



# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1897.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable Sir John Henry de Villiers, K.C.M.G., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day Sir Samuel Henry Strong was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable Sir Wilfred Laurier, G.C.M.G., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable George Houston Reid was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable Sir George Turner, K.C.M.G., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable Richard John Seddon was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable Sir Hugh Muir Nelson, K.C.M.G., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable Sir John Gordon Sprigg, K.C.M.G., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable Charles Cameron Kingston, Q.C., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable Sir William Vallance Whiteway, K.C.M.G., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable Sir Edward Nicholas Coventry Braddon, K.C.M.G., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable Sir John Forrest, K.C.M.G., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day the Honourable Harry Escombe, Q.C., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day William Edward Hartpole Lecky, Esquire, M.P., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day John Gilbert Talbot, Esquire, M.P., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**T**HIS day John Lloyd Wharton, Esquire, M.P., was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught and Strathearne.

Lord President.

Earl of Kintore.

Earl of Hopetoun.

Mr. Secretary Chamberlain.

**W**HEREAS by section 18 of "The Extradition Act, 1870," it is among other things enacted, that if by any law or ordinance

made after the passing of the said Act by the Legislature of any British Possession, provision is made for carrying into effect within such Possession the Surrender of Fugitive Criminals who are in, or suspected of being in such British Possession, Her Majesty may, by the Order in Council applying the said Act in the case of any Foreign State, or by any subsequent Order, either

Suspend the operation within any such British Possession of the said Act, or of any part thereof, so far as it relates to such Foreign State, and so long as such law or ordinance continues in force there and no longer ;—

Or direct that such law or ordinance or any part thereof shall have effect in such British Possession, with or without modifications and alterations, as if it were part of the Act :

And whereas by an Ordinance enacted by the Legislature of British Guiana the short title of which is "The Extradition Ordinance (British Guiana) 1897," it is provided that "all powers vested in and acts authorized or required to be done by a Police Magistrate or any Justice of the Peace in relation to the Surrender of Fugitive Criminals in the United Kingdom under 'The Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873,' are" thereby "vested in and may in the Colony be exercised and done by any Stipendiary Magistrate in relation to the Surrender of Fugitive Criminals under the said Acts" :

And whereas it is further provided by the said Ordinance that the said Ordinance shall not come into operation until Her Majesty shall by Order in Council direct that the said Ordinance shall have effect within the Colony as if it were part of "The Extradition Act, 1870," but that the said Ordinance shall thereafter come into operation as soon as such Order in Council shall have been publicly made known in the Colony :

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, in pursuance of "The Extradition Act, 1870," and in exercise of the power in that behalf in the said Act contained, doth by this present Order, by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Privy Council, direct that the said Ordinance shall have effect in the Colony of British Guiana without modification or alteration, as if it were part of "The Extradition Act, 1870."

And the Right Honourable Joseph Chamberlain, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. L. Peel.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught and Strathearne.

Lord President.

Earl of Kintore.

Earl of Hopetoun.

Mr. Secretary Chamberlain.

**W**HEREAS by Treaty, grant, usage, sufferance, and other lawful means, Her Majesty the Queen has power and jurisdiction within the territories comprised within the limits of this Order.

Now therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue, and in exercise of the powers on this behalf by "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," or otherwise, in Her Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

PART I.—*Preliminary:*

1. This Order may be cited as "The East Africa Order in Council, 1897."

The limits of this Order are the territories comprised in the East Africa Protectorate, which includes the territories bounded on the north by the River Juba, on the east by the Indian Ocean, on the south by the German sphere, on the west by the Uganda Protectorate, and also all adjacent islands between the mouths of the Rivers Juba and Umba, but does not include the islands of Zanzibar and Pemba.

If Her Majesty is pleased to direct that any other territories, for the time being under the protection of Her Majesty, shall form part of the East Africa Protectorate, those territories shall, from and after a date fixed by an order of the Secretary of State, be deemed to be within the limits of this Order.

2. This Order is divided into Parts as follows:—

- Part I. Preliminary.
- Part II. Application and effect of Order.
- Part III. Constitution of Courts.
- Part IV. Application of law of British India and of the United Kingdom.
- Part V. Criminal matters.
- Part VI. Civil matters.
- Part VII. Miscellaneous.
- Part VIII. Repeal and Transitory Provisions.

3. In this Order—

(i.) "The Protectorate" means the territories for the time being comprised in Her Majesty's East Africa Protectorate;

(ii.) "Zanzibar" means the dominions and territorial waters of His Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar which are not comprised within the limits of this Order;

(iii.) "The Secretary of State" means one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State;

(iv.) "The Commissioner" means Her Majesty's Commissioner and Consul-General for the territories comprised within the limits of this Order, including a person acting temporarily, with the approval of the Secretary of State, as or for the Commissioner;

(v.) "British Subject" includes a British protected person, that is to say, a person who either (a) is a native of any other Protectorate of Her Majesty, and is temporarily in the East Africa Protectorate, or (b) by virtue of "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," or otherwise enjoys Her Majesty's protection in the Protectorate;

(vi.) "Resident" means having a fixed place of abode in the Protectorate;

(vii.) "Native" means a native of the Protectorate, not being a British subject or a person of European or American race or parentage;

(viii.) "Foreigner" means a subject or citizen of a State in amity with Her Majesty, not being a native;

(ix.) "Native Court" means a Court for the administration of Justice to or between natives;

(x.) "Treaty" includes any Convention, Agreement, or Arrangement with any State or Government, King, Chief, people, or tribe, made by or on behalf of Her Majesty, or to the benefits of which Her Majesty has succeeded;

(xi.) "Administration" means (unless a contrary intention appears from the context) letters of administration, including the same with will annexed, or granted for special or limited purposes, or limited in duration;

(xii.) "Ship" includes any vessel used in navigation, however propelled, with her tackle, furniture, and apparel, and any boat or other craft;

(xiii.) "Offence" means any act or omission made punishable by any law for the time being in force;

(xiv.) "Imprisonment" means imprisonment of either description, as defined in the Indian Penal Code;

(xv.) "Month" means calendar month;

(xvi.) "Will" means will, codicil, or other testamentary instrument;

(xvii.) "Person" includes Corporation;

(xviii.) "Full Court," with reference to the Court for Zanzibar, means that Court when constituted by the Judge and Assistant Judge thereof sitting together;

(xix.) Words importing the plural or the singular may be construed as referring to one person or thing, or to more than one person or thing, and words importing the masculine as referring to females (as the case may require).

4.—(1.) Where this Order confers a power or imposes a duty, the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed from time to time as occasion requires.

(2.) Where this Order confers a power or imposes a duty on the holder of an office, then, unless a contrary intention appears, the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed by the holder of the office for the time being, or by a person duly appointed to act for him.

(3.) Where this Order confers a power to make rules, regulations, or orders, the power shall be construed as including a power, exercisable in the like manner and subject to the like approval and conditions (if any) to rescind, revoke, amend, or vary the rules, regulations, or orders.

#### PART II.—*Application and Effect of Order.*

5. The powers conferred by this Order shall extend to the persons and matters following in so far as by Treaty, grant, usage, sufferance, or other lawful means, Her Majesty has jurisdiction in relation to such persons and matters, that is to say: (a) British subjects; (b) Foreigners; (c) the property and all personal or proprietary rights and liabilities in the Protectorate of British subjects and foreigners, including ships with their boats, and the persons and property on board thereof, or belonging thereto; and (d) natives, in the cases and according to the conditions specified in this Order, and not otherwise.

Provided that in the Zanzibar territory included within the limits of this Order the said powers shall not extend to foreigners (or their ships) being subjects of any Government which on the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, exercised any jurisdiction in that territory similar to the jurisdiction conferred by this Order, unless that Government shall consent to the exercise of jurisdiction under this Order.

Provided also that jurisdiction over any foreign ships under this Article shall not be exercised otherwise than according to the practice of the High Court of England in the exercise of jurisdiction over foreign ships.

6. All Her Majesty's jurisdiction exercisable in the Protectorate, for the hearing and determination of suits, or for the maintenance of order, or for the control or administration of persons or property, or in relation thereto, shall be exercised under and according to the provisions of this Order, so far as this Order extends and applies.

#### PART III.—*Constitution of Courts.*

7.—(1.) There shall be and there is hereby established a Court styled "Her Majesty's Court for East Africa," in this Order referred to as "the Protectorate Court" and "the Court."

(2.) Subject to the other provisions of this Order, Her Majesty's jurisdiction in the Protectorate shall be, and is hereby, vested in the Protectorate Court.

(3.) The Protectorate Court shall ordinarily sit at Mombasa; but may also sit at any other place or places within the Protectorate appointed by the Commissioner, with the previous or subsequent consent of the Secretary of State.

(4.) The Protectorate Court shall be held by an officer, styled "Her Majesty's Judicial Officer for the East Africa Protectorate," in this Order referred to as "the Judicial Officer."

(5.) A person appointed to be Judicial Officer must be a member of the Bar of England, Scotland, or Ireland, of not less than three years' standing. He shall be appointed by Her Majesty by warrant under the Royal Sign Manual.

(6.) The Judicial Officer shall hold office during the pleasure of Her Majesty, and, in the event of a revocation of his warrant, until such revocation is notified to him by the Secretary of State.

(7.) In case of the illness or temporary absence of the Judicial Officer, the Commissioner may appoint either a person qualified to be appointed Judicial Officer, or an officer employed in the civil administration of the Protectorate, to act as Judicial Officer.

(8.) Each of the Judges of the Court for Zanzibar shall be an additional Judicial Officer for the East Africa Protectorate, and when so acting may hold a Protectorate Court with the same powers, authority, and jurisdiction as the Judicial Officer, but shall not so act unless the Commissioner, having regard to the state of business in the Protectorate Court, requests him to act.

