



The Edinburgh Gazette

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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1918.

27th December 1918.

SCOTTISH UNIVERSITIES PARLIAMENTARY ELECTION.

The Returning Officer hereby gives notice that the following persons have this day been elected to serve in Parliament as members for the combined constituency of the Scottish Universities:—

- (1) Sir WILLIAM WATSON CHEYNE, Bart., of 75 Harley Street, London;
- (2) Mr. DUGALD M'COID COWAN, of 7 York Drive, Hyndland, Glasgow;
- (3) The Rt. Hon. Sir HENRY CRAIK, K.C.B., of 5A Deans Yard, Westminster, London.

J. A. EWING,
Vice-Chancellor of the University
of Edinburgh,
Returning Officer.

War Office,
26th December 1918.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Victoria Cross to the undermentioned Officers, N.C.O.'s, and Men:—

T./Maj. (A./Lt.-Col.) Harry Greenwood, D.S.O., M.C., 9th Bn., K.O. Yorks. L.I.

For most conspicuous bravery, devotion to duty and fine leadership on the 23rd/24th

October 1918. When the advance of his battalion on the 23rd October was checked, and many casualties caused by an enemy machine-gun post, Lt.-Col. Greenwood single-handed rushed the post and killed the crew. At the entrance to the village of Ovillers, accompanied by two battalion runners, he again rushed a machine-gun post and killed the occupants.

On reaching the objective west of Duke's Wood his command was almost surrounded by hostile machine-gun posts, and the enemy at once attacked his isolated force. The attack was repulsed, and, led by Lt.-Col. Greenwood, his troops swept forward and captured the last objective, with 150 prisoners, eight machine guns, and one field gun. During the attack on the Green Line, south of Poix Du Nord, on 24th October, he again displayed the greatest gallantry in rushing a machine-gun post, and he showed conspicuously good leadership in the handling of his command in the face of heavy fire. He inspired his men in the highest degree, with the result that the objective was captured, and, in spite of heavy casualties, the line was held.

During the further advance on Grand Gay Farm Road, on the afternoon of 24th October, the skilful and bold handling of his battalion was productive of most important results, not only in securing the flank of his brigade, but also in safeguarding the flank of the Division.

His valour and leading during two days of fighting were beyond all praise.

Maj. Blair Anderson Wark, D.S.O., 32nd Bn., A.I.F.

For most conspicuous bravery, initiative and control during the period 29th Sept. to 1st Oct. 1918, in the operations against the Hindenburg Line at Bellicourt and the advance through Nauroy, Etricourt, Magny La Fosse, and Joncourt.

On 29th Sept., after personal reconnaissance under heavy fire, he led his command forward at a critical period and restored the situation. Moving fearlessly at the head of, and at times far in advance of, his troops, he cheered his men on through Nauroy, thence towards Etricourt. Still leading his assaulting companies, he observed a battery of 77mm. guns firing on his rear companies and causing heavy casualties. Collecting a few of his men, he rushed the battery, capturing four guns and ten of the crew. Then moving rapidly forward with only two N.C.O.'s, he surprised and captured fifty Germans near Magny La Fosse.

On 1st Oct. 1918 he again showed fearless leading and gallantry in attack, and without hesitation and regardless of personal risk dashed forward and silenced machine guns which were causing heavy casualties.

Throughout he displayed the greatest courage, skilful leading and devotion to duty, and his work was invaluable.

2nd Lt. James Johnson, 2nd Bn., North'd Fus., attd. 36th Bn.

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty S.W. of Wez Macquart on the morning of 14th Oct. 1918, during operations by strong patrols.

He repelled frequent counter-attacks and for six hours under heavy fire he held back the enemy. When at length he was ordered to retire he was the last to leave the advance position, carrying a wounded man. Three times subsequently this officer returned and brought in badly wounded men under intense enemy machine-gun fire. His valour, cheerfulness, and utter disregard of danger inspired all.

2nd Lt. James Palmer Huffam, 5th Bn., W. Rid. R. (T.F.), attd. 2nd Bn.

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty on the 31st Aug. 1918. With three men he rushed an enemy machine-gun post and put it out of action. His post was then heavily attacked and he withdrew fighting, carrying back a wounded comrade. Again, on the night of 21st Aug. 1918, at St. Servin's Farm, accompanied by two men only, he rushed an enemy machine gun, capturing eight prisoners and enabling the advance to continue. Throughout the whole of the fighting from Aug. 29th to Sept. 1st 1918 he showed the utmost gallantry.

No. 4119 Sjt. John O'Niell, M.M., 2nd Bn., Leins. R. (Glenboig).

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty near Moorseele on 14th October 1918, when the advance of his company was checked by two machine guns and an enemy field battery firing over open sights. At the

head of eleven men only he charged the battery, capturing four field guns, two machine guns, and sixteen prisoners.

Again, on the morning of the 20th October 1918, Sjt. O'Neill, with one man, rushed an enemy machine-gun position, routing about 100 enemy and causing many casualties. Throughout the operations he displayed the most remarkable courage and powers of leadership.

