

The London Gazette.

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Anno Regni decimo Annæ Regina.

By the Act for laying Duties upon Silks, Callicoes, &c.

IT is Enacted, That for all chequer'd and strip'd Linens, and all Linens printed, painted, stained or dy'd in foreign Parts, before or after the Manufacture imported into Great Britain after the 20th of July, 1712. there shall (over and above all other Duties payable for the same) be paid by the Importer a Duty, after the Rate of 15 l. per Cent. of the real Value thereof.

And for all Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs, of what kinds soever, which after the said 20th of July, 1712, shall be printed, stained, painted or dy'd in Great Britain, (such Callicoes, Linens and Fustians as shall be dy'd throughout of one Colour only, and Stuffs made of Woollen, or whereof the greatest Part in Value shall be Woollen always excepted) the several Rates and Duties herein after expressed (over and above the Duties payable upon the Importation thereof) that is to say,

For all Silks so printed, painted or stained in Great Britain (Silk Handkerchiefs excepted) 6 d. for every Yard in length, reckoning half a Yard for the breadth.

For all Silk Handkerchiefs so printed, &c. in Great Britain 3 d. for every Yard square, and so proportionably.

For all Callicoes so printed, &c. in Great Britain (except as aforesaid) 3 d. for every Yard in length, reckoning one Yard wide, and so proportionably.

For all Linens and Stuffs (except before excepted) to be printed, &c. as aforesaid, in Great Britain, three half Pence for every Yard in length, reckoning Yard wide, and so proportionably.

If any Persons, who on or before the 20th of July, 1712, shall Print, Paint, Stain, or Dye, any of the said Goods, chargeable by the said Act, do not on or before the said 20th Day of July, give notice in Writing at the next Office for the said Duties, of their respective Names and Places of Abode and Places of Working; or if they shall afterwards change their Places of Working; or if every Person and Persons who at any time, during the continuance of the said Act, shall be a Printer, Painter, Stainer or Dyer of any of the Goods aforesaid, do not give the like Notice of their respective Names and Places of Abode and Places of Working, they forfeit for every Offence 30 l.

All Persons who shall Print, Paint, Stain, or Dye any of the said Goods, chargeable by the said Act, must once in every six Weeks, make true Entry in Writing at the next Office for the same Duties, of all such Goods by them severally printed, painted, stained or dyed within such six Weeks, mentioning in such Entries the just Kinds and Quantities thereof; and if such Printer, &c. be not the Owner, &c. of such Goods, &c. so printed, &c. He, She, or They must specify the Names and Places of Abode of the Owners thereof, or for whose Account they Print, &c. the same; on pain to forfeit 50 l. the said

Entries to be made upon Oath or Solemn Affirmation of Quakers.

The said Duties must be cleared off within six Weeks after such Entry shall be or should be made, on Penalty of paying double Duty.

No Person, after such Default made, must deliver or carry out, or cause to be deliver'd or carry'd out, any such Goods until the said Duties are paid, on pain to forfeit double the value of the Goods so delivered or carried out.

Officers are to be permitted by Day or Night (if by Night, with a Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace) to enter all Houses and Places belonging to any Person who shall Print, Paint, Stain or Dye any Callicoes, Silks or Stuffs, (except before excepted) to take just Accounts thereof, as the same shall from time to time be printed, painted, stained or dyed, of which the Officer is to make a Report, which is to be a Charge upon every such Printer, Painter, Stainer or Dyer, who upon demand must have a Copy thereof; and if the Officer refuses such Copy he forfeits 40 s.

Officers are to be permitted to take Account of the Quantities of Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs which shall at any time be in the Possession of any private Painter, Stainer or Dyer to be printed, &c. and if such Officers miss any Quantity of such Silk, &c. whereof he had taken an Account at his last Survey, and shall not upon reasonable demand receive Satisfaction what is become of the same, he is to charge such Printer, &c. with the Duties of such Silks, &c. as if the same were printed, painted, stained or dyed.

