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BUCKINGHAM-PALACE, August 24, 1843.

THIS day Her Majesty, accompanied by His Royal Highness Prince Albert, proceeded in state from Buckingham Palace to the House of Peers, where she arrived soon after two o'clock; and was received, on alighting from her state coach, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Lord Great Chamberlain, the Earl Marshal, the Lord Steward of the Household, the Duke of Wellington, Garter King of Arms, and the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, and proceeded to the Robing-room in the customary manner.

Her Majesty was there robed, and the procession moved into the House in the usual order;—the sword of state was borne by the Duke of Wellington, and the cap of maintenance by the Earl of Shaftesbury, in the absence of the Marquess of Winchester.

Her Majesty being seated on the Throne, and His Royal Highness Prince Albert on a Chair on the left side of the Cloth of Estate, the Great Officers of State and others standing on the right and left, Sir Augustus Clifford, Bart. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from Her Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, Her Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to

An Act for raising the sum of eleven millions one hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-three; and for amending an Act for granting relief to certain islands in the West Indies.

An Act to apply a sum out of the Consolidated Fund, and certain other sums, to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-three; and to appropriate the supplies granted in this session of Parliament.

An Act to amend the law respecting defamatory words and libel.

An Act to remove doubts as to the exercise of power and jurisdiction by Her Majesty within divers countries and places out of Her Majesty's dominions, and to render the same more effectual.

An Act for the more effectual suppression of the slave trade.

An Act for rendering more effective the services of such out-pensioners of Chelsea Hospital as shall be called out to assist in preserving the public peace.

And several English and Irish, and one private Act.

After which Her Majesty was pleased to deliver the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

The state of public business enables me to close this protracted session, and to release you from further attendance on your parliamentary duties.

I thank you for the measures you have adopted for enabling me to give full effect to the several Treaties which I have concluded with Foreign Powers.

I have given my cordial assent to the Bill which you presented to me for increasing the means of spiritual instruction in populous parishes, by making a portion of the revenues of the Church available for the endowment of additional ministers.

I confidently trust that the wise and benevolent intentions of the Legislature will be aided by the zeal and liberality of my subjects, and that better provision will thus be made for public worship and for pastoral superintendence in many districts of the country.

I view with satisfaction the passing of the Act for removing doubts respecting the jurisdiction of the Church of Scotland in the admission of ministers, and for securing to the people and to the Courts of the Church the full exercise of their respective rights.

It is my earnest hope that this measure will tend to restore religious peace in Scotland, and to avert the dangers which have threatened a sacred institution of the utmost importance to the happiness and welfare of that part of my dominions.

I continue to receive from all Foreign Powers assurances of their friendly disposition, and of their earnest desire for the maintenance of peace.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I thank you for the readiness and liberality with which you have voted the supplies for the current year. It will be my constant object to combine a strict regard to economy with the consideration which is due to the exigencies of the public service.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

In some districts of Wales the public peace has been interrupted by lawless combinations and disturbances unconnected with political causes.

I have adopted the measures which I deemed best calculated for the repression of outrages, and for the detection and punishment of the offenders.

I have at the same time directed an enquiry to be made into the circumstances which have led to insubordination and

violence in a part of the country usually distinguished for good order and willing obedience to the law.

I have observed with the deepest concern the persevering efforts which are made to stir up discontent and disaffection among my subjects in Ireland, and to excite them to demand a repeal of the legislative union.

It has been, and ever will be, my earnest desire to administer the Government of that country in a spirit of strict justice and impartiality, and to co-operate with Parliament in effecting such amendments of existing laws as may tend to improve the social condition, and to develop the natural resources of Ireland.

From a sincere conviction that the legislative union is not less essential to the attainment of these objects than to the strength and stability of the Empire, it is my firm determination, with your support, and under the blessing of Divine Providence, to maintain inviolate that great bond of connection between the two countries.

I have forborne from requiring any additional powers for the counteraction of designs hostile to the concord and welfare of my dominions, as well from my unwillingness to distrust the efficacy of the ordinary law, as from my reliance on the good sense and patriotism of my people, and on the solemn declarations of Parliament in support of the legislative union.

I feel assured that those of my faithful subjects who have influence and authority in Ireland will discourage to the utmost of their power a system of pernicious agitation, which disturbs the industry, and retards the improvement of that country, and excites feelings of mutual distrust and animosity between different classes of my people.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by Her Majesty's command, said:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

It is Her Majesty's royal will and pleasure, that this Parliament be prorogued to Thursday the nineteenth day of October, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Thursday the nineteenth day of October next.

WESTMINSTER, August 22, 1843.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that the