No. 271410 L./Cpl. (A./Cpl.) Roland Edward Elcock, M.M., 11th Bn., R. Scots (Wolverhampton).

For most conspicuous bravery and initiative south-east of Capelle St. Catherine on the 15th October 1918, when in charge of a Lewis gun team. Entirely on his own initiative, Cpl. Elcock rushed his gun up to within ten yards of enemy guns, which were causing heavy casualties and holding up the advance. He put both guns out of action, captured five prisoners, and undoubtedly saved the whole attack from being held up. Later, near the River Lys, this non-commissioned officer again attacked an enemy machine gun and captured the crew. His behaviour throughout the day was absolutely fearless.

No. 1153 L./Cpl. (T./Cpl.) Lawrence Carthage Weathers, 43rd Bn., A.I.F.

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty on the 2nd September 1918, north of Peronne, when with an advanced bombing party.

The attack having been held up by a strongly held enemy trench, Cpl. Weathers went forward alone under heavy fire and attacked the enemy with bombs. Then, returning to our lines for a further supply of bombs, he again went forward with three comrades, and attacked under very heavy fire. Regardless of personal danger, he mounted the enemy parapet and bombed the trench, and, with the support of his comrades, captured 180 prisoners and three machine guns.

His valour and determination resulted in the successful capture of the final objective, and saved the lives of many of his comrades.

No. 23 L./Cpl. Bernard Sidney Gordon, M.M., 41st Bn., A.I.F.

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty on the 26th/27th August 1918, east of Bray.

He led his section through heavy shell fire to the objective, which he consolidated. Single-handed he attacked an enemy machine gun which was enfilading the company on his right, killed the man on the gun, and captured the post, which contained one officer and ten men. He then cleared up a trench, capturing twenty-nine prisoners and two machine guns. In clearing up further trenches he captured twenty-two prisoners, including one officer, and three machine guns.

Practically unaided, he captured, in the course of these operations, two officers and sixty-one other ranks, together with six machine guns, and displayed throughout a wonderful example of fearless initiative.

No. 16796 Pte. William Edgar Holmes, late 2nd Bn., G. Gds. (Didbrook, nr. Winchmere, Glos.).

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty at Cattenières on the 9th October 1918.

Pte. Holmes carried in two men under the most intense fire, and, while he was attending to a third case, he was severely wounded. In spite of this, he continued to carry wounded, and was shortly afterwards again wounded, with fatal results. By his self-sacrifice and disregard of danger he was the means of saving the lives of several of his comrades.

No. 18321 Pte. Martin Moffat, 2nd Bn., Leins. R. (Sligo).

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty on the 14th October 1918, near Ledeghem, when, advancing with five comrades across the open, the party suddenly came under heavy rifle fire at close range from a strongly held house.

Rushing towards the house through a hail of bullets, Pte. Moffat threw bombs, and then, working to the back of the house, rushed the door single-handed, killing two and capturing thirty of the enemy. He displayed the greatest valour and initiative throughout.

No. 1717 Pte. John Ryan, 55th Bn., A.I.F.

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty during an attack against the Hindenburg defences on 30th September 1918.

In the initial assault on the enemy's positions Pte. Ryan went forward with great dash and determination, and was one of the first to reach the enemy trench. His exceptional skill and daring inspired his comrades, and, despite heavy fire, the hostile garrison was soon overcome and the trench occupied. The enemy then counter-attacked, and succeeded in establishing a bombing party in the rear of the position.

Under fire from front and rear, the position was critical, and necessitated prompt action. Quickly appreciating the situation, he organised and led the men near him with bomb and bayonet against the enemy bombers, finally reaching the position with only three men. By skilful bayonet work, his small party succeeded in killing the first three Germans on the enemy's flank, then, moving along the embankment, Pte. Ryan alone rushed the remainder with bombs. He fell wounded after he had driven back the enemy, who suffered heavily as they retired across "No Man's Land."

A particularly dangerous situation had been saved by this gallant soldier, whose example of determined bravery and initiative was an inspiration to all.

No. 3244A Pte. James Park Woods, 48th Bn., A.I.F.

For conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty near Le Verguier, north-west of St. Quentin, on the 18th September 1918, when, with a weak patrol, he attacked and captured a very formidable enemy post, and subsequently, with two comrades, held the same against heavy enemy counter-attacks.

Although exposed to heavy fire of all descriptions, he fearlessly jumped on the parapet and opened fire on the attacking enemy, inflicting severe casualties. He kept up his fire and held up the enemy until help arrived, and throughout the operations displayed a splendid example of valour, determination, and initiative.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 27th day of December 1918.

