

T./2nd Lt. Frederick William Cook, M.C., D.C.M., Suff. R., attd. 2nd Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry and initiative whilst in command of a company during the attack on Flesquieres and Ribecourt on September 27th, 1918. Seeing that a large gap had occurred on the right he promptly moved his company across the railway and filled the gap. He cleared the ground of all enemy as far as Ribecourt, although under heavy machine-gun fire and artillery fire with open sights. Later, in conjunction with other troops he cleared Ribecourt, and took over 200 prisoners. He did fine work.

(M.C. gazetted 26th July, 1918.)

(1st Bar gazetted 24th September, 1918.)

T./Capt. (A./Maj.) Daniel Douglas Pole Evans, M.C., D./112th Bde., R.F.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and skill under heavy enemy fire east of Epehy on September 12th, 1918, and two succeeding days. During these days he maintained the closest touch with an infantry battalion, and on every occasion that unit required artillery support he proceeded to the most advanced position possible, and regardless of enemy shell and machine-gun fire, so directed the fire of his battery as to be of the most assistance to the battalion. He set a fine example to all those serving under him.

(M.C. gazetted 24th September, 1918.)

(1st Bar gazetted 1st February, 1919.)

Lt. (A./Capt.) Charles Harold Hollis, M.C., 5th Bn. E. Surr. R., T.F., attd. 1/1st Bn. Camb. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on August 28th, 1918, at Maltz Horn Farm Ridge. He led his company with great gallantry to the final objective. On arriving there he found a dangerous gap between his flank and the next unit. He thereupon returned through the hostile barrage and found that the missing company had lost all its officers, and had become greatly disorganised. He quickly reorganised the company and led them on to their objective, where he consolidated both companies. His coolness and initiative materially contributed to the success of the operation.

(M.C. gazetted 16th September, 1918.)

(1st Bar gazetted 1st February, 1919.)

2nd Lt. (A./Capt.) William Kay, M.C., 3rd Bn. Manch. R., attd. 2nd Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Joncourt on October 2nd, 1918. He supervised the forming up of the battalion prior to zero hour under very heavy shell fire, and encouraged the men by his calm and collected manner. Later, when the battalion had suffered very heavy casualties, and the situation was obscure, he went out and reconnoitred the whole line and brought back exact dispositions and valuable information which led to new dispositions being made with a view to holding the line. In the evening he again led forward the ration party to the new line, and it was entirely due to his personal energy and zeal that the rations were delivered intact.

(M.C. gazetted 22nd April, 1918.)

(1st Bar gazetted 11th January, 1919.)

Lt. (T./Capt.) William John Knight, M.C., M.D., R.A.M.C., attd. 89th Fld. Amb.

During the operations East of Ypres from September 28th to October 3rd, 1918, he was in charge of the stretcher-bearers attached to a brigade. He led his bearers in the rear of the attacking infantry, dressing the wounded as they fell, and seeing that every case was carried away from the battlefield. During the whole of the advance he showed an utter contempt for danger, dressing the wounded under shell, machine-gun, and rifle fire. Later, when the advance came to a standstill, he established touch with all the regimental medical officers and personally conducted the evacuation of wounded from the R.A.P.'s. On many occasions he went forward with stretcher squads to bring back wounded to the R.A.P.'s. He displayed great gallantry throughout and did admirable work.

(M.C. gazetted 31st May, 1916.)

(1st Bar gazetted 18th February, 1918.)

Lt. (A./Capt.) Gordon Holmes Alexander MacMillan, M.C., 2nd Bn., A. & S. Highrs.

When the battalion advanced on the morning of October 10th, 1918, they came under exceptionally heavy shell fire crossing the high ground north-west of Le Cateau. The enemy's guns were firing chiefly over open sights. There were a large number of casualties, and momentarily the battalion became somewhat disorganised. He at once ran forward, and by his absolute fearlessness and gallant leadership was greatly instrumental in rallying the men and enabling the advance to be resumed. He led one of the front companies until it was reduced to six other ranks, and when the advance was held up, made his way back to battalion Headquarters over 600 yards of open country exposed to snipers, machine-gun fire and shelling, bringing a valuable report.

(M.C. gazetted 25th August, 1916.)

(1st Bar gazetted 26th July, 1917.)

Lt. Martin Munro, M.C., 2/4th Bn. Y. & L. R., T.F.

On September 27th, 1918, in front of Havrincourt, he led his company through a heavy enemy barrage, and assisted in the capture of Ribecourt. He led several sectional rushes under intense and close enemy machine-gun fire. Again on September 28th, 1918, in front of Marcoing, he led his company to their final objectives, under heavy enemy machine-gun fire, and point-blank fire from enemy field guns, capturing three field pieces and one heavy howitzer. Several enemy machine-guns were captured and subsequently turned on the enemy; and later, when the enemy made a determined counter attack he beat off the attack and afterwards consolidated his line.

(M.C. gazetted 4th February, 1918.)

(1st Bar gazetted 11th January, 1919.)

Rev. James Gilbert Paton, M.C., R. Army Chapl. Dept., attd. 2nd Bn. R. Innis. Fus.

For great courage and devotion to duty. During the attack upon Moorseele and Gulleghem on October 14th and 15th, 1918, he never spared himself. He worked continuously through the operations, carrying in