



The Edinburgh Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1849.

GLASGOW, August 14, 1849.

THE following ADDRESSES were presented to His Royal Highness PRINCE ALBERT, who was graciously pleased to receive the same in person:—

To His Royal Highness Prince Albert.

May it please your Royal Highness.

We, Her Majesty's loyal and attached subjects, the Chancellor, Rector, Dean of Faculties, Principal of the College, and Professors in the University of Glasgow, in Senate assembled, desire to offer to your Royal Highness, on your arrival in this part of Her Majesty's Dominions, the tribute of our respectful homage, and expression of our affectionate regard.

Contemplating in your Royal Highness the Consort of our gracious and beloved Queen, a Prince whose personal character and conduct have endeared him to all classes of Her subjects, and the enlightened patron of those literary and scientific pursuits which it is our province to teach and to promote, we gladly join in the cordial welcome with which your presence is hailed by the whole community with whom we are surrounded. We anticipate from the repeated visits of your Royal Highness to this Ancient Kingdom a fresh impulse to the cultivation of every branch of useful knowledge and the liberal arts; and we rest assured that the deep concern which, as a parent, your Royal Highness must take in the subject of education, will secure to such establishments as ours the benefit of your attention to our interest, and encouragement in the performance of our duties.

We pray that our Father in Heaven may long spare your Royal Highness to augment the domestic bliss of our Sovereign, and to train up the youthful family, to whose progress we look forward with the profoundest interest, in those virtues and accomplishments of which, in your own person, so bright an example is exhibited; and that when your earthly course is finished, you may enjoy the Heavenly Crown prepared for His good and faithful servants.

Sealed with the University's Seal, and signed in name, and by appointment of the Senate of the University at Glasgow, the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

DUNCAN MACFARLAN, Vice-Chancellor of the University, and Principal of Glasgow College.

To His Royal Highness Prince Albert.

May it please your Royal Highness,

We, Her Majesty's most loyal and devoted subjects, the Ministers and Elders of the Presbytery of Glasgow, being met in Presbytery, entreat permission to approach your Royal Highness with our dutiful congratulations on your arrival in this the Metropolitan City of the populous and extensive district under our spiritual superintendence.

We entertain the most sincere respect for your Royal Highness, as the chosen partner of our beloved Sovereign. We participate in the esteem entertained for you, we believe universally, on account of the public and private virtues which adorn your character; and we look with no common interest on the important duty which is devolved on your Royal Highness, of watching over the tender years, and forming the infant minds of your Royal Offspring.

We pray that their daily expanding virtues may reward your care, and especially that the Prince, to whom we anticipate, at a period remote we trust, but yet auspicious, the destinies of the British Empire will be committed, may emulate and surpass the brightest examples of that piety, public spirit, purity of life, and benevolence, which exalt and adorn the Crown of a Patriot King.

That the God and Father of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, may continue to our gracious Queen, to your Royal Highness, and to the Children He has given you, the many blessings He has bestowed in this life, and that He may receive you at length into His Kingdom and Glory, is our fervent and united prayer.

Signed in our name, and in our presence, and by our appointment, by

M. LEISHMAN, D.D. Moderator.

Glasgow, August 8, 1849.

To His Royal Highness Prince Albert.

May it please your Royal Highness,

We, Her Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the Ministers and Elders of the Free Church Presbytery of Glasgow, desire to approach your Royal Highness with sentiments of the most cordial affection, respect, and esteem.

As a Prince descended from a family signalized by zeal for truth and liberty—as personally dis-

tinguished by high endowments and by many virtues,—as the husband of our most gracious and beloved Sovereign the Queen,—and as the parent of a Royal race, destined, as we fondly trust, by the help and blessing of Almighty God, to transmit unswayed to latest generations the honours of Her Majesty's illustrious House, and the glories of the British Crown,—we feel it to be alike our duty and our privilege to regard your Royal Highness with feelings of peculiar interest, and to remember you always in our prayers.

In common with the entire body of our fellow-citizens, we bid you welcome to the City of Glasgow, and beg leave to assure your Royal Highness that your visit to it will serve only to enlarge the place which your Royal Highness already holds in the hearts of all ranks and classes of its inhabitants.

As Scotchmen, we rejoice in the attachment which your Royal Highness has discovered for our native land; and we hope and pray that our beloved Queen and your Royal Highness, and your Royal children, may ever find an accession of health and happiness in your Highland home.

That it may please the Most High to bless your Royal Highness with the blessings of the earth beneath, and with the blessings of the Heaven above, and to keep you through faith in the Lord Jesus unto life eternal, is the sincere and affectionate prayer, may it please your Royal Highness, of your Royal Highness's most faithful, most obedient, and most devoted Servants, the Ministers and Elders of the Free Church Presbytery of Glasgow.

Signed in name, and by appointment of the Presbytery, at Glasgow, this eleventh day of August eighteen hundred and forty-nine years.

ROBERT BUCHANAN, Convener of Committee.

To His Royal Highness Albert, Prince Consort of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, of Great Britain and Ireland.

Most Illustrious Prince,

We, Her Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council of Her Majesty's Ancient Royal Burgh of Ayr, most respectfully approach your Royal Highness, and with sentiments of profound respect, congratulate your Royal Highness on Her Majesty's and your Royal Highness's present happy and auspicious visit to Her Majesty's Ancient Kingdom of Scotland, and to Glasgow, its commercial emporium. We beg humbly to express to your Royal Highness that we regard with mixed feelings of pride, exultation, and gratitude, the illustrious example exhibited in Her Majesty's and your Royal Highness's public and private life, and the repeated manifestations of Her Majesty's and your Royal Highness's regard for Scotland, as graciously evinced by many Royal visits to Her Majesty's Scottish subjects; and that your Royal Highness may long enjoy health, happiness, and prosperity, as the Consort of Her Most Gracious Majesty, is the earnest prayer to the Giver of all good, of, may it please your Royal Highness, Her Majesty's most faithful and affectionate subjects, the Provost, Magistrates, and Town Council of the Ancient Royal Burgh of Ayr.

Signed in our presence, and by our appointment, in Council assembled, and the Common Seal of the Burgh hereto affixed, at Ayr, this eighth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine years.

HUGH MILLER, Provost.

To His Royal Highness Prince Albert.

We, the Provost, Bailies, and Town Council of Greenock, with true attachment to your Royal Highness, beg to offer our sincere congratulations on your again visiting the River Clyde.

It gives us the utmost satisfaction to be permitted to join with our congratulations the strong expression of our high respect for the character, and our heartfelt wishes for the happiness of your Royal Highness.

Signed in name, and by appointment of the Magistrates and Town Council of Greenock, within the Town-Hall of Greenock, this thirteenth day of August 1849 years, by me, Samuel Paterson, Provost, and John Kerr Gray, Town Clerk of Greenock. In testimony whereof, the Seal of the Burgh is hereunto affixed.