By the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

WHEREAS it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation or Order in Council made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, as amended by the Act now in recital, may, whilst a state of war exists, be varied or added to by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Restriction) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation made under Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, may, whether the proclamation was made before or after the passing of the Act now in recital, be varied or added to, whilst a state of war exists, by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas by a Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May 1917, and made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, and Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, and Section 1 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, the exportation from the United Kingdom of certain articles to certain or all destinations was prohibited:

And whereas by subsequent Orders of Council and by the Proclamation, dated the 18th day of December 1918, the said Proclamation was amended and added to in certain particulars:

And whereas there was this day read at the Board a recommendation from the Board of Trade to the following effect:—

That the Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May 1917, as amended and added to by subsequent Orders of Council and by the Proclamation, dated the 18th day of December 1918, should be further amended by making the following amendments in and additions to the Schedule to the same:—

(1) That the following headings should be deleted:—

- (A) Ambergris;
- (A) American cotton ties, varnished or blacked;
- (A) Bags and sacks made wholly or partly of jute, other than such bags or sacks as constitute the coverings of goods to be shipped for exportation, and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as such coverings;
- (B) Baudruche skin;
- (A) Bearings, ball and roller, and steel balls and rollers suitable for bearings;
- (A) Bone black;

Chemicals, drugs, dyes, dye-stuffs, and medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations, the following:—

- (A) Acetanilide ;
- (A) Acetates all metallic, other than acetate of lime ;
- (B) Aconite root ;
- (B) Aloes ;
- (A) Amyl acetate and other amyl esters ;
- (B) Araroba or Goa powder ;
- (B) Barium peroxide ;
- (A) Benzoic acid (synthetic) and benzoates ;
- (B) Calabar beans ;
- (B) Cascarella bark ;
- (B) Catechu ;
- (B) Chiretta ;
- (A) Chloral and its compounds and preparations ;
- (B) Chrysarobin ;
- (B) Colchicum and its preparations ;
- (B) Colocynth ;
- (B) Cubebs ;
- (B) Damiana ;
- (B) Gelsenium root ;
- (B) Gentian root ;
- (A) Grindelia ;
- (A) Hexamethylene tetramine (urotropine) and its compounds and preparations ;
- (B) Indian hemp (*Cannabis indica*) ;
- (B) Ipecacuanha root ;
- (B) Jaborandi leaves ;
- (A) Lactates not otherwise prohibited ;
- (B) Lactic acid ;
- (A) Lobelia ;
- (B) Methyl salicylate ;
- (B) Nux vomica alkaloids and their preparations ;
- (B) Oxalic acid ;
- (B) Pyrogallic acid and mixtures containing pyrogallic acid ;
- (B) Quassia wood ;
- (B) Rhatany root ;
- (B) Salol and its preparations ;
- (B) Senna leaves and pods ;
- (A) Serpenterary rhizome ;
- (B) Sodium hyposulphite (thiosulphate) and mixtures containing sodium hyposulphite ;
- (B) Sodium peroxide ;
- (B) Sodium prussiates and mixtures containing sodium prussiates ;
- (B) Stramonium leaves and seeds ;
- (B) Strophanthus seeds ;
- (B) Thorium, oxide and salts of ;
- (A) Triphenyl phosphate ;
- (B) Cinematograph films ;
- (B) Cobalt, cobalt ore and alloys of cobalt ;
- (A) Drums, iron or steel, other than such drums as contain goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as the containers of such goods ;
- (A) Glue, osseine and concentrated size (and other size and sizings made from glue), fish glue, finings and other kinds of gelatine ;
- (A) Gluestock of all kinds, including animal hoofs, untanned hides and pelts not otherwise specifically prohibited and fish bladders ;
- (A) Handles for adzes, awls, axes, chisels, files, forks (agricultural, stone, roadmaking and coke), gimlets, gouges, hammers (hand), hoes, hooks (brushing and reaping), rakes,

roadscrapers, screwdrivers (or turnscrows) and scythes ;

- (A) Incandescent gas mantle rings ;
 - (A) Ingot moulds manufactured of hæmatite iron ;
 - (A) Jute cordage and twine ;
 - (A) Jute padding ;
 - (A) Jute, piece goods made wholly or partly of ;
 - (A) Jute twist ;
 - (A) Jute webbing ;
 - (A) Machinery, agricultural or farming and component parts thereof, including hand tools for agricultural or farm purposes, except the following:—Hoes, hooks (bill, brushing and reaping) and similar hooks, matchets, mattocks, picks and pickaxes, planting bars, pruning saws and knives, shears, sickles and scythes ;
 - (A) Magnesite and magnesite bricks ;
 - (A) Magnesite, caustic or lightly calcined and dead burnt magnesite ;
 - (A) Magnesium and its alloys ;
 - (A) Mattresses, wire, fixed on wooden frames ;
 - (A) Motor vehicles, motor bicycles, and their component parts and accessories ;
 - (A) Nails, horseshoe ;
 - (A) Nippers for cutting barbed or galvanised wire ;
 - (B) Paper and cardboard (including straw-board, pasteboard, millboard, and wood-pulp board) and manufactures of paper and cardboard not otherwise specifically prohibited ;
 - (A) Paper, cigarette ;
 - (A) Pliers for fixing barbed or galvanised wire ;
- Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, the following:—
- (A) Fish ;
 - (A) Silica bricks ;
 - (B) Silkworm gut (surgical) ;
- Spices, the following:—
- (A) Cloves ;
 - (A) Ginger ;
 - (B) Pepper, black ;
 - (A) Pepper, white ;
 - (B) Syringes, hypodermic ;
 - (A) Tools, small, the following:—
 - Braces and bits ;
 - Forks, stone, roadmaking and coke ;
 - Hammers (hand varieties) ;
 - Pincers ;
 - Pipe wrenches ;
 - Planes, wood and iron, excluding plane irons ;
 - Spokeshaves ;
 - (A) Vanillin, vanilla and vanilla pods.

