

The London Gazette.

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Falmouth, January 4.

Several ships are come into this Harbor, the *Richard and John of London*, bound for the *Barbados*, the *Sumpson and Bombay-Merchant*, bound for the *East Indies*; and the *Humphrey and Elizabeth*, the *Europe* and *East India Merchant* bound for the same parts, are expected here to night.

Lyme, January 7. A small vessel belonging to *Bridgewater*, laden with Salt and Wines from *Rochel*, was by contrary winds forced into this Port; the Master says, That having been almost a month at sea in very foul weather, he put into *Brest* for provisions, and that they have there upon the Stocks 12 great ships, on which they work very hard; That the biggest of them is to have Four Decks, to carry 130 Guns, and will be called the *Wonder of the World*. He further says, That about Three weeks since, a very considerable Fleet of English, French, and Dutch Merchant men, to the number of 130 sail laden with Salt, Wines, and Brandy from *Burdoux* and other French Ports, set out from *Camerett*, and by a violent Northwest wind, were most of them driven on shoar, and 60 of them cast away: but hereof we hope suddenly to have a better account.

Hamborough, Dec. 30. The last Letters from *Warsaw* give us an account of the peaceable condition of that Kingdom; That the differences and animosities which have been so long between the Great General *Sobiesky*, and the Under General *Demeirius Wisnuowitsky*, have by the interposition of the King and some of the chief of the Nobility, been happily composed; That the fears of a confederation of the Army are quite vanished, and they marched into the winter Quarters that were appointed for them. That those of *Walachia* and *Moldavia* were with a considerable force upon the frontiers of the *Ukraine* and *Tartary* to be ready to assist the Cossacks, in case the King of *Poland* should march with his Army against them, as it is reported he intends to do, so soon as Two or Three months of the winter were past. From *Liesland* they write, That in *Moscow* the troubles increase daily; that the Court there is very much distracted to see how the Rebels grow in strength, multitudes flocking every day to them, and almost no way left to suppress them. They farther say that they are on their march towards *Moscow*, and that they have defeated some of the Emperors forces which were sent out against them, but hereof are so many various reports, that it is hard to know what to believe, till we have a more certain account thereof. Letters from *Danzick* say, That the Magistrates of that Town, fearing some base spirits under the pretence of standing upon their liberties, may endeavor disturbances in the Government, are raising some Troops of Horse and Companies of Foot for the preventing of all such evil practices.

Hague, Jan. 13. Here have been published Two Plaets or Ordinances of the States General of the *United Provinces*, bearing date the 2d of this present *January*; by the one they forbid the importation of Brandy and all other distilled waters, to this effect. That for several important reasons them thereunto moving; They do forbid all persons to import, or to bring into any place within their dominions any Brandy or other distilled waters, under penalty that all persons so offending, shall forfeit for every Cask of Brandy, whether the same be great or small, by them imported or received into their Cellars or Warehouses, besides confiscation of the same, 600 Guilders. They further forbid all Masters of Vessels, Carriers and others, to bring in their Vessels or Waggons any Brandy or other distilled waters into any place within their dominions, under penalty of forfeiting for every Cask or Barrel of Brandy, or other distilled waters they shall so bring in, One hundred Guilders besides confiscation of the same; for the payment of which, their Vessels and Waggons to be liable, or otherwise to be exemplarily punished. They forbid all Porters, Labourers and others, to be employed in unloading, carrying or receiving any such Brandy or distilled waters, under penalty as above said. And whereas there is at present some quantity of Brandy and other distilled waters in the hands of several Merchants, they give leave for Eight Months, to export, sell, or consume the same. That after the expiration of the said time, no person shall keep in his Warehouse or Cellar any such Brandy or other distilled waters, under penalty of forfeiting 600 Guilders for every Cask or Barrel of Brandy or distilled waters by him so kept or remaining; and if the said offenders be not able to pay the said Fines, then to suffer corporal punishment. They forbid all sworn Brokers to be present at, or make any bargain for the buying or selling any such Brandy or distilled waters after the expiration of the said time, upon forfeiture of their places, and being Fined as above. They further forbid all their subjects, to make any Brandy or other distilled waters of Wine or Lees of Wine, after the expiration of the said Eight months, under penalty of being for the first offence, besides confiscation of the said Brandy or other distilled waters, suspended their Trade for One year and Six weeks; for the Second offence, for ever; and for the third to be banished the Country. And that the Merchants or others may have timely notice hereof, this Order is not to take effect till after the 29th of this present *January*.

By the other they charge great impositions upon all French Manufactures, and for the better execution of their intentions therein; They forbid all Persons of what quality or condition soever they may be, henceforward to Buy, Sell, Trade with, or bring into any part of their Dominions, any French Manufactures (excepting onely, White Chenees, otherwise called *Witte Cajanten*, Worsted Camlets, (otherwise *Barracanen van Wolle*) Picotes Royal, white and coloured, worsted Damask of Wooll, Picotes of Wooll, Flowerd Chenees, otherwise *Geulande Cajanten*,