Persons obstructing the Officers in the execution of the Powers given by this Act forfeit for every Offence 20 l.

Removing, carrying or sending away any Silks, Callicoes, Linens or Stuffs, chargeable by this Act, before Account taken, and marked with a Stamp, denoting the charging the Duty, is a forfeiture of 20 l.

All such Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs so carried away, without being marked, as aforesaid, which shall be found in the possession of any Draper, or other Trader or Dealer therein, or other Person for their Use for Sale, may be seized, or the Value thereof may be recovered, a Moiety to the Queen, and a Moiety to the Seizer or Informer.

Silks, Callicoes, &c. not Survey'd, must be kept separate from others which have been survey'd, on the forfeiture of 5 l. for every Offence.

Fraudulently hiding or concealing any Silks, Callicoes, Linens or Stuffs, before or after the same are printed, &c. is a forfeiture of 20 l. for every Offence.

All Silks, Callicoes, Linens and Stuffs found in any private Workhouse or other Place, whereof Notice hath not been given, or the Value thereof, may be seiz'd and recovered, a Moiety to the Queen, and a Moiety to the Seizer or Informer.

And all Printers, Painters, Stainers, Dyers, Drapers, Mercers, Upholders, Traders and Dealers, who on the said 20th of July, 1712, shall have in their Possession, or in the Possession of any other for their Use, any Stock of such chequer'd, or strip'd Linens, or such Printed, Painted, Stained or Dyed Silks, Callicoes, Linens or Stuffs for Sale, must pay

one half of the said respective Rates: Which half Rates must be paid within three Months after the said 20th of July.

All such Printers, Painters, Stainers, Dyers, Mesters, Drapers, Upholders, Traders and Dealers, must on or before the said 20th of July, deliver upon Oath or Affirmation to the proper Officer, a Particular in Writing Signed by them, of their respective Stocks, describing the Quantities and Kinds thereof distinctly.

Officers are to be permitted to enter into all Shops, Warehouses, and other Places whatsoever, where such Stock shall be, to view and take account thereof; refusing to let the Officer so to enter, is a Forfeiture of 50 l.

If the Duties for such Stocks be not paid on or before the 29th of September, 1712. or before that time secured to be paid on or before the 25th of December, 1712. such Officer may Levy such Duties as shall not be so paid or so secured, by Distress of the Goods and Chattels of the Person, &c. liable thereunto, and for Non-payment may sell such Distress within ten Days, rendering the Overplus (if any be) to the Owner.

Upon Prompt Payment, viz. within the said three Months, there is to be a Discount at the Rate of 10 l. per Cent. for the said Duties of Stock in Hand.

If any neglect to give such Particular, on or before the said 20th of July, 1712. or willingly omit any part of such Stock, or Fraudulently remove or conceal their said Stock or any part thereof before the said Duties shall be paid or secured as aforesaid, they Forfeit for every Offence 50 l. and the Goods for which no such Particular shall have been given, or which shall be omitted out of the same, or shall be concealed or carried away as aforesaid, which may be Seiz'd to the use of the Queen and the Seizer.

If any Counterfeit or Forge any Stamp or Seal, to resemble any Stamp or Seal, which shall be provided in pursuance of this Act, or shall Counterfeit the Impression of the same, upon any of the Commodities chargeable by this Act, and be thereof Convicted. they shall be judged Felons, and shall suffer Death, as in cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

And if any shall sell any Printed, Painted, Stained or Dyed Silks, Callicoes, Linens or Stuffs as aforesaid, with a Counterfeit Stamp thereon, knowing the same to be Counterfeited, they and their Aiders and Assistants (Convicted as aforesaid) Forfeit for every Offence 100 l. and shall stand in the Pillory two Hours.

All Callicoes Printed, Painted or Stained, which shall be within one Eighth part of a Yard, of Yard broad, or not exceeding the same, shall pay as Yard broad, and no more or less.

