



The Edinburgh Gazette

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FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1920.

*Factory Department, Home Office,
July 14, 1920.*

The Chief Inspector of Factories has appointed Dr. W. W. Fyfe to be Certifying Surgeon under the Factory and Workshop Acts for the Johnstone District of the county of Renfrew.

*Factory Department, Home Office,
July 19, 1920.*

The Chief Inspector of Factories has appointed Dr. J. A. McLean to be Certifying Surgeon under the Factory and Workshop Acts for the Buckhaven District of the county of Fife.

*Board of Trade,
Great George Street,
London, S.W. 1,
20th July 1920.*

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with section 1, sub-section 7, of the Non-Ferrous Metal Industry Act, 1918 (7 and 8 Geo. 5, Ch. 67), and No. 11 of the Statutory Rules and Orders No. 265 of 1918 Non-Ferrous Metal Industry that licences under the Non-Ferrous Metal Industry Act have been granted by the Board of Trade to under mentioned companies or individuals :—

Scottish Companies.

T. Battison, 16 Alexandra Terrace, Lenzie, near Glasgow.

Sutherland Brothers, 68 Gordon Square, Glasgow.

*Board of Trade,
Great George Street,
London, S.W. 1,
20th July 1920.*

IN THE MATTER OF DIVERS PATENTS AND APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS VESTED IN THE CUSTODIAN

AND

IN THE MATTER OF THE TRADING WITH THE ENEMY ACTS 1914 to 1918

AND

IN THE MATTER OF THE TREATY OF PEACE (WITH GERMANY) ACT 1919

AND

IN THE MATTER OF THE TREATY OF PEACE (WITH GERMANY) ORDER 1919.

Whereas the expression "British Patent" when hereinafter used means Letters Patent which have been granted in and for the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the Isle of Man :

And whereas prior to the Order of the Board of Trade of the 30th October 1918 hereinafter recited divers British Patents which had been granted to or for the benefit of German Nationals (as defined by the Treaty of Peace (with Germany) Order 1919) the shares and interests of German Nationals in divers other British Patents and also the benefit so far as the same belonged to German Nationals of or in divers applications which had been made by or on behalf or for the benefit of German Nationals either alone or jointly with other parties for grants of such patents were by or by virtue of

Orders which were made by the High Court of Justice or the Board of Trade under the Trading with the Enemy Acts 1914-1918 or some or one of such Acts duly vested in the Public Trustee the Custodian for England and Wales under the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act 1914 (hereinafter called "the Custodian") :

And whereas by an Order dated the 30th October 1918 and so made by the Board of Trade as aforesaid after reciting that the expression "hostile person" when thereafter used meant and included (a) a person firm body or company being an enemy or enemy subject within the meaning of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Acts 1916 and 1918 (b) a Company with respect to which an Order had been made under Section 1 of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act 1916 or Section 3 of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act 1918 and (c) a Company being an enemy controlled corporation within the meaning of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act 1918 it was amongst other things ordered that (1) all and every the interest share and right of every hostile person in of or to any British patent and (2) the benefit of every application which had been made by or on behalf or for the benefit of any hostile person for any British patent should except in so far as the same should already have been vested by any Order made under the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Acts or any of them vest in the Custodian :

And whereas as regards certain of the said applications patents have in pursuance of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act 1916 been duly granted to the Custodian :

And whereas the expression "vested patent" as hereinafter used means such interest share rights or title in of or to a British patent as may by reason or on account of the late war between the United Kingdom and Germany have been so vested in or granted to the Custodian as aforesaid and the expression "vested application" as hereinafter used means such benefit and rights of or in respect of any application for the grant of a British patent as may by reason or on account of the said late war have been so vested in the Custodian as aforesaid :

And whereas it is expedient that such Order or Orders and directions as are hereinafter contained shall be made and given in regard to vested patents and vested applications.

Now therefore the Board of Trade in exercise of the powers conferred upon them by Section 5(1) of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act 1914 and/or the Treaty of Peace (with Germany) Order 1919 and of all other powers (if any) them hereunto enabling do hereby order and direct as follows :—

1. (i) Subject to the provisions hereinafter contained the Custodian shall forthwith divest himself of the vested patents and of the vested applications in favour as the case may be of the respective persons who were at the commencement of the late war between the United Kingdom and Germany or would but for such war and the relative Vesting Orders now be entitled thereto.

Provided always that if by any Order made under the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Acts or any of them which may affect any vested patent or vested application any condition was imposed upon the Custodian which might operate so as to prohibit him from dealing

with such patent or application the prohibiting condition shall be and stand discharged upon the Board of Trade certifying to that effect but so nevertheless that such divesting as aforesaid shall not take effect as regards such patent or application unless and until the Board of Trade shall so certify :

(ii) In the subsequent provisions of this Order the following expressions shall mean and be construed as follows that is to say : "restored patent" shall mean and include any vested patent of which the Custodian shall have divested himself under the directions in the preceding sub-clause contained and also such interest share rights or title in of or to any British patent as may be or may have been granted upon or in pursuance or by virtue of a restored application : "restored application" shall mean and include any vested application of which the Custodian shall have divested himself as aforesaid and also to the extent to which the same may be or may have been revived as next hereinafter mentioned any application for the grant of a British patent which may be or may have been revived under the provisions of the Treaty of Peace between the United Kingdom and Germany (hereinafter referred to as the "Treaty of Peace") : "patentee" shall mean and include the person for the time being entitled to the benefit of a restored patent : "licensee" shall in relation to a licence mean and include any person for the time being entitled to the benefit of the licence.

