

Luxembourg, Netherlands, Spain (see note 1) and Portugal (see note 1) Countries of Origin at any port/airport in Scotland with Customs and Excise facilities Ports of Entry until further notice unless revoked by the Secretary of State. Licences EAO/GEN/92/1 and EAO/GEN/92/2 dated 1st January 1992 is hereby revoked

1st July 1992

M Bradley
Officer of The Scottish Office
Agriculture and Fisheries
Department

CONDITIONS ATTACHING TO THIS LICENCE

CONDITIONS ATTACHED TO GENERAL

LICENCE EAO/GEN/92/9

1. All landings of equidae must be in accordance with the provisions of the Importation of Equine Animals Order 1979, and with the following provisions of this licence.
2. Each animal must be accompanied at all times by a health certificate in accordance with Annex C of Council Directive 90/426/EEC on animal health conditions governing the movement and import from third countries of equidae, as amended by Commission Decision 92/130/EEC. The health certificate must be
 - a. signed by an official veterinarian of the exporting country within 48 hours prior to export and bear his official stamp;
 - b. be contained on a single sheet of paper;
 - c. written in English and an official language of the country of export.
 - d. valid for a period of 10 days.
3. Each animal must be identified either by
 - a. properly completed silhouette contained in the health certificate; or
 - b. an identification document issued by the breeding authority of any other competent authority which manages the studbook or register for that breed of animal, in the country where the animal originated or any international association or organisation which manages horses for competition or racing.
4. For non Registered horses only (see note 2) consignees must notify in writing, the local Divisional Veterinary Officer of the Scottish Office Agriculture and Fisheries Department of their intention to import, and the anticipated date of arrival. Such notifications must arrive at least 24 hours in advance of the expected date of import.
5. On entry the health certificate in its original form and identification document (if applicable) of the animal must be presented to HM Customs and Excise for checking and endorsement.
6. The health certificate must accompany the animals to its final destination where it shall be retained for a minimum period of 12 months and be available for presentation to the Department on request.
7. The animal must be transported directly from the holding or origin or via an approved market (see note 3) to the holding of destination in a vehicle or container which has been regularly cleansed and disinfected, and constructed in such a way as to prevent the leakage of droppings, litter and fodder.
8. A veterinary inspector shall have the power to inspect an animal (and accompanying documentation) imported into Scotland from another Member State at the place of destination of the animal.
9. A veterinary inspector shall have the power to inspect an animal

(and accompanying documentation) at any place and at any time where the Secretary of State has information leading him to suspect an infringement.

10. All consignees (other than those provided for in Conditions 11 and 12) must, before the consignment is unloaded and subsequently marketed:
 - check that the identification document, as required by community rules, is present;
 - check that the health certificate, as required by Community rules, is present;
 - notify Divisional Veterinary Officer of any irregularity or anomaly in the identification or health certification;
 - where an irregularity or anomaly in the certification is found, isolate the animal in question until a veterinary officer of the Department instructs otherwise in writing.
11. Where an animal is consigned to an approved market or assembly centre the operator must ensure that no animal is admitted unless it complies with Directive 90/426/EEC as amended.
12. Where an animal is consigned to a slaughterhouse under the supervision of an official veterinarian, the latter must ensure that no animal is slaughtered unless it complies with Directive 90/426/EEC as amended. (See Note 3)

NOTES

1. Only from areas of Spain and Portugal free of African Horse Sickness, as defined in Commission Decision 91/645/EEC amending Decision 90/552/EEC determining the limits of territory infected with African Horse Sickness.
2. Registered equidae are animals which, in accordance with Council Directive 90/427/EEC are
 - a. entered or registered and eligible for entry in a studbook which has been approved by a competent authority of the Member State of the origin of the animal, and
 - b. accompanied by an identification document (see condition 3 (b)).
3. An approved market must be approved by the competent authority of the Member State in which it is situated and in accordance with Article 7 (1) of Council Directive 90/426/EEC must be
 - a. supervised by an official veterinarian;
 - b. situated in the centre of an epizootic free area
 - c. cleansed and disinfected after each use, and

all equidae entering the market must fulfil the conditions laid down for intra-Community trade.

CAUTION

In the event of the conditions of this licence not being complied with, or there is suspicion of disease, the Secretary of State has power under the Importation of Equine Animals Order, 1979 to require the owner or representative to isolate, re-export or destroy the animal, at the expense of the owner or their representative.

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