(9.) The Court shall have a seal bearing the style of the Court and a device approved by the Secretary of State; but until such a seal is provided, a stamp bearing the words "East Africa Court" may be used instead thereof.

8. Subject to the directions of the Secretary of State, the Commissioner may appoint such and so many persons to be clerks, bailiffs, interpreters, and other officers of the Court as he thinks fit, and remove from office any person so appointed.

Any Officer of the Court designated on this behalf by the Commissioner may administer oaths, and take affidavits, declarations, and affirmations.

9. Provincial Courts shall be held at such places, for such areas, and by such officers of the Protectorate or other persons as the Secretary of State may appoint.

The Secretary of State may direct that a Provincial Court shall exercise criminal jurisdiction only, or both criminal and civil jurisdiction, and subject to any such directions, and to any exceptions or modifications made by the Secretary of State, a Provincial Court shall exercise the jurisdiction conferred by this Order on a Provincial Court, and on persons appointed to hold such Courts.

The Secretary of State may determine the description and number of the officers to be attached to a Provincial Court, and the mode of their appointment and removal, and their duties and remuneration, and any matters incident to any of the above-mentioned purposes.

10. The Court for Zanzibar shall have such appellate jurisdiction in regard to matters arising in the Protectorate as is provided by this Order.

#### PART IV.—*Application of Law of British India and of the United Kingdom.*

11.—(a.) Subject to the other provisions of this Order, and to any Treaties for the time being in force relating to the Protectorate, Her Majesty's criminal and civil jurisdiction in the Protectorate shall, so far as circumstances admit, be exercised on the principles of, and in conformity with, the

enactments for the time being applicable as hereinafter mentioned of the Governor-General of India in Council; and of the Governor of Bombay in Council, and according to the course of procedure and practice observed by, and before, the Courts in the Presidency of Bombay beyond the limits of the ordinary original jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay according to their respective jurisdiction and authority, and so far as such enactments, procedure, and practice are inapplicable, shall be exercised under, and in accordance with, the common and statute law of England in force at the commencement of this Order.

(b.) The enactments mentioned in the Schedule to this Order are hereby made applicable to the Protectorate as from the commencement of this Order.

(c.) Any other existing or future enactments of the Governor-General of India in Council, or of the Governor of Bombay in Council, shall also be applicable to the Protectorate, but shall not come into operation until such times as may in the case of any of such enactments respectively be fixed by the Secretary of State.

(d.) Any Act of the Governor-General of India in Council, or of the Governor of Bombay in Council, whether passed before or after the commencement of this Order, amending or substituted for any Act of either of those Legislatures which is by or under this Order made applicable to and brought into operation in the Protectorate, shall, subject to the provisions of this Article, also apply to the Protectorate.

(e.) For the purpose of facilitating the application of any such enactments as before mentioned—

(i.) The Court may construe any such enactment, with such alterations not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt the same to the matter before the Court;

(ii.) The Secretary of State may by order direct by what authority any jurisdiction, powers, or duties incident to the operation of any such enactment, and for the exercise or performance of which no convenient provision has been otherwise made, shall be exercised or performed;

(iii.) The Secretary of State may by order modify, for the purposes of this Order, any provision of any of the said enactments, or of any amending or substituted enactment relating to civil or criminal procedure, or to procedure in bankruptcy;

(iv.) Any order of the Secretary of State made in pursuance of this Article shall be published in the Protectorate and in India, in such manner as he directs, and shall have effect as from a date to be specified in the order.

12. The enactments described in the First Schedule to "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," shall apply to the Protectorate as if it were a British Colony or possession, but subject to the provisions of this Order and to the exceptions, adaptations, and modifications following, that is to say:—

(i.) The Commissioner is hereby substituted for the Governor of a Colony or British possession, and the Protectorate Court is hereby substituted for a Superior Court or Supreme Court and for a Magistrate or Justice of the Peace of a Colony or British possession.

(ii.) For the portions of the Merchant Shipping Acts, 1854 and 1867, referred to in the said Schedule shall be substituted Part XIII of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894."

(iii.) In section 51 of "The Conveyancing



(Scotland) Act, 1874," and any enactment for the time being in force amending the same, the Protectorate Court is substituted for a Court of probate in a Colony.

(iv.) With respect to "The Fugitive Offenders Act, 1881,"—

(a.) So much of the 4th and 5th sections of the said Act as relates to sending a report of the issue of a warrant, together with the information, or a copy thereof, or to the sending of a certificate of committal and report of a case, or to the information to be given by a Magistrate to a fugitive, shall be excepted, and in lieu of such information the person acting as the Magistrate shall inform the fugitive that in the British possession or Protectorate to which he may be conveyed he has the right to apply for a writ of *habeas corpus* or other like process.

(b.) So much of the 6th section of the said Act as requires the expiration of fifteen days before issue of warrant, shall be excepted.

(c.) The Commissioner shall not be bound to return a fugitive offender to a British possession unless satisfied that the proceedings to obtain his return are taken with the consent of the Governor of that possession.

(d.) For the purposes of Part II of the said Act, the Protectorate, Zanzibar, the Uganda Protectorate, British India, Mauritius, and all British possessions and Protectorates in Africa south of the Equator shall be deemed to be one group of British possessions.

13. The Secretary of State may, by Order published in such manner as he directs, declare that any of the laws or ordinances for the time being in force in any African possession of Her Majesty, and not inconsistent with this Order, shall have effect, and be administered in the Protectorate, with such modifications or adaptations as may be necessary; and thereupon such laws or ordinances as so modified or adapted shall have effect as if they had been applied by this Order.

#### • PART V.—*Criminal Matters.*

14. Subject to the other provisions of this Order, the Code of Criminal Procedure and the other enactments relating to the administration of criminal justice in India, for the time being applicable to the Protectorate, shall have effect as if the Protectorate were a district of a Presidency of India; and every officer appointed to hold a Provincial Court under this Order shall be deemed to be a Magistrate of the second Class; the Judicial Officer shall be deemed to be and have the powers of Sessions Judge; the full Court for Zanzibar shall be deemed to be the High Court; and the powers both of the Governor-General in Council and of the Local Government under those enactments shall be exercisable by the Secretary of State, or with his previous or subsequent assent, by the Commissioner.

15. When any person is committed to the Court for Zanzibar for trial, the Court shall, in accordance with any arrangements made by the Commissioner in this behalf, send him to Zanzibar for trial; and shall bind over such of the proper witnesses as are British subjects or foreigners, or any of them, in their own recognizances, to appear and give evidence on trial.

16. If any person subject to this Order smuggles or imports into or exports from the Protectorate any goods whereon any duty is charged or payable to the Government of the Protectorate, with intent to evade payment of the duty, he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or with both.

17. Any act which if done in British India would be an offence against the law for the time being in force in British India relating to trade-marks, merchandize marks, copyright, designs, or inventions, shall, if done in the Protectorate by a person subject to this Order, be an offence, whether such act is done in relation to any property or right of a person subject or of a person not subject to this Order; and any person convicted of such offence shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with a fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or with both.

18.—(1.) In cases of murder or culpable homicide, if either the death or the criminal act which wholly or partly caused the death happened in the Protectorate, a Court acting under this Order shall have the like jurisdiction over any person subject to this Order who is charged either as a principal offender or as an abettor, as if both the criminal act and the death had happened in the Protectorate.

(2.) In the case of any offence committed on the high seas, or within the Admiralty jurisdiction, by any person subject to this Order who at the time of committing such offence was on board a British ship, or on board a foreign ship to which he did not belong, a Court acting under this Order shall have jurisdiction as if the offence had been committed within the Protectorate.

(3.) In cases tried under this Article no different sentence can be passed from the sentence which could be passed in England if the offence were tried there.

19.—(a.) The Commissioner may, if he thinks fit, by general order, prescribe the manner in which, and the places in the Protectorate at which, sentences of imprisonment are to be carried into execution.

(b.) The Commissioner may, if he thinks fit, in any case, by warrant under his hand and official seal, cause an offender convicted and sentenced to imprisonment before the Court to be sent and removed to, and imprisoned in, any place either in the Protectorate or in Zanzibar.

20. Where an offender convicted before the Court is sentenced to imprisonment, and the Commissioner, proceeding under section 7 of "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," authority in that behalf being hereby given to him, considers it expedient that the sentence should be carried into effect within Her Majesty's dominions, the place shall be a place in some part of Her Majesty's dominions out of the United Kingdom, the Government whereof consents that offenders may be sent thither under this Article.

21.—(1.) Where it is shown by evidence on oath, to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, that any person subject to this Order has committed, or is about to commit, an offence against this Order, or is otherwise conducting himself so as to be dangerous to peace and good order in the Protectorate or is endeavouring to excite enmity between the people of the Protectorate and Her Majesty, or is intriguing against Her Majesty's power and authority in the Protectorate, the Commissioner may, if he thinks fit, by order under his hand and official seal, prohibit that person from being in the Protectorate, during any time therein specified, not exceeding two years.

(2.) If the person named in the order of prohibition fails to obey, or acts in contravention of the order—

(i.) He shall be guilty of an offence against this Order, and on conviction thereof, shall be liable to imprisonment for any time not exceeding two

years, without prejudice to the operation of the order of prohibition.

(ii.) Whether the offender has been convicted of, or imprisoned for, that offence or not, the Commissioner may, if he thinks fit, by order under his hand and official seal, authorize and direct that he be taken into custody, and be removed in custody to some place named in the order of removal, being a place to which a person can under this Order be deported beyond the limits specified in the order of prohibition.