2. Subject to the provisions of this Order dealings in regard to a restored patent are permitted between British Nationals and German Nationals (as respectively defined by the said Treaty of Peace Order).

3. An assignment or assurance *inter vivos* of a restored patent or a restored application shall not be made nor shall any licence be granted under a restored patent except after notice to and with the consent of the Board of Trade and any such purporting licence which may be made or granted except after such notice and with such consent shall be void and of no effect. And any devolution of a restored patent or of a restored application otherwise than by an assignment or assurance *inter vivos* shall not be operative unless and until assented to by the Board of Trade.

4. A restored patent shall remain and be subject to any licence under or in respect thereof which may have been granted by the Board of Trade under the Patents Designs and Trade Marks (Temporary Rules) Acts 1914 or by the Custodian under Section 5 (1) of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act 1914 and any such licence shall with the additional rights powers and privileges next hereafter conferred upon the Licensee be and remain as valid and effectual as if this Order had not been made :

Provided always that in addition to any other rights privileges or powers to which he may be entitled the Licensee exclusive or otherwise as the case may be shall be deemed to have and shall have all the rights privileges and powers of such a Licensee under the provisions of Section 1 of the Patents and Designs Act 1919 :

Provided further that all powers which by or under any such licence as aforesaid may have been given to or vested in the Board of Trade or the Custodian shall as regards any powers given to or vested in the Custodian be

and be deemed to have been transferred to the Board of Trade and as to all such powers whether given to or vested in the Board of Trade or given to or vested in the Custodian shall be and remain exercisable by the Board of Trade.

5. The Board of Trade have and shall continue to have power upon the application of any person to grant to or in favour of the applicant a compulsory licence under any restored patent upon such terms as to Royalty or otherwise as may be thought fit (a) if in the opinion of the Board of Trade it is in the public interest that such licence shall be granted or (b) if the Patentee shall refuse to grant to the applicant a licence upon reasonable terms. And for the purpose of and in connection with the exercise of such power the Board of Trade shall have all the powers of the Comptroller of Patents Trade Marks and Designs (hereinafter called the Comptroller) under the Patents and Designs Act 1919 in a case in which abuse of the monopoly rights has been established.

6. The Board of Trade shall as regards any licence which has been or may be granted under any restored patent whether the licence is granted as mentioned in Clause 4 hereof or as mentioned in Clause 5 hereof have power upon the application of the Licensee or of the Patentee to make such revisions or amendments in the licence as may be thought fit whether as regards the Royalty payable thereunder or otherwise and any such revision or amendment may consist of or include a provision which will preclude the Patentee (a) from importing into the United Kingdom any goods the importation of which would if effected by a person other than the Patentee be an infringement of the patent and/or (b) from working or using the patented invention in the United Kingdom.

7. Notwithstanding anything herein contained the Board of Trade shall as regards any restored patent or restored application have power either without or upon the application of any person interested to expropriate take over or sell any such patents or the patent rights under any such application on such terms as to indemnity purchase consideration or otherwise as may be determined by a special Tribunal to be nominated by the Lord Chancellor for the time being but so that the President or Chairman of such Tribunal shall be a high judicial officer or a barrister of not less than 10 years' standing and in such case the Board of Trade shall be deemed to have all the powers of the patentee or proprietor and may make a good title to any transfer licence or other assurance provided always that the power hereby conferred shall not be exercised unless in the opinion of the Board of Trade the exercise thereof is necessary for the National Defence or in the public interest or for securing the due fulfilment of all the obligations undertaken by Germany in the Treaty of Peace.

8. All Royalties and/or other monies which but for this provision would by virtue of anything done under or in pursuance of any provision contained in this Order be payable to a German National shall be divided and paid as follows namely:—

- (a) in the case of voluntary dealings—75 per cent. of such Royalties and/or other monies shall be paid to the Controller of the Clearing Office for the purposes of

such Office and the remaining 25 per cent. thereof shall be paid to the other party or parties who may be concerned :

- (b) in every other case the whole of such Royalties and/or other monies shall be paid to the Controller of the Clearing Office for the purposes of such Office.

Provided always that any Royalties under any such licence as is mentioned in Clause 4 hereof which have accrued prior to the date upon which the patent shall have become a restored patent or which may thereafter accrue shall be retained by or paid to the Custodian as the case may be.

9. The conditions imposed by and other provisions contained in Clauses 3 to 8 of this Order upon or in regard to restored patents and restored applications shall not, except as hereafter mentioned apply as regards vested patents or vested applications of which the Custodian shall have divested himself under the directions contained in Clause 1 (1) herein in favour of persons who, by or by virtue or in pursuance of the Treaty of Peace have ceased to be German Nationals provided nevertheless that as regards such patents as last mentioned.

(i) The patents shall remain and be subject to any licence under or in respect thereof which may have been granted by the Board of Trade under the Patents, Designs and Trade Marks (Temporary Rules) Acts 1914 or by the Custodian under Section 5 (1) of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act 1914 and any such licence shall be and remain as valid and effectual as if this Order had not been made.

(ii) The Board of Trade shall as regards any licence which has been granted as aforesaid under the patent have power upon the application of the Licensee or of the Patentee to make such revisions or amendments in the licence as may be thought fit whether as regards the Royalty payable thereunder or otherwise.