SAMUEL PATERSON, Provost.
JOHN K. GRAY, Town-Clerk.

FOREIGN-OFFICE, August 17, 1849.

NOTIFICATION.

It is hereby notified that Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received a Despatch from Her Majesty's Minister at Copenhagen, inclosing an official Notification from the Danish Minister of the Marine, of the cessation of the blockade of the Baltic Ports, with the exception of those of the east coast of Holstein, and also of the cessation of the blockade of the Elbe and Weser, &c. on the 11th instant.

The following is a copy of the Notification:—

“The Minister of the Navy declares that the blockade of the harbours of Pillau, Danzig, Cammin, Swinemunde, Wolgast, Griefswalde, Stralsund, and Rostock is raised.

“On the 11th of August next the blockades will farther be raised of the rivers of Elbe, Weser, and Jahde, the western coast of the Duchy of Holstein, and all the harbours of the Duchy of Sleswic.

“The blockade continues along the east coast of the Duchy of Holstein, with the harbours of Neustadt, Heiligenhafen with Fehmer Sound, and the Bay of Kiel, with the entrance of the Canal.

“The Ministry of the Navy at Copenhagen, the 5th of August 1849.

(Signed) ZAHRTMANN.”

ADMIRALTY, August 10, 1849.

Corps of Royal Marines.

First Lieutenant Edward Pellew Hammet Ussher to be Captain, vice Lee, placed on half-pay.

August 11, 1849.

Second Lieutenant Osborne Frederick Charles Fraser to be First Lieutenant, vice Ussher, promoted.

August 14, 1849.

James Conway Travers, gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant.

Frederick Lewis David, gentleman, to be Second Lieutenant.

DUBLIN CASTLE, August 15, 1849.

The Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to approve of Charles Clarke, Esquire, of Graigenoe Park, Holycross, being appointed a Deputy Lieutenant for the County of Tipperary, vice Edward Crosbie Moore, Esquire, deceased.

FIFTH NOTIFICATION IN RESPECT TO THE NUISANCE REMOVAL AND CONTAGIOUS DISEASES' PREVENTION ACT.

*General Board of Health, Gwydyr House,
August 17, 1849.*

The prevalence of Asiatic Cholera in the Metropolis, and in England generally, up to June, was limited to comparatively few localities, beyond which it did not spread; but its outbreak, wherever it appeared, was generally violent, the proportion of the deaths to the attacks being very great; and in some instances, as in the establishment at Tooting, in several lunatic asylums, and in some workhouses and prisons, the numbers seized were so large as to indicate a true epidemic tendency. In other countries, though it appears that the pestilence has created less alarm, it has spread more extensively, and been more fatal than on its former visitation; and since the middle of June its progress in England and Wales has proved, that here also, the epidemic force is greater than it was in 1832.

Notwithstanding the representations addressed to the local authorities charged with carrying out the Regulations made under the authority of the Legislature for preventing the localization and spread of epidemic diseases, that the seats and subjects of cholera, and the seats and subjects of typhus are generally the same, in almost every instance where attacks have been made in groups of cases, it has been found that the preventive measures enjoined by the General Board of Health in November last had not been commenced until after the actual outbreak of the disease.

Yet, had the preventive measures, founded on the provisions of the Nuisances' Removal and the Diseases' Prevention Act, been carried into effect without delay, and to the greatest practicable extent, there would still have remained in many localities sanitary evils of the greatest magnitude, wholly irremovable under this Act, and for which the only remedy is the Public Health Act. In the instances, however, in which the cleansings, the removal of nuisances, and the other preventive measures authorized and required by the former Act have been enforced, the results have been proportionately beneficial.

Wherever the disease has spread extensively through any district, or has been localized in a court or street, or has appeared in groups in the same dwelling, the Inspectors, on examining the locality, have uniformly reported the existence of filth, bad ventilation, over-crowding, and other local causes of atmospheric impurity.

And whenever, by intelligence and energy, these localizing conditions have been changed, particularly when, under the direction of an Inspector, the further regulations enjoining the special preventive measures of house to house visitation, and immediate treatment of the premonitory symptoms, have been faithfully carried out, the pestilence has been checked, and in some instances it has been abruptly and finally terminated in the course of a few days; but, on the other hand, in several instances when, after the departure of the Inspector, the house to house visitation has been suspended, and when, consequently, the early detection and treatment of the premonitory cases have been no longer possible, the disease has again broken out with renewed force.

From the report of the General Board of Health recently presented, "On the measures adopted for the execution of the Nuisances' Removal and Diseases' Prevention Act, and the Public Health Act, up to July 1849," it appears that bad

sanitary conditions have in numerous instances localized the epidemic to such an extent that alike in cities, towns, and villages, almost the entire population have been simultaneously affected with the premonitory symptoms of the disease. In these instances, until the house to house visitation has been systematically and energetically carried out, great numbers of the premonitory cases have continued to pass into the developed and fatal stage; but as soon as by this agency the disease has been detected where it was secretly forming, and has been immediately placed under treatment, its progress has been arrested, so that it has seldom gone on to developed cholera. Thus, in one instance, out of 13,089 premonitory cases discovered by the system of house to house visitation, and reported as having been placed under treatment, only 80 are stated to have passed into cholera. In another instance not a single death occurred out of 1,380 cases of premonitory diarrhoea brought under early treatment; but when diarrhoea has been neglected until vomiting has come on, the mortality has risen to 7 per cent, and has increased progressively, according to the length of delay, to 39 per cent; while in instances in which it has not been brought under treatment until the evacuations have become serious, and have been accompanied with cramps, 53 persons have died out of every 100; facts which, it has been justly stated, establish the unity of the disease and its progressive danger.

There is indeed undoubted evidence that occasionally individuals are attacked quite suddenly, without any previous warning; but this almost always occurs only on the first outbreak of the disease in a locality, and happens chiefly to those who are living under peculiarly bad sanitary conditions, or are of intemperate habits. In the great majority of instances distinct warning of the approach of the disease, in time for the adoption of effectual remedies, is given.

Proceeding on these results of experience, the General Board of Health have deemed it their duty to enforce, as far as was within their power, the observance of the Regulation enjoining house to house visitation, satisfied that it is the means of saving life, and that the cost of carrying it into effect is incomparably less than that which must otherwise be incurred for the mitigation of sickness, and the support of the permanent pauperism occasioned by orphanage and widowhood.

There are, however, houses and localities in which the predisposing and localizing conditions exist in such intensity, that until their sanitary state is wholly changed, no measures will succeed in preventing the development of the disease. In these cases the only remedy is the dispersion of the inhabitants, and the removal of the destitute to houses of refuge, until their own abodes are cleansed and purified according to Regulation No. XV, issued in November last.