(iii.) The offender shall be taken into custody and removed accordingly, and in such removal force may be used if necessary; and he shall be discharged from custody at the place named in the order of removal.

(3.) In any case in which the Commissioner can, under this Order, make an order of prohibition, he may, if he thinks fit, in lieu of such order, make and execute an order of deportation in like manner, and with all the like consequences, as an order of deportation can under this Order be made and executed in the case of a person who, after conviction of an offence, has failed to give security for good behaviour.

(4.) An appeal shall not lie against an order of prohibition, or removal, or deportation made under this Order.

(5.) The Commissioner, by order under his hand and official seal, may vary any order of prohibition (not extending the duration thereof), and may revoke any order of prohibition or removal.

(6.) The Commissioner shall forthwith report to the Secretary of State every order made by him under this Article, and the grounds thereof, and the proceedings thereunder.

22. Where a person subject to this Order is convicted of an offence, the Court before which he is convicted may, if it thinks fit, require him to give security to the satisfaction of the Court for his future good behaviour, and for that purpose may, if it thinks fit, cause him to come or be brought before the Court.

23.—(a.) If any person required by an order under the last preceding Article, or under the law relating to criminal procedure for the time being in force, to give security for good behaviour or for keeping the peace, fails to do so, the Court may, if it thinks fit, with the approval of the Commissioner, order that he be deported from the Protectorate.

(b.) The Court, on making an order of deportation, shall forthwith report to the Commissioner the order and the grounds thereof.

(c.) Thereupon the person ordered to be deported shall, if the Commissioner thinks fit, be, as soon as practicable, and in the case of a person convicted, either after execution of the sentence, or while it is in course of execution, removed in custody, under the warrant of the Commissioner, to the place named in the warrant.

(d.) The place shall be a place in that part (if any) of Her Majesty's dominions out of the United Kingdom to which the person belongs, or in some other part of those dominions, the Government whereof consents to the reception therein of persons deported under this Order, or a place under the Protectorate of Her Majesty, or in the country out of Her Majesty's dominions to which the person belongs.

(e.) The Court, on making an order of deportation, may, if it thinks fit, order the person to be deported to pay all or any part of the expenses of his deportation, to be fixed by the Court in the order.

(f.) The Commissioner shall forthwith report

to the Secretary of State every order of deportation made under this Order, and the grounds thereof and the proceedings thereunder.

(g.) If a person deported under this Order returns to the Protectorate without permission in writing of the Commissioner or Secretary of State, he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or with both.

(h.) He shall also be liable to be again deported under the original or a new order and a fresh warrant of the Commissioner.

24. Where a person entitled to appeal to the Court of Zanzibar from any Judgment or order passed in the exercise of criminal jurisdiction under this Order desires so to appeal, he shall present his Petition of appeal to the Protectorate Court, and the Petition shall with all practicable speed, be transmitted by the Protectorate Court to the Court for Zanzibar with certified copies of the charge (if any) and proceedings, of all documentary evidence admitted or tendered, of the depositions, of the notes of the oral testimony, and of the Judgment or order, and any argument on the Petition of appeal that the appellant desires to submit to the Court for Zanzibar.

25. The Protectorate Court shall postpone the execution of the sentence pending the appeal, and shall, if necessary, commit the person convicted to prison for safe custody, or detain him in prison for safe custody, or shall admit him to bail, and may take security, by recognizance, deposit of money, or otherwise, for his payment of any fine.

26.—(a.) Where, under this Order, a person is to be sent, or removed, or deported from the Protectorate, he shall, by warrant of the Commissioner under his hand and seal, be detained, if necessary, in custody, or in prison, until a fit opportunity for his removal or deportation occurs, and then if he is to be deported beyond sea, be put on board one of Her Majesty's vessels of war, or, if none is available, then on board some other British or other fit vessel.

(b.) The warrant of the Commissioner shall be sufficient authority to the person to whom it is directed or delivered for execution, and to the Commander or master of the vessel, to receive and detain the person therein named, in the manner therein prescribed, and to send, or remove, and carry him to the place therein named, according to the warrant.

(c.) In case of sending or removal for any purpose other than deportation, the warrant of the Commissioner shall be issued in duplicate, and the person executing it shall, as soon as practicable after his arrival at the place therein named, deliver, according to the warrant, with one of the duplicates of the warrant, to a constable, or proper officer of police or keeper of a prison, or other proper authority or person there, the person named in the warrant, to be produced on the order of the proper Court or authority there, or to be otherwise dealt with according to law.

27. Where a warrant or order of arrest is issued by a competent Judicial authority in Zanzibar or in the Uganda Protectorate for the apprehension of a person who is accused of crime committed in Zanzibar or Uganda, and who is, or is supposed to be, within the East Africa Protectorate, and that warrant or order is produced to any Court acting under this Order, the Court may back the warrant or order, and the same, when so backed, shall be sufficient authority to any person to whom it was originally directed, and also to any constable or officer of the Court by whom it is

backed, and to any person named on the back of the warrant or order, to apprehend the accused person at any place within the limits of this Order, and to carry him to and deliver him up within the jurisdiction of the authority issuing the warrant or order.

28. The Commissioner, and every Sub-Commissioner, District Officer, and Assistant District Officer respectively, shall have in and for the Protectorate, province, or district, as the case may be, all the power and jurisdiction appertaining to the office of a Justice of the Peace.

#### PART VI.—*Civil Matters.*

29. The Protectorate Court shall hear and determine all civil questions, claims, or disputes in which the defendant or any defendant is a person subject to this Order.

30. Subject to the other provisions of this Order, the Code of Civil Procedure, "The Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869," the Indian Succession Act, and the other enactments relating to the administration of civil justice for the time applicable to the Protectorate, shall have effect as if the Protectorate were a district in the Presidency of Bombay; the Judicial officer shall be deemed to be the District Judge of the district, and the Protectorate Court the District Court or Principal Civil Court of Original Jurisdiction in the district; the Court for Zanzibar shall be deemed to be the highest Civil Court of Appeal for the district, and the Court authorized to hear appeals from and to revise the decisions of the District Court; and the powers, both of the Governor-General in Council and the Local Government, under those enactments shall be exercisable by the Secretary of State, or, with his previous or subsequent assent, by the Commissioner.

Every Provincial Court constituted by this Order and appointed to exercise civil jurisdiction shall, subject to any directions of the Secretary of State, exercise the powers of a Court for small causes under the Civil Procedure Code.

31. The following enactments of "The Colonial Courts of Admiralty Act, 1890," that is to say, section 2, sub-sections (2) to (4), sections 5 and 6, section 16, sub-section (3), shall apply to the Protectorate Court as if in the said sections the said Court were mentioned in lieu of a Colonial Court of Admiralty, and the Protectorate were referred to in lieu of a British possession.

32.—(a.) The Court shall endeavour to obtain, as early as may be, notice of the death of every person subject to this Order dying in the Protectorate leaving property to be administered, and all such information as may serve to guide the Court with respect to the securing and administration of his property.

(b.) On receiving notice of the death of such a person, the Court shall put up a Notice thereof at the Court-house and shall keep the same there until probate or administration is granted, or, where it appears to the Court that probate or administration will not be applied for, or cannot be granted, for such time as it thinks fit.

(c.) The Court shall, where the circumstances of the case appear so to require, as soon as may be, take possession of the property in the Protectorate of the deceased, or put it under its seal (in either case, if the nature of the property or other circumstances so require, making an inventory), and so keep it until it can be dealt with according to law.

(d.) All expenses incurred by the Court in so doing shall be the first charge on the property of the deceased, and the Court shall, by sale of

the property, or part thereof, or otherwise, provide for the discharge of these expenses.

33. Where a person subject to this Order dies in the Protectorate intestate, his property shall, until administration is granted, vest in the Judicial officer.

34. If a person named executor in a will, to the establishment of whose title, as such, it is necessary to obtain probate of that will, takes possession of, and administers or otherwise deals with, any part of the property of the deceased, and does not obtain probate within one month after the death, or after the termination of any proceeding respecting probate or administration, he shall be liable to be punished with fine, which may extend to 1,000 rupees.

35. If any person, other than the person named executor, or the administrator, or a person entitled to represent the deceased without obtaining probate or letters of administration, or an officer of the Court, takes possession of and administers, or otherwise deals with, any part of the property of the deceased, he shall, as soon as practicable, notify the fact and the circumstances to the Court, and shall furnish to the Court all such information as the Court requires, and shall conform to any directions of the Court in relation to the custody, disposal, or transmission of the property, or the proceeds thereof, and, in case of any contravention of this Article, he shall be liable to be punished with fine, which may extend to 1,000 rupees.

36.—(1.) When the peculiar circumstances of the case appear to the Court so to require, for reasons recorded in its proceedings, the Court may, if it thinks fit, of its own motion, or otherwise, grant letters of administration to an officer or practitioner of the Court.

(2.) The person so appointed shall act under the direction of the Court, and shall be indemnified thereby; and, if he is a practitioner, he shall not act otherwise than as administrator in relation to the estate.

(3.) He shall publish such notices, if any, as the Court thinks fit, in the Protectorate, Zanzibar, the United Kingdom, and elsewhere.

(4.) The Court shall require and compel him to file, in the proper office of the Court, his accounts of his administration, at intervals, not exceeding three months.

(5.) The accounts shall be audited under the direction of the Court.

(6.) All expenses incurred in behalf of the Court in execution of this Article shall be the first charge on the estate of the deceased in the Protectorate; and the Court shall, by the sale of the estate, or otherwise, provide for the discharge of those expenses.

37.—(a.) Every agreement for reference to arbitration to which a person subject to this Order, is a party, may, on the application of any party, be filed for execution in the proper office of the Court.