10. Any application to be made under any provision herein contained shall be made to the Comptroller.

11. The Board of Trade may from time to time make such rules as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Order and by any such rules may regulate the procedure to be followed and may prescribe the payment of fees and fix the amount thereof and any such rules whilst in force shall be of the same effect as if the same were contained in this Order.

12. This Order shall not nor shall anything herein contained apply to any patent or application for the grant of a patent which has been effectually dealt with in or for the purpose of the liquidation of any business or company as regards which a Winding-up Order has been made or in pursuance of the Trading with the Enemy Acts 1914 to 1918 or any of them.

13. The Board of Trade may at any time revoke or vary this Order and any provision herein contained as well as any rules made under Clause 11 hereof.

Dated this 19th day of July 1920.

R. S. HORNE,
President of the Board of Trade.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

TOBACCO TRADE BOARD (GREAT BRITAIN).

MINIMUM RATES OF WAGES AS VARIED FOR MALE AND FEMALE WORKERS EFFECTIVE AS FROM 19TH JULY 1920.*

In accordance with Regulations made under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, by the Minister of Labour, and dated 31st October 1918, the Trade Board established in Great Britain under the Trade Boards Act, 1918, for the branches of trade specified in the Trade Boards (Tobacco) Order, 1919, having given due notice on the 13th April 1920, of proposal to vary General Minimum Time Rates and Overtime Rates for male and female workers, hereby give notice as required by Section 3 (5) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, that they have varied the General Minimum Time Rates and Overtime Rates for male and female workers, set out in the Schedule of their Notice dated 5th August 1919, the Minimum Rates of Wages as varied being as shown in the Schedule set out below.

And the Trade Board further give notice that they have received notification from the Minister of Labour that he has made an Order dated 14th July 1920, under Section 4 (2) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, confirming the Minimum Rates of Wages, as varied by the Trade Board, and specifying 19th July 1920* as the date from which such rates shall become effective.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES.

SECTION I.—MALE WORKERS.

Workers under 14½ years of age, 17s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 14½ and under 15 years of age, 19s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 15 and under 15½ years of age, 20s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 15½ and under 16 years of age, 23s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 16 and under 16½ years of age, 26s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 16½ and under 17 years of age, 28s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 17 and under 17½ years of age, 31s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 17½ and under 18 years of age, 34s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 18 and under 18½ years of age, 39s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 18½ and under 19 years of age, 42s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 19 and under 19½ years of age, 46s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 19½ and under 20 years of age, 48s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 20 and under 20½ years of age, 51s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 20½ and under 21 years of age, 56s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 21 years of age and upwards, 61s. 6d. per week.

SECTION II.—FEMALE WORKERS.

Workers under 14½ years of age, 14s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 14½ and under 15 years of age, 15s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 15 and under 15½ years of age, 16s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 15½ and under 16 years of age, 17s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 16 and under 16½ years of age, 18s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 16 and under 17 years of age, 20s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 17 and under 17½ years of age, 22s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 17½ and under 18 years of age, 25s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 18 and under 18½ years of age, 29s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 18½ and under 19 years of age, 31s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 19 and under 19½ years of age, 32s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 19½ and under 20 years of age, 33s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 20 and under 20½ years of age, 34s. 6d. per week.

Workers of 20½ and under 21 years of age, 36s. 0d. per week.

Workers of 21 years of age and upwards, 38s. 6d. per week.

Provided that learners in the manufacture of cigarettes by hand, of the age of 16 years and over, who enter the Hand Cigarette Making Branch of the trade for the first time, and who are employed on time work may be employed for a period of three months at a general minimum time-rate 20 per cent. below the general minimum time-rate applicable, as set out above.

Provided also that the above general minimum time-rates shall not apply during the first twelve months of his or her learnership to any male or female Learner to Hand or Mould Cigar-making, who

(a) is employed under a verbal or written agreement (not being an Indenture of Apprenticeship), providing for his or her effective instruction in the making of hand or mould cigars for a period of 4 years, such period to include a probationary period of six months, on the completion of which the learnership may be determined at the instance either of the employer or learner; and

(b) has been registered, in accordance with rules from time to time laid down by the Trade Board, or has made application for such registration, which has been duly acknowledged, and is still under consideration.

SECTION III.

(a) The above general minimum time-rates are for a week of 48 hours, and, except as set out below, are subject to a proportionate deduction according as the number of hours of employment in any week is less than 48.

(b) Provided that in the case of whole time

* Should this date not correspond with the beginning of the period for which wages are paid by an employer who pays wages at intervals not exceeding seven days, the rates shall become effective as from the beginning of the next full-pay period, but in any case not later than 25th July 1920.

workers employed by the week or longer period, where the number of hours customarily worked per week in the establishment agreed between the employer and worker is less than 48 ;

(i) the weekly wage payable and applicable shall be not less than that set out above.

(ii) the weekly wage payable and applicable shall be subject to a proportionate deduction according as the number of hours of employment is less than the number customarily worked in the establishment ;

(iii) the weekly wage payable and applicable shall be subject to a proportionate increase according as the number of hours of employment up to 48 (not being hours to which overtime rates are applicable as set out in Part II. below) is greater than the number customarily worked in the establishment.

NOTE.—Proviso (b) does not apply in cases where the number of hours worked per week in the establishment is less than 48 by reason of systematic short time being worked.

