

Captain Lanoe George Hawker, D.S.O., Royal Engineers and Royal Flying Corps.

For most conspicuous bravery and very great ability on 25th July 1915.

When flying alone he attacked three German aeroplanes in succession. The first managed eventually to escape, the second was driven to ground damaged, and the third, which he attacked at a height of about 10,000 feet, was driven to earth in our lines, the pilot and observer being killed.

The personal bravery shown by this Officer was of the very highest order, as the enemy's aircraft were armed with machine guns, and all carried a passenger as well as the pilot.

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WAR OFFICE, August 24, 1915.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned Officers being promoted, from this date inclusive, in recognition of their distinguished service in the field :—

*To be Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel.*

Major John Charteris, D.S.O., Royal Engineers.

*To be Honorary Captain.*

Quartermaster and Honorary Lieutenant. Frederick Charles Marsh, 15th Hussars.

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WAR OFFICE, August 25, 1915.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the appointment of the undermentioned Officers to be Companions of the Distinguished Service Order, in recognition of their gallantry and distinguished service in the Field :—

Major Manners Ralph Willmot Nightingale, 1st Battalion, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

For most conspicuous gallantry on 4th June 1915, during operations in the neighbourhood of Krithia, Dardanelles, in leading an attack up a difficult spur after he had been wounded. He reached the crest and was again wounded, but coming back a few yards rallied his men and again led them on. He was then wounded a third time, but still endeavoured to advance until he fainted.

Captain Frank Berkeley Abbott, 1st Battalion, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

For gallant and distinguished conduct on 28th and 29th June 1915, during operations on the Gallipoli Peninsula.

He showed great skill in organising bombing attacks which resulted in regaining a portion of a trench which had been captured by the enemy. Advancing single handed, he cleared the enemy out of one-third of the trench. He was wounded for the third time during the war when leading a bayonet charge after the bombs were exhausted.

He showed exceptionally fine leadership, dash, and resource.

Captain Stanley John Anderson, 5th Canadian Infantry Battalion.

For conspicuous gallantry at Festubert on 20th May 1915, when he refused to go to the ambulance after being wounded until his tour of duty was completed.

Captain Anderson was again wounded in the head on 24th May, but remained the whole day and night gallantly leading his men in the attacks.

Captain Hugh Griffith Coke Fowler, 2nd Battalion, The South Wales Borderers.

For great gallantry on the 18th and 19th June 1915, during operations on the Gallipoli Peninsula. In a counter-attack on a Turkish trench he led the party which eventually cleared it. This Officer himself threw some 30 bombs, some of which were enemy bombs which he picked up and threw back at great personal risk.

Captain Russell Mortimer Luckock, The King's Own (Royal Lancaster Regiment).

For gallantry during the fighting at Neuve Chapelle from 10th to 14th March 1915, when he performed excellent work as a Brigade Major, showing marked ability as a Staff Officer.

Captain Frank Morison, 16th Canadian Infantry Battalion.

For conspicuous gallantry and ability on 20th May 1915, when he commanded the leading company in the attack on the orchard at La Quinze Rue.

Captain Morison captured the enemy's position, which was of primary importance, under heavy shrapnel, rifle, and machine gun fire.

Captain John Foster Paton Nash, 5th Canadian Infantry Battalion.

For conspicuous gallantry throughout the action at Festubert, 22nd-24th May 1915, He repaired the telephone wires personally under very heavy fire.

Captain Nash was again brought to notice for excellent work performed under fire at Fleurbaix and at Gravelstafen.

Captain Creswell Duffield Rawson, Royal Artillery, 21st Kohat Mountain Battery (Frontier Force), Indian Army.

For gallant conduct and distinguished service on 14th May 1915, during operations in the neighbourhood of Gaba Tepe, Dardanelles. Having discovered that the enemy had constructed an emplacement enfilading an important position, he constructed a position for one gun in the firing-line facing the enemy's gun at a range of 650 yards. He then arranged with neighbouring Field Artillery to occupy the attention of other enemy guns whilst he knocked down the parapet in front of his own gun, and engaged the enemy by direct fire and without cover, and succeeded in destroying the new emplacement he had observed. He distinguished himself by unceasing good work from 26th April to 26th June, on which latter day he was wounded.