

declares them to be applicable, and so long only in the case of each State as the Order in Council continues in force with respect to that State.

"(5) Where it is made to appear to His Majesty that the Legislature of any British Possession has made satisfactory provision for the protection of inventions, designs, and trade marks, patented or registered in this Country, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Order in Council, to apply the provisions of this Section to that Possession, with such variations or additions, if any, as may be stated in the Order:"

And whereas by Section 103 of the Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks Act, 1883, as amended by Section 6 of the Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks Act (Amendment) Act, 1885, and by Section 1 of the Patents Act, 1901, and since repealed by Section 98 of the said Patents and Designs Act, 1907, provisions were made to the same or like effect as those above set forth as contained in Section 91 of the last mentioned Act, and by the said Section 98 it was provided that "this repeal shall not affect any Convention, Order in Council, Rule, or Table of Fees having effect under any enactment so repealed, but any such Convention, Order in Council, Rule, or Table of Fees in force at the commencement of this Act shall continue in force, and may be repealed, altered or amended, as if it had been made under this Act:"

And whereas it pleased Her late Majesty Queen Victoria to make an arrangement of the nature contemplated by the said Section 103, by and in virtue of a Declaration signed and sealed by Her Majesty's Ambassador at Paris on the 17th March 1884, duly conveying the accession of Great Britain and Ireland to the International Convention and Protocol for the protection of Industrial Property, signed by Representatives of certain Powers on the 20th March 1883, and duly ratified on the 6th June 1884, power being reserved to Her Majesty to accede thereafter to the provisions of the said Convention and Protocol on behalf of the Isle of Man, the Channel Islands, and any of Her Majesty's Possessions, which Declaration of Accession was duly accepted by the French Government on behalf of the Signatory Powers by and in virtue of a Declaration dated the 2nd April 1884:

And whereas on the 14th December 1900, at Brussels, an Additional Act was agreed upon between Her late Majesty Queen Victoria and the Heads of the Foreign Countries parties thereto for the purpose of modifying certain of the provisions of the said International Convention and the Protocol annexed thereto, the ratification of which Additional Act was duly effected:

And whereas by a Convention signed at Washington on the 2nd June 1911, His Majesty and the Heads of the Foreign States named therein agreed to make certain modifications in and additions to the said Convention dated 20th March 1883, as revised at Brussels on the 14th December 1900, the ratification of which Convention was duly effected by Great Britain and certain other States:

And whereas by various Orders in Council Her late Majesty Queen Victoria and His late Majesty King Edward VII. and His present Majesty have been pleased to declare that the herein-before mentioned provisions of the said Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks Act, 1883 (as amended), should apply to the several Foreign Countries named in the said Orders parties to the said Convention and Protocols:

And whereas His Majesty the Sultan of Morocco has acceded to the said International Convention Protocol and Additional Act as revised at Washington on 2nd June 1911, in so far as concerns that part of the Empire of Morocco which is under French Protection:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, in pursuance of the powers in Him vested by the above-recited provisions, and by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth declare, and it is hereby declared, as follows:—

1. The provisions of Section 91 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907, shall apply to that part of the Empire of Morocco which is under French Protection.

2. This Order shall take effect from the 1st August 1917.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 12th day of February 1918.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Memorial from the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, dated the 8th day of February 1918, in the words following, viz:—

"Whereas by Section 3 of the Naval and Marine Pay and Pensions Act, 1865, it is enacted, *inter alia*, that all pay, pensions, or other allowances in the nature thereof, payable in respect of services in Your Majesty's Naval or Marine Force to a person being, or having been, an Officer, Seaman, or Marine therein, shall be paid in such manner, and subject to such restrictions, conditions, and provisions as are from time to time directed by Order in Council:

"And whereas we consider that the scales of pay for Carpenter Lieutenants and Chief Carpenters should be improved; and that the titles of Carpenter, Lieutenant, Chief Carpenter, and Carpenter, which no longer correspond to the duties carried out by those Officers, should be revised:

"We beg leave humbly to recommend that Your Majesty may be graciously pleased, by Your Order in Council, to approve of the scales of pay for Carpenter Lieutenants, and Chief Carpenters, being increased by 1s. a day with effects from the 14th day of December, 1917, and of the titles being amended as follows:—

<i>Present Title.</i>	<i>New Title.</i>
Carpenter Lieutenant	Shipwright Lieutenant
Chief Carpenter	Commissioned Shipwright.
Carpenter	Warrant Shipwright.

"The Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty's Treasury have signified their concurrence in these proposals."

His Majesty, having taken the said Memorial into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to approve of what is therein proposed.

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.