

*Board of Trade,
7 Whitehall Gardens.*

THE RAW COTTON (FOURTH CENSUS) ORDER,
1918.

Dated 19th day of April 1908, made by the Board of Trade under Regulations 2 G and 2 JJ of the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

The Board of Trade, deeming it desirable to make further exercise of their powers under Regulations 2 G and 2 JJ of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, hereby order as follows:—

1. Every person who spins and every person who spins and manufactures raw cotton shall, on or before the 27th day of April 1918, make a return to the Cotton Control Board in the form contained in the first schedule to this Order, giving such particulars of his business as are required by such form.

2. Every person who deals in raw cotton other than a member of the Liverpool or Manchester Cotton Associations shall, on or before the 27th day of April 1918, make a return to the Cotton Control Board in the form contained in the second schedule to this Order, giving such particulars of his business as are required by such form.

3. Every person who deals in cotton who is a member of the Liverpool or Manchester Cotton Association shall, if and when required by the Cotton Control Board, make a return to them, giving such particulars of his business in such form as the Cotton Control Board may direct.

4. This Order may be cited as the Raw Cotton (Fourth Census) Order, 1918.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Trade.

W. F. MARWOOD,
A Secretary to the Board of Trade.

NOTE.—Copies of the Order, with schedules, can be obtained from the Cotton Control Board, Victoria Hotel, Manchester.

Admiralty, 23rd April 1918.

The KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the posthumous award of the Albert Medal in Gold for gallantry in saving life at sea to Commander Francis Herbert Heaveningham Goodheart, D.S.O., R.N.

The account of the services, in respect of which the medal has been conferred, is as follows:—

Owing to an accident, one of H.M. submarines sank and became fast on the bottom in 38 feet of water, parts of the vessel becoming flooded. After several hours the only prospect of saving those remaining on board appeared to be for some one to escape from the submarine in order to concert measures with the rescuers, who were by this time present on the surface. Commander Goodhart, after consultation with the Commanding Officer, volunteered to make the attempt. Accordingly, after placing in his belt a small tin cylinder with instructions for the rescuers, Commander Goodhart went into the conning tower with the Commanding Officer. The conning tower was flooded up to their waists, and the high-pressure air was turned on; the clips of the conning tower were knocked off and the conning tower lid was soon wide open. Commander Goodhart then

stood up in the dome, took a deep breath, and made his escape, but, unfortunately, was blown by the pressure of air against part of the superstructure, and was killed by the force of the blow.

The Commanding Officer, whose intention it had been to return inside the submarine after Commander Goodhart's escape, was involuntarily forced to the surface by the air pressure, and it was thus rendered possible for the plans for rescuing those still inside the submarine to be carried out.

Commander Goodhart displayed extreme and heroic daring in attempting to escape from the submarine in order to save the lives of those remaining on board, and thoroughly realised the forlorn nature of his act. His last remark to the Commanding Officer was: "If I don't get up, the tin cylinder will."

DEFENCE OF THE REALM
REGULATIONS.

ORDER MADE BY THE ADMIRALTY UNDER
REGULATION 45F.

In pursuance of the powers conferred upon them by Regulation 45F of the Defence of the Realm Regulations and of every other power enabling them in that behalf, the Admiralty hereby order as follows:

1. Any members of a naval force of an Ally may if authorised by the proper naval authority of that Ally arrest and hand over to that authority any other member of the naval or military force of such Ally whom he finds committing or has reason to suspect of having committed an offence for which he is amenable to the naval or military courts of the Ally.

2. Any police constable and any officer or petty officer of His Majesty's Naval Forces may arrest any member of a naval or military force of an Ally whom he finds committing or has reason to suspect of having committed a civil offence, if the offence is such that if such man had been a member of His Majesty's Naval forces he could have arrested him.

3. Any police constable and any officer or petty officer of His Majesty's Naval forces may on the request of the proper naval or military authority of an Ally or any person authorised by him arrest any person whom he has reason to believe to be a member of a naval or military force of that Ally and who is alleged by such authority to be guilty of an offence for which he is amenable to the naval or military courts of that Ally.

4. Subject to any general or special agreement any member of a naval or military force of an Ally arrested under this order by a police constable, or by any officer or petty officer of His Majesty's Naval forces for any offence for which he is amenable to the naval or military courts of that Ally shall as soon as practicable be handed over to the proper naval or military authority of that Ally whether within or without the United Kingdom, to be dealt with according to the law of that Ally applicable to the case, and in the meantime may be kept in civil or naval custody.

By Command of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

(Signed) O. MURRAY.

12th April 1918.