(2) That the following headings should be added:—

(B) Bags and sacks made wholly or partly of jute, other than such bags or sacks as constitute the coverings of goods to be shipped for exportation and are allowed by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise to be shipped as such coverings ;

(A) Glue, osseine and concentrated size (and other size and sizings made from glue), finings and other kinds of gelatine ;

(A) Gluestock of all kinds, including animal hoofs, untanned hides and pelts not otherwise specifically prohibited ;

(A) Handles for adzes, axes, forks (agri-

cultural, stone, roadmaking, and coke), hammers (hand), hoes, hooks (brushing and reaping), rakes, roadscrapers and scythes ;

(B) Jute cordage and twine ;

(B) Jute padding ;

(B) Jute, piece goods made wholly or partly of ;

(B) Jute twist ;

(B) Jute webbing ;

(A) Machinery, agricultural or farming and component parts thereof ;

(A) Motor cars of 30 horse power and over ;

(A) Motor vehicles and motor cycles, component parts of and accessories to ;

Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man, the following :—

(A) Fish, except the following :—Bloaters (tinned), and bloater paste, chinchards, herrings (tinned), kippers (tinned), mackerel (tinned or pickled), sprats (including tinned sprats), white fish (tinned) ;

Spices, the following :—

(B) Cloves ;

(B) Ginger ;

(B) Pepper, black, Indian and Ceylon ;

(B) Pepper, white ;

(A) Vanilla and vanilla pods ;

(B) Vanillin.

Now, therefore, their Lordships, having taken the said recommendation into consideration, are pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be approved.

Whereof the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise, the Director of the War Trade Department, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

27th December 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to institute a Military Division of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire to date from the creation of the Order, *i.e.*, the 4th June 1917.

The following classes of persons will be eligible for appointment to the Military Division of the Order :—

All commissioned, warrant and subordinate Officers subject to the Naval Discipline Act or employed under the Order of the Admiralty, and all commissioned and warrant Officers recommended by any Commander-in-Chief in the field or elsewhere, or by the General Officer Commanding, Independent Force, Royal Air Force, or employed under the War Office or Air Ministry, or under the Administrative Headquarters of Dominions or Overseas Forces, or employed under the Ministry of Munitions or the Ministry of National Service on work which, but for the creation of those Departments, would have been performed by the War Office ; and all members of the Naval, Army, Dominions, or Overseas Nursing Services, or officials of the Women's Royal Naval Service, Queen Mary's Army Auxiliary Corps, or the Women's Royal Air Force, and such

commandants of the Women's Legion or similar organisations as are under contract with or employed by the Admiralty, War Office or Air Ministry.

Persons already appointed to the Order who are qualified for the Military Division will, on the recommendation of the First Lord of the Admiralty, the Secretary of State for War or the Secretary of State for the Royal Air Force, as the case may be, be transferred to the Military Division.

The insignia for both Military and Civil Divisions will be the same, but the ribbon of the Military Division will be distinguished by a vertical red stripe in the centre of the existing ribbon.

ADMIRALTY NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 1486 of the year 1918.

SCOTLAND, WEST COAST AND HEBRIDES.

Former Notice.—No. 954 of 1918 ; hereby cancelled.

Mariners are hereby warned that, under the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914, the following Regulations have been made by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and are now in force :—

(1) *Firth of Clyde—Prohibited Area ; Traffic Regulations.*

I. PROHIBITED AREA.

Position.—Denure harbour, lat. 55° 24½' N., long. 4° 45½' W.

The undermentioned area off Denure harbour is prohibited to all traffic. The area is enclosed by lines joining the following positions :—

(a) Lat. 55° 25' 25" N., long. 4° 48' 10" W.

(b) Lat. 55° 24' 45" N., long. 4° 47' 00" W.

(c) Lat. 55° 24' 23" N., long. 4° 48' 45" W.

II. TRAFFIC REGULATIONS.

Position.—Dunoon bank, lat. 55° 56¾' N., long. 4° 54¼' W.

Vessels entering or leaving the Clyde must pass between two Trawlers, situated as undermentioned, which mark the gateway in the obstruction that now exists between Cloch point and Dunoon.

(a) Eastern Trawler :

Position.—On east side of Dunoon bank, at a distance of 8 cables and 66 yards, 281° (N. 61° W. Mag.), from Cloch lighthouse.

Description.—The hull of this vessel is painted red.

Fog-signal.—This vessel will sound on her steam whistle four blasts every two minutes, thus (— — — —), alternately with the fog-signal sounded by the western Trawler.

(b) Western Trawler :

Position.—On west side of Dunoon bank, at a distance of one cable, 272° (N. 70° W. Mag.), from the eastern Trawler.