Seeing the continued progress of the disease, and its extension to numerous new localities which appear to have escaped during the visitation of 1832, the General Board of Health again earnestly repeat the cautions given in their First and Second Notifications, with reference to diet, clothing, and the general means of maintaining health and vigour. For reasons already fully stated, the articles of food, where there are the means of choice, should be solid, nutritious, invigorating, and concentrated, tending to maintain moderately costive bowels, a state which experience has shown to be more conducive to exemption from cholera than an opposite habit. Great care and due moderation in

food and drink are essential to safety during the whole duration of the epidemic period. Particular attention should be paid to the avoidance of cold and damp, and to maintaining the sitting and bedrooms well aired, dry and warm. Every day's experience shows the urgent necessity of instant attention to the slightest degree of diarrhoea. At a time when there is the danger that looseness of the bowels may be the commencement of such a disease as Asiatic cholera, a due regard to his own safety should induce every one, having this premonitory symptom, to apply without delay for medical assistance; but an attack may come on in the night, or under circumstances in which medical assistance cannot be promptly obtained; in this case, life may depend on having proper medicine at hand to be administered at once. In places in which the pestilence has been recently prevailing, great advantage is stated to have arisen from following the recommendation given in a former Notification, to place proper medicine in the custody of the heads of families, the masters of schools and workhouses, the owners or overseers of large establishments and manufactories, clergymen, and other intelligent persons; but such medicine should be simple in its nature, and administered only at times and under circumstances when medical assistance cannot be promptly procured. Experience appears to have suggested no better form of medicine to be given under these circumstances, than that formerly recommended; viz; for an adult, from ten to twenty grains of the confection of opium, mixed with two table-spoonsful of peppermint water, or with a little weak brandy and water; or a draught composed of one ounce of chalk mixture, with ten or fifteen grains of the aromatic confection, from five to ten drops of laudanum, and from half a dram to a dram of tincture of catechu. Such a dose should be taken when there is any degree of relaxation of the bowels, or when there are more than two stools in the twenty-four hours.

But these medicines are recommended only when medical assistance cannot be procured at once; and in all cases, wherever practicable, even in the very earliest stage of the disease, recourse should be had to medical advice on the spot. Confinement to bed at once is a very good precaution, and warm applications where there is coldness of the extremities.

It may be necessary to repeat the caution against the use of cold purgative medicines, such as salts, particularly Glauber salts, Epsom salts, and Seidlitz powders, which, taken in any quantity, in such a season, are dangerous. Drastic purgatives of all kinds should be avoided, such as senna, colocynth, and aloes, except under special medical direction.

If, notwithstanding these precautionary measures, a person is seized suddenly with cold, giddiness, nausea, vomiting, and cramps, under circumstances in which instant medical assistance cannot be procured, the concurrent testimony of the most experienced medical authority shows that the proper course is to get as soon as possible into a warm bed; to apply warmth by means of heated flannel, or bottles filled with hot water, or bags of heated camomile flowers, sand, bran, or salt, to the feet and along the spine; to have the extremities diligently rubbed; to apply a large poultice of mustard and vinegar over the region of the stomach, keeping it on fifteen or twenty minutes; and to take every half hour a tea-spoonful of sal volatile in a little hot water, or a dessert-spoonful of brandy in a little hot water, or a wine-glass of hot wine whey, made by pouring a wine-glass of sherry

into a tumbler of hot milk: in a word, to do every thing practicable to procure a warm, general perspiration, until the arrival of the medical attendant, whose immediate care, under such circumstances, is indispensable.

For reasons assigned in their First Notification, the General Board of Health have not deemed it necessary or proper to give instructions for the treatment of the advanced stage of this disease.

The present emergency has greatly increased the labour imposed on the Union medical officers, who complain that no provision is made for their additional remuneration. Very serious and even fatal consequences have followed to the poor from the disputes which have arisen about remuneration for extra services. All cases of Cholera, or of premonitory symptoms, should be attended at once, without a relieving officer's note, and arrangements should be made accordingly. The General Board of Health would recall the attention of the Board on this subject; namely: "seeing the many and arduous duties that devolve upon the medical officers, the Board cannot but express their hope that the remuneration of these officers will be more proportionate to the value of the required services."

In the words of their First Notification, the General Board of Health would again urge the consideration, that whatever is preventive of Cholera is equally preventive of typhus, and of every other epidemic and constantly recurring disease; and would earnestly call the attention of all classes to the striking and consoling fact, that, formidable as this malady is in its intense form and developed stage, there is no disease against which it is in our power to take such effectual precaution, both as collective communities and private individuals, by vigilant attention to it in its first or premonitory stage, and by the removal of those agencies which are known to promote the spread of all epidemic diseases. Though therefore, the issues of events are not in our hands, there is ground for hope, and even confidence, in the sustained and resolute employment of the means of protection which experience and science have now placed within our reach.

By order of the General Board of Health,

HENRY AUSTIN, Secretary.

To the Board of Guardians of the WHITECHAPEL UNION, and to all Others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by the Act 11th and 12th Victoria, cap. 123, intituled, "An Act to renew and amend an Act of the tenth year of Her present Majesty, for the more speedy removal of certain nuisances, and the prevention of contagious and epidemic diseases," and by virtue of an Order of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, bearing date the 27th day of March 1849, directing that the provisions of the said Act be continued in force throughout the whole of Great Britain, We, the General Board of Health, are authorized to issue such directions and regulations as the said Board shall think fit, for the prevention, as far as possible, or mitigation of epidemic, endemic, and contagious diseases;

And whereas the several Parishes included in the Whitechapel Union appear to be affected by formidable epidemic or endemic disease,

We, the General Board of Health, do issue the Directions and Regulations hereinafter contained, to extend to the said Whitechapel Union:

EDINBURGH GAZETTE

1. That three additional properly qualified Medical Officers be appointed for a term of one month, to aid in carrying out the system of house to house visitation, and in attending on the sick.

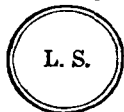
2. That two non-Medical Visitors be appointed to assist, under direction of the Medical Officers of the Union, in inquiries into the condition and matters affecting the health of the Parishioners, especially as to the existence among them of bowel-complaints.

3. That a House of Refuge be forthwith provided, to which may be removed the families of such necessitous families as have been attacked with Cholera, and such necessitous persons living under the same roof, or in the vicinity of persons so attacked, as the Medical Officers may deem it advisable or requisite to remove.

4. That proper and efficient nurses be appointed to attend on the sick, according to the directions that may be given by the aforesaid Medical Officers of the Union.

5. That the Board of Guardians further provide dispensaries in suitable stations with sufficient medical aid, such dispensaries to be accessible at all times, by night and by day, to persons requiring medical aid for themselves or others attacked by Cholera, or by any of its premonitory symptoms, and to provide the medicines for necessitous persons attacked as aforesaid who may be under medical treatment.

Given under our hands, and under the seal of the General Board of Health, this eleventh day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.



(Signed)

ASHLEY.
EDWIN CHADWICK.
T. SOUTHWOOD SMITH.