(b.) The Court shall thereupon have authority to enforce the agreement and the award made thereunder, and to control and regulate the proceedings before and after the award, in such manner and on such terms as the Court may think fit.

38.—(a.) Where it is desired to commence a suit in which one party is, and the other is not, a person subject to this Order, the Court shall entertain the same, and shall hear and determine it.

(b.) Provided that the person not subject to this Order, if so required by the Court, first obtains and files in the proper office of the Court

the consent, in writing, of the competent authority (if any) on behalf of his own nation, to his submitting, and that he does submit, to the jurisdiction of the Court, and, if required by the Court, gives security to the satisfaction of the Court, and to such reasonable amount as the Court thinks fit, by deposit or otherwise, to pay fees, costs, and damages, and abide by, and perform, the decision to be given by the Court or on appeal.

(c.) A cross-suit shall not be brought in the Court against a plaintiff, being a person not subject to this Order, who has submitted to the jurisdiction, by a defendant without leave of the Court first obtained; but the Court may, as a condition of entertaining the plaintiff's suit, require his consent to any cross-suit or matter of set-off being entertained by the Court.

(d.) The Court, before giving leave, may require proof from the defendant that his claim arises out of the matter in dispute, and that there is reasonable ground for it, and that it is not made for vexation or delay.

(e.) Nothing in this Article shall prevent the defendant from bringing, in the Court, against a person not subject to this Order, after the termination of the suit in which the latter is plaintiff, any suit which he might have brought in the Court if no provision restraining cross-suits had been inserted in this Order.

(f.) Where a person not subject to this Order obtains in the Court an order against a defendant being a person subject to this Order, and in another suit the latter is plaintiff and the former is defendant, the Court may, if it thinks fit, on the application of the first-mentioned defendant, stay the enforcement, of the Order pending that other suit, and may set off any amount ordered to be paid by one party in one action against any amount ordered to be paid by the other party in the other action.

(g.) Where the plaintiff, being a person not subject to this Order, obtains an Order in the Court against two or more defendants jointly, being persons subject to this Order, and in another suit one of them is a plaintiff and the first-mentioned plaintiff is defendant, the Court may, if it thinks fit, on application, stay the enforcement of the Order pending that other action, and may set off any amount ordered to be paid by one party in one action against any amount ordered to be paid by the other party in the other action, without prejudice to the right of the plaintiff in the second suit to obtain contribution from his co-defendants in the first suit.

39.—(a.) Where any person entitled to appeal to the Court for Zanzibar from any Decree or Order made by the Protectorate Court in the exercise of civil jurisdiction under this Order desires so to appeal, he shall present his Memorandum of Appeal to the Protectorate Court, and, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, that Court shall receive the same for transmission to the Court for Zanzibar in manner hereinafter provided.

(b.) The appellant shall, within such time as the Court directs, give security to the satisfaction of the Court, and to such amount as the Court thinks reasonable, for prosecution of the appeal, and for payment of any costs that may be ordered by the Court for Zanzibar on the appeal to be paid by the appellant.

(c.) The appellant shall pay into the proper office of the Protectorate Court such sum as the Court thinks reasonable, to defray the expense of the making up and transmission to the Court for Zanzibar of the record.

40. The appellant may, with his memorandum of appeal, file any argument which he desires to submit to the Court for Zanzibar in support of the appeal.

41.—(a.) The memorandum of appeal and the argument (if any) shall be served on such persons as respondents as the Protectorate Court directs.

(b.) A respondent may, within seven days after service, file in the Protectorate Court such arguments as he desires to submit to the Court for Zanzibar against the appeal.

(c.) Copies thereof shall be furnished by the Protectorate Court to such persons as that Court thinks fit.

42.—(a.) On the expiration of the time for the respondent filing his argument, the Protectorate Court shall, without the application of any party, make up the record of appeal, which shall consist of the memorandum of appeal and the arguments (if any), and certified copies of the following, namely, the plaint, written statements (if any), all proceedings, all written and documentary evidence admitted or tendered, the notes of the oral evidence, the Judgment, and the Decree or order.

(b.) The several pieces shall be fastened together consecutively numbered, and the whole shall be secured by the seal of the Court, and be forthwith forwarded to the Court for Zanzibar.

(c.) The Court may, if for special reasons it seems fit, send any portion of the documentary evidence in original to the Court for Zanzibar.

#### PART VII.—Miscellaneous.

43.—(1.) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, the Protectorate Court or a Provincial Court shall not exercise any jurisdiction in any proceeding whatsoever over the Commissioner or his official or other residences, or his official or other property.

(2.) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, the Protectorate Court or a Provincial Court shall not exercise, except with the consent of the Commissioner, signified in writing to the Court, any jurisdiction in a civil action or proceeding over any person attached to or being a member of Her Majesty's Consulate-General for the Protectorate, or being a domestic servant of the Commissioner.

(3.) If, in any case under this Order, it appears to any Court that the attendance of the Commissioner, or of any person attached to or being a member of Her Majesty's Consulate-General, or being a domestic servant of the Commissioner, to give evidence before the Court, is requisite in the interest of justice, the Court may address to the Commissioner a request in writing for such attendance.

(4.) A person attending to give evidence before the Court shall not be compelled or allowed to give any evidence or produce any document if, in the opinion of the Commissioner, signified by him personally or in writing to the Court, the giving or production thereof would be injurious to Her Majesty's service.

(5.) This Article shall not operate in bar of any proceeding against the Commissioner in his official capacity, where it is sought to establish any liability of the Government of the Protectorate.

44. Subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, the Court may with the approval of the Court for Zanzibar frame Rules of Procedure and other Rules, consistent with this Order, for the better execution of the provisions herein contained in respect of civil or criminal proceedings, and for regulating the conditions on which

persons other than parties may be permitted to practise as advocates or solicitors in any Court, and for suspending or excluding (subject to a right of appeal to the Secretary of State) such persons from practice in case of misconduct; provided that any scale of remuneration fixed by such Rules shall have been sanctioned by the Treasury.

45. The Commissioner may make Regulations (to be called Queen's Regulations) for the following purposes, that is to say:—

(i.) For the regulation of all matters relating to customs, inland revenue, post office, land, highways, railways, money, agriculture, and public health.

(ii.) For the establishment of a Constabulary or other force to be employed in the maintenance of order or (either within or without the limits of this Order) in defence of the Protectorate.

(iii.) For securing the observance of any Treaty for the time being in force relating to the Protectorate, or of any native or local law or custom; and

(iv.) Generally for the peace, order, and good government of the Protectorate in relation to matters not provided for in this Order.

Any Regulations under this Article may provide for forfeiture of any goods, receptacles, or things in relation to which, or to the contents of which, any breach is committed of such Regulations, or of any Treaty, or any native or local law or custom, the observance of which is provided for by the Regulations.

Any Regulations under this Article shall, when allowed by the Secretary of State, and published as he directs, have effect as if contained in this Order: Provided that in case of urgency declared in any such Regulations, the same shall take effect before such allowance, and shall continue to have effect unless and until they are disallowed by the Secretary of State, and until notification of such disallowance is received and published by the Commissioner, and such disallowance shall be without prejudice to anything done or suffered under such Regulations in the meantime.

Any breach of the Regulations shall be an offence against this Order, and any person guilty thereof, shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or to imprisonment which may extend to two months, or both, in addition to any forfeiture as aforesaid.

46. The Commissioner may also make Queen's Regulations for the governance, visitation, care, and superintendence of prisons in the Protectorate, and for the infliction of corporal or other punishment on prisoners committing offences against the Prisons Regulations.

Any Regulations under this Article shall, when allowed by the Secretary of State, have effect, as if contained in this Order, and copies thereof shall be exhibited in every prison to which they apply in such manner as the Commissioner may direct.

Any breach of Regulations under this Article, committed by any officer of a prison, or by any other person (not being a prisoner), shall be punishable in like manner as a breach of Queen's Regulations, under the last preceding Article.

47.—(a.) From and after the commencement of any Rules to be made as in this Article mentioned a non-testamentary instrument to which any person subject to this Order is a party, purporting or operating to create, declare, assign, limit, or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title, or interest, whether vested or contingent to, in, or over immovable property situate in the Protectorate, shall not affect any immovable property comprised therein, or be received as

evidence of any transaction affecting that property, unless it has been registered at such time and place and in such manner as may be prescribed by Rules made by the Commissioner and approved by the Secretary of State, and for the time being in force.

(b.) Provided that nothing in this Article shall make any instrument inadmissible in evidence in any criminal proceedings.

48.—(a.) The Commissioner may, with the approval of the Secretary of State and concurrence of the Treasury, make rules imposing fees leviable in respect of any proceedings in, or processes issued out of, any Court established under this Order, and in respect of the registration of any instrument under this Order.

(b.) But the Court may in any case if it thinks fit, on account of the poverty of a party, or for any other reason, dispense in whole or in part with the payment of any fee chargeable in respect of such matter.

(c.) The Court shall in every such case forthwith report the dispensation to the Commissioner, and he shall give such directions thereon as he thinks fit.

(d.) Nothing in this Order shall affect any Order in Council prescribing a tables of fees to be taken by Consular officers; and, where a fee is taken under that Order, no fee shall be taken in respect of the same matter under this Order.

49.—(a.) All fees, charges, expenses, costs, fines, damages, and other money payable under this Order, or under any law made applicable by this Order, may be enforced under order of the Court by attachment and sale of goods, and in case of deficiency by imprisonment which may extend to one month.

(b.) Any bill of sale or mortgage, or transfer of property, made with the view of avoiding such attachment or sale, shall not be effectual to defeat the provisions of this Order.