Description.—The hull of this vessel is painted green.

Fog-signal.—The vessel will sound on her steam whistle three long blasts every two minutes, alternately with the fog-signal sounded by the eastern Trawler.

The above-mentioned gate Trawlers will display signals, as shown on the accompanying diagram, to indicate whether the gate is open to inward or outward bound traffic, or whether the gate is closed.

A Trawler with hull painted black is moored a short distance to the northward of the gate Trawlers, and on the western side of the passage.

No vessels are to approach to within a distance of half a mile of the gateway until the special signals are hoisted, indicating that the passage is open for them; neither are inward-bound vessels to approach within this distance when the signals are displayed for outward-bound vessels, and vice versa.

Speed must not exceed 10 knots, and vessels are cautioned to keep a mid-channel course when passing through the gateway.

Outward-bound vessels are to approach the gateway on a 196° (*S. 34° W. Mag.*) course, leaving the black and white chequered light-buoy with occulting green light, situated three-quarters of a mile, 27° (*N. 45° E. Mag.*), from the gateway, on their port hand.

Similarly, inward-bound vessels must steer to the eastward for the Examination anchorage and Kempock point, as soon as they have passed clear of the gateway.

Variation.— 18° W.

(2) _____

(3) *Caledonian Canal—Traffic Regulations.*

1. Until further orders, no vessels other than H.M. ships, those in Government employ, or those granted special permits (vide pars. 2 and 3), will be permitted to navigate the Caledonian Canal; and entrance thereto, either at Inverness or Corpach, is prohibited.

2. Owners of Merchant, Fishing, or other private vessels, who can show urgent and sufficient reason why their vessels should be allowed to pass through the Canal, may make application to the Divisional Naval Transport Officer at Inverness for a special permit to enable their vessels to do so. Such applications must contain full information as to the length and breadth of the vessel, registered number, destination, why she cannot proceed North-about, and proposed date of entering the Canal; but they will only be entertained in exceptional cases and with full regard to National interests.

3. When the requirements of the Naval Authorities allow of such special permits being issued, they will be granted subject to the following conditions:—

- (a) That priority of passage through the Canal is reserved for Admiralty vessels.
- (b) That no liability is accepted in respect of demurrage or detention on passage.
- (c) That the passage is commenced when ordered by the Divisional Naval Transport Officer, Inverness, or his representative, and completed in accordance with any instructions issued by these authorities.

(d) That the regulations governing the navigation of the Canal are strictly complied with.

(e) That the owner of a vessel permitted to navigate the Canal will be held responsible for any damage caused by the vessel, or by the master, skipper, or members of the crew of such vessels, to the Canal, the machinery or appliances connected therewith, or to other vessels. The value of any such damage to be assessed by representatives of the Admiralty and Canal Commissioners, whose certificate thereof will be final and binding and not subject to review.

4. Neutral vessels are also prohibited from entering the Port of Inverness, the seaward limit of which is defined by a line drawn from Fort George, in the County of Inverness, to Chanonry point, in the County of Ross and Cromarty.

Regulations for the Port of Inverness are given in Admiralty Notice to Mariners No. 925 of 1918.

4. _____

Note.

This Notice to Mariners is a revision of the former Notice quoted above.

CAUTION.

This Admiralty Notice to Mariners is issued under the provisions of the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914, and failure to comply strictly with the directions contained in it will constitute an offence against those Regulations.

Any person found guilty of such an offence is liable to severe penalties both of imprisonment and fine.

Any person aiding or abetting the commission of such an offence is himself guilty of an offence against the Regulations.

Attention is also drawn to the fact that any infringement of the directions contained in this Admiralty Notice to Mariners is liable to result in the detention of the ship or vessel.

(Notice No. 1486 of 1918.)

Charts temporarily affected.

No. 2131, Arran island to Gare loch (1).

No. 2159, Firth of Clyde and Loch Fyne (1).

No. 1577, Western approaches to Firth of Clyde (1).

No. 1825a, Irish Channel, northern sheet (1).

No. 1824a, East coast of Ireland, with Irish channel (1).

No. 2635, Scotland, west coast.

Authority.—The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty. (*H. 7201/18.*)

By Command of their Lordships,

J. F. PARRY,

Hydrographer of the Navy.

Admiralty, London,
11th December 1918.

CURRENCY NOTES.
(4 & 5 Geo. V., cc. 14 and 72.)

