

The Belfast Gazette

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FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1927.

MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT, 1926. IMPORTED APPLES AND PEARS.

It is announced that applications for an Order in Council under the above-mentioned Act, to require the marking of imported fresh apples and pears, have been referred, for inquiry, to the Standing Committee set up under the Act by the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries, the Secretary of State for the Home Department, and the Secretary of State for Scotland, acting jointly. A further notice will be issued with regard to the date of the inquiry.

Any communications with regard to the matter should be addressed to Mr. H. J. Johns, Secretary of the Standing Committee, 10 Whitehall Place, London, S.W.1.

Board of Trade, Great George Street, London, S.W.1 31st August, 1927.

MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT, 1926.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 2, Sub-section (4) of the Merchandise Marks Act, 1926, the Board of Trade give notice that in pursuance of applications received by them for the making of Orders in Council requiring imported goods of certain classes and descriptions to bear an indication of origin, they have made a reference to the Standing Committee appointed by them under the Act in respect of the following classes and descriptions of imported goods:—

- (a) Electric cables, insulated, of all descriptions.
 - (b) Electric wires, insulated, of all descriptions.
- (2) Rubber manufactures of the following descriptions:—

Rubber in sheets; piping and tubing of rubber or rubber and other materials, armoured or not; rubber balls of all descriptions (including golf balls and tennis balls); toys wholly or mainly of rubber; elastic cords, webs, braids and fabrics; mats, matting and tiling of rubber; rubber gloves; rubber proof cloth and articles made therefrom, as well as any other manufactures consisting wholly or mainly of rubber and including ebonite, vulcanite and manufactures thereof (but not including motor covers and tubes, motor cycle covers and tubes, cycle covers and tubes, solid and semi-solid tyres, boots, shoes and slippers or screw bottle stoppers).

- (3) Briar pipes, stained or unstained, and briar bowls, stained or unstained.
- (4) Electric incandescent lamps.

Attention is called to the fact that under the provisions of the above-mentioned Act, while the Committee in every case referred to them must consider whether the goods should bear the indication of origin at the time of sale or exposure for sale, they may also at their discretion consider and report upon the question whether such goods should bear an indication of origin at the time of importation.