

over the claims of or debts owing to other British nationals.

3. With a view to making effective and enforcing such charge as aforesaid :—

(a) No person shall, without the consent of the Custodian, transfer, part with, or otherwise deal in any property, right, or interest subject to the charge, and if he does so he shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or to both such imprisonment and fine.

(b) Every person owning or having the control or management of any property right or interest subject to the charge (including where the property right or interest consists of shares, stocks, or other securities issued by a company, municipal authority, or other body, or any right or interest therein, such company, authority, or body) shall, unless particulars thereof have already been furnished to the Custodian in accordance with the Trading with the Enemy Acts, 1914 to 1918, or the Trading with the Enemy Consolidation Regulations, 1918, within one month from the date when this Order comes into operation, by notice in writing communicate the fact to the Custodian, and shall furnish the Custodian with such particulars in relation thereto as the Custodian may require, and if any person fails to do so he shall, on summary conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds.

(c) Where the property charged consists of inscribed or registered stock, shares, or other securities, any company, municipal authority, or other body by whom the securities were issued or are managed shall, on application being made by the Custodian, enter the Custodian in the books in which the securities are inscribed or registered, as the proprietor of the securities subject to the charge, and the Custodian shall, subject to the consent of the Minister, have power to sell or otherwise deal with the securities as proprietor of which he is so registered or inscribed.

(d) The Minister may by order vest in the Custodian any property rights and interests subject to the charge, or the right to transfer the same, and for that purpose section 4 of the Trading with the Enemy (Amendment) Act, 1916, shall apply as if such property rights and interests were property belonging to an enemy or enemy subject.

(e) If any person called upon to pay any money or to transfer or otherwise to deal with any property rights or interests has reason to suspect that the same are subject to such charge as aforesaid, he shall, before paying, transferring, or dealing with the same, report the matter to the Custodian, and shall comply with any directions that the Custodian may give with respect thereto.

4. All decisions of the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal constituted under Section VI. of Part X. of the Treaty, if within the jurisdiction of that Tribunal, shall be final and conclusive, and binding on all courts.

5. For the purpose of enforcing the attendance of witnesses before the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal, whether sitting in China or not, and compelling the production before the Tribunal of documents, the Minister shall have power to issue orders

which shall have the like effect as if the proceedings before the Tribunal were an action in the court, and the order were a formal process issued by that court in the due exercise of its jurisdiction, and shall be enforceable by that court accordingly, and disobedience to any such order shall be punishable as contempt of court.

6. Sections IV., V., and VI. of Part X. of the Treaty relating to property rights and interests, to contracts, prescriptions and judgments, and to the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal, and all provisions of the said Treaty affecting or relating to the charge created by this Order shall have full force and effect as law.

7. The time at which the period of prescription or limitation of right of action referred to in Article 300 of the Treaty shall begin again to run shall be at the expiration of six months after the coming into force of the Treaty, and the period to be allowed within which presentation of negotiable instruments for acceptance or payment, and notice of non-acceptance or non-payment or protest may be made under Article 301, shall be six months from the coming into force of the Treaty.

8. Rules made during the war by any recognised exchange or commercial association providing for the closure of contracts entered into before the war by an enemy, and any action taken thereunder are hereby confirmed, subject to the provisos contained in paragraph 4 (a) of the Annex to Section V. of Part X. of the Treaty.

9. The power under Article 155 of the China Order in Council, 1904, or under any Order amending the said Order, to make King's Regulations, shall extend to the issue of regulations for the purpose of enforcing the charge created by this Order, and for making such arrangements as may be required for establishing and assessing the claims and debts for the payment of which the property charged is rendered liable, and for the payment, in whole or in part, of the sums due.

10. This Order may be cited as the China (Treaty of Peace) Order in Council, 1919, and shall be read as one with the China Order in Council, 1904, and with any Order amending the same.

11. This Order shall come into operation on the date when the Treaty of Peace comes into force.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

*Scottish Office, Whitehall.*

The KING has been pleased, by Warrant under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, bearing date the 9th instant, to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Seal appointed to be kept and made use of in place of the Great Seal of Scotland, granting the rank and dignity of Counsel to His Majesty to the undernamed Members of the Scottish Bar.

John Horne Stevenson, Esquire, Advocate.  
William Mitchell, Esquire, Advocate.  
Alexander Munro MacRobert, Esquire, Advocate.  
Laurence Hugh Strain, Esquire, Advocate.  
Frederick Alexander Macquisten, Esquire, Advocate.