I.—ISSUE ACCOUNT.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Total issued up to 18th December 1918, inclusive—				Total cancelled up to 18th December 1918, inclusive—							
£1 notes	785,449,931	0	0	£1 notes	553,163,248	0	0				
10/- notes	255,149,355	10	0	10/- notes	208,441,045	0	0				
Currency notes certificates	78,280,000	0	0	Currency notes certificates	42,630,000	0	0				
Issued during the week ended 24th December 1918—				Cancelled during the week ended 24th December 1918—							
£1 notes	8,596,210	0	0	£1 notes	1,696,200	0	0				
10/- notes	2,026,201	10	0	10/- notes	826,804	10	0				
Currency notes certificates	1,000,000	0	0	Currency notes certificates	100,000	0	0				
				TOTAL				806,857,297	10	0	
				Outstanding—							
				£1 notes	239,186,693	0	0				
				10/- notes	47,907,707	10	0				
				Currency notes certificates	36,550,000	0	0				
				TOTAL				323,644,400	10	0	
TOTAL	<u>£1,130,501,698</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	TOTAL	<u>£1,130,501,698</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>				

II.—BALANCE SHEET.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Notes outstanding	287,094,400	10	0	Advances—			
Certificates outstanding	36,550,000	0	0	Scottish and Irish Banks of Issue			
				Other Bankers			
				Post Office Savings Bank			
				Trustee Savings Banks	570,000	0	0
				Currency Note Redemption Account—			
Investments Reserve Account	14,254,412	15	8	Gold Coin and Bullion	28,500,000	0	0
				Government Securities	304,633,409	1	3
				Balance at the Bank of England	4,195,404	4	5
TOTAL	<u>£337,898,813</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>8</u>	TOTAL	<u>£337,898,813</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>8</u>

Treasury Chambers, 27th December 1918.

JOHN BRADBURY, Secretary to the Treasury.

*Board of Trade,
7 Whitehall Gardens,
London, S.W.*

THE RATTAN AND MALACCA CANES (No. 2) ORDER, 1918, dated the 27th December 1918, made by the Board of Trade, pursuant to Regulations 2F, 2G, and 2JJ of the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

The Board of Trade, deeming it expedient to make further exercise of the powers conferred upon them by the Defence of the Realm Regulations as respects Rattans and Malacca Canes, hereby order as follows:—

1. The Rattan and Malacca Canes Order, 1918, dated the 20th March 1918, is hereby revoked without prejudice to any act or matter done or suffered or to any proceeding or prosecution instituted thereunder.

2. From the date hereof no person in the United Kingdom shall buy or sell or enter into any negotiation or transaction for the sale, purchase, or transport of Rattan or Malacca Canes outside the United Kingdom for importation into the United Kingdom (other than walking sticks or other articles manufactured before the date of this Order) except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit granted by or on behalf of the Controller of Timber Supplies.

3. This Order may be cited as the Rattan and Malacca Canes (No. 2) Order, 1918.

W. F. MARWOOD,
A Secretary to the Board of Trade.

*Board of Trade,
7 Whitehall Gardens,
London, S.W. 1.*

THE TIMBER CONTROL ORDER (AMENDMENT No. 3) ORDER, dated 27th day of December 1918, made by the Board of Trade pursuant to Regulations 2E, 2F, 2G, and 2JJ of the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

The Board of Trade, deeming it expedient to make further exercise of the powers conferred upon them by the Defence of the Realm Regulations as respects timber, hereby order as follows:—

1. Paragraph 1 of the Timber Control Order, 1918, is hereby amended by the addition of the words following:—

As from the 1st January 1919, no permit shall be required to buy or sell or enter into any transaction or negotiation in relation to the sale, purchase or transport of hardwood timber outside the United Kingdom for delivery to places outside the United Kingdom.

2. Paragraphs 2, 15, and 16 of the Timber Control Order, 1918, are hereby revoked without prejudice to any act or matter done or suffered or to any proceeding or prosecution instituted thereunder.

3. Paragraph 4 of the Timber Control Order, 1918, is hereby amended by the deletion therefrom of the words following:—

“Sales by a merchant to a merchant without a permit are prohibited.”

Signed on behalf of the Board of Trade this 27th day of December 1918.

W. F. MARWOOD,
A Secretary to the Board of Trade.

*Board of Trade,
7 Whitehall Gardens,
London, S.W. 1.,
27th Decr. 1918.*

ARTICLES OF COMMERCE.

(RELAXATION OF RESTRICTION) ORDER, 1918.)

Notice is hereby given that from the 1st day of January 1919, the following Orders made by the Board of Trade under the powers vested in them by Regulations 2E and 2F to 2JJ of the Defence of the Realm Regulations are revoked and shall cease to have effect:—

Export of Timber (Ireland) Order, 1917.
Packing Case and Lapping Board Order, 1918.

W. F. MARWOOD,
A Secretary to the Board of Trade.

NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE.

NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE ACT, 1918
(DATE OF COMMENCEMENT) AMENDMENT
ORDER, 1918.

The National Health Insurance Act, 1918 (Date of Commencement) Amendment Order 1918, dated 18th December 1918, made by the National Health Insurance Joint Committee under section 48 (2) of the National Health Insurance Act, 1918 (7 & 8 Geo. 5, c. 62).

