



The Edinburgh Gazette

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FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1916.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of November 1916.

PRESENT :

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Order in Council, dated the twenty-eighth day of November nineteen hundred and fourteen, His Majesty was pleased to make regulations (called the "Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914"), under the Defence of the Realm Consolidation Act, 1914, for securing the public safety and the defence of the realm :

And whereas the said Act has been amended by the Defence of the Realm (Amendment) Act, 1915, the Defence of the Realm (Amendment) (No. 2) Act, 1915, and the Munitions of War Act, 1915 :

And whereas the said regulations have been amended by various subsequent Orders in Council :

And whereas it is expedient further to amend the said regulations in manner hereinafter appearing :

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following amendments be made in the said regulations :—

1. In Regulation 9E, after the words, "the Army Council may" there shall be inserted the words "by order."

2. After Regulation 9F the following regulation shall be inserted :—

9G.—(1) Where the Board of Trade are of opinion that, for securing the public safety and the defence of the realm, it is expedient that this regulation should be applied to any coal mines, the Board may by order apply this regulation, subject to any exceptions for which provision may be made in the order, either generally to all coal mines or to coal mines in any special area or in any special coalfields or to any special coal mines.

(2) Any coal mines to which this regulation is so applied shall, by virtue of the order, pass into the possession of the Board of Trade as from the date of the order, or from any later date mentioned in the order ; and the owner, agent, and manager of every such mine, and every officer thereof, and where the owner of the mine is a company every director of the company, shall comply with the directions of the Board of Trade as to the management and user of the mine, and if he fails to do so he shall be guilty of a summary offence against these regulations.

(3) It is hereby declared that the possession by the Board of Trade under this regulation of any coal mine shall not affect any liability of the actual owner, agent, or manager of the mine under the Coal Mines Act, 1911, or any Act amending the same.

(4) Any order of the Board of Trade under this regulation may be revoked or varied as occasion requires.

3. In Regulation 39A, for the opening words down to and including the words "requisitioned

by the Army Council" the following words shall be substituted:—

"If a person lawfully engaged to serve on board any ship or vessel belonging to or chartered, hired, or requisitioned by the Admiralty or Army Council."

At the end of the same regulation the following words shall be inserted:—

"and for the purposes of this regulation a copy of any entry made in an official log book in manner provided by the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, shall, if it purports to be signed and certified as a true copy or extract by the officer in whose custody the original log book is entrusted, be admissible in evidence."

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 23rd day of November 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Memorial from the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, dated the 21st day of November 1916, in the words following, viz.:—

"Whereas by Section 3 of the Naval and Marine Pay and Pensions Act, 1865, it is enacted *inter alia*, that all pay, pensions, or other allowances in the nature thereof, payable in respect of services in Your Majesty's Naval or Marine Force to a person being or having been an Officer, Seaman, or Marine therein, shall be paid in such manner, and subject to such restrictions, conditions, and provisions, as are from time to time directed by Order in Council:

"And whereas by Order in Council, bearing date the 6th February 1892, it is provided that payment of 6d. a day may be made to a Royal Marine employed on printing duties at each of the Royal Marine Divisions, and the Dépôt:

"And whereas we are of opinion that the quantity of Printing now requiring to be done warrants the employment of two men at each Division, at a higher rate of pay than that now allowed:

"We beg leave humbly to recommend that Your Majesty may be graciously pleased, by Your Order in Council, to sanction the employment at each of the Royal Marine Divisions, and at the Dépôt, of one Royal Marine as Printer, and one as Assistant Printer, with pay at Regimental rates, together with an allowance of £16 and £12 per annum respectively, as is now paid to men acting as Printer and Assistant Printer in Your Majesty's Navy, with effect as from the 21st September 1916.

"The Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty's Treasury have signified their concurrence in this proposal."

His Majesty, having taken the said Memorial into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to approve of what is therein proposed. And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

Whitehall, November 27, 1916.

The KING was pleased, on Saturday, the 25th instant, at Buckingham Palace, to present to Lieutenant Henry Joseph Higgs, Royal Engineers, the Albert Medal of the First Class, which had been conferred upon him by His Majesty for gallantry in saving life, as detailed below:—

At Newark, on the 17th February last, whilst instruction in the use of bombs was being given to a class of non-commissioned officers and men who were standing round, two members of the class, after lighting the fuzes, dropped their bombs, through nervousness. Lieutenant Higgs picked up the bombs, the fuzes being more than half burned at the time, and threw them over the parapet. The bombs exploded when just clear of the parapet.

On the 11th April last, an officers' class was being practised in the throwing of live grenades from behind a breast work. One officer, when throwing a grenade, struck his arm against another officer, who was standing too close to him, so that the grenade was jerked out of his hand and fell between the class (numbering 30 officers) and the breastwork. Lieutenant Higgs dashed forward, seized the bomb, and threw it over the breastwork; it exploded in the air in front of the breastwork.

In addition, on several other occasions, ten or twelve in all, men when being practised in throwing the live grenades have dropped them, through nervousness, and Lieutenant Higgs has picked them up and thrown them over the parapet, thus avoiding serious accidents.

LOCOMOTIVE, SCOTLAND.

MOTOR CARS.

THE MOTOR CARS REGULATION (CITY OF DUNDEE) (REVOCATION) ORDER, 1915, dated November 14, 1916.

In pursuance of the powers vested in me in that behalf, I, the Right Honourable Harold John Tennant, His Majesty's Secretary for Scotland, on the application of the Town Council of the City of Dundee, do hereby revoke the Motor Cars Regulation (Burgh of Broughty Ferry) Order, 1908.

This Order may be cited as the Motor Cars Regulation (City of Dundee) (Revocation) Order, 1916.