SECTION IV.—For the purpose of the application of the above rates to workers employed on Piece-work, in accordance with the provisions of Section 6 (1) (b) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, each piece-rate paid must be such as would yield in the circumstances of the case to an Ordinary Worker not less than the weekly wage, as set out in Sections I. and II. above, or, in cases where the number of hours customarily worked is less than 48, the rate applicable as provided by Section III. (b) above.

PART II.

OVERTIME RATES—MALE AND FEMALE WORKERS—ALL AGES.

SECTION I.—In accordance with Section 3 (i) (c) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, the Trade Board have declared the normal number of hours of work in any week to be 48. Provided that all hours worked on Sundays and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays shall be regarded as Overtime.

SECTION II.—The Minimum Rates for Overtime shall be as follows :—

- (a) In respect of all hours worked in any week in excess of 48 hours, one-and-a-quarter times the Minimum Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.* Time-and-a-Quarter, except in so far as higher Overtime Rates are payable under the terms of paragraph (b) below.
- (b) In respect of all hours worked on Sundays and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays, twice the Minimum Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Double Time.

SECTION III.—The above provisions as to Overtime Rates shall apply to all workers whether employed on time-work or on piece-work.

NOTE.—The hours which Female Workers, young persons and children are allowed to work are subject to the provisions of the Factory and Workshop Acts.

PART III.

The above Minimum Rates of Wages shall apply, subject to the provisions of the Trade

Boards Acts, to all workers in Great Britain in respect of all time during which they are employed in any branch of the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Tobacco) Order, 1919, that is to say, the manufacture of Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes, Cigarette Tubes and Snuff, including all preparatory processes, and including also the operations of storing and store-keeping, boxing, packeting, labelling, parcelling and despatching, and all other warehousing and packing operations incidental to the manufacture of any of the above-mentioned Articles.

Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, the above rates shall not apply to Apprentices to Cigar-Making who are working under Indentures of Apprenticeship.

PART IV.

SECTION I.—The above Minimum Rates of Wages shall be paid clear of all deductions, other than deductions under the National Insurance Act, 1911, as amended by any subsequent enactments, or deductions authorised by any Act to be made from wages in respect of contributions to any superannuation or other provident fund.

SECTION II.—The above Minimum Rates of Wages are without prejudice to workers who are earning higher rates of wages.

Dated the seventeenth day of July 1920.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board.

F. POPPLEWELL, Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,
5 Chancery Lane, London, W.C. 2.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

CHAIN TRADE BOARD (GREAT BRITAIN).

PROPOSAL TO VARY MINIMUM RATES OF WAGES FOR MAKING CERTAIN SIZES OF DOLLIED OR TOMMIED CHAIN AND OF HAND-HAMMERED CHAIN (ON THE BASIS OF THE LOWEST QUALITY).

In accordance with Regulations made under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, by the Minister of Labour and dated 31st October 1918, the Trade Board established in Great Britain under the above Act for the trade of hammered and dollied or tommied chain-making hereby give Notice that seeing that the specified period of operation of the minimum rates for making certain sizes of dollied or tommied chain and of hand-hammered chain set out in the Notice issued by the Trade Board on 31st March 1920, of the variation of minimum rates set out in the Notice dated 1st March 1918, will expire on 30th September 1920, they again propose to vary the general minimum time rates and the general minimum piece rates set out in the Notice dated 1st March 1918, by providing that the period of operation of the said minimum rates set out in the said Notice dated 31st March 1920, shall be extended for a further period from 1st October 1920 to 31st March 1921, inclusive.

This proposal is issued with the consent of the Minister of Labour.

The Trade Board will consider any Objections to the above Proposal to Vary which may be lodged with them within two months from 20th July 1920. Such Objections should be in writing and signed by the person making the same (adding his or her full name and address), and should be sent to the Secretary of the Chain Trade Board (Great Britain), 5 Chancery Lane, London, W.C. 2.

It is desirable that Objections should state precisely, and so far as possible with reasons, what is objected to.

Dated this nineteenth day of July 1920.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board.

F. POPPLEWELL, Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,
5 Chancery Lane, London, W.C. 2.

It is provided by the Regulations made by the Minister of Labour under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, that—

Every occupier of a Factory or Workshop or of any place used for giving out work to outworkers shall, on receipt of this Notice, post up, and keep posted up, a sufficient number of true copies thereof in prominent positions in every factory, workshop or place used for giving out work, in such a manner as to ensure that in each case the Notice shall be brought to the knowledge of all workers employed by him who are affected thereby. Penalty for non-compliance a fine not exceeding 40s.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

CHAIN TRADE BOARD (GREAT BRITAIN).

PROPOSAL TO VARY MINIMUM RATES OF WAGES IN THE HAND-HAMMERED CHAIN TRADE.

In accordance with Regulations made under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, by the Ministry of Labour, and dated 31st October 1918, the Trade Board established under that Act for the Hand-Hammered and Dollied or Tommied Chain-making Trade in Great Britain hereby give Notice that seeing that the specified period of operation of the Minimum Rates for Hand-Hammered Chain-making set out in the notice issued by the Trade Board on 31st March 1920, of the Variation of Minimum Rates set out in the notice dated 1st March 1918, will expire on 30th September 1920, they again propose to vary as from the 1st October 1920, the General Minimum Time-Rates for Hand-Hammered Chain-making fixed by them and set out in the notice dated 1st March 1918, as set out below.

This Notice is issued with the consent of the Ministry of Labour.

By increasing the Minimum Rates or lowest Time-rate for making from iron supplied by the employer Hand-Hammered Chain up to and including $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ inch :—

Where the employer provides (in addition to the iron) the workshop where the work is carried on and the tools and the fuel, to 8½d. per hour.