Whereas by sub-section (2) of Section 48 of the National Health Insurance Act, 1918 (in this Order referred to as “the Act”), it is provided that the Act shall, save as otherwise expressly provided, come into operation on the 1st day of July 1918, or such later date or dates as the National Health Insurance Joint Committee may by Order appoint, and different dates may be appointed for different purposes, and different provisions of the Act:

And whereas by the National Health Insurance Act, 1918 (Date of Commencement) Order, 1918, dated the 28th day of June 1918 (hereinafter referred to as “the principal Order”), the National Health Insurance Joint Committee ordered that sub-sections (1) and (2) of Section 24 of the Act (which amends Section 46 of the National Insurance Act, 1911) and sub-section (3) of Section 24 aforesaid, so far as related to the purposes of Section 16 (2) of the National Insurance Act, 1911, should come into operation on the 1st day of January 1919, or on such later date or dates as the National Health Insurance Joint Committee might thereafter by Order appoint:

And whereas it is expedient that the date upon which the said sub-sections shall come into operation shall be postponed in manner hereinafter appearing:

Now, therefore, the National Health Insurance Joint Committee hereby Order as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as the National Health Insurance Act, 1918 (Date of Commencement) Amendment Order, 1918.

2. Article 2 of the principal Order shall be read and have effect as though the 1st day of July 1919 were substituted therein for the 1st day of January 1919.

Given under the seal of Office of the National Health Insurance Joint Committee this 18th day of December in the year one thousand nine-hundred and eighteen.

E. HACKFORTH,
Secretary to the National Health Insurance Joint Committee.



Ministry of Food,
30th December 1918.

THE RATIONING ORDER, DATED 25TH NOVEMBER 1918.

Statutory Rules and Orders, No. 1537.
Price id. net, post free 1½d.

THE MILK (RESTRICTION IN ESTABLISHMENTS) ORDER, DATED 30TH NOVEMBER 1918.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1918, No. 1574.
Price id. net, post free 1½d.

EDIBLE OILS AND FATS AND OIL AND FATS COMPOUNDS (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, DATED 1918, MARGARINE (DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1918.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1918, No. 1577.
Price id. net, post free 1½d.

THE HORSEFLESH (MAXIMUM PRICES) ORDER, DATED 30TH NOVEMBER 1918.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1918, No. 1584.
Price id. net, post free 1½d.

THE POTATOES (1918 CROP) RESTRICTION ORDER, DATED 31ST OCTOBER 1918.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1918, No. 1590.
Price id. net, post free 1½d.

THE APPLES (PRICES) ORDER, DATED 4TH DECEMBER 1918.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1918, No. 1591.
Price id. net, post free 1½d.

THE DREDGE CORN ORDER, DATED 24TH NOVEMBER 1918.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1918, No. 1592.
Price id. net, post free 1½d.

THE CANNED FISH (RETAIL PRICES AND DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, DATED 5TH DECEMBER 1918.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1918, No. 1603.
Price id. net, post free 1½d.

THE CAKE AND PASTRY ORDER AND CLAUSE 2 OF THE SUGAR (CONFECTIONERY) ORDER, DATED 7TH DECEMBER 1918.

Statutory Rules and Orders, 1918, No. 1611.
Price id. net, post free 1½d.

Notice is hereby given that the above Orders have been made by the Food Controller, and that copies of the Order and of all other Orders made by the Food Controller, printed as Statutory Rules and Orders, and receivable

in evidence under the Documentary Evidence Acts, can be purchased at the prices stated, through any bookseller or directly from H.M. Stationery Office, at the following addresses:— Imperial House, Kingsway, W.C. 2; 37 Peter Street, Manchester; St. Andrew's Crescent, Cardiff; 23 Forth Street, Edinburgh; or E. Ponsonby Ltd., 116 Grafton Street, Dublin.

To the Creditors and other Persons interested in the Succession of the deceased FREDERICK HENRY HUNT, Tailor and Clothier, 13 Commercial Street, Leith, and who resided at 17 Beresford Avenue, Leith.

A PETITION has been presented to the Court of Session (First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary,— Mr. Paterson, Clerk) by Mrs. Jemima Dick or Hunt, Widow, and having an interest in the succession of the said deceased Frederick Henry Hunt, the said deceased having left no valid Settlement appointing Trustees or other parties having power to manage his Estate, praying under the Act 3 & 4 Geo. V. cap. 20, sec. 163, for the appointment of a Judicial Factor upon said Estate, and which Petition will be again moved in Court on or after the fourteenth day of January 1919, of all which Notice is hereby given.

SNODY & ASHER, 13 Bernard Street, Leith,
Petitioner's Agents.

31st December 1918.

In the Matter of THE SCOTTISH HOMES COMPANY LIMITED.

AT an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company, duly convened, and held at 14 Muir Street, Hamilton, on the 25th day of November 1918, the following Special Resolutions were passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened, and held at the same place on the 19th day of December 1918, the following Special Resolutions were duly confirmed, viz. :—

- (1) That the Company be wound up voluntarily.
- (2) That James Cullen Pollok, Solicitor, Muir Street, Hamilton, be appointed Liquidator of the Company for the purpose of winding up affairs and distributing the assets thereof, with every power which by the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, and Acts amending and extending the same, is conferred on the Liquidator.

JAMES C. POLLOK, Liquidator.

THE SCOTTISH HOMES COMPANY LIMITED
(in Liquidation).

