miles from St Agnes Island.

The light will be a *fixed white* light, placed at an elevation of 110 feet above the sea at high water, and visible in clear weather at a distance of 14 miles all round the horizon.

The illuminating apparatus will be dioptric or refracting, of the first order.

The light tower stands in lat.  $49^{\circ} 52' 30''$  N., long.  $6^{\circ} 26' 20''$  west of Greenwich.

[All bearings magnetic. Variation  $24\frac{1}{4}^{\circ}$  West, in 1857.]

By Command of their Lordships,  
JOHN WASHINGTON, Hydrographer.  
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,  
1st January 1858.

This notice will affect the following Admiralty Charts:—English Channel, No. 1598; Lizard Point to St Agnes Head, No. 33; Scilly Islands, No. 34; River Thames to the Mediterranean, No. 1; Soundings westward of the British Island No. 2. Also Channel Pilot, Part I, pages 10, 11 and British Islands Lights List, No. 1.

#### NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 4.) PACIFIC OCEAN—SOUTH AMERICA.

Light at Valparaiso.

INFORMATION has been received at the Admiralty, that a light has been established in a light-tower recently erected on the site of the former one on Angeles or Playa Ancha point, the north-west point of the entrance to Valparaiso Bay, Chile.

The light is a *white* light, appearing with great brilliancy once every minute; it is placed at an elevation of 197 English feet above the sea, and