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From Saturday October 6. to Tuesday October 9. 1744.

Genoa, September 26, N. S.

THEY write from Rome, that Prince Lobkowitz had received positive Orders from Vienna to retire from Nemi into Lombardy; but as the providing for the Security of his Invalids retarded the Execution of those Orders, he has sent to this Republick to demand Leave to land them at Porto Spetia, which was immediately granted. This Republick continues her Military Preparations with the utmost Vigour, and every Night sends away Detachments of Sixty to one Hundred Men to Savona, from whence they are marched to Final: They are likewise preparing to cast Forty Pieces of Brass Cannon, Forty Ponders, which are to be ready by the Month of February next. The Doge and Senate have nominated a Magistracy, consisting of some particular Gentlemen, who have Power given them to transact the Publick Affairs at this Juncture, without giving the Doge and Senate, or the small Council, any particular Account of their Proceedings. Various are the Reports what Part the Republick's Troops are to act: Some say they are to assist Don Philip with 12 to 14000 Men as Auxiliaries, and to join him as soon as his Army shall become Masters of Coni, and shall have gained a free Passage into Lombardy; others, that they will form a Camp about Final, to cover that Marquisate from any Attack that might be formed against it. It is assured that the Republick has sent into Switzerland to raise 6000 Men; they are daily draughting Troops from Corfica, and have also agreed with a General to command their Forces, who is daily expected from Franckfort. Letters from Barcelona advise, that they were preparing an Embarkation, which was to consist of about 100 Sail of Vessels; about 50 of which were ready in that Port, and that the Spanish Fleet was to convoy them to Naples. Three Days

ago arrived a Vessel from Port Mahon, the Master whereof reports, that in his Voyage, near the Island of Sardinia, he met with four Spanish Vessels full of Troops, who chased him, but finding they could not come up with him, they stood away to the Southward. He also says, that he believes they came from Majorca; from whence they write, that an Embargo has been laid on all Vessels, and that an Embarkation is to be made of 800 to 1000 Men.

Whitehall, October 9.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Hon. William-Anne, Earl of Albemarle, Major General of his Majesty's Forces, to be Colonel of the Second Regiment of Foot Guards, in the room of his Grace Charles Duke of Marlborough.

Admiralty-Office, October 9.

Letters from Vice-Admiral Stewart, dated the 7th and 8th Instant, give an Account of his Arrival at Spithead, with all the English and Dutch Men of War of Sir John Balchen's Squadron, (except the Admiral's own Ship) having seen the Victuallers and Store-ships, which lay at Lisbon, safely into the Streight's Mouth. Sir John Balchen's Ship separated from the rest of the Squadron, in a hard Gale of Wind, in the Mouth of the Channel.

Admiralty-Office, October 9.

His Majesty's Ship the Harwich, commanded by Captain Carteret, in her Passage to the Nore, with the Trade from the Baltick, saw three Sail on the 29th of last Month, to which he gave Chase, and came up with one of them at Nine in the Evening, which, after exchanging one broad Side, struck her. She was a French Privateer of Dunkirk, called La Solide, of 24 Guns, and 202 Men, and extraordinarily well fitted. She had Seven Men killed, and 21 wounded. The Harwich had one

(Price Two-Pence.)



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