ten, Bouiratts, Hangings for Chambers from 6, to 20 Quarrers broad, course Velvet (otherwise *Trypen*) & Stockins, unless they be such persons as shall have Licences from the Magistrates of the respective places so to do, under a penalty of 100 Guilders for every piece of such manufactures (besides confiscation of the same) as shall be found in their hands for the first offence, for the second fault 200 Guilders, and for the third to be banished the Countrey. That such persons as are Licensed as aforesaid, shall not buy, sell, or trade with any other Commodities, then the said French Manufactures, under penalty as aforesaid. That in the several Towns there shall be a certain number of such Licensed Shopkeepers or French Mercers, not exceeding Six in the Great Towns, and Three in the less; the said Mercers paying yearly in the Great Towns 1000 Guilders, and in other places 500 Guilders. That the said French Mercers shall nor receive into their houses or shops, any such French Manufactures, till they have acquainted the Officers of the place, to be to that end appointed, therewith, who are to put a certain mark upon the same, the Customes being first paid; under penalties as aforesaid. That no person shall receive out of France or other parts, any such French Manufactures for his own use, or buy the same of any others, then such Licensed shopkeepers, under a penalty of One hundred Guilders for every piece they shall to buy or receive, besides confiscation of the same, to be paid both by the buyer and seller. That the aforesaid Officers of the respective Towns shall not connive at the receipt of any of the said French Manufactures, or mark the same, till the Customes be first paid, under penalty of 1000 Guilders for every time so offending. That the said Officers may at any time, taking with them one or more witnesses, go and visit the shops and houses of the said Mercers, and take an account of what Goods and Commodities they have therein. That such persons as shall inform against any one offending in any of these particulars, shall enjoy one half of all the Fines and Forfeitures to be by him paid: And whereas there may be at present great quantities of such manufactures in the hands of several Merchants and Shopkeepers, they give leave for Six months to buy, sell and vent the same, to begin from the Date hereof, and no longer.

Genoa, Dec. 27. This Senate hath made choice of Signor *Pompeo Fustiniani*, descended from him of the same name, who was formerly General for the Republick of Venice in *Triout*, to go with all speed to *Constantinople* in quality of their Resident in the place of Signior *Sinibald Fiesco*, who is returning thence.

We have advice here, that Monsieur *Martel*, Vice-Admiral of France, coming in pursuit of some Corsairs of *Barbary* to *Malta*, and entering that Port, pretended that the Castle ought to salute first, which the Governor thereof expected from him, in which they both remaining obstinate, some sharp words passed between them, and Monsieur *Martel* went thence, much dissatisfied at the Governors proceedings, who having acquainted the Grand Master of the Order therewith, he immediately dispatched an Express to inform his most Christian Majesty of the whole affair.

Cologne, Dec. 30. The Duke of *Lorraine* continues here still, together with the Princes of *Lisbonne* and *Vaudemont*, having lately received advice that his most Christian Majesty hath given Orders for the marching of Twenty Companies into *Lorraine* to compleat the Regiments there; They farther say, that the Duke de *Breigny* had published a Proclama-

tion, forbidding the Inhabitants to keep any correspondence with his said Highness, upon pain of death.

The Bishop of *Munster* hath written a very kind Letter to the States-General, wishing them a happy New year, and offering them the service of his forces, when the differences he hath with the Duke of *Brunswick* are composed. From *Muscovy* they write, that the Patriarch who was formerly deposed and banished the Court, hath sided with the Rebels, and that several Greek Priests, have been severely punished for going about to defend him in it. From *Vienna* they tell us, that the troubles in *Hungary* being wholly appeased, the Troops that were ordered to march thither, have been countermanded, to remain in *Moravia*, *Silesia* and *Bohemia*, till farther order.

Paris, Jan. 24. Yesterday was committed a very strange and villanous attempt upon the person of the Princess of *Condé* by one *Duval*, formerly her Footman; and who, for some offence, was by the Prince of *Condé* turned out of his service. This fellow, upon what account is not known, watching an opportunity, when the Princess was alone in her Chamber, stabbed her in the Breast with a Dagger, and so left her, double locking the door, and carrying the Key away with him: By which means, for the present, he made his escape without any observation, notwithstanding, there were three Swiss at the door, but hath been since apprehended. The wound the Princess received is large, but not deep, so that it is hoped, she is in no great danger. All the Nobility, and Persons of Condition about the Town, have been since to visit her upon this accident.

His most Christian Majesty hath by an Order of Council of the seventh instant, forbid all His Subjects to lade any Brandy-Wine on *Holland* Vessels in any Port within His Dominions under a penalty of 1500 Livres, besides confiscation of the same. Further commanding, That from the First of *April* next, there be charged on every dozen Barrel of Herrings imported in *Holland* Vessels into His Dominions, or laden upon their account 24 Livres, from the first of *July* next 32 Livres; and from the first of *October* next 40 Livres. That there be likewise charged upon all Spices imported by the *Hollanders*, or upon their account, either by Land or Sea, 30 per cent, besides the duties already payable.

On Sunday last, the King was to view the Triumphant Arch, together with his Statue on Horseback of White Marble, which he causes to be erected in the *Fauxbourg S. Anthoine*.

Here is concluded a marriage between the Duke of *Vendour*, and the second Daughter of the Marshalle de *la Motte*, to the great satisfaction of all their Friends and Relations.

Whitehal, Jan. 11. Upon the death of the late High Sheriff of *Berkshire*, *Plummer Esq;* of *Windsor*, was this day appointed by His Majesty to serve as High Sheriff of that County, for the rest of the year.

Advertisements.

✱ *Guilielmi Hoeli, LL. D. Elementa Historiæ ab orbe condito usque ad Monarchiam Constantinianæ Magni Imperiorum res gestas complexa novo Ordine & Methodo, Simul & Regnorum Rerum publicarumque illis Coætaneorum. Una cum Politiarum Magistratuumque succinctoria & brevi Enarratione. Sold by John Martyn at the Bell in St Pauls Churchyard.*

John Powell of a middle Stature, about 19 years of age, Reddish colour Hair, in a Sad colour Coat, and a Camlet Cloak, went away from his Master on the 18th of December last; if any one can give notice of him to his Master Mr. *Daniel*, a Watch-Casemaker at the Golden Ball over against Ivy Bridge in the Strand, shall be well rewarded for their pains.