Where the worker provides (in respect of iron provided by the employer) the workshop where the work is carried on and the tools and the fuel or any one of these three heads of outlay, to 11½d. per hour.

Learners.

The Trade Board also give similar notice that they propose to vary the General Minimum Piece Rates for learners (as defined in the Notice issued by the Trade Board and dated 1st March 1918) in their third and fourth six months of employment as learners (but not in any other case) by providing that the General Minimum Piece-Rates payable to such learners shall be respectively 80 per cent. and 90 per cent. of the General Minimum Piece-Rates above specified.

The Trade Board also give similar notice with regard to the General Minimum Time-Rates fixed for learners that they propose to vary the General Minimum Time-Rates fixed for learners as set out in their notice dated 1st March 1918, by providing that the General Minimum Time-Rates set out in the notice dated 31st March 1920, shall continue in operation after the 30th September 1920.

Further information as to the proposed variation in the minimum rates of wages may be obtained on application to the Secretary, The Chain Trade Board (Great Britain), at the address shown below.

The Trade Board will consider any Objections to the above proposals to vary which may be lodged with them within two months from 20th July 1920. Such Objections should be in writing, and signed by the person making the same (adding his or her full name and address), and should be sent to the Secretary at the address given below.

It is desirable that the Objections should state precisely, and so far as possible with reasons, what is objected to.

Dated this nineteenth day of July 1920.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board.

F. POPPLEWELL, Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,
5 Chancery Lane, London, W.C. 2.

Civil Service Commission,
July 20, 1920.

Notice is hereby given, that upon a special recommendation from the Postmaster-General, and with the assent of the Treasury, Messrs. Arthur William Ainley Headley and John Sweeney, having served as Clerks of the Second Division, have been promoted to the post of Assistant Surveyor, Class II., in the Department of the Postmaster-General, with special certificates granted by the Civil Service Commissioners.

Civil Service Commission,
July 20, 1920.

Notice is hereby given, that upon a special recommendation from the Local Government Board, Ireland, and with the assent of the

Treasury, Mr. Patrick Joseph Murray, having served as a Clerk of the Second Division, has been promoted to a Second Class Clerkship in the Ministry of Pensions, with a special certificate granted by the Civil Service Commissioners.

Civil Service Commission,
July 20, 1920.

Notice is hereby given, that upon a special recommendation from the Home Office, and with the assent of the Treasury, Mr. Frank Vernon Edwards, having served as a Clerk of the Second Division, has been promoted to the post of Assistant Accountant in the Ministry of Labour, with a special certificate granted by the Civil Service Commissioners.

Ministry of Food,
21st July 1920.

THE MEAT (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, 22ND JUNE 1920.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1920, No. 956.
Price 4d. net, post free 4½d.

THE SLAUGHTERHOUSES (LICENSING) ORDER, 24TH JUNE 1920.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1920, No. 972.
Price 1d. net, post free 1½d.

THE DIVISIONAL FOOD COMMISSIONERS (POWERS) (ENGLAND AND WALES) ORDER, 24TH JUNE 1920.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1920, No. 973.
Price 2d. net, post free 2½d.

THE FOOD COMMISSIONER FOR SCOTLAND (POWERS) ORDER, 24TH JUNE 1920.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1920, No. 974.
Price 1d. net, post free 1½d.

THE FOOD CONTROL COMMITTEES (AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS) ORDER, 24TH JUNE 1920.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1920, No. 975.
Price 1d. net, post free 1½d.

THE SLAUGHTERHOUSES (LICENSING) ORDER, 29TH JUNE 1920.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1920, No. 1004.
Price 1d. net, post free 1½d.

IMPORTED FROZEN POULTRY (PRICES) ORDER, 2ND JULY 1920.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1920, No. 1012.
Price 1d. net, post free 1½d.

THE IMPORTED WILD RABBITS (PRICES) ORDER, 2ND JULY 1920.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1920, No. 1013.
Price 1d. net, post free 1½d.

The above-mentioned Statutory Rules and Orders are on sale, and can be purchased through any Bookseller or directly from H.M. Stationery Office at the following addresses:—Imperial House, Kingsway, London, W.C. 2; 28 Abingdon Street, London, S.W. 1; 37 Peter Street, Manchester; 1 St. Andrew's Crescent, Cardiff; 25 Forth Street, Edinburgh; or from E. Ponsonby Ltd., 116 Grafton Street, Dublin.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS,
1894 to 1914.

RETURN of OUTBREAKS of the under-mentioned DISEASES in SCOTLAND for the Week ended 17th July 1920, distinguishing Counties (including Burghs):—

ANTHRAX.

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Confirmed.	Animals Attacked.			
		Oattle.	Sheep.	Swine.	Horses.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Forfar	2	4	—	—	—
Lanark	1	1	—	—	—
Perth	1	1	—	—	—
TOTAL	4	6	—	—	—

PARASITIC MANGE.

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Reported.	Animals Attacked.
	No.	No.
Aberdeen	1	1
Lanark	3	3
Midlothian: City of Edinburgh	2	3
TOTAL	6	7

RETURN of OUTBREAKS of SWINE FEVER in SCOTLAND for the Week ended 17th July 1920, distinguishing Counties (including Burghs):—

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Confirmed.	Swine Slaughtered as Diseased or as having been Exposed to Infection.
	No.	No.
Midlothian	1	—
TOTAL	1	—

SHEEP SCAB.