(c.) All fees, penalties, fines, and forfeitures levied under this Order, shall be paid to the public account, and shall be applied in such manner as the Secretary of State with the consent of the Treasury may direct.

50. Subject to the other provisions of this Order, all expenses of removal of prisoners and others, and the expenses of deportation, and of the sending of any person to Zanzibar, or to any part of Her Majesty's dominions or Protectorates, including expenses of maintenance, shall be defrayed in such manner as the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the Treasury, directs.

51. Every criminal charge against a native, and every civil proceeding against a native, except a proceeding in which the native is co-defendant with a person subject to this Order, shall be heard and determined in the proper Native Court, and the Protectorate Court shall not exercise any jurisdiction therein.

52. The Commissioner may, with the consent of the Secretary of State, make rules and orders for the administration of justice in Native Courts, and in particular may thereby:—

(a.) Establish or abolish any Native Court.

(b.) Define the local limits within which any Native Court is to exercise jurisdiction.

(c.) Alter or modify the operation of any native law or custom in so far as may be necessary in the interests of humanity and justice.

(d.) Regulate the jurisdiction of and procedure in Native Courts.

(e.) Make such provision as seems fit for the rehearing of cases, the revision of sentences, and the hearing of appeals from Native Courts.

(f.) For any of the purposes aforesaid, or for any other purposes of justice, direct that any law

of British India, or of the United Kingdom, or of any African possession of Her Majesty, shall apply to and be administered in Native Courts with such exceptions or modifications as may seem proper.

53.—(a.) Where it is proved that the attendance of a person subject to this Order to give evidence, or for any other purpose connected with the administration of Justice, is required before a Native Court, the Protectorate Court may, if it thinks fit, in a case and in circumstances in which the Protectorate Court would require the attendance of that person before itself, order that he do attend as required. The order may be made subject to conditions as to payment or tender of expenses or otherwise.

(b.) If the person ordered to attend, having reasonable notice of the time and place at which he is required to attend, fails to attend accordingly, and does not excuse his failure to the satisfaction of the Protectorate Court, or if when so attending to give evidence he wilfully gives false evidence, or refuses to be sworn or to give evidence, he shall, independently of any other liability, be liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or with both.

54. If a person subject to this Order—

(i.) Wilfully obstructs, by act or threat, a Native Court in the performance of its duty; or

(ii.) Within or close to the room or place where such a Court is sitting wilfully misbehaves in a violent, threatening, or disrespectful manner, to the disturbance of the Court or to the intimidation of suitors or others resorting to the Court; or

(iii.) Wilfully insults any member or officer of such a Court in his going to, or returning from, any place of sitting or office of the Court;

He shall, on conviction before a Court established under this Order, be liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or with both.

55.—(a.) If an officer of any Court employed to execute an order loses, by neglect or omission, the opportunity of executing it, then, on complaint of the person aggrieved and proof of the fact alleged, the Court may, if it thinks fit, order the officer to pay the damages sustained by the person complaining, or part thereof.

(b.) The order may be enforced as an order directing payment of money.

56.—(a.) If a clerk or officer of any Court, acting under pretence of the process of authority of the Court, is charged with extortion, or with not paying over money duly levied, or with other misconduct, the Court may, if it thinks fit, inquire into the charge in a summary way, and may for that purpose summon and enforce the attendance of all necessary persons as in an action, and may make such order for the repayment of any money extorted, or for the payment over of any money levied, and for the payment of such damages and costs, as the Court thinks fit.

(b.) The Court may also, if it thinks fit, on the same inquiry, impose on the clerk or officer a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for each offence.

(c.) A clerk or officer punished under this Article shall not, without the leave of the Protectorate Court, be liable to an action in respect of the same matter; and any such action, if already or afterwards begun, may be stayed by the Court in such manner and on such terms as the Court thinks fit.

(d.) Nothing in this Article shall be deemed to prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any act or omission punishable under this Article, or from being liable under that

other law to any higher punishment or penalty than that provided by this Article. Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

57. The Commissioner, or any officer of the Protectorate Government appointed by him in that behalf, may exercise any power conferred on any Justices of the Peace within Her Majesty's dominions by any Act of Parliament, for the time being in force, regulating merchant seamen or the mercantile marine.

58. If a question arises whether any place is or is not within the Protectorate for the purposes of this Order, it shall be referred to the Commissioner, and a certificate under his hand and seal shall be conclusive on the question, and judicial notice thereof shall be taken by every Court constituted by or under this Order, and by the Court for Zanzibar.

59. Not later than thirty-first March in each year the Commissioner shall send to the Secretary of State a report on the operation of this Order, up to thirty-first December in the previous year, showing for the then last twelve months the number and nature of the proceedings, criminal and civil, taken under this Order, and the result thereof, and the number and amount of fees received, and containing an abstract of the list of British subjects, and such other information, and being in such form as the Secretary of State from time to time directs.

#### PART VIII.—*Repeal and Transitory Provisions.*

60. On the commencement of this Order, the Zanzibar and Africa Orders in Council shall cease to apply to territories included within the limits of this Order.

61.—(a.) Nothing in this Order shall:—

(i.) Affect the past operation of the Zanzibar and Africa Orders in Council, or any regulation, rule, or appointment made, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued, or the validity or invalidity of anything done or suffered, under those Orders respectively, before the making of this Order;

(ii.) Interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding or suit, criminal or civil, in respect of any offence committed against, or forfeiture incurred, or liability accrued under, or in consequence of any provision of those Orders respectively, or any regulation made thereunder;

(iii.) Take away or abridge any protection or benefit given or to be enjoyed in relation thereto.

(b.) Every regulation, rule, appointment, and other thing in this Article mentioned shall continue in force and have effect throughout the Protectorate as if this Order had not been made, but so that the same may be revoked, altered, or otherwise dealt with under this Order, as if it had been made or done under this Order.

62. Criminal or civil proceedings begun under the Zanzibar or Africa Orders, and pending at the commencement of this Order, shall, from and after that time, be regulated by the provisions of this Order, as far as the nature and circumstances of each case admit.

63. This Order shall commence and have effect as follows:—

(1.) As to the making of any warrant or appointment under this Order, immediately from and after the date of this Order.

(2.) As to the framing of Rules of Procedure or Regulations, and the approval thereof by the Secretary of State, immediately from and after the date of this Order.

(3.) As to all other matters and provisions comprised and contained in this Order, immediately



from and after the expiration of one month after this Order is first exhibited in the public office of the Protectorate at Mombasa; for which purpose the Commissioner is hereby required forthwith, on receipt by him of a copy of this Order, to affix and exhibit the same conspicuously in his public office, and he is also hereby required to keep the same so affixed and exhibited during one month from the first exhibition thereof; and notice of the time of such first exhibition shall, as soon thereafter as practicable, be published in Mombasa in such manner as the Commissioner directs; and, notwithstanding anything in this Order, the time of the expiration of the said month shall be deemed to be the time of the commencement of this Order.

(4.) Proof shall not in any proceeding or matter be required that the provisions of this Article have been complied with, nor shall any act or proceeding be invalidated by any failure to comply with any of such provisions.

64. A copy of this Order shall be kept exhibited conspicuously in the Court and in the principal office of the Protectorate at Mombasa.

Printed copies shall be provided and sold at such reasonable price as the Commissioner directs.

And the Most Honourable the Marquess of Salisbury, K.G., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein.

C. L. Peel.

## SCHEDULE.

### *Indian Acts Applied.*

Acts XXXV and XXXVI of 1858 relating respectively to Lunatics and Lunatic Asylums.

The Indian Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860).

"The Whipping Act, 1864" (Act VI of 1864).

The Indian Succession Act (Act X of 1865) except section 331.

So much of "The Indian Post Office Act, 1866" (Act XIV of 1866) as relates to offences against the Post Office.

The Indian Divorce Act (Act IV of 1869), except so much as relates to divorce and nullity of marriage.

"The Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869" (Act XIV of 1869), except sections 6, 15, 23, 32, 33, 24, 38 to 43 (both inclusive), the last clause of section 19, and the last two clauses of section 22.

"The Indian Evidence Act, 1872" (Act I of 1872).

"The Indian Contract Act, 1872" (Act IX of 1872).

"The Indian Oaths Act, 1873" (Act X of 1873).

The Indian Majority Act (Act IX of 1875).

"The Indian Limitation Act, 1877" (Act XV of 1877).

"The Transfer of Property Act, 1882" (Act IV of 1882).

The Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1882), except chapter 3.

The Code of Civil Procedure (Act XIV of 1882).

"The Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887" (Act IX of 1887).

"The Indian Railways Act, 1890" (Act IX of 1890).

"The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890" (Act XI of 1890).

"The Land Acquisition Act, 1894" (Act of 1894).

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**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

**PRESENT,**

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.  
His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught  
and Strathearn.  
Lord President.  
Earl of Kintore.  
Earl of Hopetoun.  
Mr. Secretary Chamberlain.

**W**HEREAS by Treaty, grant, usage, sufferance, and other lawful means, Her Majesty the Queen has power and jurisdiction within the dominions of His Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue, and in exercise of the powers on this behalf by "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," or otherwise, in Her Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

**PART I.—Preliminary.**

1. This Order may be cited as "The Zanzibar Order in Council, 1897."

The limits of this Order are the Islands of Zanzibar and Pemba, including the territorial waters thereof, and any islets within those waters, which islands and waters are in this Order (except when the context requires a different construction) included in the expression "Zanzibar."

2. This Order is divided into Parts as follows:—

- Part I. Preliminary.
- Part II. Application and effect of Order.
- Part III. Constitution of Courts.
- Part IV. Application of law of British India and of the United Kingdom.
- Part V. Criminal matters.
- Part VI. Civil matters.
- Part VII. Zanzibar and Foreign Subjects and Tribunals.

