

"height of not less than twenty feet above the hull of the ship, during the whole of the time between sunset and sunrise, a night signal, consisting of three lights, which shall be arranged, at a distance of not less than six feet apart, in the form of an equilateral triangle, and of which the light at the apex of the triangle shall be white, and the other lights at the ends of the base of the triangle shall be red in colour.

"No person (other than an Officer of Customs, or a person acting in the execution of this Order) shall leave the aforesaid ship until after such visit of the Officer of Customs, as is mentioned in Article 2, or until after the visit of the Medical Officer of Health, in pursuance of Article 8."

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board for Scotland, this 24th day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and two.

L. S.

MALCOLM M'NEILL,
Vice-President.

G. FALCONAR-STEWART, Secretary.

NOTICE.—The Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1897, provides by Section 87 that if any person wilfully neglects or refuses to obey or carry out, or obstructs the execution of any Regulation made under Part IV. of the aforesaid Act, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding *One Hundred Pounds*, and in the case of a continuing offence to a further penalty not exceeding *Fifty Pounds* for every day during which the offence continues; and any such penalty shall be recoverable with expenses at the instance of the Lord Advocate on behalf of the Board, or by any Local Authority with the consent of the Board, in any competent Court.

Date of publication in the Edinburgh Gazette, 26th December 1902.

FOREIGN OFFICE, December 9, 1902.

The King has been pleased to approve of—
Don Federico Janer y Macias as Consul of Spain at Liverpool; and
Mr. C. E. C. Cummins as Consul of Belgium at Queenstown for the Counties of Cork, Kerry, and Waterford.

STATEMENT showing the Quantities Sold and Average Price of BRITISH CORN, per Quarter of 8 Bushels, Imperial Measure,* as received from the Inspectors of Corn Returns, in the Week ended 20th December 1902, pursuant to the Corn Returns Act, 1882.

BRITISH CORN.				QUANTITIES SOLD.		AVERAGE PRICE.	
				Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.
Wheat	...	...	...	58,932	6	24	10
Barley	...	...	...	151,908	1	24	2
Oats	...	...	...	37,744	7	16	10

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT for the corresponding Week in each of the Years from 1895 to 1901.

Corresponding Week in	QUANTITIES SOLD.						AVERAGE PRICE.					
	WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.		WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.	
	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
1895	24,377	0	103,556	4	16,168	5	25	0	23	11	13	10
1896	41,672	7	84,230	3	11,945	1	30	9	24	1	16	1
1897	54,230	1	127,208	2	15,477	2	34	4	26	11	17	0
1898	61,583	4	132,590	4	22,148	7	26	9	28	6	17	0
1899	67,102	7	116,757	5	16,447	5	25	6	25	10	16	0
1900	50,872	2	145,585	1	19,853	2	26	7	25	7	17	2
1901	60,562	6	119,398	2	26,260	2	27	7	26	8	19	8

* Section 3 of the Corn Returns Act, 1882, provides that where returns of purchases of British Corn are made to the Local Inspector of Corn Returns in any other measure than the imperial bushel, or by weight or by a weighed measure, that Officer shall convert such returns into the imperial bushel, and in the case of weight or weighed measure the conversion is to be made at the rate of sixty imperial pounds for every bushel of wheat, fifty imperial pounds for every bushel of barley, and thirty-nine imperial pounds for every bushel of oats.

P. G. CRAIGIE.

Board of Agriculture, 3 St. James' Square, London, S.W.,
December 20, 1902.