

HE

Edinburg fazette.

Published by Authority.

FROM FRIDAY, MAY 31. TO TUESDAY, JUNE 4. 1799.

THE

LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

THURSDAY, MAY 30.

bowning-street, may 30.

Dispatches, of which the following are copies and extracts, have been received from the Right Honourable Sir Morton Eden, K. B. and Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Craufurd, by the Right Honourable Lord Grenville, his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Foreign Department.

Extract of a Letter from Sir Morton Eden, K. B. dated Vienna, May 11.

It is with the greatest satisfaction that I inform your Lordship of the surrender of the fortress of Peschiera by capitulation, on the 6th instant, to General Kray, an event which will greatly facilitate the further operations vent which will greatly facilitate the further operations in Italy. I have the honour of enclosing the Extraordinary Gazette published on the occasion; and also an Extraordinary Gazette of Wednesday last, containing an account of the operations of the army under General Bellegarde, of the loss sustained by the army of Italy in the different engagements on the Adda, and of the great joy with which the army was received at Milan.

Accounts from Brindsh state, that on the 15th the French troops in consequence of orders brought to them

French troops, in consequence of orders brought to them over land, evacuated the place, and with such precipitation as to leave both their magazines and boo ty.

VIENNA, MAY II.

The General of Artillery Baron Kray, who remained behind in obedience to the orders of Field Marshal Suwarrow, to undertake the Siege of Peschiera, has sent here as courier the First Lieutenant of artillery Voparterney, with the agreeable intelligence, that, on the 5th inft. after having made every disposition for the opening of the trenches, and for the bombardment of the citadel, [Price-Sixpence.] he had offered to the enemy's garrison, which, according to all accounts, confisted of 1500 men, a capitulation, by which it should be allowed to come out, upo condition not to serve for fix months against us or our allies.

Our preparations and dispositions for attack made the enemy accept our capitulation, and deliver up the for-tress, with all the artillery, ammunition, and provisions. The first account of General of Artillery Kray is, that ninety cannons and mortars were found in the place; befides fixteen gun-boats equipped, and a great quantity of

Early on the morning of the 6th, the General of Artillery placed a company at one of the gates of the fort-refs, and caufed an inventory of all the ammunition and provisions to be taken. The first Lieutenant of En-gineers Danno, and the Major of Artillery Gillet, the Count St Julien, and others, particularly diffinguished themfelves.

The Grand Duke Constantine arrived at the moment that the garrison was forced to capitulate. That prince, after the evacuation of the place, continued his journey to the head-quarters of Field Marshal Comte Suwarrow.

Capitulation concluded between General Count Saint Julien and the French Adjutant General Coutheau, on the 6th May, for the Garrison of Peschiera.

Art. I. The garrison, and every part of the French army fiall march out with all military honours.—Answer, Granted Those individuals, however, who are not French may return

home.

If Art. II. After the figning of the capitulation the garrifon thall evacuate the place as foon as possible, shall march out with their arms and baggage, matches lighted, drams beating, colours slying, and four cannons, to proceed with an adequate force to the nearest post of the French army.—Answ. Granted. The garrison shall march out to morrow at eight o'clock in the morning, by the gate of Brescia. They shall lay down their arms near the Convent of Capuchins, and shall be conducted by the nearest road to the first posts of the French army, and the