Her Majesty's Commissioners for the said Duties, having duly appointed Offices for the said Duties to be kept at the several Houses and Places where Offices of Excise are now kept: All Entries required by the foregoing Act, are to be respectively made at such Houses and Places so appointed.

The following Address from the Mayor, Bayliff, and Burgeses of the antient Borough of *Leicester*, was presented to Her Majesty by *James Winstanley*, Esq; One of their Representatives of the said Borough, introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of *Denbigh*.

To the *QUEEN*'s most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Mayor, Bayliffs, and Burgeses, of Your Majesty's antient Borough of *Leicester*.

WE Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects are deeply affected with the abundant Favours we and all Your Subjects have had and

enjoy'd under Your Majesty's most auspicious Reign, ever since Your accession to the Throne; and now infinitely obliged by Your Majesty's more than ordinary Condescension, in communicating to Your People the Terms upon which a General Peace may be made, wherein Your great Regard and Concern for the Good of the People of Your own Kingdoms; and the Welfare of those of Your Allies doth most conspicuously appear, by the Care You have taken to preserve our happy Establishment in Church and State, for continuing the Succession of the Crown in the Protestant Line, as by Law Established, by endeavouring to maintain the Balance of Europe; and in improving and settling of Trade (the great Support to the People of Your Nation); and all this, notwithstanding the restless and implacable Malice and Endeavours of many Dissatisfied and Republican Opposers of Monarchy and Peace.

We cannot therefore, but with unfeigned Hearts, return our humble and grateful Acknowledgments for Your Majesty's great Care for the Good of Your own People, and Welfare of Your Allies, praying to God, that Your Majesty may be enabled to bring to a good End that glorious Work You have begun, and made so great a Progress in; which when obtain'd, we hope will be Lasting: And that Your Majesty may long live to see the good Effects of an honourable and glorious Peace to Your Own Satisfaction, and Happiness of Your People.

The following Address from the City of *Rocheſter*, was presented to Her Majesty by Sir *John Leak*, one of their Representatives in Parliament.

To the *QUEEN*'s most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Common-Council, Freemen, and Inhabitants of the City of *Rocheſter*.

WE beg leave, most Gracious Sovereign, among the rest of Your Loyal Subjects, to return Your Majesty our most humble and hearty Thanks, for Your great Goodness and Condescension, in communicating to Your Parliament those Terms of Peace which France hath at last been brought to offer.

When we consider the many Difficulties Your Majesty's Wisdom has surmounted in the present Negotiations, which have sprung, not only from the Nature of so great a Work, but also from the many Artful and Treacherous Contrivances of Those who delight in War. Your pious Care for the Security of the Protestant Succession in the House of Hanover, as established by Law, on which the future Happiness of our Posterity so much depends, Your steady pursuit of the true Interest of Your own Kingdoms, so little regarded by others; the many wise Provisions You have made for the securing and enlarging the Trade and Commerce of Your own People, and for the procuring a Just and Reasonable Satisfaction for all Your Allies; we cannot but with the utmost Joy and Gratitude, express our unfeigned Satisfaction in what Your Majesty hath already done, and our entire Reliance and Dependence upon Your Majesty's Wisdom in giving, according to Your undoubted Prerogative, the finishing Hand to this great and good Work.

Madam, these signal Instances of Your Majesty's great Wisdom and Goodness, must necessarily make deep and lasting Impressions upon the Hearts of all Good Men, and be a new Addition to the Glory of Your Reign, which (far from being bounded by any Number of past Years, as some envious and malicious Spirits have fastidiously suggested) will, we trust still, continue to grow Greater and Brighter, and know no other Period of its increasing here on Earth, but that alone which shall Translate You to an Immortality of Glory in Heaven.