To the Trustees of the Poor of the Parish of ST LEONARD, SHOREDITCH, and to all Others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by the Act 11th and 12th Victoria, cap. 123, intituled "An Act to renew and amend an Act of the tenth year of Her present Majesty, for the more speedy removal of certain nuisances, and the prevention of contagious and epidemic diseases," and by virtue of an Order of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, bearing date the 27th day of March 1849, directing that the provisions of the said Act be continued in force throughout the whole of Great Britain; We, the General Board of Health, are authorized to issue such directions and regulations as the said Board shall think fit, for the prevention, as far as possible, or mitigation of epidemic, endemic, and contagious diseases;

And whereas the Parish of St Leonard, Shoreditch, appears to be affected by formidable epidemic and endemic disease,

Now We, the General Board of Health, in further exercise of the power vested in us as aforesaid, do issue the directions and regulations hereinafter contained, to extend to the Parish of St Leonard, Shoreditch.

1. That three additional properly qualified Medical Officers be forthwith appointed for a period of six weeks from the date of this present Order; and that they exclusively devote their time to making a careful house to house visitation, throughout the affected localities, at least once each day, so as to discover, at the earliest period, the existence of cases of diarrhoea and premonitory symptoms of Cholera, and to be enabled to treat them on the spot by the immediate administration of the suitable medicines.

2. That three intelligent persons be appointed for a like period of six weeks to act throughout the affected districts of the Parish as lay visitors, under the directions of the Parochial Medical Officers, and to co-operate with the said Medical Officers in discovering cases of diarrhoea in their earliest stages, and in instructing persons who may be so affected how and where to procure the necessary medicines; and that they report without delay all serious cases that may come under their observation or knowledge to the nearest Medical Officer.

3. That in addition to the existing Surgeries of the Medical Officers, three Dispensaries or Depots be forthwith provided, to be open night and day in suitable stations, with sufficient medical aid for all who may require it for themselves or others, when attacked by Cholera or any of its premonitory symptoms.

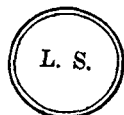
4. That the appointment and opening of these Dispensaries or Depots, and also of the Surgeries of the Medical Officers, and the treatment provided thereat, be made known throughout the Parish, by means of hand-bills to be printed and so distributed in all the affected localities of St Leonard, Shoreditch, so that the poor and all classes of inhabitants may know where medicines and attendance are to be obtained in cases of emergency.

5. That such a number of efficient nurses be provided as, in the opinion of the Medical Officers of the Parish, or of a Medical Superintending Inspector of the General Board of Health, shall be deemed adequate and sufficient.

6. That there be forthwith provided a House of Refuge, to which may be removed the families of such necessitous persons as have been attacked with Cholera, and also, such necessitous persons living under the same roof, or in the vicinity of persons so attacked, as the Medical Officers may deem it necessary to remove; the houses, rooms, or dwellings from which persons may have been removed to the Houses of Refuge, to be cleansed and purified by the owners or persons having the care or ordering thereof, or in their default by the Trustees of the Poor of the aforesaid Parish of St Leonard, Shoreditch.

7. That two Inspectors of nuisances be forthwith appointed by the Trustees of the Poor.

Given under our hands, and under the seal of the General Board of Health, this fifteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.



(Signed)

ASHLEY.
EDWIN CHADWICK.
T. SOUTHWOOD SMITH.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the ST AUSTELL UNION, and to all Others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by the Act 11th and 12th Victoria, cap. 123, intituled "An Act to renew and amend an Act of the tenth year of Her present Majesty, for the more speedy removal of certain nuisances, and the prevention of contagious and epidemic diseases," and by virtue of an Order of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, bearing date the 27th day of March 1849, directing that the provisions of the said Act be continued in force throughout the whole of Great Britain; We, the General Board of Health, are authorized to issue such directions and regulations as the said Board shall think fit, for the prevention, as far as possible, or mitigation of epidemic, endemic, and contagious diseases;

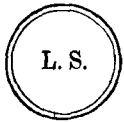
And whereas the Parish of Mevagissey, in the Saint Austell Union, appears to be affected by formidable epidemic and endemic disease,

And whereas it has been reported to us that a very great mortality from Cholera has occurred in the said Parish, and that the landing and mode in use there of curing fish in the midst of dwellings, causes an offensive liquid to run into the streets and houses, which is exceedingly dangerous in the present state of the public health,

Now we, the General Board of Health, in further exercise of the power vested in us aforesaid, do issue the directions and regulations hereinafter contained, to extend to the above mentioned parish of Mevagissey:—

That no fish be allowed to be landed or cured, during a period of six weeks from the date of this present Order, within the limits of the Parish of Mevagissey, except in such parts thereof, or in such mode as the Medical Superintending Inspector, or in his absence, one of the Medical Officers of the aforesaid Parish, shall certify that it can be done with safety to the health of the Inhabitants.

Given under our hands, and under the seal of the General Board of Health, this sixteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.



(Signed) ASHLEY.
E. CHADWICK.
T. SOUTHWOOD SMITH.

To the Guardians of the Poplar Union, and to all Others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by the Act 11th and 12th Victoria, cap. 123, intituled "An Act to renew and amend an Act of the tenth year of Her present Majesty, for the more speedy removal of certain nuisances, and the prevention of contagious and epidemic diseases," and by virtue of an Order of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, bearing date the 27th day of March 1849, directing that the provisions of the said Act be continued in force throughout the whole of Great Britain, We, the General Board of Health, are authorized to issue such directions and regulations as the said Board shall think fit, for the prevention, as far as possible, or mitigation of epidemic, endemic, and contagious diseases;

And whereas the crew of a Swedish vessel, named the "Anton," now lying off the Thames Police Station, Folley Wall, Poplar, have been affected with Cholera, and two of them have died, the remainder having been conveyed to the Hospital,

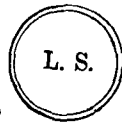
1. We, the General Board of Health, do hereby order and require the Guardians of the Poplar Union to cause their Medical Officer to enter and examine the condition of the said vessel, and any other vessel in which cases of Cholera have occurred, to enquire into the causes of the outbreak of Cholera among the crew, and to order the said vessel or vessels to be thoroughly cleansed and purified throughout, and the cargoes to be removed, if he shall think necessary.

2. And we further order that the said Guardians prohibit the survivors of the said crew or crews, or any other persons, from returning to live on board the said vessel or vessels, until the Medical Officer, as aforesaid, shall certify that they are in a perfectly safe and wholesome condition.

3. And we further order, that the proceedings and arrangements as aforesaid, shall be subject to the approval of any Medical Superintending Inspector whom the Board may send to enquire into

the condition of the said vessel or vessels, but that, in the absence of such Inspector, the said Medical Officer to the Guardians shall act as directed aforesaid.

Given under our hands, and under the seal of the General Board of Health, this sixteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.



(Signed) ASHLEY.
E. CHADWICK.
T. SOUTHWOOD SMITH.

