

- (i) confined in a kennel or other enclosure from which the dog cannot escape; or
- (ii) secured to some premises by a collar and chain; or
- (iii) accompanied by the owner or some person deputed by him and under effectual control.

(2) Any dog which is not kept under control as prescribed by this Order may be seized by the Local Authority or by the Police, and any dog so seized shall be dealt with in the same manner as a stray dog seized under the powers conferred by section three of the Dogs Act, 1906, is thereby authorised to be dealt with. No dog so seized shall be given or sold for the purpose of vivisection.

(3) An Inspector of the Ministry or of the Local Authority may, by notice served upon the occupier of any premises in an Infected Area on which dogs or poultry are kept, require such occupier to keep such dogs or poultry under such control as may be prescribed in the notice or to confine them to any specified part of the premises.

*Precautions to be taken by Persons Clipping or Dipping Sheep in an Infected Area.*

10. Any person who clips or dips sheep on any farm or premises in an Infected Area shall before he clips or dips sheep on any other farm or premises, whether in an Infected Area or not, take the following precautions against the spread of foot-and-mouth disease:—

(a) He shall not clip or dip sheep on such other farm unless he is wearing overalls capable of being cleansed and disinfected in accordance with this Article, and which have been so cleansed and disinfected since he clipped or dipped any other sheep, by being steeped for not less than five minutes in boiling water or steeped for not less than twenty minutes in the prescribed solution.

(b) He shall remove all wool, dung and soil from his boots and leggings (if worn) and then disinfect them by immersion in, or thorough sponging with, the prescribed solution.

(c) He shall remove all wool from any clippers or other instruments used in clipping and then disinfect them with the prescribed solution.

(d) The prescribed solution for the purposes of this article shall be either a four per cent. (minimum) solution of carbolic acid (containing not less than ninety-five per cent. of actual carbolic acid) or a disinfectant equal in disinfective efficiency to the above-mentioned solution of carbolic acid.

(e) He shall wash and brush his hands thoroughly with hot water and then immerse them in a solution containing not less than three per cent. of carbolic acid of such strength as aforesaid.

*Power to close Footpaths and Premises in an Infected Area.*

11.—(1) An Inspector of the Ministry or of the Local Authority may (notwithstanding the existence of any footpath or right of way) prohibit the entry of any person into any field, shed or other place in an Infected Area by giving notice in writing to that effect to the

occupier. In such cases, the owner of any animals in such place, or his agents or servants, may enter for the sole purpose of feeding or tending the animals, but no other person shall except with a licence to do so granted by an Inspector of the Ministry or of the Local Authority enter any such place until such notice has been withdrawn by a further notice from an Inspector.

(2) Copies of such notices shall be affixed or exhibited by the Inspector in such manner as he may think desirable for ensuring notification of the restrictions thereby imposed.

*Disinfection and Cleansing of Vehicles used for the conveyance of animals.*

12.—(1) Any float, cart, van or other vehicle (other than a railway truck) used for the conveyance of any animal or carcase thereof into, within, or out of an infected area shall, as soon as practicable after each occasion on which it is so used, and before any other animal or any fodder or litter or any other thing intended to be used for or about animals is placed therein, be disinfected, cleansed, and again disinfected by, and at the expense of the person using the same for such purpose in the manner following:—

(a) The floor of the float, cart, van or other vehicle, and all other parts thereof with which any carcase or animal or its droppings or other excretions have come in contact shall be disinfected in the manner hereinafter prescribed. Such parts shall then be scraped and swept, and the scrapings and sweepings, and all dung, sawdust, litter and other matter shall be effectually removed therefrom, then the same parts of the float, cart, van or other vehicle shall be thoroughly washed or scrubbed or scoured with water; and then be again disinfected in the manner hereinafter prescribed.

(b) The scrapings and sweepings of the float, cart, van or other vehicle, and all dung, sawdust, litter and other matter removed therefrom shall forthwith be well mixed with quicklime, and effectually removed from contact with animals, or be effectually destroyed by fire.

(2) Every rope, net, or other apparatus used in connection with any such conveyance of animals, as aforesaid otherwise than on a railway shall, as soon as practicable after being so used, and before being used for or about other animals, be disinfected by being thoroughly saturated with one of the disinfectants prescribed in paragraph (3) of this Article.

(3) The prescribed manner of disinfection to be adopted in the case of any vehicle or part of a vehicle required to be disinfected under this Article is as follows:—

The vehicle or the part thereof, required to be disinfected shall be thoroughly coated or washed with:—

(a) a four per cent. (minimum) solution of carbolic acid containing not less than ninety-five per cent. of actual carbolic acid; or

(b) a disinfectant equal in disinfective efficiency to the above-mentioned solution of carbolic acid.