The following Address from the Borough of *Tiverton*, in the County of *Devon*, was presented to Her Majesty by Sir *Edward Northey*, Kt. Attorney-General, being introduced by the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary *St. John*.

To the QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty!

The humble Address of the Mayor, Capital Burgesse, and Assistants of the Corporation and Borough of *Triverton* in the County of *Devon*.

Most Gracious Sovereign!

WE Your Majesty's most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects beg leave to offer our hearty Thanks, with the greatest Joy and Satisfaction for Your Majesty's unparallel'd Goodness, in communicating to Your Honourable Lords and Faithful Commons, upon what Terms a General Peace may be obtained.

We are truly sensible, That nothing less than Your affectionate Care, and the unwearied Industry of Your present Ministry, would have surmounted the Difficulties that attended it Abroad, and baffled those artful Contrivances that were used to obstruct it at Home.

That Care Your Majesty has taken to secure the Protestant Succession in the House of Hanover; those how accessions of Trade, procured for You own Subjects, as a recompence of their unequal Expence, during a long and tedious War; those beneficial Terms You have insisted on in general for the Confederate Allies: As all these are Instances of Your diffusive Goodness, so they demand a distinguishing Sense of Gratitude from Your dutiful Subjects, since 'tis from this tender regard of Your Majesty for the Good of Your People, that we humbly hope to see what ever has been concluded prejudicial and injurious to Commerce in a late Treaty, (justly Censur'd by Your Faithful Commons) will meet with its Redress in the present Negotiation.

May this great Work prosper in Your Hand, which is so well begun; and may those glorious Successes with which Your happy Reign has hitherto been Crown'd have a speedy End in the better Success of Peace.

The following Address from the Corporation of *Ipswich*, in the County of *Suffolk* was presented to Her Majesty by Sir *William Barker*, one of their Representatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary *St. John*.

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Bayliffs, Burgesse, and Commonalty of the Corporation of *Ipswich*, in the County of *Suffolk*.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

It is with the most grateful Sense of Your Majesty's Goodness and Wisdom, that we presume to return Your Majesty our most humble and hearty Thanks for Your great Condescension in communicating to your People, such Terms as may give a happy Conclusion to this War, by a General Peace.

The Enemies to Your Crown and Kingdoms daily forged such malicious Falsities, as made us very desirous of the Truth: And it was with inexpressible Joy we saw those Men seiz'd with a senseless Stupidity, when they found by what Your Majesty told Your Parliaments, that You had preserved a most sacred regard to all Your Alliances, especially by having assured the Succession in the illustrious House of Hanover, and yet procured such Advantages to Your People of Britain, as are in great proportion to the Expences they have been at.

If we may humbly and dutifully express our Thoughts, we take it to be a fine and a noble Policy, when Your Majesty found two Powers firmly united by a War, to separate those Powers by a Peace, and make it each others Interest eternally to continue so.

God grant that Your Success, in completing this Treaty, may be answerable to the Greatness and Goodness of Your Majesty's Intentions.

All which Addresses Her Majesty received very graciously.

From the Camp at *Chateau Camberfis*, July 6. N.S. We have receiv'd advice from the Camp before *Quefroy*, that on Sunday last, at Three in the Af-

ternoon, the Governour demanded a Parly, and propos'd certain Conditions on which he would surrender the Place; but those Conditions being rejected by General *Fagel*, and the Governour likewise on his side refusing the Terms offered by the General, Hostilities were soon after renew'd; but in two or three Hours the Chamade was beat a Second Time; and the Governour consented to deliver himself and the Garrison Prisoners of War, under the same Terms that were granted to *Bouchain* last Year; with this only difference, That the Garrison of *Quefroy* is to be conducted to *Armersfort*, a Town situate on the Iffel, some Leagues beyond *Utrecht*. *Quefroy* is a small but strong Place in the County of *Hainault*, within two Leagues to the South-East of *Vasentien*nes. It hath been in the Possession of France ever since the Year 1654. We had Intelligence some Days ago, that the Enemy had sent a Body of Troops to *Guise*, which we have since discover'd to be Reinforcements for the Garrisons of *Maubeuge*, *Lutredrecy*, and *Avesnes*.

