

Lists, up to and including the 5th April 1918, is in press and will shortly be published. This Consolidated List, which, together with the List herewith annexed, contains all the names which up to this date are included in the Statutory List.

Additions to and variations in these Lists will be published at intervals approximately of two weeks.

The Lists are published in the London Gazette and reproduced in the Board of Trade Journal, and separate copies of all Lists may be obtained at a small cost from the Superintendent of Publications, His Majesty's Stationery Office, Imperial House, Kingsway, W.C.

NOTE (2).—Where a person or firm mentioned in the List has more than one address in the country, or group of countries under which the name of the person or firm appears, all dealings in that country, or in any country in the group, with such person or firm are prohibited, even in cases where one only of the addresses or one only of the countries is specifically mentioned.

NOTE (3).—Trading is prohibited under the Trading with the Enemy Proclamations of 25th June and 10th November 1915, with any person or firm of enemy nationality resident or carrying on business in China, Siam, Persia, Morocco, Liberia or Portuguese East Africa. Persons or firms in the United Kingdom are therefore prohibited from trading with any person or firm of enemy nationality in any of those countries, even though such person or firm is not mentioned by name in the Statutory List.

NOTE (4).—In order to minimise as far as possible any inconvenience which may be caused to British traders by the dislocation of export trade owing to the inclusion in the Statutory List of a former connection, the Foreign Trade Department is collecting and classifying the names of non-enemy firms who may be able to act as substitutes for firms mentioned in the Statutory List. A considerable amount of information is already available at the Foreign Trade Department, and it is in many cases possible to suggest the names of satisfactory substitutes for *individual firms on the Lists*, without the necessity of referring the matter abroad. The Department is, however, prepared on application to inquire of His Majesty's Representatives abroad for the names of suitable substitutes. When the applicant wishes this done by telegraph he is required to undertake to pay the cost of telegraphic correspondence. It would greatly facilitate the work of the Foreign Trade Department if applicants in making inquiries would specify the particular trade or trades for which substitutes are required. *General inquiries for new connections abroad should be addressed to The Comptroller General, Department of Overseas Trade (Development and Intelligence), 73 Basinghall Street, London, E.C. 2.*

NOTE (5).—The Statutory List for each country is telegraphed, on the day of issue, to His Majesty's Representative in that country, who is instructed to notify accordingly British Consular Officers, to whom persons abroad should apply for information as to names on the List. Persons and firms in the United Kingdom with agencies or branches abroad would, however, be well advised to furnish such agencies or branches with issues of the List as they appear. The names on the Lists for all countries in Central or South America are also notified to His Majesty's Ambassador at Washington, who transmits them to H.M. Consul-General

at New York and to other centres in the United States likely to be interested.

NOTE (6).—It is not unusual for firms in Holland and the Netherland East Indies to be registered under names commencing with descriptive terms, such as "Handel Maatschappij" (Trading Company) or "Naamlooze Venootschap" (Limited Liability Company). In such cases it has been found more convenient to publish the firm under its proper name followed by the general descriptive term "Handel Maatschappij" or "Naamlooze Venootschap" (N.V.) as in the case of an English company. For instance, Handel Maatschappij van den Berg & Company, and Naamlooze Venootschap de Komeet v/h Dumonceau Frères will be found under "Berg" and "Komeet" respectively, and not under "Handel" or "Naamlooze."

DEFENCE OF THE REALM REGULATIONS.

RULES FOR NAVAL ORDNANCE MAGAZINE DEPOTS,
&c., UNDER THE CHARGE OF THE ADMIRALTY.

In pursuance of the powers conferred upon them by Defence of the Realm Regulation 35A, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, after consultation with a Secretary of State, hereby make the following rules:—

1. Application.

These rules shall apply to every person employed in the Naval Ordnance Magazine Depots and shall have effect over the whole area within the Depot except only such areas or buildings (if any) as are expressly excepted by the order of the Officer-in-Charge of the Depot. The posting of these rules conspicuously in or at the entrance to the Depot shall be deemed to be notice of their contents to all persons concerned.

For the purposes of these rules Naval Ordnance Magazine Depot shall include any hulk under the charge of the Admiralty which is used for the storage of explosives.

2. Smoking, Tobacco, &c.

No person shall smoke anywhere within the Depot, or bring into or have in his possession while within the Depot any cigar, cigarette, tobacco, pipe, or contrivance for smoking, except as authorised by the Officer-in-Charge of the Depot or the Depot Rules.

3. Matches, Lights, &c.

No person shall bring within the Depot or have in his possession whilst within the Depot any match or apparatus for producing light, or any lamp, light or fire of any description or any article of iron or steel, except as authorised by the Officer-in-Charge of the Depot or by the Depot Rules.

4. Searching.

The Police and any one authorised by the Officer-in-Charge of the Depot may search at any time any person entering or being within the Depot, and may examine such person's clothing and any bag, basket, parcel or other article being carried, and any person entering or being within the Depot shall, if so required by any such authorised person, submit to being searched and