

ceive very graciously, and they had all the Honour to kiss His Majesty's Hand.

To the King's most Excellent Majesty,

**T**H<sup>O'</sup> the many zealous and dutiful Addresses which have already waited on your Majesty from several of the most considerable Parts of your Dominions, with their Congratulations on your happy Accession to the Throne of your Ancestors, have expressed the entire Sentiments of your whole People; yet indulge, dread Sovereign, the Ambition of so small a Number of your loyal Subjects as the Grand Jury for the Body of the County of Middlesex, the High Constables, and several of the Freeholders of the said County, with your Royal Permission, humbly to offer to your most Sacred Majesty their particular Tribute on so important and auspicious an Occasion.

To pay our Tears to the Ashes of our late most excellent Sovereign your Royal Father, is a Duty (and more strongly so, whilst your own filial Piety is our illustrious Example) incumbent on an obliged and grateful People: But when we are convinced of the Blessings which he has bequeathed us in the ample Talents and Virtues of his Son and Successour, let us not think it any Injustice to his blessed and glorious Memory to correct our Sorrows, and embrace, with Hearts loaded with Joy, a Prince, by whom his Loss is so largely repaired to us.

Allow us, most gracious Liege, to say, that never yet, since the Conquest, came a Monarch to the British Throne, who before his Accession gave the Kingdom a nobler Promise of his Abilities to protect and aggrandize it; or after his being invested with the Royal Dignity, manifested a stronger Resolution or more generous Assiduity to fulfill the Expectations he had raised.

When you were our Regent, during the necessary Absence of your Royal Father from his Dominions, your Administration gave us an Earnest of the great Endowments of our future King.

Give us Leave to assure your Majesty, that as we are fully sensible it must be our own Fault only if we are not the happiest and most flourishing Nation in the World, we will, for our Parts, in our several Stations and Capacities, make it our utmost Endeavour, on all Occasions, to shew ourselves not unworthy to share in those extensive Blessings with which both your Majesty, and your illustrious Consort, (who communicates a Glory to that Crown which she shares with you) are so able and so truly anxious to enrich your People.

That your Majesty may long continue to reign over a Kingdom, whose Interests and Prosperity are so dear to you; and when the Ruler of Kings shall determine to summon you to Himself, that the British Throne may never want a Successour from your Royal Line, to secure to latest Times the Felicity of the present, shall be our most sincere and constant Prayers.

Paris, Aug. 14. An Express from Versailles arrived here about Two a-Clock this Afternoon, with an Account, that about Eleven this Morning the Queen was delivered of two Princesses.

*From on Board His Majesty's Ship the Cornwall, at the Nore, Aug. 6, at Eight at Night.* Sir John Norris with the Squadron of His Majesty's Ships under his Command, sailed the 24th of July from Copenhagen to Elfenour; the 25th we sailed from thence, and the next Day passed the Categat: Since which Time we have been making our Passage, with little Wind and sometimes Calm, till this Instant that we are arrived at the Nore with all the Squadron; except the Garland, which Sir John Norris sent to Gottenbourg.

**A**T the Court at Kensington, the 5th Day of August 1727.

**P R E S E N T,**

The King's most Excellent Majesty in Council. This Day the Right Honourable Talbot Earl of Suffex, was, by His Majesty's Command, Sworn of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

Kensington, Aug. 7. This Day the Right Honourable William Stanhope Esq, delivered to His Majesty the Key of Vice-Chamberlain, which His Majesty was pleased to redeliver to him, and to appoint him Vice-Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household.

By the KING,

**A P R O C L A M A T I O N**

For dissolving this present Parliament, and declaring the calling of another.

**G E O R G E R.**

**W**H<sup>E</sup>R<sup>E</sup>A<sup>S</sup> We have thought fit, by and with the Advice of our Privy-Council, to dissolve this present Parliament, which now stands prorogued to Tuesday the 29th Day of this Instant August; We do for that End publish this our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby dissolve the said Parliament accordingly: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeses, and Commissioners for Shires and Burghs of the House of Commons, are discharged from their Meeting and Attendance on Tuesday the said 29th Day of this Instant August. And being desirous and resolved, with the first Opportunity, to meet our People, and have their Advice in Parliament, do hereby make known to all our loving Subjects, our Royal Will and Pleasure to call a New Parliament; and do hereby further declare, that, with the Advice of our Privy Council, We have this Day given Order to our Chancellor of Great Britain, to issue out Writs in due Form for calling a Parliament; which Writs are to bear Teste on Thursday the 10th Day of this Instant August, and to be returnable on Tuesday the 28th Day of November next.

Given at our Court at Kensington, the 5th Day of August 1727, in the First Year of our Reign.

God Save the KING.

By the KING,

**A P R O C L A M A T I O N,**

In order to the electing and summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland.

**G E O R G E R.**

**W**H<sup>E</sup>R<sup>E</sup>A<sup>S</sup> We have in Council thought fit to declare our Pleasure, for summoning and holding a Parliament of Great Britain on Tuesday the 28th Day of November next,