BANKRUPTS
FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

BANKRUPTCY ANNULLED.

George Squire, of Saint Neots, Huntingdon, merchant.

BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.

Joseph Hodson, of Whaplode, Lincoln, draper and grocer.
John Pavis, of the King's Arms Public House, Three Colt Street, Limehouse, Middlesex, licenced victualler.
John Charles Ball, of the Golden Cross, Kennington Cross, Lambeth, Surrey, beer house keeper.
Richard Bradshaw Burton and George Bulpin, of Dublin, drapers, and trading thence to the city of London, to Liverpool, Lancaster, and to other parts of England.
George Sturt, now of Creed's Place, Greenwich, Kent, out of business, but late of Saint Alban's, Hertford, and carrying on the business of a banker there, in partnership with Edward Gibson, under the style or firm of Gibson and Sturt.
John Bodily, late of Ladbroke, but now of Southam, Warwick, farmer and grazier.
James Roberts, of Smethwick, Stafford, steel manufacturer.
Benjamin Holmes, of Birmingham, Warwick, boot and shoemaker.
James Honiss, of Cheltenham, Gloucester, paper stainer and house decorator.
Thomas Ashworth, of Liverpool, Lancaster, merchant.
John Turner, of Oldham, Lancaster, cotton spinner.
Jasper Fletcher, of Manchester, Lancaster, auctioneer.
John Hardley, of Manchester, Lancaster, tailor and draper.

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the British Possessions in AMERICA, Computed from the RETURNS made in the Week ending the 14th day of August 1849,

Is Twenty-five Shillings and Seven Pence Halfpenny per Hundred Weight;

Exclusive of the Duties of Customs paid or payable thereon on the IMPORTATION thereof into GREAT BRITAIN;

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the MAURITIUS, Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Twenty-six Shillings and Ten Pence Farthing per Hundred Weight;

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the EAST INDIES, computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Twenty-six Shillings and Four Pence Farthing per Hundred Weight;

The AVERAGE PRICE of the three foregoing Descriptions of SUGAR jointly,

Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,
Is Twenty-five Shillings and Ten Pence Farthing per Hundred Weight.

By Authority of Parliament,

HENRY BICKNELL,
Clerk of the Grocers' Company.

Grocers'-Hall, August 17, 1849.

AN ACCOUNT of the Total Quantities of Each Kind of CORN, distinguishing Foreign and Colonial, imported into the principal Ports of GREAT BRITAIN, (viz. London, Liverpool, Hull, Newcastle, Bristol, Gloucester, Plymouth, Leith, Glasgow, Dundee, and Perth,) with the Quantities entered therein for Home Consumption, and the Rates and Amount of Duty thereon, in the Week ended 8th August 1849.

SPECIES.	Quantities Imported into the Ports of Great Britain, enumerated above (being those into which Corn is chiefly Imported).			Quantities Entered for Home Consumption, at the same Ports.			Amount of Duty received.			Fixed Rates of Duty chargeable (Foreign and Colonial)			
	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.	Foreign.	Colonial.	Total.	on Corn and Grain of all sorts, per qr.	on Meal and Flour of all sorts, per cwt.		
	Qrs. Bus.	Qrs. Bus.	Qrs. Bus.	Qrs. Bus.	Qrs. Bus.	Qrs. Bus.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	s. d.		
Wheat and Wheat Flour	53410 1	1609 6	55019 7	56777 2	1154 0	57931 2	3008 1 8	68 12 11	3076 14 7	}			
Barley and Barley Meal	39773 7	—	39773 7	40312 4	—	40312 4	2015 12 11	—	2015 12 11				
Oats and Oat Meal	61608 5	—	61608 5	63797 5	—	63797 5	3173 13 2	—	3173 13 2				
Rye and Rye Meal	3207 1	—	3207 1	3260 0	—	3260 0	163 0 1	—	163 0 1				
Pease	5316 3	—	5316 3	6188 6	—	6188 6	309 8 10	—	309 8 10			1 0	0 4½
Beans	7774 2	—	7774 2	6289 1	—	6289 1	305 3 2	—	305 3 2				
Indian Corn and Indian Meal . . .	24350 1	—	24350 1	24350 1	—	24350 1	1225 8 11	—	1225 8 11				
Buck Wheat & Buck Wheat Meal .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
Malt	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
	195440 4	1609 6	197050 2	200975 3	1154 0	202129 3	10200 8 9	68 12 11	10269 1 8				

783

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Saturday the 11th day of August 1849.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

<table border="0"> <tr> <td style="width: 100px;">Notes issued.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">£. 27,648,875</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="border-top: 1px solid black;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">£27,648,875</td> </tr> </table>	Notes issued.....	£. 27,648,875				£27,648,875	<table border="0"> <tr> <td style="width: 100px;">Government Debt.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">£. 11,015,100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Other Securities.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2,984,900</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Gold Coin and Bullion.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">13,372,306</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Silver Bullion.....</td> <td style="text-align: right;">276,569</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="border-top: 1px solid black;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: right;">£27,648,875</td> </tr> </table>	Government Debt.....	£. 11,015,100	Other Securities.....	2,984,900	Gold Coin and Bullion.....	13,372,306	Silver Bullion.....	276,569				£27,648,875
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	£27,648,875																		

Dated the 16th day of August 1849.

J. R. ELSEY, Deputy Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

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Dated the 16th day of August 1849.

J. R. ELSEY, Deputy Cashier.

GENERAL AVERAGE PRICE OF BRITISH CORN, per QUARTER,

Received in the Week ending August 11, 1849.

Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	Beans.	Peas.
s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.
47 4-953	25 8-496	19 2-994	26 7-382	32 0-999	31 1-560

AGGREGATE AVERAGE OF SIX WEEKS WHICH GOVERNS DUTY.

Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	Beans.	Peas.
s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.
48 1	25 11	19 0	26 11	32 1	32 0

By Authority of Parliament,

GEORGE JOYCE,
Comptroller of Corn Returns.

Board of Trade, Corn Department.

ANDREW DAVIDSON, Writer in Perth, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN BALLANDANE, Writer, Banker, and Brick and Tile Maker in Perth, hereby intimates, that the Commissioners having audited the Trustee's accounts as at the expiration of 12 months from the date of the sequestration, have postponed a dividend on the said estate till the recurrence of the next stated period for making a dividend, and dispensed with circulars being sent to the Creditors.

AND. DAVIDSON, Trustee.

Perth, August 18, 1849.

DONALD LINDSAY, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of MAGNUS GILBERT LAING MEASON, formerly of Lindertis, now Insurance Broker in Edinburgh, hereby intimates, that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the said estate, brought down to the 8th current, with states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute; that the Commissioners have postponed payment of a farther dividend till the next Statutory period, and have dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

D. LINDSAY, Trustee.

Edinburgh, August 16, 1849.