Brussels, July 7. N.S. The Nine Squadrons of Auxillary Galatines, which served on this side last Year, and have been so long promised, are now on their March, and tis hop'd will be here by the Ninth, in their way to the Army, together with some Recruits of Men and Horses for the Imperial Cavalry.

Utrecht, July 8. N.S. This Morning early Mr. *Warley* left this Place, to proceed on his way to *Hanover*, accompanied by several British Gentlemen.

Hague, July 9. N.S. The Earl of *Strafford* landed at *Brill* on the Sixth, and arrived here the same Day in the Evening, where he had immediately a Conference for some time with the great Pensionary. The next Morning his Excellency visited the President of the Week; after which, the Deputies of the States General came to his House about One of the Clock and continued some Hours there. The same afternoon the States General held an Assembly by themselves. The Lord Privy Seal having receiv'd Express from the Earl of *Strafford*, signifying his arrival here that Evening from *Utrecht*, and their Lordships went together to the great Pensionary. Yesterday, at the desire of the States General, their Lordships were in Conference with them, for some Hours, in the Chamber of *Treves*. This Morning the Grand Pensionary, Monsieur *Fagel*, Monsieur *Buy*, and Monsieur *Slingerland*, Deputies of the States, had another Conference with the Two British Plenipotentiaries in the Chamber of *Treves*, which lasted between three and four Hours: And at Five this Afternoon, their Lordships again met the said Deputies, and continued with them till Eleven, at Night. To Morrow my Lord Privy-Seal will go from hence to *Utrecht*, and the Earl of *Strafford* to the Army in *Flanders*.

Kensington, June 30. This Evening Monsieur de *Leith*, Envoy Extraordinary from the Czar of *Muscovy*, had a Private Audience of Her Majesty, to which he was introduced by the Right Honourable *Henry St. John*, Esq; One of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir *Clement Cottrell*, Master of the Ceremonies.

The same Evening the Sieur d'Elorme, Resident from the King of *Poland*, had also a private Audience of Her Majesty, to which he was introduced by the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary *St. John*, and conducted by Sir *Clement Cottrell*, Master of the Ceremonies.

Kensington, July 2. 1712.

Whereas on Tuesday the 17th of June last, some Dogs were put into the Pen at *Swinly Rails* in *Windsor Forest*, and killed six Deer; Her Majesty, for the better Discovery of those who are guilty of this Presumption, hath been pleas'd to direct, That any Person or Persons who shall at any single within one Month, so be accounted from this Day, discover the Offenders or any of them, so as they or any of them may be Convicted of the said Crime, shall

shall over and above the Reward allowed by the Statute, receive a further Reward of Fifty Pounds, to be paid by the most Honourable the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain. And in case any Person or Persons concerned in the said Offence, shall discover any of his or their Accomplices therein, so as to be Convicted thereof, Her Majesty is pleased to promise Her Gracious Pardon to such Person or Persons making such Discovery.

H. St. JOHN.

The Commissioners appointed by Act of Parliament to take, examine and determine the Debts due to the Army, Transport Service, and Sick and Wounded, do hereby give Notice to all Persons concerned in making up the Accounts of the said Debts, That they do sit at their Office in Essex-street, for putting the said Act in Execution.

Whereas an Information of False Musters has been lately sent to the Judge Advocate's Office at the Horse-Guards, by one William Armstrong: These are to give Notice to the said Armstrong, that a Court Martial will be held on Tuesday Morning next, being the 8th of this Instant July, at Ten a Clock, for the Tryal of the said False Musters; at which time the said Armstrong is to appear, to make good his Information.

