

Led and commanded his platoon admirably during an attack on German position Paschendale-Becelaere Road, which resulted in the taking of the enemy's trenches and 70 prisoners. (Has since died of his wounds.)

Captain Norman Archibald Orr-Ewing, Scots Guards (attached Irish Guards).

For persistent and gallant efforts to rally the battalion when much shaken after its heavy losses, and by his good example helping to restore it to its usual steadiness.

Lieutenant Edmund Archibald Osborne, Royal Engineers.

Repeated gallantry and coolness in action on 31st October. He recovered a cable wagon which had been abandoned by the enemy. Has frequently shown great capacity for command.

Captain Frank Lionel Pardoe, 1st Battalion, The King's Royal Rifle Corps.

On 30th September and previous days this officer carried messages under rifle and shell fire. He was knocked down by a shell, but did not relinquish his duty.

Captain George Camborne Beauclerk Paynter, 2nd Battalion, Scots Guards.

On night of 24th October, while in command of battalion, fought his trenches all night against repeated attacks from front and rear.

Second Lieutenant Hugh Valentine Pendavis, 3rd (attached 2nd) Battalion, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry.

On 3rd November, conspicuous good work in advancing from his trench and assisting in driving away a party of the enemy who were commencing to dig a new trench within 30 yards of his own. Thirty of the enemy were shot down on this occasion.

Second Lieutenant Francis Pepys, 2nd Battalion, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry.

On 3rd November, conspicuous good work in advancing from his trench and assisting in driving away a party of the enemy who were commencing to dig a new trench within 30 yards of his own. Thirty of the enemy were shot down on the occasion. (Since killed in action.)

Lieutenant William Charles Rait Kerr, Royal Field Artillery.

Gallant conduct in bringing up a gun to within 250 yards of the enemy in a wood, and blowing down a house in which the enemy were working a machine gun. (Since killed in action.)

Second Lieutenant James Reginald Russell, 1st Battalion, The Queen's Own (Royal West Kent Regiment).

For exceptional gallantry and grit in the firing line in trenches near Neuve Chapelle, between 23rd and 29th of October.

Lieutenant George Ellis Sampson, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers (Army Signal Service).

On 30th September and previous days this officer carried messages under rifle and shell fire. He was knocked down by a shell, but did not relinquish his duty.

Captain Patrick Sampson, Royal Army Medical Corps.

Has shown frequent and conspicuous gallantry throughout the campaign, especially on 21st and 22nd of October, attending wounded men under very heavy shell fire.

Lieutenant Edmond Charles Acton Schreiber, Royal Field Artillery.

Very gallant conduct on 14th September in saving horses which had become entangled in blocked road, and man-handling guns away from a position which had become untenable from a very heavy shell fire, continuing to work, although wounded.

Lieutenant Aubrey Vere Spencer, 3rd Battalion, The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry.

Good work in attack on 21st October, and in repelling night attacks on 21st, 22nd, and 23rd October.

Major The Honourable Algernon Francis Stanley, 1st Life Guards.

On 7th November, led his regiment with great resolution and skill during an advance to support and protect the right flank of the 4th Guards Brigade, which had become uncovered by the retreat of a portion of the line. He held on to his position although out of touch on either flank, and thereby materially helped the 4th Guards Brigade to re-establish their line during the following night.

Captain Sidney John Steward, Royal Army Medical Corps (Special Reserve).

Went with party of stretch-bearers across ground swept by rifle and shell fire to Langemark village, and removed 11 wounded men.

Lieutenant Herbert William Vansittart Stewart, 2nd Battalion, The Royal Scots Fusiliers.

On 23rd October, when two German machine guns were enfilading his trench at 200 yards range, he went out and shot down two teams, one after the other, and silenced the guns.

Captain Frederick Courtney Tanner, attached 2nd Battalion, The Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment).

By gallant leading forced passage of canal north of Vielle Chapelle on 12th October, and was largely responsible for success of general operations. Has invariably done well.

Captain Thomas Balfour Traill, 1st Battalion, The Royal Scots Fusiliers.

After being wounded in the knee, rode back under fire for reinforcements, returned and remained with his company during retirement (August 23rd).

Second Lieutenant Dudley Ralph Turnbull, 1st Battalion, The Gordon Highlanders.

Conspicuous gallantry on 13th October in serving his Maxim gun when detachment were all wounded, until he also was wounded, in two places, and his gun damaged by a shell. He subsequently recovered the gun, bringing it away on his shoulder.

Lieutenant Henry Colville Barclay Wemyss, Royal Engineers.

Has shown conspicuous efficiency in Staff duties, and in keeping up communication with a long