Given under my hand and seal at Whitehall, this 14th day of November 1916.

L. S.

H. J. TENNANT,
His Majesty's Secretary for Scotland.

DEFENCE OF THE REALM (LIQUOR CONTROL).

ORDER OF THE CENTRAL CONTROL BOARD (LIQUOR TRAFFIC) FOR THE ORKNEY AND SHETLAND AREA.

Any person contravening the provisions of this Order or of the Liquor Control Regulations is

liable to imprisonment for six months with hard labour and a fine of £100.

We, the Central Control Board (Liquor Traffic) in pursuance of the powers conferred upon us by the Acts and Regulations relating to the Defence of the Realm, hereby make the following Order:—

Limits of Area.

1. The area to which this Order applies is the Orkney and Shetland Area, being the area comprising the Counties of Orkney and Zetland (including all Burghs within the geographical limits thereof) and all arms of the sea and waters between the said Counties, and between the Islands forming part of the said Counties, and between the said Counties and the Mainland.

Hours during which Exciseable Liquor (other than Spirits) may be sold.

2. The days and hours on and during which exciseable liquor (other than spirits) may be sold or supplied in any licensed premises or club for consumption on or off the premises shall be restricted and be as follows:—

On Week days:—

The hours between 12 noon and 2.30 p.m. and between 6 p.m. and 8 p.m.

Except on the days and between the hours aforesaid no person shall—

(a) Either by himself or by any servant or agent sell or supply to any person in any licensed premises or club or (except as hereinafter expressly provided) dispatch therefrom any such exciseable liquor to be consumed either on or off the premises; or

(b) Consume in or take from any such premises or club any such exciseable liquor; or

(c) Permit any person to consume in or take from any such premises or club any such exciseable liquor.

Sale of Spirits prohibited.

3. No person shall either by himself or by any servant or agent sell or supply to any person in any licensed premises or club or dispatch therefrom any spirits to be consumed either on or off the premises, or purchase or consume in or take from any such premises or club or permit any person to consume in or take from any such premises or club any spirits.

Hours of Opening for the Supply of Food and Non-exciseable Liquor.

4. (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this Order or of the law relating to licensing or the sale of exciseable liquors, licensed premises may be kept open for the supply of commodities other than exciseable liquor at any time during which they may be kept open for that purpose under the Licensing (Scotland) Acts, 1903 to 1913; and

(b) Licensed premises may be opened for that purpose at the hour of 5.30 in the morning.

Saving Provisions.

5. (a) The sale or supply of exciseable liquor (including spirits) on an order stating why such liquor is required and signed by an officer of police, procurator-fiscal, or medical official, or, in cases where spirits are immediately required

for medicinal purposes, by any duly qualified medical practitioner, police constable, magistrate or minister of religion, shall not be deemed to be in contravention of the foregoing provisions, provided that such order be transmitted to the procurator-fiscal in the manner, with the note and within the time required by Section 55 of the Licensing (Scotland) Act, 1903, and the provisions of the said section shall apply to any such order.

(b) Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this Order shall be deemed to prohibit where the same is otherwise lawful—

(i) The consumption of exciseable liquor (other than spirits) by any person in any licensed premises or club where he is residing; or

(ii) The consumption of exciseable liquor (other than spirits) at a meal by any person in any licensed premises or club at any time within half an hour after the conclusion of the afternoon and evening hours during which the sale or supply of such exciseable liquor is permitted by this Order: Provided that the liquor was sold or supplied and served during such hours and at the same time as the meal and for consumption at the meal; or

(iii) The dispatch from licensed premises for delivery at a place more than five miles distant of exciseable liquor (other than spirits) in the forenoon of any day on which the sale of the same is permitted by Article 2 of this Order.

Treating Prohibited.

6. No person shall either by himself or by any servant or agent sell or supply any exciseable liquor to any person in any licensed premises or in any club for consumption on the premises unless the same is ordered and paid for by the person so supplied; nor shall any person order or pay for or lend or advance money to pay for any exciseable liquor wherewith any other person has been or is to be supplied for consumption on the premises; nor shall any person consume in any licensed premises or club any exciseable liquor which any other person has ordered or paid for or agreed to pay for or lent or advanced money to pay for.

Provided always that if such exciseable liquor is supplied or served for consumption at a meal supplied at the same time and is consumed at such meal the provisions of this article shall not be deemed to be contravened if the person who pays for such meal also pays for such exciseable liquor.

For the purposes of this Article consumption on the premises includes consumption of exciseable liquor in or on any highway, open ground or railway station adjoining or near to the licensed premises or club in which the liquor was sold or supplied; and any person consuming exciseable liquor in or on any such highway, open ground or railway station shall be deemed to consume the liquor in such licensed premises or club as the case may be.

Credit Prohibited.

7. No person shall—

(1) (a) Either by himself or by any servant

or agent sell or supply in any licensed premises or club or dispatch therefrom any exciseable liquor to be consumed either on or off the premises; or

(b) Consume any exciseable liquor in or take it from such premises or club; unless it is paid for before or at the time when it is supplied or dispatched or taken away.

Provided always that if the liquor is sold or supplied for consumption at a meal supplied at the same time and is consumed at such meal this article shall not be deemed to be contravened if the price of the liquor is paid together with the price of such meal and before the person partaking thereof quits the premises:

(2) Introduce or cause to be introduced into the area any exciseable liquor unless it is paid for before it is so introduced.

Long Pull Prohibited.

8. No person shall either by himself or by any servant or agent sell or supply to any person in any licensed premises or club as the measure of exciseable liquor for which he asks an amount exceeding that measure.

Provisions as to Passenger Steamers.

