

## PART V.

For the purpose of this Notice a Female Weaving Learner means a Female Worker who is :—

(a) Definitely and effectively learning weaving under the immediate instruction of a Weaving Mistress ; and

(b) Employed under conditions such that she shall cease to be employed on time work, and shall be employed on piece-work at the earliest date practicable.

## PART VI.

The respective Minimum Rates set out in this Schedule shall apply, subject to the provisions of the Trade Boards Acts, to all Male and Female Workers in Great Britain in respect of all time during which they are employed in any branch of the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Jute) Order, 1919, that is to say :—The preparing, spinning or weaving (a) of jute or (b) of jute and any other fibre, except flax or hemp ;

*Including—*

(1) The preparing and spinning of waste reclaimed at any stage ; and

(2) All packing, despatching, warehousing, storing, or other operations incidental to or appertaining to any of the above-mentioned work ; but

*Excluding—*

(1) The calendering, bleaching, dyeing or finishing of any of the above-mentioned materials ; and

(2) The preparing or spinning of materials required for the making or re-making of (a) rope (including driving rope and banding), (b) cord (including blind and window cord, but excluding silk, worsted and other fancy cords), (c) core for wire ropes, (d) lines, (e) twine (including binder and trawl twine), (f) lanyards, (g) net and similar articles, when such preparing or spinning is carried on in the same factory or workshop as the said making or re-making ; and

(3) The making or repair of sacks or bags ; and also

(4) The weaving of carpets, rugs or mats.

## PART VII.

SECTION I.—The above Minimum Rates of Wages shall be paid clear of all deductions other than deductions under the National Insurance Act, 1911, as amended by any subsequent enactments or deductions authorised by any Act to be made from wages in respect of contributions to any superannuation or other provident fund.

SECTION II.—The above Minimum Rates of Wages shall be without prejudice to workers who are earning higher rates of wages.

## PART VIII.

The Trade Board further give notice that they have withdrawn their Notice J. (4) dated 26th August 1920, proposing to vary and fix certain Minimum Rates of Wages for Certain Classes of Female Workers in the County Borough of Bootle.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board and in pursuance of an Order of the Minister of Labour

confirming the Minimum Rates as varied by the Trade Board and set out above, and specifying the ninth day of September 1921 as the date from which they should become effective.

This eighth day of September 1921.

F. POPPLEWELL, Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,  
7-11 Old Bailey, London, E.C. 4.

Every occupier of a factory or workshop or of any place used for giving out work to outworkers shall, on receipt of this Notice, post up and keep posted up a sufficient number of true copies thereof in prominent positions, in every factory, workshop, or place used for giving out work in such a manner as to ensure that in each case the Notice shall be brought to the knowledge of all workers employed by him or on his premises who are affected thereby. Penalty for non-compliance, a fine not exceeding 40s.

## TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

COFFIN FURNITURE AND CEREMENT-  
MAKING TRADE BOARD (GREAT  
BRITAIN).MINIMUM RATES OF WAGES (AS VARIED AND  
FIXED) FOR MALE WORKERS AND (AS FIXED)  
FOR FEMALE WORKERS.

The rates as legally enforceable are set out in the Schedule below and are effective in the case of Male Workers as from 12th September 1921, and in the case of Female Workers from 26th May 1920 :—

Should these dates not correspond with the beginning of the period for which wages are paid by an employer who pays wages at intervals not exceeding seven days the rates become effective as from the beginning of the next full pay period, but in no case later than 18th September 1921, or 1st June 1920, respectively.

## SCHEDULE.

## PART I.

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES FOR MALE AND  
FEMALE WORKERS.*Coffin Furniture Section of the Trade.**Male Workers.*

## SECTION I.—For Male Workers employed as :—

*Dressers, Stampers, Polishers or Planishers  
(including Wheelers).*

## A.—Workers of 21 years of age and over.

(a) Dressers and Stampers.

Workers of Grade I. as hereinafter defined,  
74s. 6d. per week of 47 hours.

Workers of Grade II. as hereinafter defined,  
82s. per week of 47 hours.

Workers of Grade III. as hereinafter defined,  
88s. per week of 47 hours.

(b) Polishers and Planishers (including  
Wheelers).

Workers of Grade I. as hereinafter defined,  
76s. per week of 47 hours.