Advertisements

+ This Day is Publish'd, A compleat History of Drugs, Simple and Compound, divid'd into three Classes, Vegetable, Animal and Mineral, with their use in Physick, Chymistry, Pharmacy, &c. Illustrated with above 400 Copper Cutts curiously Drawn from the Life, and Engraven by the best Artists. Written by Mr. Pomet, Drug list to the French King. To which is added whatever is in Lemery, Turnefort, &c. in 2 Vol. 4to. Print'd by R. Bonwick, W. Freeman, T. Goodwin, J. Walchoe, M. Wotton, B. Manthip, J. N. Chilton, B. T. Oke, R. Parker, and R. Smith.

D. R. Morse, who Cures the Gout and Rheumatism, is at St. Paul's Coffee-House in St. Paul's Church-yard every Day.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against Elizabeth Hickox, of St. Katharine's near the Tower of London, Woodmonger, and she being declar'd a Bankrupt, is hereby requir'd to surrender herself to the Commissioners on the 11th and 18th Instant, and on the 2d of August next, at 4 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the first of which Sittings the Creditors are to come prepar'd to prove Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and shew Affidavits.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against Thomas Edis, of Stowlong in the County of Huntingdon, Chapman, and he being declar'd a Bankrupt, is hereby requir'd to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 10th and 17th Instant, and on the 2d of August, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the second of which Sittings the Creditors are to come prepar'd to prove Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and shew Affidavits.

Whereas George Newell, late of London, Goldsmith, hath surrender'd himself (pursuant to Notice) and been several times examined; this is to give notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 18th Instant, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against John Eveleigh, of Lawrence Clift in the County of Devon, Maltster, and he being declar'd a Bankrupt, is hereby requir'd to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 11th and 24th Instant, and on the 12th of August next, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Lyon's-Inn Coffee house in the City of Exeter; at the first of which Sittings the Creditors are to come prepar'd to prove Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and shew Affidavits.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded against Amos Nott, of Tiverton in the County of Devon, Merchant, and he being declar'd a Bankrupt, was by publick Notice in the Gazette requir'd to surrender himself at 3 several Days therein mention'd, and since past, but the Bankrupt hath not surrender'd himself, the said Commissioners have given notice at the Place of the said Nott's usual Abode, according to the Act of Parliament; and the said Nott is required to surrender himself to the Commissioners on the 11th and 18th Instant, and 2d of August next, at 2 in the Afternoon, at Lewis Jones's Coffee-house, Exon, and in Default thereof the said Nott will be prosecuted as a Felon on the said Act, And all Persons who have any of his Effects, are to deliver them to the Assignees; and those of his Creditors who have not already come in, are at the 2d Sitting to come and prove their Debts and pay Contribution-Money.

Whereas Clement Joynea, of the City of London, Button-maker, hath surrender'd himself (pursuant to notice) and been twice examined; this is to give notice, that he will attend the Commissioners on the 16th Instant, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to finish his Examination; where his Creditors are to come prepar'd to prove Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

The Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Mathew Woodward, of London, Winecooper, intend to meet on the 17th Instant, at 3 in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate; where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, and paid their Contribution-Money, are to come prepar'd to do the same, or they'll be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend.

Whereas the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Harford, of Exford, in the County of Wilts, Chiselman, have certifi'd to the Right Honourable Simon Lord Harcourt, Baron of Stanton-Harcourt, Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain, that he hath in all things conform'd himself to the Directions of the late Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give notice, that his Certificate will be allow'd and confirm'd as the said Acts direct, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 24th of July Instant.

Whereas the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Benjamin Shurmer, of the City of Bristol, Soapboiler, have certifi'd to the Rt. Hon. Simon Lord Harcourt, Baron of Stanton-Harcourt, Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain, that he hath in all things conform'd himself to the Directions of the late Acts of Parliament, made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that his Certificate will be allow'd and confirm'd as the said Acts direct, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary, on or before the 24th of July Instant.