9. The foregoing provisions of this Order relating to the sale or supply of exciseable liquor (including the prohibition of the sale or supply of spirits) in licensed premises shall apply to all passenger steamers in which exciseable liquor is sold or supplied while actually within the area.

Canvassing Prohibited.

10. No person shall either by himself or by any servant or agent—

(a) Solicit or canvass for orders for or collect or receive payment for, exciseable liquor except at the licensed premises, or send, cause to be sent or leave or cause to be left to or at any premises, or to or with any person any order form for exciseable liquor:

(b) Cause or permit any payment for exciseable liquor to be made on his behalf by any person in the service or employment of the vendor of the liquor, or, being a person in such service or employment, make any such payment as the agent or on behalf of the purchaser of the liquor.

Explanatory Provisions.

11. (a) Nothing in this Order authorises any licensed premises to be kept open for the sale of exciseable liquor except during the hours permitted under the general provisions of the Licensing Acts.

(b) The prohibition under this Order of the sale and consumption of exciseable liquor except on and during certain days and hours and otherwise is not subject to the exceptions provided for in the Licensing Acts with respect to travellers and the supply of exciseable liquor at railway stations or to any other provisions in those Acts enabling exciseable liquor to be supplied during closing hours in special cases.

(c) The expression "licensed premises" includes any premises or place where the sale of exciseable liquor is carried on under a licence.

(d) This Order does not affect the sale or

dispatch of exciseable liquor to a trader for the purposes of his trade or to a registered club for the purposes of the club.

(e) This Order does not affect the sale or supply of exciseable liquor to or in any canteen where the sale of exciseable liquor is carried on under the authority of a Secretary of State or of the Admiralty.

Exhibition of Order.

12. The secretary of every club to which this Order applies and every holder of a licence for the sale of exciseable liquor shall keep permanently affixed in some conspicuous place in the club or in such public room in the licensed premises a copy of this Order and any notice required by the Board to be affixed.

Commencement of Order.

13. This Order shall come into force on the eleventh day of December 1916.

Given under the Seal of the Central Control Board (Liquor Traffic) this thirtieth day of November 1916.

D'ABERNON,

Chairman.

JOHN PEDDER,

Member of the Board.

NAVAL PRIZE BOUNTY MONEY.

*Department of the Accountant-General
of the Navy, Admiralty, S.W.,*

24th November 1916.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended Distribution of the Prize Bounty awarded for the undermentioned services:—

H.M. Ships "Undaunted," "Lance," "Legion," "Loyal," "Lennox" for destruction of four German Destroyers, 17th October 1914.

H.M. Ships "Murray," "Morris," "Mansfield" for destruction of "Otto Rudolph" and "Braunschweig," 25th March 1916.

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the Award are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the Admiralty Division of H.M. High Court of Justice, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said court.

Due notice will be given, by future advertisement in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of Distribution, and at the same time, the amount of an Individual's Share in the respective classes will be announced.

War Office,

November 25, 1916.

His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to confer the Victoria Cross on the undermentioned Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Men.

Lieutenant (temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) Roland Boys Bradford, M.C., Durham Light Infantry.

For most conspicuous bravery and good leadership in attack, whereby he saved the situation on the right flank of his Brigade and of the Division.

Lieutenant-Colonel Bradford's Battalion was in support. A leading Battalion having suffered very severe casualties, and the Commander wounded, its flank became dangerously exposed at close quarters to the enemy. Raked by machine-gun fire, the situation of the Battalion was critical. At the request of the wounded Commander, Lieutenant-Colonel Bradford asked permission to command the exposed Battalion in addition to his own.

Permission granted, he at once proceeded to the foremost lines.

By his fearless energy under fire of all description, and his skilful leadership of the two Battalions, regardless of all danger, he succeeded in rallying the attack, captured and defended the objective, and so secured the flank.

Temporary Second Lieutenant Tom Edwin Adam, Bedfordshire Regiment.

For most conspicuous bravery during operations.

A portion of a village which had defied capture on the previous day had to be captured at all costs to permit subsequent operations to develop.

This minor operation came under very heavy machine gun and rifle fire.

Second Lieutenant Adam realising that time was all important, rushed from shell hole to shell hole under heavy fire collecting men for a sudden rush, and for this purpose also collected many enemy grenades. At this stage he was wounded in the leg, but nevertheless he was able to overthrow the enemy, and then seizing his opportunity, and in spite of his wound, he led a rush, captured the position and killed the occupants. Throughout the day he continued to lead his men in bombing attacks.

On the following day he again displayed courage of the highest order, and though again wounded and unable to throw bombs, he continued to lead his men.

His magnificent example and valour, coupled with the skilful handling of the situation, produced far-reaching results.

Temporary Second Lieutenant Henry Kelly, West Riding Regiment.

For most conspicuous bravery in attack.

He twice rallied his Company under the heaviest fire, and finally led the only three available men into the enemy trench, and there remained bombing until two of them had become casualties and enemy reinforcements had arrived.

He then carried his Company Serjeant-Major, who had been wounded, back to our trenches, a distance of 70 yards, and subsequently three other soldiers.

He set a fine example of gallantry and endurance.

No. 11213 Serjeant Robert Downie, Royal Dublin Fusiliers.

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty in attack.

When most of the officers had become casualties, this Non-Commissioned Officer, utterly regardless of personal danger, moved about under heavy fire and reorganised the attack, which had been temporarily checked. At the critical moment he rushed forward alone, shouting, "Come on the Dubs."

This stirring appeal met with immediate response, and the line rushed forward at his call.

Serjeant Downie accounted for several of the enemy, and in addition captured a machine gun, killing the team. Though wounded early in the fight, he remained with his company, and gave valuable assistance whilst the position was being consolidated.

