out of such lair and into such other parts of the l Foreign Animals Wharf as the market authority or its officers of the Inspector of the Board shall direct or permit.

Restrictions on Access to Foreign Animals Wharf.

- 8.—(1) No person, except the officers of Customs and lairage-men and the Superintendent of the Foreign Animals Wharf and an Inspector of the Board, and such other persons as may be specially authorised in writing by an Inspector of the Board, shall during the time of the landing of the animals enter upon the landing-stage, pier, quay, or other part of the Foreign Animals Wharf at which the animals are landed, and no person except as aforesaid shall at any time enter upon any part of the Wharf which is being used as a reception-lair.
- (2) No person shall during the landing of the animals enter upon the part of the Wharf at which the animals are landed, or at any time enter a reception-lair unless he is wearing suitable overall coat and leggings, and any person who enters such part of a Wharf or reception-lair shall forthwith after leaving the same remove his overall clothes, and thoroughly wash his hands with soap and water and disinfect his boots.
- (3) Overall clothes shall not be removed from a Foreign Animals Wharf unless and until they have been thoroughly disinfected.
- (4) Any person desiring to enter a Foreign Animals Wharf may be required by any officer authorised in writing in that behalf by the market authority to state the nature of the business necessitating such entry, and if he declines to make such statement, or if the officer requiring such statement is not satisfied as to the correctness of the same, or that the business necessitates his entry, the officer so authorized may prohibit his entry into the Wharf.
- (5) The market authority shall give notice of the provisions of this Article by placards, which shall be kept affixed at or near the entrance of any landing-stage, pier, quay, reception-lair, or other part of the Wharf to which access is for the time being restricted by this Article.

## Power to exclude Persons.

- 9.—(1) An Inspector of the Board, or the Superintendent of a Foreign Animals Wharf is hereby empowered to affix at or near the entrance thereof or of any building therein a notice forbidding persons to enter therein without the permission mentioned in the notice; and thereupon any person who enters or goes into, on, or over such premises without that permission shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.
- (2) An Inspector of the Board, or the Superintendent of a Foreign Animals Wharf is hereby empowered to direct any person to quit such Wharf, or any particular building, lair, landing-stage, pier, quay, or other portion thereof; and thereupon any person who fails to quit such premises on direction as aforesaid shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894.

## Provision of Overall Clothes.

ro. The market authority shall at all times provide to the satisfaction of the Board proper and suitable overall coats and leggings, for the use of lairage-men and other persons entering the Wharf.

Disinfection of Persons and Clothes.

rr. An Inspector of the Board, or the Superintendent of a Foreign Animals Wharf is hereby empowered to affix at or near the entrance of the Wharf or any building therein, a notice to the effect that persons before entering such Wharf or building, or that persons before leaving such Wharf or building will be required to disinfect themselves and their clothes in the manner specified in such notice, and thereupon every person shall disinfect himself and his clothes accordingly.

Regulations in case of Detection of Disease in Foreign Animals Wharf.

12. If it appears to an Inspector of the Board that disease exists or has lately existed in a reception-lair, or in any particular building, slaughter-house, or other part of a Foreign Animals Wharf, all the animals that are then within such reception-lair, building, slaughter-house, or other part of a Wharf shall be there detained by the Inspector of the Board or shall be moved to such other part of the Wharf as he shall direct or permit, and the same shall be dealt with in accordance with instructions given by the Inspector of the Board.

## Food and Water.

13.—(1) Animals landed at a Foreign Animals Wharf shall, until they are taken charge of by the owners or consignees, be supplied by the market authority or the person in charge thereof with a proper and sufficient supply of food and water, and the expenses incurred by them in respect thereof shall be defrayed by the owners or consignees of the animals, and may be recovered by such authority or person from the owners or consignees in any court of competent jurisdiction.

(2) The animals shall, after they have been taken charge of by the owners or consignees, be supplied by the owners or consignees with a proper and sufficient supply of food and water.

(3) The food supplied to sucking-calves in accordance with this article shall be gruel or milk or other proper food.

(4) If an animal remains without a proper and sufficient supply of food or water in contravention of the provisions of this Article, the market authority, and the owner and the consignee and the person in charge of the animal, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts or omissions, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1894; and it shall lie on the person liable to supply food and water to the animal when charged to prove the proper and sufficient supply of food or water or both and the time when the same was so supplied.

## Time for Slaughter.

- 14.—(1) The owner of an animal landed at a Foreign Animals Wharf shall cause the same to be slaughtered within ten days after the landing thereof, exclusive of the day of landing, in accordance with the provisions of this Article.
- (2) The slaughter of the animals may be commenced at any time after the landing thereof with the permission of an Inspector of the Board.
- (3) The slaughter of the animals shall be commenced at such time after the landing thereof as an Inspector of the Board in any case may direct, and when commenced shall be completed as soon as practicable.