PATRICK DON SWAN, Merchant in Kirkcaldy, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of D. W. HENDERSON & COMPANY, Corn Merchants in Kirkcaldy, and of David Wemyss Henderson, Corn Merchant, residing in Kirkcaldy, and of James Bogie, Junior, Corn Merchant, residing in Linktown of Kirkcaldy, as Partners of said Company, and as Individuals, hereby intimates, that having made a final division of the funds, a meeting of the Creditors will be held within his office in Kirkcaldy, on Thursday the 13th day of September next, at one o'clock afternoon, when there will be laid before them the Sederunt-Book and Trustee's Accounts, with the view of applying for his discharge from the office of Trustee on the said several sequestrated estates.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

PATRICK D. SWAN, Trustee.

Kirkcaldy, August 17, 1849.

SEQUESTRATION of the Estates of JOHN GRINLY, Shipowner and Trader in Alloa.

WILLIAM COVENTRY, Merchant in Alloa, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of John Grinly, Shipowner and Trader in Alloa, hereby intimates, that the accounts of his intromissions with the funds of the said estate, brought down to 30th July last, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute; that payment of a dividend is postponed till next Statutory period, and the Commissioners have dispensed with circulars being sent to the Creditors.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

WM. COVENTRY, Trustee.

Alloa, August 13, 1849.

SEQUESTRATION of the Deceased JOHN MITCHELL CAMPBELL, late Surgeon, and residing in Union Street, Aberdeen.

JOHAN BRAMWELL, Accountant to the Aberdeen Town and County Banking Company, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said John Mitchell Campbell, hereby intimates, that the accounts of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 4th of August current, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding at the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on the said estate, in terms of the Statute; and farther, that the Commissioners have resolved in the meantime to postpone the payment of a dividend upon the said estate.

JOHN BRAMWELL, Trustee.

Aberdeen, August 17, 1849.

✓
THE Estates of WILLIAM FRASER, Roman Cement Manufacturer, Broxburn, were sequestrated on 20th day of August 1849.

The first deliverance is dated the 20th day of August 1849. The meeting to elect Interim Factor is to be held at 11 o'clock forenoon, on Saturday the 1st day of September 1849, within the Star and Garter Inn, Linlithgow; and the meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 11 o'clock forenoon, on Thursday the 20th day of September 1849, within the same place.

A composition may be offered at this latter meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 20th day of February 1850.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

✓
 JOHN GARDINER, S. S. C. Agent,
 27, York Place, Edinburgh.

THE Estates of JAMES THAIN, Merchant and Shipowner in Dundee, were sequestrated on the 20th day of August 1849.

The first deliverance is dated the 20th August 1849.

The meeting to elect Interim Factor is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Wednesday the 29th day of August 1849, within the British Hotel, Dundee; and the meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Wednesday the 19th day of September 1849, within the same place.

A composition may be offered at this latter meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 21st day of February 1850.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

✓
 LOCKHART, HUNTER, & WHITEHEAD, Agents,
 84, Great King Street, Edinburgh.

THE Estates of DAVID FORSYTH, sometime Coach Builder and Noddy Proprietor in Glasgow, now Tavern or Inn Keeper, Trongate Street there, were sequestrated on the 20th day of August 1849.

The first deliverance is dated the 20th day of August 1849.

The meeting to elect Interim Factor is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Thursday the 30th August 1849, within the Royal Exchange Sale Rooms, Glasgow; and the meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Friday the 21st day of September 1849, within the same place.

A composition may be offered at this latter meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 20th day of February 1850.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

✓
 MICH. LAWSON, S. S. C. Agent,
 Edinburgh, 16, South Bridge Street.

THE Estates of PETER DOW, Draper in Edinburgh, were sequestrated on the 20th August 1849.

The first deliverance is dated the 20th day of August 1849.

The meeting to elect Interim Factor is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Wednesday the 29th day of August 1849, within the Royal Exchange Coffee House in Edinburgh; and the meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Wednesday the 19th day of September 1849, within the said Royal Exchange Coffee House in Edinburgh.

A composition may be offered at this latter meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 22d February 1850.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

✓
 GEORGE COTTON, S. S. C. Agent,
 47, York Place, Edinburgh.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM EDGAR, Wright and Wood Merchant at Nisbhill, in the Abbey Parish of Paisley.

ALEXANDER ABERCROMBIE, Accountant in Paisley, has been elected Trustee on the estate, and William Keir, Saddler in Paisley, Thomas M'Lellan, Ironmonger in Barrhead, and Duncan Weir, Merchant in Greenock, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff's Chambers, Paisley, on Monday the 3d day of September next, at one o'clock afternoon. The Creditors will meet within the Writing-Chambers of Messieurs Reid and Henderson, Writers, County Place, Paisley, on Thursday the 20th day of September next, at one o'clock afternoon.

✓
 ALEX. ABERCROMBIE, Trustee.

Paisley, August 17, 1849.

SEQUESTRATION of the Estates of WILLIAM YOUNG, Grocer and Innkeeper, Kilwinning.

THOMAS CHALMERS, Farmer, Muirside, in the Parish of Kilwinning, has been elected Trustee on the estates, and Hugh King, Writer in Kilwinning, Robert Kerr, Carrier there, and Hugh Miller, Ironmonger, Stewarton, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Clerk's Office, Kilmarnock, on Friday the 31st day of August next, at 12 o'clock noon. The Bankrupt, at the meeting for election of the Trustee, made an offer of composition of Three Shillings per pound upon the debts owing by him at the date of the sequestration, payable as follows:—Two Shillings and Sixpence per pound on the 1st day of October next, and Sixpence per pound at six months from the 13th day of August current, and also to pay and provide for the expences of sequestration and discharge; for payment of the instalment of Two Shillings and Sixpence per pound and expences, he offered William Gemmill, Merchant, Auchintiber, and Robert Carswell, Joiner in Troon, as his cautioners, and for the instalment of Sixpence per pound he offered the said Robert Carswell as his cautioner; which offer was unanimously entertained for consideration, and a general meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Eglinton Arms Inn, Kilwinning, on Monday the 17th day of September next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, for the purpose of finally deciding on the Bankrupt's offer and the proposed security.

✓
 THOMAS CHALMERS, Trustee.

August 16, 1849.

SEQUESTRATION of ADAM CAIRNS, Wine Merchant and Grocer, Edinburgh.

