

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS, 1894 TO 1922.

RETURN OF OUTBREAKS OF SCHEDULED DISEASES WHICH HAVE BEEN CONFIRMED BY, OR NOTIFIED TO THE
MINISTRY DURING THE PERIOD 16TH FEBRUARY TO 28TH FEBRUARY, 1934.

NORTHERN IRELAND.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE FOR NORTHERN IRELAND.

Return of outbreaks of certain Scheduled Diseases which have been confirmed by or notified to, the Ministry during the period 16th February to 28th February, 1934, and of the number of Infected Places under restrictions on the 28th February.

The first figures under the respective headings indicate the number of townlands in which were situated Infected Premises under restrictions on the 28th February, and the number of Infected Premises under restrictions on that date; and the figures in brackets indicate the number of townlands and premises in which disease was declared during the period 16th February to 28th February.

| County or County Boro'. | Swine Fever (Pestis Suum) | | Foot-and-Mouth Disease (Aphthæ Epizooticæ) | | Anthrax (Anthrax) | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------|--|----------|----------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|
| | Townlands | Premises | Townlands | Premises | Townlands | Premises | Animals Attacked | |
| | | | | | | | Cattle | Other Animals |
| Antrim | — | (1) | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Armagh | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Down | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Fermanagh | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Londonderry | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Tyrone | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Belfast County Borough | — | (1) | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Londonderry County Boro' | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

In the Return the term "Outbreak" signifies each separate place on which disease was found.

| County or County Boro'. | Sheep Scab. | | Parasitic Mange. | | Bovine Tuberculosis. | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|--|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | No. of Outbreaks. | | No. of Outbreaks. | | No. of Outbreaks | No. of Animals de- clared affected |
| Antrim | 2 | | — | | 17 | 18 |
| Armagh | 2 | | — | | 3 | 3 |
| Down | 2 | | — | | 6 | 6 |
| Fermanagh | 2 | | 1 | | — | — |
| Londonderry | — | | — | | 2 | 2 |
| Tyrone | — | | — | | 14 | 14 |
| Belfast County Borough | 1 | | — | | — | — |
| Londonderry County Boro' | — | | — | | — | — |
| TOTAL | 9 | | 1 | | 42 | 43 |

SUMMARY OF RETURNS.

| PERIOD | Anthrax | | Bovine Tuberculosis | | Foot and Mouth Disease | | Glanders (including Farcy) | | Parasitic Mange | Pleuro-Pneumonia | | | Rabies | | Sheep Scab | Swine Fever | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------|---------------|------------|-------------|---|
| | Outbreaks | Animals Attacked | Outbreaks | Animals Attacked | Outbreaks | Animals Attacked | Outbreaks | Animals Attacked | Outbreaks | Outbreaks | Cattle Slaught- tered | | Dogs | Other Animals | Outbreaks | Outbreaks | Swine Slaughtered as diseased or Ex- posed to Infection |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Diseased | Exposed to Infection | | | | | |
| Fortnight ended 28th Feb. 1934 | — | — | 42 | 43 | — | — | — | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | 9 | 2 | 26 |
| Previous Fortnight | — | — | 34 | 34 | — | — | — | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | 22 | — | — |
| Period from 1/1/34 to 28/2/34 | 1 | 1 | 186 | 189 | — | — | — | — | 3 | — | — | — | — | — | 75 | 2 | 26 |

NOTE.—The following diseases have not appeared in Northern Ireland since the year shown after each disease:—Rinderpest (Pestis Bovina), 1877; Pleuro-Pneumonia (Peripneumonia contagiosa bovum), 1893; Sheep Pox (variola ovium), 1850; Rabies (Rage), 1923; and Glanders (including Farcy) (Malleus) in 1910. Epizootic Lymphangitis (Lymphangitis Epizootica) and Dourine have never existed in Northern Ireland.

Ministry of Agriculture.
Stormont.
Belfast.