Part VIII. Miscellaneous.

Part IX. Repeal and Transitory Provisions.  
Schedules.

3. In this Order—

(i.) "The Secretary of State" means one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State;

(ii.) "Treasury" means the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury;

(iii.) "The Consul-General" means Her Majesty's Consul-General for Zanzibar, including a person acting temporarily, with the approval of the Secretary of State, as or for the Consul-General;

(iv.) "British Subject" includes a British-protected person, that is to say, a person (a) who being a native of any place beyond the dominions of the Sultan of Zanzibar, which is under the Protectorate of Her Majesty is temporarily within the limits of this Order; or (b) who by virtue of "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," or otherwise, enjoys Her Majesty's protection in Zanzibar;

(v.) "Resident" means having a fixed place of abode in Zanzibar;

(vi.) "Zanzibar Subject" means a subject of the Sultan of Zanzibar;

(vii.) "Foreigner" means a subject or citizen of a State in amity with Her Majesty, other than Zanzibar;

(viii.) "Zanzibar or foreign Court" means a Court of the Government of Zanzibar, or of any foreign State in amity with Her Majesty, exercising lawful jurisdiction in Zanzibar, and includes every member or officer of such a Court;

(ix.) "Treaty" includes any Convention, Agreement, or Arrangement, made by or on behalf of Her Majesty with any State or Government, King, Chief, people, or tribe, whether the Sultan of Zanzibar is or is not a party thereto;

(x.) "Administration" means (unless a contrary intention appears from the context) letters of administration, including the same with will annexed, or granted for special or limited purposes, or limited in duration;

(xi.) "Ship" includes any vessel used in navigation, however propelled, with her tackle, furniture, and apparel, and any boat or other craft;

(xii.) "Offence" means any act or omission made punishable by any law for the time being in force;

(xiii.) "Imprisonment" means imprisonment of either description, as defined in the Indian Penal Code;

(xiv.) "Month" means calendar month;

(xv.) "Will" means will, codicil, or other testamentary instrument;

(xvi.) "Oath" or "affidavit" includes affirmation or declaration;

(xvii.) "Person" includes Corporation;

(xviii.) Words importing the plural or the singular may be construed as referring to one person or thing, or to more than one person or thing, and words importing the masculine as referring to females (as the case may require).

4.—(1.) Where this Order confers a power or imposes a duty, the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed from time to time as occasion requires.

(2.) Where this Order confers a power or imposes a duty on the holder of an office, then, unless a contrary intention appears, the power may be exercised and the duty shall be performed by the holder of the office for the time being, or by a person duly appointed to act for him.

(3.) Where this Order confers a power to make rules, regulations, or orders, the power shall be construed as including a power exercisable in the like manner, and subject to the like approval and conditions (if any), to rescind, revoke, amend, or vary the rules, regulations, or orders.

**PART II.—Application and effect of Order.**

5.—(1.) This Order extends to British subjects and to foreigners with respect to whom the Government whose subjects they are has, by Treaty or otherwise, agreed with Her Majesty for, or consented to, the exercise of power or authority by Her Majesty; and the expression "person subject to this Order" shall be construed accordingly.

(2.) This Order also extends to (a) the property and all personal or proprietary rights and liabilities in Zanzibar of persons subject to this Order; (b) British ships, with their boats, and the property on board thereof; and (c) foreign ships belonging to persons who are, or if they were in Zanzibar would be, persons subject to this Order, so, however, that jurisdiction over such foreign ships shall not be exercised otherwise than according to the practice of the High Court in England in the exercise of jurisdiction over foreign ships.

(3.) This Order also extends, in the cases and according to the conditions specified in this Order,

so Zanzibar subjects and to foreigners not otherwise subject to this Order.

6. All Her Majesty's jurisdiction exercisable in Zanzibar for the hearing and determination of suits, or for the maintenance of order, or for the control or administration of persons or property, or in relation thereto, shall be exercised under and according to the provisions of this Order, so far as this Order extends and applies.

### PART III.—*Constitution of Courts.*

7.—(1.) There shall be, and there is hereby established, a Court styled "Her Britannic Majesty's Court for Zanzibar," hereinafter referred to also as "the Court for Zanzibar" and "the Court."

(2.) Subject to the other provisions of this Order, Her Majesty's jurisdiction in Zanzibar shall be, and is hereby, vested in the Court for Zanzibar.

(3.) The members of the Court shall be the Judge and the Assistant-Judge, but as respects the Assistant-Judge, subject to the provisions of this Order and to such exceptions and directions as the Secretary of State from time to time thinks fit to make.

(4.) A person appointed to be Judge or Assistant-Judge must be a member of the bar of England, Scotland, or Ireland, and must be of not less than five years' standing on appointment as Judge, and of not less than three years' standing on appointment as Assistant-Judge.

(5.) The Judge and the Assistant-Judge shall be appointed by Her Majesty by warrant under her Royal Sign Manual. Each of them shall hold office during the pleasure of Her Majesty, and in the event of a revocation of his warrant, until such revocation is notified to him by the Secretary of State.

(6.) In case of the illness or temporary absence of the Judge, the Consul-General may appoint either a person qualified to be appointed Judge, or the Assistant-Judge, or a person appointed to hold a Subordinate Court under this Order, or a commissioned Consular officer, to act as Judge.

(7.) In case of the illness or temporary absence of the Assistant Judge, or of his temporary appointment as Judge, the Consul-General may appoint either a person qualified to be appointed Assistant Judge, or a person appointed to hold a Subordinate Court under this Order, or a commissioned Consular officer, to act as Assistant Judge.

8. The Court shall have a seal bearing the style of the Court and a device approved by the Secretary of State; but until such a seal is provided, a stamp bearing the words "Court for Zanzibar" may be used instead thereof.

9. Subject to the directions of the Secretary of State, the Consul-General may appoint such and so many persons to be Registrars, Clerks, Bailiffs, Interpreters, and other officers of the Court as he thinks fit, and remove from office any person so appointed.

Any Registrar of the Court, and any other officer of the Court designated in this behalf by the Consul-General, may administer oaths, and take affidavits, declarations, and affirmations.

10. The Secretary of State may, if he thinks fit, appoint Subordinate Courts to be held at places in Zanzibar, and may appoint a competent person to hold any such Court, under such designation and with such remuneration as he may direct, and may assign to any such Court such of the powers and jurisdiction by this Order conferred on the Court for Zanzibar, to be exercised by the Court so constituted, as he may think fit, and may

assign the district in and for which each such Court shall act, and may determine the description and number of the officers to be attached to any such Court and the mode of their appointment and removal and their duties and remuneration and any matters incident to any of the above-mentioned purposes.

Any person appointed under the provisions of this Article shall be removable by authority of the Secretary of State.

### PART IV.—*Application of Law of British India and of the United Kingdom.*

11.—(a.) Subject to the other provisions of this Order, and to any Treaties for the time being in force relating to Zanzibar, Her Majesty's criminal and civil jurisdiction in Zanzibar shall, so far as circumstances admit, be exercised on the principles of, and in conformity with, the enactments for the time being applicable as hereinafter mentioned of the Governor-General of India in Council, and of the Governor of Bombay in Council, and according to the course of procedure and practice observed by, and before, the Courts in the Presidency of Bombay beyond the limits of the ordinary original jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay according to their respective jurisdiction and authority, and so far as such enactments, procedure, and practice are inapplicable, shall be exercised under, and in accordance with, the common and statute law of England in force at the commencement of this Order.

(b.) The enactments described in the First Schedule to this Order are hereby made applicable to Zanzibar.

(c.) Any other existing or future enactments of the Governor-General of India in Council, or of the Governor of Bombay in Council, shall also be applicable to Zanzibar, but shall not come into operation until such times as may in the case of any of such enactments respectively be fixed by the Secretary of State.

(d.) Any Act of the Governor-General of India in Council, or of the Governor of Bombay in Council, whether passed before or after the commencement of this Order amending or substituted for any Act of either of those Legislatures which is by or under this Order made applicable to and brought into operation in Zanzibar, shall, subject to the provisions of this Article, also apply to Zanzibar.

(e.) For the purpose of facilitating the application of any such enactments as before mentioned—

(i.) The Court may construe any such enactment, with such alterations not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt the same to the matter before the Court;

(ii.) The Secretary of State may by order direct by what authority any jurisdiction, powers, or duties incident to the operation of any such enactment, and for the exercise or performance of which no convenient provision has been otherwise made, shall be exercised or performed;

(iii.) The Secretary of State may by order modify, for the purposes of this Order, any provision of any of the before-mentioned enactments, or of any amending or substituted enactment relating to civil or criminal procedure, or to procedure in bankruptcy;

(iv.) Any order of the Secretary of State made in pursuance of this Article shall be published in Zanzibar and in India, in such manner as he directs, and shall have effect as from a date to be specified in the order.

12. The enactments described in the First

Schedule to "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," shall apply to Zanzibar as if Zanzibar were a British Colony or possession, but subject to the provisions of this Order and to the exceptions, adaptations, and modifications following, that is to say:—

(i.) The Consul-General is hereby substituted for the Governor of a Colony or British possession, and the Court for Zanzibar is hereby substituted for a Superior Court or Supreme Court and for a Magistrate or Justice of the Peace of a Colony or British possession.

(ii.) For the portions of the Merchant Shipping Acts, 1854 and 1877, referred to in the said Schedule, shall be substituted Part XIII of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894."

(iii.) In section 51 of "The Conveyancing (Scotland) Act, 1874," and any enactment for the time being in force amending the same, the Court for Zanzibar is substituted for a Court of Probate in a Colony.