Whereas the acting Commissioners, in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against Bartholomew Palmer, of London, Merchant, have certifi'd to the Rt. Hon. Simon Lord Harcourt, Baron of Stanton-Harcourt, Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain, that he hath in all things conform'd himself to the Directions of the late Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: this is to give Notice, that his Certificate will be allow'd and confirm'd as the said Acts direct, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary, on or before the 24th Instant.

Whereas the Rt. Hon. Simon Lord Harcourt, Baron of Stanton-Harcourt, Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain, hath referr'd the Certificate of Daniel Hallett the Elder, of North-Perratt in the County of Somerset, Chapman, Daniel Hallett the Younger, of the same, Chapman, and Charles Hallett of Crewkerne in the same County, Chapman and Coppartners, to Mr. Baron Lovell and Mr. Justice Byre: These are to give Notice, that the said Certificate will be confirm'd, as the Act directs, unless his Creditors shall on the 12th Instant, at 10 in the Forenoon, at Serjeants Inn-Hall in Chancery-lane, shew good Cause to the contrary.

Simon Howard and Henry Knight, Prisoners in the County Goal of Bedford, having petitioned one of her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, and his Warrant signed thereupon, directed to the Keeper of the said Prison, to bring them to the next General Quarter Sessions held for the said County of Bedford, to be discharged pursuant to an Act lately passed, for Relief of Insolvent Debtors; and they conforming themselves in all things as the Act directs, their respective Creditors are to take notice thereof.

Henry Skrine and Benjamin Aldworth, Prisoners in Newgate in the City of Bristol, having petitioned one of her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said City, and his Warrant signed thereupon, directed to the Goaler of the said Prison, to bring them to the General Quarter Sessions held at the Guildhall of the said City, on the 30th of July, to be discharged pursuant to an Act lately pass'd, for Relief of Insolvent Debtors; and they conforming themselves in all things as the Act directs, their respective Creditors are to take Notice thereof.

Woodroffe Salter, Prisoner in the Common Goal for her Majesty's Duchy of Lancaster in the County of Norfolk, having petitioned one of her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, and his Warrant signed thereupon, directed to the Goaler of the said Prison, to bring him to the General Quarter Sessions to be held for the said Liberty in the said County, at Fakenham, on the 31st of July next, by Adjournment from the Castle of Norwich at the Sessions to be holden the 15th of July, to be discharged pursuant to an Act lately passed for Relief of Insolvent Debtors; and he conforming himself in all things as the Act directs, his respective Creditors are to take notice thereof.

Albon Thomas, Gent. Prisoner in Worcester Goal, having petitioned one of her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, and his Warrant signed thereupon, directed to the Goaler of the said Prison, to bring him to the General Quarter Sessions held for the said County, on the 15th of July, to be discharged pursuant to an Act lately passed, for Relief of Insolvent Debtors; and he conforming himself in all things as the Act directs, his respective Creditors are to take notice thereof.

Thomas Johnson, Richard Ayre, Leonard Robinson Thomas Wilkinon, Mathew Harrison, Christopher Baker, John Reynold, Thomas Carmichael, Henry Admison, George Shaw, John Blades, Henry Bury, Christopher Bateman, Ralph Scott, John Oley, Ralph Hillary, John Pritt, John Brookesbank, James Richardson, and Edward Hanby, Prisoners in Richmond Goal in the County of York, having petitioned one of her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the North Riding of the County of York, and his Warrant signed thereupon directed to the Goaler of the said Prison, to bring them to the General Quarter Sessions to be held by Adjournment at Northallerton, on the 2d of August next, to be discharged pursuant to an Act lately passed, for Relief of Insolvent Debtors; and they conforming themselves in all things as the Act directs, their respective Creditors are to take notice thereof.

ERRATA. In the Gazette of the 10th of June, in the Advertisement from the County Goal of Westmorland, for James Wiltan read Willan.