The following Areas are now "Movement Areas" for the purposes of Part I. of the Sheep (Double Dipping) Order of 1920:—

Argyllshire.—(1) An area comprising the island of Coll, in the county of Argyll.

(2) An area comprising the island of Tiree, in the county of Argyll.

(3) An area comprising the island of Islay, in the county of Argyll.

(4) An area comprising the holdings known as Erray, Glengorm, Lettermore, Ardnacross,

Kentallen, Aros Mains, Tenga, and 'Glenaros, all in the parish of Kilninian and Kilmore, in the island of Mull, in the county of Argyll.

(5) An area comprising the holdings known as Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 Holdings, Glenshellach, Laggan Farm, and Gallanach Farm, all in the parish of Kilmore and Kilbride, in the county of Argyll.

(6) An area comprising the holdings known as Balinoe and Craigentaggart, and Kilbride, in the parish of Kilmore and Kilbride, also the holdings known as Knipoch, Lagganbeg, and Altnacarmaig, and Scamadale, in the parish of Kilninver and Kilmelford, all in the county of Argyll.

(7) An area comprising the holdings known as Goatfield, Furnace, and Lochfyne, in the parish of Kilmichael Glassary, in the county of Argyll.

Perthshire.—An area comprising the parishes of

Balquhidder and Killin, and such parts of the parish of Kenmore as lie to the south of Loch Tay, and to the west of the road leading from Loch Tay *via* Ardeonaig and Finglen to Comrie, in the county of Perth.

Ross and Cromarty.—An area comprising the Island of Lewis, including the smaller islands adjacent thereto, in the county of Ross and Cromarty.

Sutherland.—An area comprising the farms, lands, and grazings of Robert M'Pherson, of 44 Blairmore; Alexander Campbell, of Moorlands Blairmore; John Sutherland of Moorlands Culdrain, and John Ross, of Moorlands of Culdrain, all in the parish of Rogart, in the county of Sutherland.

Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries,
20th July 1920.

STATEMENT showing the Quantities Sold and Average Price of BRITISH CORN, per Quarter of 8 Bushels, Imperial Measure,* as received from the Inspectors of Corn Returns in the Week ended 17th July 1920, pursuant to the Corn Returns Act, 1882.

BRITISH CORN.				QUANTITIES SOLD.		AVERAGE PRICE.	
				Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.
Wheat	...	...	...	3,809	7	85	3
Barley	...	...	...	814	3	91	11
Oats	...	...	...	1,027	6	64	5

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT for the Corresponding Week in each of the Years from 1913 to 1919.

Corresponding Week in	QUANTITIES SOLD.			AVERAGE PRICE.		
	WHEAT.	BARLEY.	OATS.	WHEAT.	BARLEY.	OATS.
	Qrs. Bus.	Qrs. Bus.	Qrs. Bus.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
1913 ...	15,690 3	325 6	1,178 7	33 10	24 1	20 8
1914 ...	13,064 2	268 4	2,822 5	34 0	24 7	19 9
1915 ...	12,785 4	2,110 4	4,661 5	53 10	35 10	32 1
1916 ...	25,490 5	217 1	7,132 6	51 6	48 8	32 3
1917 ...	7,396 3	3,421 7	3,935 7	78 3	72 1	55 2
1918 ...	5,577 4	2,294 2	376 4	74 3	60 5	45 4
1919 ...	12,291 1	580 2	2,031 6	73 4	62 9	49 11

* Section 8 of the Corn Returns Act, 1882, provides that where returns of purchases of British Corn are made to the local inspector of Corn Returns in any other measure than the imperial bushel or by weight or by a weighed measure, that Officer shall convert such returns into the imperial bushel, and in the case of weight or weighed measure the conversion is to be made at the rate of sixty imperial pounds for every bushel of wheat, fifty imperial pounds for every bushel of barley, and thirty-nine imperial pounds for every bushel of oats.

NOTE.—The above prices are based on returns received from Inspectors during the week named. They represent on the whole the average prices ruling in the preceding week.

Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries,
3 St. James's Square, London, S.W. 1,
17th July 1920.

R. J. THOMPSON,
Assistant Secretary

NOTICE.

TAYVALLICH SPECIAL DRAINAGE AND
WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT.

NOTIFICATION is hereby given, in terms of Sections 122 (1) and 131 (1) of the Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1897, and Section 14 (1) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act, 1908, that the Mid Argyll District Committee of the County Council of Argyll, as the Local Authority of Mid Argyll District, will meet in the Court House, Lochgilphead, upon Friday, 13th August 1920, at 11 a.m., to consider the propriety of forming, and, if deemed necessary, thereafter to form the following part of the District into a Special Drainage and Water Supply District, viz.:—The Village of Tayvallich, or according to such other description or boundaries as may be deemed necessary.

J. S. HENDERSON, Clerk to the Mid Argyll District Committee.

Lochgilphead, 19th July 1920.

INTIMATION is hereby given that Mrs. MARY CHARLOTTE ELIOTT LOCKHART, of Clegghorn, in the County of Lanark, wife of Colonel Robert Henry Elliott Lockhart, of Clegghorn aforesaid, Heiress of Entail in possession of the Entailed Lands and Baronies of Clegghorn, and others, in the County of Lanark, with consent and concurrence of the said Robert Henry Elliott Lockhart, her husband and Administrator-in-Law, and the said Robert Henry Elliott Lockhart for himself, and for any right and interest he has in the premises, has presented a Petition to the Lords of Council and Session (First Division, Bill Chamber,—Mr. Paterson, Clerk) in terms of the Entail Acts, and particularly the Entail (Scotland) Act, 1882, for an Order for Sale of portions of the foresaid Entailed Lands and others.

