

4. Materials from which container is manufactured
- (a) Body

(a) *Body.* Amber tinted polystyrene or white toughened polystyrene namely any one of the following materials:—  
Shell QP Crystal amber, or Shell TPS SI. 53A or Shell TGX/MIF or Stirling 122E.

(b) Closure

(b) *Poplok closure.* White polypropylene co-polymer namely—I.C.I. GYM 202/52.

(c) Other components
5. Description of process by which container is manufactured      Injection moulding.
- Disclaimers by Metal Box Ltd. stamped on the drawings are not admissible for the purposes of this certificate. Any changes in drawings must be the subject of further certificate(s).

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACT 1950—GREAT BRITAIN

OUTBREAKS OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES CONFIRMED BY

THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, FISHERIES AND FOOD DURING THE PERIOD

1st-15th February 1977

Period	Anthrax		Fowl Pest	Swine Vesicular Disease		Sheep Scab
	Outbreaks confirmed	Deaths	Outbreaks confirmed	Outbreaks confirmed	Animals slaughtered*	Outbreaks confirmed
1st Feb. to 15th Feb. 1977	—	—	—	5	340†	4
Corresponding period in { 1976	2	2	1	—	—	7
{ 1975	1	1	—	2	841‡	3
{ 1974	—	—	—	1	403‡	1
1st Jan. to 15th Feb. 1977	1	1	—	14	4,112†	16
Corresponding period in { 1976	9	10	2	—	—	40
{ 1975	4	4	—	10	3,174‡	4
{ 1974	7	7	5	23	14,869‡	4

\* Animals slaughtered as diseased or exposed to infection.

† Provisional figures.

‡ Final figures.

Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food,  
Hook Rise South, Tolworth, Surbiton, Surrey KT6 7NF.  
February 1977.

NOTES

1. The following diseases were eradicated from Great Britain in the years indicated: cattle plague or rinderpest (pestis bovina), 1877; epizootic lymphangitis (lymphangitis epizootica), 1906; foot-and-mouth disease (aphtae epizooticae), 1968; fowl plague (pestis avium), 1963; glanders (including farcy) (malleus), 1928; parasitic mange (psoroptes et sarcoptes scabiei equi), 1948; pleuropneumonia (pleuropneumonia contagiosa bovim), 1898; rabies (lyssa), 1970; sheep pox (variola ovina), 1866, and swine fever (pevis suum), 1971.
2. The following diseases have never been recorded in Great Britain: African horse sickness (pestis equorum), African swine fever (pestis suum africana), blue tongue (febris catarrhalis ovium), dourine (exanthema coitale paralyticum), equine encephalomyelitis (meningo,encephalomyelitis enzootica eq.), lumpy skin disease (dermatosis nodularis) and Teschen disease (encephalomyelitis enzootica suum).

Ministry of Agriculture Fisheries and Food,  
Block C Government Buildings,  
Tolcarne Drive, Pinner,  
Middlesex, HA5 2DT.

STATEMENT ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE CORN RETURNS ACT 1882, THE CORN SALES ACT 1921, THE AGRICULTURE (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) ACT 1943, THE AGRICULTURE ACT 1970 AND THE AGRICULTURE (MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS) ACT 1972.

The following are the QUANTITIES SOLD and AVERAGE PRICES OF BRITISH CORN per tonne of 1000 kilograms computed from returns received by the MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, FISHERIES AND FOOD in the week ended 3rd March 1977. They are based on purchases from growers during the week ended 24th February 1977 by merchants carrying on business in prescribed areas in England and Wales.

British Corn	Quantity Sold	Average Price per tonne
	tonnes	£
WHEAT ... ..	25,394.14	88.42
BARLEY ... ..	26,329.40	85.58
OATS ... ..	1,541.29	77.91
RYE ... ..	—	—
MAIZE ... ..	—	—

E. T. RICHARDS.