from the Towns in the Neighbourhood of Dunkirk, that the free Communication with that Place had been again restored since the 12th of this Month; an Express is said to have arrived there from Paris the Day before, and to have brought Orders for the Disembarking of the Troops; 16 Battalions, which were on board the Transports, having been relanded immediately after; as likewise the Artillery, the Ammunition, and every Thing necessary for making an Invasion. They also mention, that what was said about Count Saxe's having been on board one of the three Ships, which were forced out to Sea, was a Mistake, but that the Duke d'Antin or Gondrin, and the Prince of Monaco, were really on board during the Storm, and that the latter had narrowly escaped drowning in getting to Shore: That the Pretender's Son remained in a Convent at Dunkirk; that the Troops, which had been relanded, were ordered to incamp, till further Orders, under the Cannon of Dunkirk near the Chapel, which is on the East Side of that Town; that besides the Transports for Troops, there had been five Ships loaden in that Port with Field Pieces, carrying from 6 to 12 Pound Ball, with the proper Carriages, and Ammunition for them, and a great Number of Chevaux de Frize: That it was judged in that Neighbourhood, that the great Damage occasioned by the late Storms, as well to the Troops as Shipping, must have entirely disappointed the Expedition; but that the French however gave out, that they would reimbark their Troops the Moment the Weather would permit.

Hague, March 17. Holland this Morning not only took an unanimous Resolution, but immediately proposed the same in the Union, for equipping and putting to Sea forthwith, a Squadron of 20 Sail; and their High Mightinesles, whilst this Proposition is sending to the Provinces, have convened all the Colleges of the Admiralty hither, to prepare and dispose every Thing provisionally for the Execution of this Measure as foon as ever it is enacted. The three Great Colleges of Amsterdam, the Muse and Middelburg, are actually putting the Work in Hand, and will fet about rigging and manning several Ships forthwith. M. Fenelon, the French Ambasiador, is named to serve as Lieutenant-General under Marshal Noailles, in the Army of Flanders.

Whitehall, March 13.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint John Balchen, Esq; to be Master of his Majesty's Hospital at Greenwich in the County of Kent, and also one of the Commissioners or Governors thereof, in the room of Sir John Jennings, Knt. deceased.

St. James's, March 6.

This Day Signior Groffa Testa, Envoy from the Duke of Modena, had a private Audience of Leave of his Majesty, to which he was introduced by his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's, March 12.
This Day Signior Grossa Testa, Envoy from the Duke of Modena, had a private Audience of Leave of his Royal Highness the Duke.

And afterwards a private Audience of Leave of her Royal Highness the Princess Amelia; to both which he was introduc'd by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Leicester-house, March 7.

This Day Signior Grossa Testa had a private Audience of Leave of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

And afterwards a private Audience of Leave of her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales; to both which he was introduced by the Master of the Ceremonies.

By the Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland,

PROCLAMATION:

Devenshire,

WHereas we have received his Majesty's Royal Pleasure, That the Parliament of this Kingdom, which now stands prorogued to Thursday the First Day of March next, should be further prorogued; We do therefore hereby publish and declare, That the said Parliament be, and accordingly the faid Parliament is hereby further prorogued to Thursday the Fisteenth Day of March next: Whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament, are to take Notice accordingly.

Given at his Majesty's Castle of Dublin, the Twenty eighth Day of February 1743. By his Grace's Command, GOD Save the KING.

Whitehall, March 13, 1743-4.

Whereas on Saturday last, the 10th of this Instant
Month of March, a great Number of Persons did in a
riotous Manner assamble themselves before the House of
Thomas de Veil, Esq; in Bow street, Covent-Garden,
one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace; and whereas
three of the said Rioters did, upon the opening of the
Door of his House by his Serwant, rush violently into
his Office, where he was alone, and with great imprecations and Threats, demanded of him the Key of a certain Room in Panton street, and used many other insotain Room in Panton street, and used many other insolent and menacing Expressions, to the great Terror of his Family t And whereas the said three Persons did bis Family: And whereas the faid three Persons did declare their Names to be William Davis, James Brooks, and John White: His Majesty, for the better discovering the said three Persons, and bringing them to Justice for such riotous, violent, and unlawful Proceedings, is pleased to promise a Reward of One Hundred Pounds for the Discovery of the said William Davis, and Fifty Pounds a piece for the Discovery of the said James Brooks and John White, so as he of they may be apprehended and convisted thereof, pagable upon the Conviction of such Offender or Offenders.

CARTERET.

The above named William Davis is above Six Foot bigh, the two others of a middling Size.

Admiralty Office, Feb. 25, 1743. The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are pleased to direct, that such disabled or worn out Seamen who have been minuted to be received into the Royal Hofpis tal at Greenwich, do make their Appearance at this Office on Tuesday the 1st of May next, at Ten o'Clock in the Morning.

Tho. Corbett.