(iv.) With respect to "The Fugitive Offenders Act, 1881,"—

(a.) So much of the 4th and 5th sections of the said Act as relates to sending a report of the issue of a warrant, together with the information, or a copy thereof, or to the sending of a certificate of committal and report of a case, or to the information to be given by a Magistrate to a fugitive, shall be excepted, and in lieu of such information, the person acting as the Magistrate shall inform the fugitive that in the British possession or Protectorate to which he may be conveyed he has the right to apply for a writ of *habeas corpus* or other like process.

(b.) So much of the 6th section of the said Act as requires the expiration of fifteen days before issue of a warrant shall be excepted.

(c.) The Consul-General shall not be bound to return a fugitive offender to a British possession unless satisfied that the proceedings to obtain his return are taken with the consent of the Governor of that possession.

(d.) For the purposes of Part II of the said Act, Zanzibar, the East Africa and Uganda Protectorates, British India, Mauritius, and all British possessions and Protectorates in Africa south of the Equator shall be deemed to be one group of British possessions.

13. The Secretary of State may, by Order published in such manner as he directs, declare that any of the Laws or Ordinances for the time being in force in any African possession of Her Majesty, and not inconsistent with this Order, shall have effect and be administered in Zanzibar with such modifications or adaptations as may be necessary, and thereupon such Laws or Ordinances, as so modified or adapted, shall have effect as if they had been applied by this Order.

#### PART V.—Criminal Matters.

14. Subject to the other provisions of this Order, the Code of Criminal Procedure and the other enactments relating to the administration of criminal justice in India, for the time being applicable to Zanzibar, shall have effect as if Zanzibar were a district in the Presidency of Bombay; and the Assistant Judge shall be deemed to be the Magistrate of the district; the Judge shall be deemed to be the Sessions Judge; the High Court of Judicature at Bombay (hereinafter called the High Court of Bombay) shall be deemed to be the High Court; and the powers both of the Governor-General in Council and of the Local Government under those enactments shall be exercisable by the Secretary of State, or

with his previous or subsequent assent, by the Governor-General of India in Council.

15. When any person is committed to the High Court of Bombay for trial, the Consul-General may, under and in accordance with the provisions of section 6 of "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," send him to Bombay for trial; and in such case the Court may, if it thinks fit, bind over such of the proper witnesses as are British subjects, or any of them, in their own recognizances, to appear and give evidence on the trial.

16. If any person subject to this Order smuggles or imports into or exports from Zanzibar any goods whereon any duty is charged or payable to the Government of Zanzibar, with intent to evade payment of the duty, he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or with both.

17. Any act which if done in British India would be an offence against the law for the time being in force in British India relating to trade-marks, merchandize-marks, copyright, designs, or inventions, shall, if done in Zanzibar by a person subject to this Order, be an offence, whether the person in relation to whose property or right such act is done is, or is not, subject to this Order; and any person convicted of such offence shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with a fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or with both.

18.—(1.) In cases of murder or culpable homicide, if either the death or the criminal act which wholly or partly caused the death happened in Zanzibar, a Court acting under this Order shall have the like jurisdiction over any person subject to this Order who is charged either as a principal offender or as an abettor, as if both the criminal act and the death had happened in Zanzibar.

(2.) In the case of any offence committed on the high seas, or within the Admiralty jurisdiction, by any person subject to this Order who at the time of committing such offence was on board a British ship, or on board a foreign ship to which he did not belong, a Court acting under this Order shall have jurisdiction as if the offence had been committed within Zanzibar.

(3.) In cases tried under this Article no different sentence can be passed from the sentence which could be passed in England if the offence were tried there.

19.—(a.) The Consul-General may, if he thinks fit, by general order, prescribe the manner in which, and the places in Zanzibar at which, sentences of imprisonment are to be carried into execution.

(b.) The Consul-General may, if he thinks fit, in any case, by warrant under his hand and official seal, cause an offender convicted and sentenced to imprisonment before the Court to be sent and removed to, and imprisoned in, any place in Zanzibar or in the East Africa Protectorate.

20. Where an offender convicted before the Court is sentenced to imprisonment, and the Consul-General, proceeding under section 7 of "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," authority in that behalf being hereby given to him, considers it expedient that the sentence should be carried into effect within Her Majesty's dominions, the place shall be a place in some part of Her Majesty's dominions out of the United Kingdom the Government whereof consents that offenders may be sent thither under this Article.

21.—(1.) Where it is shown by evidence on oath, to the satisfaction of the Consul-General, that any person subject to this Order has committed, or is about to commit, an offence against this Order, or is otherwise conducting himself so

as to be dangerous to peace and good order in Zanzibar, or is endeavouring to excite enmity between the Sultan or people of Zanzibar and Her Majesty, or is intriguing against Her Majesty's power and authority in Zanzibar, the Consul-General may, if he thinks fit, by order under his hand and official seal, prohibit that person from being in Zanzibar during any time therein specified, not exceeding two years.

(2.) If the person named in the order of prohibition fails to obey, or acts in contravention of, the order—

(i.) He shall be guilty of an offence against this Order, and, on conviction thereof, shall be liable to imprisonment for any time not exceeding two years, without prejudice to the operation of the order of prohibition;

(ii.) Whether the offender has been convicted of, or imprisoned for, that offence or not, the Consul-General may, if he thinks fit, by order under his hand and official seal, authorize and direct that he be taken into custody, and be removed in custody to some place named in the order of removal, being a place to which a person can under this Order be deported beyond the limits specified in the order of prohibition;

(iii.) The offender shall be taken into custody and removed accordingly, and in such removal force may be used if necessary; and he shall be discharged from custody at the place named in the order of removal.

(3.) In any case in which the Consul-General can, under this Order, make an order of prohibition, he may, if he thinks fit, in lieu of such order, make and execute an order of deportation in like manner, and with all the like consequences, as an order of deportation can under this Order be made and executed in the case of a person who, after conviction of an offence, has failed to give security required for good behaviour.

(4.) An appeal shall not lie against an order of prohibition, or removal, or deportation made under this Order.

(5.) The Consul-General, by order under his hand and official seal, may vary any order of prohibition (not extending the duration thereof), and may revoke any order of prohibition or removal.

(6.) The Consul-General shall forthwith report to the Secretary of State every order made by him under this Article, and the grounds thereof, and the proceedings thereunder.

22. Where a person subject to this Order is convicted of an offence, the Court before which he is convicted may, if it thinks fit, require him to give security to the satisfaction of the Court for his future good behaviour, and for that purpose may, if it thinks fit, cause him to come or be brought before the Court.

23.—(a.) If any person required by an order under the last preceding Article, or under the law relating to criminal procedure for the time being in force, to give security for good behaviour or for keeping the peace, fails to do so, the Court may, if it thinks fit, with the approval of the Consul-General, order that he be deported from Zanzibar.

(b.) The Court on making an order of deportation, shall forthwith report to the Consul-General the order and the grounds thereof.

(c.) Thereupon the person ordered to be deported shall be, as soon as practicable, and in the case of a person convicted, either after execution of the sentence, or while it is in course of execution, removed in custody, under the warrant of the Consul-General, to the place named in the warrant.

(d.) The place shall be a place in that part (if any) of Her Majesty's dominions out of the United Kingdom to which the person belongs, or in some other part of those dominions the Government whereof consents to the reception therein of persons deported under this Order, or a place under the Protectorate of Her Majesty, or in the country out of Her Majesty's dominions to which the person belongs.

(e.) The Court, on making an order of deportation, may, if it thinks fit, order the person to be deported to pay all or any part of the expenses of his deportation, to be fixed by the Court in the order.

(f.) The Consul-General shall forthwith report to the Secretary of State every order of deportation made under this Order, and the grounds thereof and the proceedings thereunder.

(g.) If a person deported under this Order returns to Zanzibar without permission in writing of the Consul-General or Secretary of State, he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or with both.

(h.) He shall also be liable to be again deported under the original or a new order and a fresh warrant of the Consul-General.

24.—(a.) Where a person entitled to appeal to the High Court of Bombay from any Judgment or order passed in the exercise of criminal jurisdiction under this Order desires so to appeal, he shall present his Petition of appeal to the Court for Zanzibar, and the Petition shall with all practicable speed be transmitted by the Court for Zanzibar to the High Court, with certified copies of the charge (if any) and proceedings, of all documentary evidence admitted or tendered, of the depositions, of the notes of the oral testimony, and of the Judgment or order, and any argument on the Petition of appeal that the appellant desires to submit to the High Court.

25. The Court for Zanzibar shall postpone the execution of the sentence pending the appeal, and shall, if necessary, commit the person convicted to prison for safe custody, or detain him in prison for safe custody, or shall admit him to bail, and may take security, by recognizance, deposit of money, or otherwise, for his payment of any fine.

26.—(a.) Where, under this Order, a person is to be sent, or removed, or deported from Zanzibar, he shall by warrant of the Consul-General under his hand and seal, be detained, if necessary, in custody, or in prison, until a fit opportunity for his removal or deportation occurs, and then be put on board one of Her Majesty's vessels of war, or, if none is available, then on board some other British or other fit vessel.

(b.) The warrant of the Consul-General shall be sufficient authority to the person to whom it is directed or delivered for execution, and to the commander or master of the vessel, to receive and detain the person therein named, in the manner therein prescribed, and to send, or remove, and carry him to the place therein named, according to the warrant.

(c.) In case of sending or removal for any purpose other than deportation, the warrant of the Consul-General shall be issued in duplicate, and the person executing it shall, as soon as practicable after his arrival at the place therein named, deliver, according to the warrant, with one of the duplicates of the warrant, to a constable, or proper officer of police or keeper of a prison, or other proper authority or person there, the person named in the warrant, to be produced on the order of the proper Court or authority there, or to be otherwise dealt with according to law.