It was owing to Serjeant Downie's courage and initiative that this important position, which had resisted four or five previous attacks, was won.

No. 15888 Serjeant James Young Turnbull, late Highland Light Infantry.

For most conspicuous bravery and devotion to duty, when, having with his party captured a post apparently of great importance to the enemy, he was subjected to severe counter-attacks, which were continuous throughout the whole day. Although his party was wiped out and replaced several times during the day, Serjeant Turnbull never wavered in his determination to hold the post, the loss of which would have been very serious. Almost single-handed, he maintained his position, and displayed the highest degree of valour and skill in the performance of his duties.

Later in the day this very gallant soldier was killed whilst bombing a counter-attack from the parapets of our trench.

No. 2442 Private Frederick Jeremiah Edwards, Middlesex Regiment.

For most conspicuous bravery and resource. His part of the line was held up by machine-gun fire, and all officers had become casualties. There was confusion and indication of retirement.

Private Edwards, grasping the situation, on his own initiative dashed out alone towards the gun, which he knocked out with bombs.

This very gallant act, coupled with great presence of mind and a total disregard of personal danger, made further advance possible and cleared up a dangerous situation.

No. 3281 Private Robert Ryder, Middlesex Regiment.

For most conspicuous bravery and initiation during an attack.

His company was held up by heavy rifle fire, and all his officers had become casualties. For want of leadership the attack was flagging.

Private Ryder, realising the situation, without a moment's thought for his own safety dashed absolutely alone at the enemy trench, and, by skilful manipulation of his

Lewis gun, succeeded in clearing the trench. This very gallant act not only made possible, but also greatly inspired the subsequent advance of his comrades, and turned possible failure into success.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to confer the undermentioned awards for gallantry and distinguished service in the Field :—

Distinguished Service Order.

Capt. (temp. Maj.) George Lewis Baxter, Cam'n Highrs.

For gallantry and ability when in command of part of the force which was attacked by far superior numbers. Major Baxter showed great ability in the handling of his force, and repulsed the enemy with considerable losses. He showed great coolness, and rendered valuable assistance in bringing in a wounded officer under heavy rifle and machine-gun fire.

Military Cross.

Temp. 2nd Lt. Edward Kerr Borthwick, King's African Rifles.

For gallantry and determination when in command of a machine-gun engaged in thick bush fighting.

An enemy gun was brought 25 yards in rear of him, but he switched on his gun, killing four of the team and capturing the gun.

He later gave excellent supporting fire to our advance.

Royal Red Cross, 2nd Class.

Miss Margery Gertrude Burn, Nursing Staff, Universities' Mission.

Distinguished Conduct Medal.

No. 18 Rfn. H. Cairnduff, S. African Rif.

For gallantry in action. When his troop was ordered to retire from a position enfiladed by machine-gun fire, he returned and brought in two wounded men.

No. 3081 Cpl. M. C. Henry, S. African Mtd. Rif.

For gallantry and devotion to duty. Although severely wounded he helped a comrade away under heavy shell fire which had hit all his detachment.

No. 105 Rfn. J. E. Thomas, South African Rif.

For gallantry in bringing the Medical Officer to the firing line under heavy fire at close range, and under similar conditions assisting to bring in a wounded comrade.

No. 108 Rfn. A. A. Vial, S. African Rif.

For gallantry and devotion to duty in assisting Major Baxter to bring in a wounded officer under heavy rifle and machine-gun fire.

His Majesty the KING-EMPEROR has been graciously pleased to confer the undermentioned rewards on officers and men of the Indian Army

for gallantry and distinguished service in the Field :—

2nd Class Indian Order of Merit.

3456 Sowar Abdullah Khan, 9th Hodson's Horse.
2793 Sowar Hayat Muhammad, 10th Lancers, attached 9th Hodson's Horse.

2nd Class Sub-Asst. Surgeon Daniel Israel Nuanapragasam, Ind. Sub. Med. Dept.

Ressaldar Muhamad Nur Khan, 36th Jacobs' Horse.

No. 1394 Indian Driver Feteah Jang, attached "U" Battery, R.H.A.

No. 2939 Kot Dafadar Hashim Khan, 19th Lancers.

No. 2205 Sowar Muhamad Hussein, 19th Lancers.

No. 3379 Dafadar Sarbuland Khan, 19th Lancers.

Indian Distinguished Service Medal.

Jemadar Ajun Khan, 31st Lancers, attached 19th Lancers.

Sowar Ward-Orderly Ali Mohammed, 20th Deccan Horse, attached Secunderabad C.F.A.

Field-Marshal His Imperial Majesty, The Emperor of Russia, has been graciously pleased to confer the decorations specified below in recognition of valuable services rendered in connection with the War :—

Major-General George Mark Watson Macdonogh, C.B., General Staff, War Office, Order of St. Stanislas, 1st Class.

Colonel Edward Agar, General Staff, War Office, Order of St. Anne, 2nd Class.

Colonel Bernard Ramsden James, attached General Headquarters Staff, France, Order of St. Stanislas, 2nd Class.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander George Stuart, late 40th Pathans Indian Army (deceased), Order of St. Stanislas, 2nd Class.

Major Philippe Henri de Perron Casgrain, General Staff, War Office, Order of St. Stanislas, 2nd Class.

Major George Davey Symonds, General Staff, War Office, Order of St. Stanislas, 2nd Class.

There are no restrictions as to the occasions on which these decorations may be worn.

**DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS,
1894 to 1914.**

RETURN of OUTBREAKS of SWINE FEVER in SCOTLAND for the Week ended 25th November 1916, distinguishing Counties (including Burghs) :—

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Confirmed.	Swine Slaughtered as Diseased or as having been Exposed to Infection.
	No.	No.
Fife	1	—
TOTAL	1	—

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS—continued.