Date of Interlocutor ordering Intimation, 16th July 1920.

TODS, MURRAY, & JAMIESON, W.S.,
Agents of the Petitioner.

66 Queen Street, Edinburgh,
20th July 1920.

INDUSTRIAL AND PROVIDENT SOCIETIES
ACT, 1893, 56 & 57 Vict. Cap. 39.

Advertisement of Dissolution by Instrument.

NOTICE is hereby given by the Assistant-Registrar of Friendly Societies for Scotland that the STRAHENDRICK AGRICULTURAL CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY LIMITED, Register No. 404 R., held at 5 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh, in the County of Midlothian, is Dissolved by Instrument, registered at this Office the 21st day of July 1920, unless within three months from the date of the Gazette in which this advertisement appears proceedings be commenced by a member or other person interested in or having any claim on the Funds of the Society to set aside such Dissolution, and the same is set aside accordingly.

3A Howe Street, Edinburgh,
the 21st day of July 1920.

In the Matter of the ABERDEEN PRESERVING
COMPANY LIMITED.

AT an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company, duly convened, and held in the Imperial Hotel, Aberdeen, on the fifth day of July nineteen hundred and twenty, the following Resolution was duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened, and held at the same place on the twenty-first day of July nineteen hundred and twenty, the same Resolution was duly confirmed as a Special Resolution, viz.:—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily."

And at such last-mentioned Meeting David Low Crombie, Manager, of one hundred and sixty-four Market Street, Aberdeen, was appointed Liquidator for the purposes of the winding up.

Dated the twenty-first day of July nineteen hundred and twenty.

DAVID L. CROMBIE.

Signed by the said David L. Crombie in
the presence of—

A. T. CRUICKSHANK, of 14 Bonaccord
Square, Aberdeen, Advocate.

THE GRAND CENTRAL BILLIARD ROOMS
COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that, at a General Meeting of the above Company, duly convened, and held within the Office of the Secretaries, 20 Albany Street, Edinburgh, on the 19th day of June 1920, the following Special Resolution was duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, also duly convened, and held at the same place on the 17th day of July 1920, the said Special Resolution was duly confirmed:—

"That it is hereby resolved to sell the Business and Assets of the Company, and in consequence of such occurrence, the Company be wound up voluntarily; and that William Smith Dickison, Chartered Accountant, Edinburgh, be, and is hereby, appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding up."

W. SMITH DICKISON, C.A., Liquidator.

20 Albany Street, Edinburgh,
23rd July 1920.

THE GRAND CENTRAL BILLIARD ROOMS
COMPANY LIMITED (in Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that, in terms of Section 188 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, a Meeting of the Creditors of the above Company will be held within the Chambers of Messrs. Hunter Smart & Dickison, C.A., 20 Albany Street, Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 3rd day of August 1920, at 11 o'clock forenoon.

W. SMITH DICKISON, C.A., Liquidator.

20 Albany Street, Edinburgh,
23rd July 1920.

NOTE.—The above notice is purely formal to comply with Statute; all Creditors have been or will be paid in full.

NORTH OF SCOTLAND WHOLESALE MEAT
SUPPLY ASSOCIATION LIMITED (in Liquidation).

IN compliance with Section 188 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, notice is hereby given that a Meeting of the Creditors of the above Company will be held at No. 9 Tally Street, Dundee, on Tuesday, 27th July 1920, at 11.45 forenoon.

The Company is being wound up voluntarily, and all debts will be paid in full.

T. CRASTON THOMSON, C.A., Liquidator.

219 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow,
20th July 1920.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1908 to 1917,
and in the Matter of the UNITED SICKNESS AND
ACCIDENT GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY
LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Creditors of the above-named Company, which is being voluntarily wound up, are required, on or before the 20th day of August 1920, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any) to Mr. Thomas George Piper, Chartered Accountant, of Bush Lane House, Cannon Street, London, E.C. 4, the Liquidator of the said Company; and, if so required, by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, are by their Solicitors or personally to come in and prove their said debts or claims, at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded

from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

Dated this 20th day of July 1920.

A. J. GREENOP & Co., of Bush Lane House, Cannon Street, London, E.C. 4, Solicitors for the above-named Liquidator.

The above notice is statutory, and all Creditors will be paid in full.

LESLIE CEMETERY COMPANY LIMITED
(in Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of Section 195 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held within the Chambers of the Liquidator at 22 High Street, West, Leslie, on Friday, 27th August 1920, at 7 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of having an account laid before them, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of; hearing any explanations which may be given by the Liquidator, and determining, by Extraordinary Resolution, the manner in which the books and papers shall be disposed of.

GEO. WILKIE, Liquidator.

22 High Street, W., Leslie,
21st July 1920.

THE Estates of GEORGE LEIGHTON, Upholsterer and Coach Trimmer, 6 South Dean Road, Kilmarnock, were Sequestered on the 22nd day of July 1920, by the Sheriff of the County of Ayr.

The first Deliverance is dated the 10th day of July 1920.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Friday the 30th day of July 1920, within the Sale Room, Oddfellows' Halls, Kilmarnock. A Composition may be offered at this Meeting, and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 22nd day of November 1920.