A MEETING of the Creditors of the above Company will be held within the Registered Office at 10 Muir Street, Hamilton, on Monday, 6th January 1919, at 3.30 p.m.

JAMES C. POLLOK, Liquidator.

THE SCOTTISH PACIFIC MORTGAGE COMPANY LIMITED (in Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that, pursuant to Section 195 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held at 55 Queen Street, Edinburgh, on the seventh day of February 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidators, and also of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the books, accounts, and documents of the Company and of the Liquidators shall be disposed of.

ALEX. MACKELVIE, Liquidator.
WM. T. DRUMMOND, Liquidator.

Dated the 30th day of December 1918.

SEQUESTRATION: G. & J. SMITH, Sailmakers, Ianstown, Buckie, and Jane Imlach or Smith, Widow, George Smith, Sailmaker, both of 6 Reidhaven Street, and James Smith, Sailmaker, 8 Blantyre Terrace, all of Ianstown, Buckie, aforesaid, the Partners of said Firm, as such Partners, and as Individuals.

THE Trustee hereby gives notice that a ninth Dividend will be paid within the Chambers of Walter & W. B. Galbraith, C.A., 87 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, upon Friday the 14th day of February 1919, to all Creditors whose claims have been duly lodged and admitted by the Trustee on the Company Estate.

W. B. GALBRAITH, C.A., Trustee.

Glasgow, 27th December 1918.

SEQUESTRATION of Mrs. MARGARET CALDWELL or MAITLAND, Widow, residing at Royal Hotel, Innellan, in the County of Argyll, as Executrix of her husband, the late JOHN MAITLAND, Hotel Keeper there, conform to Confirmation in her favour, dated at Dunoon the twenty-fourth day of March nineteen hundred and ten, carrying on business at the Royal Hotel, Innellan, as such Executrix, and as an Individual.

THE Trustee hereby intimates:—

(1) That an account of his intromissions with the funds of the Estate, brought down to the 11th inst., has been examined by the Commissioners in terms of the Statute and approved of.

(2) That the Commissioners postponed consideration of the Trustee's remuneration until the recurrence of another statutory period.

(3) That a second Dividend at the rate of Seven Shillings and Sixpence sterling per pound will be paid upon 12th February 1919, within the Chambers of R. B. McCaig & Mitchell, Incorporated Accountants, 124 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, to those Creditors whose claims have been lodged and admitted.

R. B. M'CAIG, Trustee.

Glasgow, 27th December 1918.

To the Creditors on the Sequestered Estates of FREDERICK WHYTE (now residing at No. 21 Viewforth Terrace, Edinburgh), a Partner of the Firm of MILLS & WHYTE, Stockbrokers, Edinburgh.

BY virtue of an Order of the Sheriff-Substitute of the Lothians and Peebles at Edinburgh, dated 30th December 1918, Frederick Whyte, above designed, hereby intimates that he has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of the Lothians and Peebles at Edinburgh, to be finally discharged of all debts contracted by him as a Partner of the said Firm of Mills & Whyte, and as an

Individual; before the date of the Sequestration of their and his Estates, in terms of the Statutes.

J. COUSIN STEVENS, S.S.C., Agent for the Petitioner.

10A George Street, Edinburgh,
31st December 1918.

NOTICE.

FINLAY & CLINK, Meat Salesmen, Meat Market, Moore Street, Glasgow.

MATTERS having now been satisfactorily adjusted between parties, the proposed dissolution of the above Firm has now been abandoned. The Firm will carry on business as formerly, and the Notice of Dissolution appearing in this Gazette of 24th inst. is hereby Cancelled.

JOHN F. FINLAY.

ALEXANDER CLINK.

ROBERT S. HARRISON, Chartered Accountant, 92 West Regent Street, Glasgow,

MARGARET M. PATE, Clerkess, 92 West Regent Street, Glasgow,
Witnesses to the above Signatures of John F. Finlay and Alexander Clink.

THE Firm of JOHN BRASH & SON, Tailors and Clothiers, 26 West Clyde Street, Helensburgh, has been DISSOLVED as at the 31st day of December 1917, by mutual consent, by the retiral of the Subscriber Thomas Brash.

The Business will continue to be carried on by the Subscriber James Brash on his own account and under the same Firm name, and he is authorised to uplift all debts due to, and will discharge the whole debts and liabilities of, the dissolved Firm.

JAMES BRASH.

THOS. BRASH.

ANGUS MACKENZIE, of 174 West George Street, Glasgow, Writer,

JAMES MARSHALL, of 174 West George Street, Glasgow, Clerk,
Witnesses to the Signatures of the said James Brash and Thomas Brash.

BANKRUPTS.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

Herbert James Beach, Charman, Westerham, Kent
officer in H.M.'s Army.

NOTICE.

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"	250 "	"	300	1 10 0
"	300 "	"	350	1 15 0
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"	400 "	"	450	2 5 0
"	450 "	"	500	2 10 0

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For each copy of the Gazette	9d.
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Advertisements cannot be received or withdrawn after one o'clock on Tuesdays and Fridays.

The dues paid on withdrawn Advertisements cannot be returned.

All Letters must be Post Paid.

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