The following Areas are now "Scheduled Areas" for the purposes of the Swine Fever (Regulation of Movement) Order of 1908:—

Aberdeenshire, &c.—An Area comprising the Counties of Aberdeen, Argyll, Banff, Bute, Caithness, Clackmannan, Elgin, Fife, Forfar, Inverness, Kincardine, Kinross, Nairn, Orkney, Perth, Ross and Cromarty, Stirling, Sutherland, and Zetland, and the detached part of the County of Dumbarton; the Cities of Aberdeen, Dundee, and Perth; and the Burghs of Peterhead, Campbeltown, Elgin, Dunfermline, Kirkcaldy, Arbroath, Brechin, Forfar, Montrose, Inverness, Falkirk, and Stirling (1st October 1911).—See also under *Dumbartonshire, &c.*

Argyllshire.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Ayrshire.—An Area comprising the County of Ayr, and the Burghs of Ayr, Irvine, and Kilmarnock (1st October 1911).

Banffshire.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Berwickshire, &c.—An Area comprising the Counties of Berwick, Roxburgh, and Selkirk, and the Burghs of Hawick and Galashiels, and also comprising the Parish of Stow, in the County of Midlothian (1st October 1911).

Buteshire.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Caithness.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Clackmannan.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Dumbartonshire, &c.—An Area comprising the Counties of Dumbarton (except its detached part), Lanark, Peebles, and Renfrew, and the Burghs of Airdrie, Dumbarton, Greenock, Hamilton, Paisley, Port-Glasgow, and Rutherglen, and the City of Glasgow (1st October 1911).—See also under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Dumfriesshire, &c.—An Area comprising the Counties of Dumfries and Kirkcudbright, and the Burgh of Dumfries (1st October 1911).

Elgin.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Fife.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Forfarshire.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Haddingtonshire.—An Area comprising the County of Haddington (1st October 1911).

Invernessshire.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Kincardineshire.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Kinross.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Kirkcudbrightshire.—See under *Dumfriesshire, &c.*

Lanarkshire.—See under *Dumbartonshire, &c.*

Linlithgow, &c.—An Area comprising the Counties of Linlithgow and Midlothian (except the Parish of Stow), the Burghs of Leith and Musselburgh, and the City of Edinburgh (1st October 1911).—See also under *Berwickshire, &c.*

Midlothian.—See under *Linlithgow, &c.*, and also under *Berwickshire, &c.*

Nairn.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Orkney.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Peebles.—See under *Dumbartonshire, &c.*

Perthshire.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Renfrew.—See under *Dumbartonshire, &c.*

Ross and Cromarty.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Roxburghshire.—See under *Berwickshire, &c.*

Selkirkshire.—See under *Berwickshire, &c.*

Stirlingshire.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Sutherland.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

Wigtownshire.—An Area comprising the County of Wigtown (1st October 1911).

Zetland.—See under *Aberdeenshire, &c.*

RETURN of OUTBREAKS of the under-mentioned DISEASES in SCOTLAND for the Week ended 25th November 1916, distinguishing Counties (including Burghs):—

ANTHRAX.

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Confirmed.	Animals Attacked.			
		Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.	Horses.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Haddington ...	1	1	—	—	—
Linlithgow...	—	3	—	—	—
Midlothian(ex. City of Edinburgh ...	1	1	—	—	—
Perth ...	2	2	—	—	—
TOTAL ...	4	7	—	—	—

GLANDERS (INCLUDING FARCY).

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Reported.	Animals Attacked.
		No.
Fife ...	1	1
TOTAL ...	1	1

SHEEP SCAB.

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Reported.
	No.
Argyll ...	1
Linlithgow ...	1
Perth ...	1
Stirling ...	2
TOTAL ...	5

PARASITIC MANGE.

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Reported.	Animals Attacked.
	No.	No.
Lanark ...	4	4
City of Edinburgh ...	1	1
TOTAL ...	5	5

Board of Agriculture and Fisheries,
28th November 1916.

ACCOUNT showing the Quantities of certain kinds of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE imported into the United Kingdom in the Week ended 25th November 1916, together with the Quantities imported in the Corresponding Week of the Years 1914 and 1915.