All future advertisements relating to the Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JAMES GUTHRIE, 61 Portland Street, Kilmarnock, Agent.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES H STEVENSON
Newsagent, Bridge of Weir.

WALTER MURRAY GALBRAITH, Accountant, Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the Estate; and James Struthers Leckie, Managing Director of John Menzies & Company, Limited, Wholesale Stationers, West Nile Street, Glasgow, James M'Kemmie Love, Partner of William Love, Wholesale Stationer, 219 Argyle Street, Glasgow, and William Tait, Secretary of Charles Rattray & Company Limited, Wholesale Warehousemen, Candleriggs, Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The Examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff Court House, Paisley, on Friday the thirtieth day of July nineteen hundred and twenty, at eleven o'clock forenoon.

The Creditors will meet within the Chambers of Walter & W. B. Galbraith, Chartered Accountants, 87 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, upon Monday the ninth day of August 1920, at twelve o'clock noon.

WALTER M. GALBRAITH, Trustee.

20th July 1920.

AS Trustee on the Sequestered Estate of JOHN HAMILTON, Shipbuilder, formerly of 22 Athole Gardens, and now of 2 Kelvinside Terrace, Glasgow, I hereby intimate that the account of my intromissions with the Funds of the Estate, brought down to 3rd July 1920, has been audited by the Commissioners, and that a Dividend will be paid on 4th September

prox. to the Preferential Creditor to account of his preferential claim.

HENRY M. STEELE, C.A.

190 West George Street, Glasgow,
20th July 1920.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION of the Firm of EDWARDS & CO., Tailors, 74 Argyle Street, Glasgow.

THE Firm of Edwards & Co., carrying on business as Tailors and Clothiers, at 74 Argyle Street, Glasgow, has been DISSOLVED, as at 10th April 1920, by mutual consent, by the retiral therefrom of the Subscriber Morris Abramson, one of the Partners.

The Business will be carried on at the above address by the Subscribers Daniel Martin Smith and Robert Stobo Simpson on their own account, and under the same name of EDWARDS & Co.

Mr. Daniel Martin Smith and Mr. Robert Stobo Simpson are authorised to uplift all the debts due to, and they will discharge the whole debts and liabilities of, the said Firm of EDWARDS & Co.

Dated at Glasgow, this fourteenth day of July 1920.

M. ABRAMSON.

MARION S. PITHIE, 46J Calder Street, Coatbridge, Clerkess,
MINNIE D. RUSSELL, 46 Calder Street, Coatbridge, Typist,
Witnesses to the Signature of the said Morris Abramson.

D. M. SMITH.

JAMES SMITH, Osborne Place, Uddingston, Shipping Clerk,
HELEN T. SMITH, Osborne Place, Uddingston, Saleswoman,
Witnesses to the Signature of the said Daniel Martin Smith.

ROBERT S. SIMPSON.

MARY WILLIAMS, 17 Hospital Street, Glasgow, Tailoress,
GERTRUDE H. MACREADIE, 113 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, Typist,
Witnesses to the Signature of the said Robert Stobo Simpson.

BANKRUPTS.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

Amerigo Biagi, 49 Chester Street, Kennington Road, London, restaurant manager, and employed at the Karsino, Hampton Court, Surrey.

Willet Kiddle, 11 Newcastle House, Northumberland Street, Baker Street, London, W. 1, and formerly residing at 6 Winsford House, Northumberland Street aforesaid, lately pianoforte merchant's manager.

Myer Redman, 60 Whitechapel Road, in the county of London.

Hopkins & Pearce, carrying on business at Holbrook Lane, Foleshill, Coventry, in the county of Warwick, auctioneers.

Robert Gordon Poole, 47 Osmaston Road, Derby, cycle dealer.

John Henry Teasdale, 32 Nevilledale, Durham, carrying on business at 58 North Road, Durham, under the style of Teasdale Brothers, draper.

Phillip Bluestein, trading as M'Leans, 31 Albert Road, Southsea, Hants.

Albert Hewey Capper, 10 Regent Circus, Swindon, in the county of Wilts, surgical bootmaker.

ADJUDICATION ANNULLED.

James Hamilton Francis, Victoria Chambers, Colchester, in the county of Essex, corn merchant.

NOTICE.

All Notices and Advertisements are inserted in the Edinburgh Gazette at the risk of the Advertiser.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR ALL ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE EDINBURGH GAZETTE.

For	100 words and under	...	...	...	...	£0 10 0
Above	100 and not exceeding 150	...	...	...	...	0 15 0
"	150 " "	200	...	...	...	1 0 0
"	200 " "	250	...	...	...	1 5 0
"	250 " "	300	...	...	...	1 10 0
"	300 " "	350	...	...	...	1 15 0
"	350 " "	400	...	...	...	2 0 0
"	400 " "	450	...	...	...	2 5 0
"	450 " "	500	...	...	...	2 10 0

And 5s. extra for each additional 50 or part of 50 words.

For each copy of the Gazette	...	...	...	...	9d.
Friendly Societies' Notices, each	...	...	...	...	5s.

The above Fees must be paid by affixing to the Notice Postage Stamps of as large value as possible.

Advertisements cannot be received or withdrawn after one o'clock on Tuesdays and Fridays.

The dues paid on withdrawn Advertisements cannot be returned.

All Letters must be Post Paid.

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* * This Gazette is filed at His Majesty's Stationery Office, London, and at the Office of the Dublin Gazette.

Friday, July 23, 1920.

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