ROBERT HAY, one of the Partners of the Company or Firm of P. & R. Hay, Silk Dyers, South Saint David Street, Edinburgh, and Heriot Buildings, Leith Walk there, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and John Simpson, a Partner of the Company or Firm of Andrew Melrose & Company, Tea-Dealers to the Queen, and carrying on business as Tea-Dealers and Grocers, at Number 93, George Street, Edinburgh, and Number 122, High Street there, Thomas Usher, a Partner of the Firm of James and Thomas Usher, Brewers, Edinburgh, and Andrew M'Kenzie Millar, one of the Partners of A. M. Millar & Company, Merchants, Leith, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff's Office, County Buildings, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 4th day of September next, at 11 o'clock forenoon. The Creditors will meet in Mr Dowell's Rooms, Number 18, George Street, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 20th day of September next, at 11 o'clock forenoon. At the second general meeting of Creditors held on the 15th August current, the Bankrupt made offer of a composition of Four Shillings per pound upon his debts at the date of the sequestration of his estates, payable by equal instalments at four and eight months after his final discharge, and also to pay and provide for the expences attending the sequestration and the remuneration to the Trustee, and offered William Brown, Farmer, Marrfield, near Edinburgh, as his security for payment of the same; which offer having been unanimously entertained and recommended to the Creditors for acceptance, will be finally decided upon at the third general meeting of Creditors to be held upon the said 20th day of September next.

✓
 R. HAY, Trustee.

Edinburgh, August 21, 1849.

SEQUESTRATION of THOMAS GODWIN, formerly Innkeeper and Stabler in Stirling, now Coachman in Perth.

ALEXANDER ROBERTSON, Coal Merchant in Perth, has been elected Trustee on the estate, and James Burnett, Coach Proprietor in Perth, David Risk, residing in Buckleyvie, and James Paton, Farmer, Drip-moss, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-House, Perth, on Thursday the 6th day of September next, at one o'clock afternoon. The Creditors will meet within Saint John's Tavern, Perth, upon Friday the 21st day of September next, at one o'clock afternoon.

✓
 ALEX. ROBERTSON, Trustee.

Perth, August 21, 1849.

SEQUESTRATION of CHARLES SCOTT BYRON MORRISON, General Merchant in Lerwick.

THE Trustee hereby calls a meeting of the Creditors to be held upon Wednesday the 5th day of September next, at one o'clock afternoon, within the Chambers of J. and A. Greig, Writers, Lerwick, for the purpose of finally disposing of a renewed offer of composition made by the Bankrupt.

✓
 ROBERT HICKS, Trustee.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN CAMPBELL HENDERSON, Merchant and Commission Agent in Glasgow.

THE Trustee on the said sequestrated estate hereby intimates, that a general meeting of the Creditors will be held within his Counting-House, 126, Queen Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 5th day of September next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, for the purpose of considering as to the renewal of a personal protection to the Bankrupt, and instructing the Trustee accordingly.

WILLM. MUDIE, Junr. Trustee.

Glasgow, August 18, 1849.

JAMES MUNRO, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of ROBERT CRANSTON, Hotel Keeper, Lodging-Letter, and Cab and Coach-Hirer, No. 43, Princes Street, Edinburgh, with consent of the Commissioners on said estate, hereby calls a general meeting of the Creditors on said estate, to be held within Dowell's Rooms, No. 18, George Street, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 5th day of September next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of considering an offer of composition made by the Bankrupt.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

JAMES MUNRO, Trustee.

Edinburgh, August 20, 1849.

JOHN FLEMING, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of T. & J. LESSLIE, Stone-Merchants, Port-Dundas, Glasgow, and of Thomas Lesslie, Stone-Merchant at Port-Dundas, Glasgow, a Partner of the said Concern carrying on business under the said Firm of T. and J. Lesslie, as a Partner of that Concern, and as an individual, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 6th current, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute: That he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before the 6th day of August current, and completed lists of those Creditors entitled to be ranked on the funds of the said estate, and also of those whose claims have been rejected in whole or in part; further, that a dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Chambers, No. 21, Saint Vincent Place, Glasgow, on the 8th day of October next.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

JOHN FLEMING.

Glasgow, August 20, 1849.

AS Trustee on the sequestrated estate of DAVID BRASH, Grocer and Spirit Merchant in Leith, and Farmer at Spittalrig, in the County of Haddington, I hereby intimate, that an account of my intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 8th inst. and states of the funds received as at same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute: That I have examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before the 3d current, and made up lists of those Creditors entitled to be ranked on the funds of said estate, and also of those whose claims have been rejected in whole or in part; further, that a first and final dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted, at my Counting-House here, on the 4th day of October next.—Of all which Intimation is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

Leith, 35, Mitchell Street,
August 21, 1849.

JOHN BLACK.

NOTICE.

JOHN ANDERSON, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN SMELLIE, Wright in Partick, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 30th ultimo, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute: That he has examined the claims of the several Debtors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before the 31st ultimo, and completed lists of those Creditors entitled to be ranked on the funds of the estate, and also of those whose claims have been rejected in whole or in part; further, that a dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Counting-House, 41, West George Street, Glasgow, on Monday the 1st day of October next.

JOHN ANDERSON, Trustee.

Glasgow, August 20, 1849.

The examination of JAMES & ALEXANDER CRAIG, Grocers and Bakers in Montrose, is to take place on Wednesday the 29th current, in place of Thursday, as stated in the Gazette of Friday last.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

ROBERT ALLAN, Banker in Edinburgh, as representing his late Father, Thomas Allan, Esq. of Lauriston, Banker in Edinburgh.

ROBERT CHRISTIE, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said Robert Allan, hereby intimates, that his accounts of intrusions with the funds which belonged to the said deceased Thomas Allan, have been audited by the Commissioners: That he has made up a state of the debts entitled to be ranked thereon, with a scheme apportioning the funds among the Creditors: That the said scheme and relative states lie open for the inspection of the Creditors or their Agents, at the Chambers of Alexander Christie, Accountant, No. 74, George Street, Edinburgh, and that the dividend, which is a final one, will be paid there, on Monday the 24th day of September next.

Edinburgh, August 18, 1849.

ROBT. CHRISTIE.

N.B.—The Creditors on the sequestrated estate of Robert Allan and Son, Bankers in Edinburgh, are requested to observe that the preceding notification applies exclusively to the funds and Creditors of the late Thomas Allan. The funds of Robert Allan and Son cannot be divided until the foresaid scheme of division of Thomas Allan's funds shall have taken effect. On the assumption, however, that it will do so on 24th September next, as now advertised, the Trustee will be prepared immediately thereafter to advertise a final scheme of division of Robert Allan and Son's funds, to take effect on Tuesday the 30th October next.

R. C.

JAMES HOWIE, Commission Agent in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of ALEXANDER RAE & COMPANY, Straw Bonnet Manufacturers in Edinburgh, and Alexander Rae, Sole Partner of said Firm, hereby intimates, that states of the affairs, and an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, have been examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute; that he has examined the additional claims lodged on or before the 2d instant, and completed lists of those Creditors entitled to be ranked; further, that a second dividend will be paid at his Counting-House, No. 36, South Bridge, Edinburgh, on the 4th day of October next.

JAMES HOWIE, Trustee.

Edinburgh, August 20, 1849.