		Quantities.		
		1914.	1915.	1916.
Animals, living :—				
Oxen, Bulls, Cows, and Calves	Number	33	—	—
Sheep and Lambs	"	—	—	—
Swine	"	—	—	—
Horses	"	1	122	—
Fresh Meat :—				
Beef (including Refrigerated and Frozen)	Cwts.	241,397	171,439	129,549
Mutton " " "	"	126,217	68,131	29,527
Pork " " "	"	24,914	8,696	14,650
Meat, unenumerated, " Fresh (including Refrigerated and Frozen)	"	14,190	37,688	12,182
Salted or Preserved Meat :—				
Bacon	"	91,329	141,996	171,651
Beef	"	349	2,374	1,529
Hams	"	15,511	22,128	39,982
Pork	"	5,642	4,108	80
Meat, unenumerated, salted	"	3,956	616	383
Meat, preserved, otherwise than by salting (including Tinned and Canned)	"	37,514	25,426	40,920
Dairy Produce and Substitutes :—				
Butter	"	61,993	84,633	45,996
Margarine	"	35,136	43,001	64,702
Cheese	"	55,164	47,634	79,189
Milk, Fresh, in cans or drums	"	117	—	—
" Cream	"	146	—	—
" Condensed	"	32,676	41,699	22,189
" Preserved, other kinds	"	265	2	—
Eggs	Gt. Hundreds	426,190	160,883	247,922
Poultry	Value £	986	12,533	4,061
Game	"	1,627	948	1,787
Rabbits, dead (Fresh and Frozen)	Cwts.	22,053	4,777	23,844
Lard	"	41,220	48,830	16,232
Corn, Grain, Meal, and Flour :—				
Wheat	"	1,952,500	2,824,800	1,659,600
Wheat Meal and Flour	"	282,500	251,800	144,600
Barley	"	575,800	106,600	291,400
Oats	"	413,200	168,500	49,300
Peas	"	5,960	69,606	23,640
Beans	"	3,590	15,420	29,080
Maize or Indian Corn	"	1,338,300	1,058,900	749,400
Fruit, Raw :—				
Apples	"	86,554	172,593	160,165
Apricots and Peaches	"	—	—	—
Bananas	Bunches	135,657	40,333	73,857
Cherries	Cwts.	—	—	—
Currants	"	—	—	—
Gooseberries	"	—	—	—
Grapes	"	12,352	13,991	53,746
Lemons	"	4,414	12,420	12,266
Oranges	"	159,032	199,330	57,726
Pears	"	7,569	5,303	9,530
Plums	"	—	—	—
Strawberries	"	—	—	—
Unenumerated	"	389	1,724	940
Hay	Tons	—	—	15
Straw	"	—	—	—
Moss Litter	"	1,020	98	272
Hops	Cwts.	3,933	15,843	—
Locust Beans	"	26,420	—	9,360
Vegetables, Raw :—				
Onions	Bushels	215,626	61,356	118,499
Potatoes	Cwts.	29	5	1
Tomatoes	"	9,645	20,720	27,482
Unenumerated	Value £	2,731	1,500	648
Vegetables, Dried	Cwts.	5,772	1,225	5,235
" Preserved by canning	"	11,217	9,461	8,233

STATEMENT showing the Quantities Sold and Average Price of **BRITISH CORN** per Quarter of 8 Bushels, Imperial Measure, * as received from the Inspectors of Corn Returns, in the Week ended 25th November 1916, pursuant to the Corn Returns Act, 1882.

BRITISH CORN.				QUANTITIES SOLD.		AVERAGE PRICE.	
				Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.
Wheat	...	...	...	93,669	0	70	8
Barley	...	...	...	153,578	0	61	8
Oats	...	...	...	35,953	3	39	7

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT for the corresponding Week in each of the Years from 1909 to 1915.

Corresponding Week in	QUANTITIES SOLD.						AVERAGE PRICE.					
	WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.		WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.	
	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
1909 ...	97,695	4	204,120	3	29,428	2	33	3	26	1	17	4
1910 ...	67,231	3	189,603	2	25,629	6	30	6	24	7	16	7
1911 ...	66,384	4	106,296	0	18,412	1	32	10	33	10	20	11
1912 ...	55,248	7	141,128	7	19,111	4	31	9	30	8	19	8
1913 ...	54,050	1	167,427	7	23,137	6	30	9	27	0	18	4
1914 ...	75,997	1	150,615	7	33,761	7	41	11	30	3	25	8
1915 ...	91,933	6	121,584	4	35,904	2	54	2	48	7	31	1

* Section 8 of the Corn Returns Act, 1882, provides that where returns of purchases of British Corn are made to the Local Inspector of Corn Returns in any other measure than the imperial bushel or by weight or by a weighed measure, that Officer shall convert such returns into the imperial bushel, and in the case of weight or weighed measure the conversion is to be made at the rate of sixty imperial pounds for every bushel of wheat, fifty imperial pounds for every bushel of barley, and thirty-nine imperial pounds for every bushel of oats.

R. HENRY REW.

Board of Agriculture and Fisheries,
3 St. James's Square, London, S.W.,
25th November 1916.

INTIMATION is hereby given that **GEORGE HAY NEWTON**, Esquire, of Newton, Heir of Entail in possession of the Entailed Lands and Estate of Newton and others, the Lands of Leehouses and Skedsbush and others, the Pasture Lands of Kidlaw and Longnewton, and other parts of the Pasture Lands of Kidlaw and Longnewton, all lying in the County of Haddington, has presented a Petition to the Lords of Council and Session (First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary,—Mr. Paterson, Clerk), in terms of the Entail Acts and relative Acts of Sederunt, for authority to disentail the Lands and Barony of **NEWTON** and others, the Lands of **LEEHOUSES** and **SKEDSBUSH** and others, the Pasture Lands of **KIDLAW** and **LONGNEWTON**, and other parts of the Pasture Lands of Kidlaw and Longnewton, all lying in the County of Haddington. Date of Interlocutor ordering intimation, 23rd day of November 1916.

GUILD & GUILD, Agents of the Petitioner.
5 Rutland Square, Edinburgh,
29th November 1916.

NOTICE.

A PETITION has been presented in the Sheriff Court of Lanarkshire at Glasgow, by Martha Stephenson Scott, Domestic Servant, 11 Huntly Gardens, Glasgow, for decerniture as Executrix-dative *qua* Creditrix to the

Deceased **Mrs. ISABELLA KIRKWOOD** or **SCOTT**, widow, who resided at 165 King Street, Rutherglen.

DAVID M. M'CRACKEN, Solicitor, 63 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, Petitioner's Agent.

NOTICE.

A PETITION has been presented in the Sheriff Court at Greenock, by Thomas Watson Anderson, Agent of the Union Bank of Scotland Limited at Gourock, for decerniture as Executor-dative *qua* Funeratoir to the Deceased **BRIDGET MAY GILDEA** or **LAWSON**, widow, residing at 62 Cove Road, Gourock.