JOHN WHYTE, Advocate in Aberdeen, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN GRASSICK, Tacksman of the Mains of Glenbucket, and Banker and Cattle Dealer, Aberdeenshire, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 7th instant, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at the same date, have been made up by him and examined by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute; and further, that the Commissioners have postponed payment of a dividend until the next Statutory period for making the same, and have also dispensed with circulars being sent to the Creditors.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

JOHN WHYTE, Trustee.

Aberdeen, August 18, 1849.

JOHN DONALD, Writer in Alloa, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN TROTTER, Druggist in Alloa, in the County of Clackmannan, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 8th current, being six months from the date of the sequestration, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute; that the said account and states lie at his Chambers, Mar Street, Alloa, for the inspection of all concerned, and that the Commissioners have postponed the payment of a dividend till the next Statutory period for declaring one, and have directed that the Trustee do not send circulars to the Creditors containing a copy or abstract of the funds belonging to the estate.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

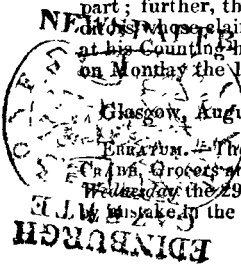
JOHN DONALD, Trustee.

Mar Street,
Alloa, August 20, 1849.

GEORGE JACK, Merchant, Stonehaven, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of CHARLES CAIRD, Builder, Parknook of Arbuthnott, hereby intimates, that a state of the Bankrupt's affairs as at 31st ulto. has been made up and examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute; and that the Commissioners have postponed a dividend until the recurrence of another Statutory period for declaring a dividend, and have also dispensed with sending circulars.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

GEO. JACK, Trustee.

Stonehaven, August 13, 1849.



NOTICE.

JOHN REID, Junior, Merchant, Miller Street, Glasgow, has petitioned the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, with the concurrence of his whole Creditors who have produced oaths in his sequestration, to be discharged of all debts contracted by him before the date of his sequestration; and the Sheriff-Substitute, on advising the Petition, ordained the same to be intimated in the Edinburgh Gazette.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

JAMES HOWIE, Agent.

Glasgow, August 20, 1849.

NOTICE.

GEORGE AULDJO ESSON, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **WILLIAM CHRISTIE**, late Merchant in Leith, sometime residing in London, thereafter at Inveresk, near Musselburgh, now deceased, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 15th current, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioner on the said estate, in terms of the Statute. The Commissioner has postponed the payment of a dividend until next Statutory period, and dispensed with intimation by circulars.

GEORGE A. ESSON, Trustee.

Edinburgh, August 21, 1849.

ANDREW GILLESPIE, Writer in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **W. FINDLAY & COY.** Wine and Tea Merchants, St David Street, Edinburgh, and of **Walter Findlay**, the Individual Partner thereof, hereby intimates, that his accounts, brought down to 5th inst. have been audited and approved of by the Commissioners; and that the same lie at the Chambers of his Agent, 140, Princes Street, for inspection of all concerned. No dividend at present.

Edinburgh, August 21, 1849.

DAVID SMALL, Writer in Dundee, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **ALEXANDER CAMERON**, Merchant and Shipowner in Dundee, hereby intimates, that accounts of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 6th current, and specifying the funds recovered and those outstanding at same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute; but that the Commissioners have resolved to postpone a dividend to the Creditors till the next stated period for making one.

D. SMALL, Trustee.

Dundee, August 20, 1849.

NOTICE.

JAMES WEIR, sometime Farmer, residing at Shirvadyke, in the Parish of Kirkintilloch, now Tacksman of the Craighlane Toll, in the Parish of Lumbarnald and present Prisoner in the Jail or Prison of Dumbarton, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Dumbartonshire, craving for liberation and interim protection, and decree of Cessio Bonorum; and his Creditors are hereby required to appear in Court, on Tuesday the 25th day of September next, at one o'clock afternoon, within the Sheriff-Court-House, Dumbarton, when the Petitioner will appear for examination.

DAVID TAINSH, Prox.

Dumbarton, August 17, 1849.

CHARLES IRVINE, Carter in Blairgowrie, presently Prisoner in the Prison of Perth, has presented an application to the Sheriff of Perthshire, for liberation, interim protection, and decret of Cessio Bonorum; and all his Creditors are hereby required to appear within the Sheriff-Court-Room in Perth, on Friday the 21st day of September next, at one o'clock p.m. when the Petitioner will appear for examination.

JOHN YOUNG, Writer, Perth,
Agent for Petitioner.

THE Copartnery of **MESSRS ROBERT BLYTH & COMPANY**, Woollen Drapers, 217, High Street, Edinburgh, was this day **DISSOLVED**. All debts due by or to the late Firm will be settled at the Shop until farther notice.

ROBT. BLYTH,
JAMES WEBSTER, } Sole Partners
ABRAM CRAWFORD, } of the above
Firm.

JAMES FORD, Witness.

WM. STARK, Jr. Witness.

Edinburgh, August 17, 1849.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnery between the late **Miss ANN STIRLING CREELMAN** and **GEORGE INGRAM**, carrying on Business at the Westbank Brick Works, Portobello, as Brick and Tile Manufacturers, was **DISSOLVED** on the 26th day of March last, by the death of the said **Miss Ann Stirling Creelman**.

CATHERINE CREELMAN,
Executrix of **Miss Ann S. Creelman.**
GEORGE INGRAM.

DAVID ALLESTER, Witness.

J. W. MURRAY, Witness.

Paisley, August 20, 1849.

THE Firm of **J. & J. CAMPBELL**, Writers in Paisley, was **DISSOLVED** upon the 31st day of July last, by mutual consent. The Subscriber, **John Campbell**, is authorized to uplift and discharge all debts due to, and he will pay all claims against the Firm.

JOHN CAMPBELL.
JAMES CAMPBELL.

WILLIAM DREW, Clerk, Paisley, Witness.

ROBERT MATHER, Clerk, Paisley, Witness.

NOTICE.

THE Business carried on here, under the Firm of **HUNTER & CLELAND**, was this day **DISSOLVED** by mutual consent. All debts due to and by the said Firm will be received and paid by the Subscriber, **John Hunter**.

JOHN HUNTER.
ANDW. SYME CLELAND.

JOHN TODD, Witness.

JOHN LAWSON, Witness.

Glasgow, August 18, 1849.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscriber, **Gavin Hadden**, lately Woolspinner in Aberdeen, residing at Union Grove, near Aberdeen, has of this date ceased to be a Partner of the Firm of **ALEXANDER HADDEN & SONS**, Woolspinners in Aberdeen. As Witness his hand at Aberdeen this 18th day of August 1849.

GAVIN HADDEN.

A. D. SCOTT, Witness.

D. MELVILLE, Witness.

N. B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.

Printed and Published at the Office, 13, North Bank Street, by **WILLIAM ALEXANDER LAURIE**,
Printer to THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

* * This Gazette is filed at the Offices of the London and Dublin Gazette.

Tuesday, August 21, 1849.

Price Ninepence.