M. F. DUNLOP, SONS, & BOYD, Agents for Petitioner.

Greenock, 28th November 1916.

THE SCOTTISH POWER COMPANY LIMITED.

A PETITION has been presented to the Lords of Council and Session (Second Division,—Mr. Antonio, Clerk) by the Scottish Power Company Limited, incorporated under the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, and having its Registered Office at 63 Castle Street, Edinburgh, praying their Lordships,

inter alia, (first) to confirm the Reduction of Capital made by Special Resolution of the Company passed on 13th and confirmed on 29th November 1916, and (second) to confirm a Special Resolution of the Company passed on 13th and confirmed on 29th November 1916, modifying the conditions contained in the Company's Memorandum of Association; in which Petition their Lordships of the Second Division have been pleased to pronounce the following Interlocutor:—

"*Edinburgh, 1st December 1916.*—The Lords appoint the Petition to be intimated on the Walls and in the Minute-Book in common form, and to be advertised once in each of the Edinburgh Gazette and Times and Scotsman newspapers; allow all persons having interest to lodge Answers, if so advised, within eight days after such intimation and advertisement.

"CHARLES SCOTT DICKSON, I.P.D."

Of all which Notice is hereby given.

Dated this 1st day of December 1916.

GUILD & SHEPHERD, W.S., 16 Charlotte Square, Edinburgh, Solicitors to the Company.

KINGSDYKE STEAMSHIP COMPANY LIMITED.

THE subjoined Special Resolution was duly passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company, duly convened, and held at 142 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, on the 6th day of November 1916, and duly confirmed at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company, also duly convened, and held at the same place on the 24th day of November 1916:—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily."

And at said last-mentioned Meeting the following further Resolution was duly passed:—

"That William Johnston be appointed Liquidator of the Company."

Of all which Notice is hereby given.

WILLIAM JOHNSTON, Liquidator.

KINGSDYKE STEAMSHIP COMPANY LIMITED in Liquidation.

THE Vessel owned by the above-named Company having been sold, and the Company having in consequence gone into Voluntary Liquidation, Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 188 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Company will be held at 142 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, on Tuesday the 12th day of December 1916, at 11 o'clock forenoon.

WILLIAM JOHNSTON, Liquidator.

A PETITION having been presented to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow, at the instance of the Anglo-American Oil Company Limited, carrying on business at 118 Queen Street, Glasgow, for Sequestration of the Estates of SPIERS & COMPANY, 35 King Street, Trongate, Glasgow, and Alexander B. M'Nair, a Partner of said Firm, as such Partner, and as an Individual, the Sheriff-Substitute of this date granted Warrant for citing the said Spiers & Company and Alexander B. M'Nair on an *inducitur* of seven days from the date of citation, to show cause why Sequestration should not be awarded; of all which Intimation is hereby given.

DIGBY, BROWN, & Co., of 116 Hope Street, Glasgow, Agent.

28th November 1916.

THE Estates of WILLIAM RODGERS, Riding Master, 15 Julian Avenue, Kelvininside, Glasgow, were Sequestered on the 28th day of November 1916, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow.

The first Deliverance is dated 28th November 1916.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon, on Monday the 11th day of December 1916, within the Faculty Hall, St. George's Place, Glasgow. A Composition may be offered at this Meeting.

The Sheriff has ordered that the Sequestration shall proceed as a Summary Sequestration in terms of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1913.

The date on or before which Creditors must lodge their oaths and grounds of debt to entitle them to the first Dividend will be advertised in the Edinburgh Gazette Notice calling the second Meeting.

All future advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JAMESON, MACLAE, & BAIRD, Writers, 192 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, Agents.

THE Estates of HART & WATSON, Accountants and Stockbrokers, 63A St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, and Arthur Hart, the Individual Partner of that Firm, as such Partner, and as an Individual, were Sequestered on 29th November 1916, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow.

The first Deliverance is dated 29th November 1916.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday the 12th day of December 1916, within the Faculty Hall, St. George's Place, Glasgow. A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th day of March 1917.

All future advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

BIRD, SON, & SEMPLE, Agents, 71A West Nile Street, Glasgow.

SEQUESTRATION of NICOLSON & COMPANY, Warehousemen, 66 Oxford Street, S.S., Glasgow, and Angus Nicolson, Warehouseman, 66 Oxford Street, Glasgow, the sole Partner of said Firm, as such Partner, and as an Individual.

THE Trustee hereby intimates that an account of his intromissions, brought down to 2nd October 1916, has been audited by the Commissioners, and that a second and final Dividend will be paid within his Chambers, 45 Renfield Street, Glasgow, on and after the 2nd day of December 1916, to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted.

ROB. T. DUNLOP, Trustee.

45 Renfield Street, Glasgow,
28th November 1916.

AS Trustee on the Sequestered Estate of MRS. A. HILDA MARY HARBRON, wife of Albert Christopher Harbron, who resided at 3 Briery Law, St. Abbs, I hereby intimate that the accounts of my intromissions with the funds of the Estate, brought down to 15th November 1916, have been audited by the Commissioners, and that a first Dividend will be paid within the Chambers of Messrs. Romanes & Munro, C.A., 50 Frederick Street, Edinburgh, on 15th January 1917.

CHARLES S. ROMANES, C.A., Trustee.

Edinburgh, 30th November 1916.

SEQUESTRATION of DAVID CORSAR & SONS, Manufacturers, Arbroath, and William Hannay Corsar, residing at 121 High Street, Arbroath, Charles Corsar, residing at Rosely, Arbroath, and Harry Corsar, residing at Gowan Park, Gowan Street, Arbroath, the Individual Partners of said Firm of David Corsar & Sons, as such Partners, and as Individuals.

THE Trustee hereby intimates that accounts of his intromissions, brought down to 17th instant, have been made up by him and audited by the Commissioners in terms of the Statute, and that declarations of further Dividends have been postponed until the expiry of another statutory period.

D. LITTLEJOHN, Solicitor, Arbroath, Trustee.

33 Commerce Street, Arbroath,
30th November 1916.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES WYLLIE,

Farmer, Mayfield, Stevenston.

THE Trustee hereby intimates that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the Estate, as at 16th November 1916, has been made up by him and examined and audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed the declaration of a Dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period, and dispensed with circulars to Creditors.

JAMES BORLAND, Trustee.

Meadowview, Irvine,

29th November 1916.

To the Creditors of JOHN WEIR, residing at 34 Norse Road, Scotstoun, Glasgow.

BY virtue of an Order of the Sheriff-Substitute of Lanarkshire at Glasgow, John Weir, above designed, hereby intimates that he has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow, to be finally discharged of all debts contracted by him or for which he was liable at the date of the Sequestration of his Estates, in terms of the Statute.

WILKIE CROALL & Co., Solicitors, Glasgow,
Agents for Petitioner.

THE Firm of WALKER & M'LELLAN, Bakers, Creetown (of which the Subscribers were the sole Partners), was DISSOLVED on 14th October 1916, of mutual consent, by the retiral of the Subscriber John M'LeLLan.

The Subscriber James Walker will continue to carry on the Business at the same address in his own name, and will collect all debts due to, and pay all the liabilities of, the said Firm.

JAMES WALKER.

WM. M'CONNEL, High Street, Gatehouse-of-Fleet, Solicitor,

JESSIE M'LELLAN, Norris Street, Creetown, Shop Assistant,

Witnesses to the Signature of the said James Walker.

JOHN M'LELLAN.

JAMES ROTHNIE SAUNDERS, Solicitor, Castle-Douglas,

JEANIE MABEL MACDUFF, Typist, Castle-Douglas,

Witnesses to the Signature of the said John M'LeLLan.

BANKRUPTS.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

W. Burbridge, formerly 76 Percy Road, Canning Town, London, but whose present residence or whereabouts the Petitioning Creditors are unable to ascertain, baker.

Robert Greenwood Hindle, residing at 1 Whitehead Street, Barrow-in-Furness, in the county of Lancaster, and carrying on business at 70 Crellin Street, and 1 Whitehead Street, Barrow-in-Furness aforesaid, baker and grocer.

William Stanley Russell Green, 486 Audley Range, Blackburn, lately residing at 22 Small Street, Livesey, Blackburn, and lately carrying on business at 46 New Wellington Street, Mill Hill, Blackburn, joiner.

Edward William Barton Wright, 11 Second Avenue, Acton Park, Acton, in the county of Middlesex.

Llewellyn Davies, 6 Cross Street, Maesteg, in the county of Glamorgan, coal miner.

Herbert William Nash, Lower Ruspidge, near Cinderford, Gloucestershire, journeyman baker and shop-keeper.

Edwin Stuart Finn, Vine House, Lydd, in the county of Kent, brewer.

Felix Alexander Target, Cromer Hall, in the city of Leeds, civil engineer.

Philip Wilson, residing at 19 Garton Terrace, East End Park, in the city of Leeds, Abraham Shanofski, residing at 22 Elmwood Green, in the said city, and Samuel Ginsberg, residing at 31 Grosvenor Place, in the said city, carrying on business together in co-partnership under the style of Nathen, Wilson, & Co. at 119, 121, and 123 Templar Street, in the said city of Leeds, wholesale clothiers, and under the style of Payne Brothers at 73 Linthorpe Road, Middlesbrough, in the county of York; Ormonde Street, Jarrow; Newgate Street, Bishop Auckland; and Havelock House, High Street, Sunderland, all in the county of Durham; and at High Street, Wallsend, in the county of Northumberland, retailers.

Charles Hastings, Esmerdale, Henley-on-Thames.

William John Ramsden, 2 Napier Road, Belvedere, Kent, chief correspondence clerk.

Astley & Taylor, carrying on business at the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Yard, Prestwich, Lancashire, coal dealers.

Alexander Clifford Crook, 8 Prince of Wales Terrace, Pontefract, and lately residing and carrying on business at Main Street, Bottomboat, Stanley, all in the county of York, colliery weigh clerk, formerly news-agent.

James Matthews, Agbregg Road, Sandal Magna, in the city at Wakefield, lately residing and carrying on business of the Corn Mill, Middlestown, Horbury, near Wakefield, commercial traveller, formerly miller.

NOTICE.

All Notices and Advertisements are inserted in the Edinburgh Gazette at the risk of the Advertiser.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR ALL ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE EDINBURGH GAZETTE.

For	100 words and under	...	...	...	...	£0 10 0
Above	100 and not exceeding 150	...	...	...	...	0 15 0
"	150 "	"	200	...	...	1 0 0
"	200 "	"	250	...	...	1 5 0
"	250 "	"	300	...	...	1 10 0
"	300 "	"	350	...	...	1 15 0
"	350 "	"	400	...	...	2 0 0
"	400 "	"	450	...	...	2 5 0
"	450 "	"	500	...	...	2 10 0
And 5s. extra for each additional 50 or part of 50 words.						
For each copy of the Gazette	...	...	...	...	...	9d.
Friendly Societies' Notices, each	...	...	...	...	...	5s.

The above Fees must be paid by affixing to the Notice Postage Stamps of as large value as possible.

Advertisements cannot be received or withdrawn after one o'clock on Tuesdays and Fridays.

The dues paid on withdrawn Advertisements cannot be returned.

All Letters must be Post Paid.

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