27. When a warrant or order of arrest is issued by a competent judicial authority in the East Africa Protectorate or in the Uganda Protectorate for the apprehension of a person who is accused of crime committed in that Protectorate, and who is, or is supposed to be, within Zanzibar, and that warrant or order is produced to any Court acting under this Order, the Court may back the warrant or order, and the same, when so backed, shall be sufficient authority to any person to whom it was originally directed, and also to any constable or officer of the Court by whom it is backed, and to any person named on the back of the warrant or order, to apprehend the accused person at any place within the limits of this Order and to carry him to and deliver him up within the jurisdiction of the authority issuing the warrant or order.

28. The Consul-General and every commissioned Consular Officer respectively, shall have in and for Zanzibar all the power and jurisdiction appertaining to the office of a Justice of the Peace.

#### PART VI.—*Civil Matters.*

29. Subject to the other provisions of this Order, the Code of Civil Procedure, "The Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869," the Indian Succession Act, and the other enactments relating to the administration of civil justice for the time applicable to Zanzibar, shall have effect as if Zanzibar were a district in the Presidency of Bombay: the Judge shall be deemed to be the District Judge, and the Assistant Judge, the Joint District Judge, of the district, and the Court of Zanzibar, the District Court or Principal Civil Court of Original Jurisdiction in the district; the High Court of Bombay shall be deemed to be the highest Civil Court of Appeal for the district, and the Court authorized to hear appeals from and to revise the decisions of the District Court; and the powers, both of the Governor-General in Council and the Local Government, under those enactments shall be exercisable by the Secretary of State, or, with his previous or subsequent assent, by the Governor-General of India in Council.

30. The Court for Zanzibar shall, for and within Zanzibar, and for vessels and persons coming within Zanzibar, have all such jurisdiction as is for the time being conferred on the Court by "The Consular Courts (Admiralty) Order in Council, 1894," or by any other Order in Council under section 12 of "The Colonial Courts of Admiralty Act, 1890."

The Assistant Judge shall be the Admiralty Registrar of the Court, but when he acts as Judge the Consul-General may appoint a competent person to be Acting Registrar.

31.—(a.) The Court shall endeavour to obtain, as early as may be, notice of the death of every person subject to this Order dying in Zanzibar and leaving property to be administered, and all such information as may serve to guide the Court with respect to the securing and administration of his property.

(b.) On receiving notice of the death of such a person, the Court shall put up a notice thereof at the Court-house, and shall keep the same there until probate or administration is granted, or, where it appears to the Court that probate or administration will not be applied for, or cannot be granted, for such time as the Court thinks fit.

(c.) The Court shall, where the circumstances of the case appear so to require, as soon as may be, take possession of the property in Zanzibar of the deceased, or put it under the seal of the Court (in either case, if the nature of the property or other

circumstances so require, making an inventory), and so keep it until it can be dealt with according to law.

(d.) All expenses incurred by the Court in so doing shall be the first charge on the property of the deceased, and the Court shall, by sale of the property or part thereof, or otherwise, provide for the discharge of these expenses.

32. When a person subject to this Order dies in Zanzibar intestate, his property shall, until administration is granted, vest in the Judge.

33. If a person named executor in a will, to the establishment of whose title, as such, it is necessary to obtain probate of that will, takes possession of, and administers or otherwise deals with, any part of the property of the deceased, and does not obtain probate within one month after the death, or after the termination of any proceeding respecting probate or administration, he shall be liable to be punished with fine, which may extend to 1,000 rupees.

34. If any person, other than the person named executor, or the administrator, or a person entitled to represent the deceased without obtaining probate or letters of administration, or an officer of the Court, takes possession of and administers, or otherwise deals with, any part of the property of the deceased, he shall, as soon as practicable, notify the fact and the circumstances to the Court, and shall furnish to the Court all such information as the Court requires, and shall conform to any directions of the Court in relation to the custody, disposal, or transmission of the property, or the proceeds thereof, and, in case of any contravention of this Article, he shall be liable to be punished with fine, which may extend to 1,000 rupees.

35.—(1.) When the peculiar circumstances of the case appear to the Court so to require, for reasons recorded in its proceedings, the Court may, if it thinks fit, of its own motion, or otherwise, grant letters of administration to an officer or practitioner of the Court.

(2.) The person so appointed shall act under the direction of the Court, and shall be indemnified thereby; and if he is a practitioner shall not act otherwise than as administrator in relation to the estate.

(3.) He shall publish such notices, if any, as the Court thinks fit, in Zanzibar, Bombay, the United Kingdom, and elsewhere.

(4.) The Court shall require and compel him to file, in the proper office of the Court, his accounts of his administration, at intervals, not exceeding three months.

(5.) The accounts shall be audited under the direction of the Court.

(6.) All expenses incurred in behalf of the Court in execution of this Article shall be the first charge on the estate of the deceased in Zanzibar; and the Court shall, by the sale of the estate, or otherwise, provide for the discharge of those expenses.

36.—(a.) Where any person entitled to appeal to the High Court of Bombay from any decree or order made by the Court for Zanzibar in the exercise of civil jurisdiction under this Order desires so to appeal, he shall present his Memorandum of Appeal to the Court for Zanzibar, and, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, that Court shall receive the same for transmission to the High Court in manner hereinafter provided.

(b.) The appellant shall, within such time as the Court directs, give security to the satisfaction of the Court, and to such amount as the Court thinks reasonable, for prosecution of the appeal,

nd for payment of any costs that may be ordered y the High Court of Bombay on the appeal to be aid by the appellant.

(c.) The appellant shall pay into the proper office of the Court for Zanzibar such sum as the Court thinks reasonable, to defray the expense of the making up and transmission to the High Court of Bombay of the record.

37. The appellant may, with his Memorandum of Appeal, file any argument which he desires to submit to the High Court of Bombay in support of the appeal.

38.—(a.) The Memorandum of Appeal and the argument (if any) shall be served on such persons as respondents as the Court for Zanzibar directs.

(b.) A respondent may, within seven days after service, file in the Court for Zanzibar such arguments as he desires to submit to the High Court of Bombay against the appeal.

(c.) Copies thereof shall be furnished by the Court for Zanzibar to such persons as that Court thinks fit.

39.—(a.) On the expiration of the time for the respondent filing his argument, the Court shall, without the application of any party, make up the record of appeal, which shall consist of the Memorandum of Appeal and the arguments (if any), and certified copies of the following, namely, the plaint, written statements (if any), all proceedings, all written and documentary evidence admitted or tendered, the notes of the oral evidence, the Judgment, and the Decree or order.

(b.) The several pieces shall be fastened together consecutively numbered, and the whole shall be secured by the seal of the Court, and be forthwith forwarded to the High Court of Bombay.

(c.) The Court may, if for special reasons they think fit, send any portion of the documentary evidence in original to the High Court.

#### PART VII.—*Zanzibar and Foreign Subjects and Tribunals.*

40.—(a.) The Court for Zanzibar shall hear and determine all civil questions, claims, or disputes arising between any Zanzibar subject and any person subject to this Order in which the former is plaintiff or complainant.

(b.) The High Court of Bombay shall not exercise jurisdiction in any such suit.

41.—(a.) Where it is desired to commence a suit in which one party is, and the other party is not, a person subject to this Order, the Court shall entertain the same, and shall hear and determine it.

(b.) Provided that the person not subject to this Order, if so required by the Court, first obtains and files in the proper office of the Court the consent, in writing, of the competent authority (if any) on behalf of his own nation, to his submitting, and that he does submit, to the jurisdiction of the Court, and, if required by the Court, gives security to the satisfaction of the Court, and to such reasonable amount as the Court thinks fit, by deposit or otherwise, to pay fees, costs, and damages, and abide by, and perform, the decision to be given by the Court or on appeal.

(c.) A cross-suit shall not be brought in the Court against a plaintiff, being a person not subject to this Order, who has submitted to the jurisdiction, by a defendant without leave of the Court first obtained; but the Court may, as a condition of entertaining the plaintiff's suit, require his consent to any cross-suit or matter of set-off being entertained by the Court.

(d.) The Court, before giving leave, may require proof from the defendant that his claim arises out of the matter in dispute, and that there is reason-

able ground for it, and that it is not made for vexation or delay.

(e.) Nothing in this Article shall prevent the defendant from bringing, in the Court, against a person not subject to this Order, after the termination of the suit in which the latter is plaintiff, any suit which he might have brought in the Court if no provision restraining cross-suits had been inserted in this Order.

(f.) Where a person not subject to this Order obtains in the Court an order against a defendant being a person subject to this Order, and in another suit the latter is plaintiff and the former is defendant, the Court may, if it thinks fit, on the application of the first-mentioned defendant, stay the enforcement of the order pending that other suit, and may set off any amount ordered to be paid by one party in one action against any amount ordered to be paid by the other party in the other action.

(g.) Where the plaintiff, being a person not subject to this Order, obtains an order in the Court against two or more defendants jointly, being persons subject to this Order, and in another suit one of them is a plaintiff and the first-mentioned plaintiff is defendant, the Court may, if it thinks fit, on application, stay the enforcement of the order pending that other action, and may set off any amount ordered to be paid by one party in one action against any amount ordered to be paid by the other party in the other action, without prejudice to the right of the person plaintiff in the second suit to obtain contribution from his co-defendants under the joint liability.

42.—(a.) Where it is proved that the attendance of any person subject to this Order to give evidence, or for any other purpose connected with the administration of justice, is required before any Court of Justice in Zanzibar other than a Court established by this Order, the Court for Zanzibar may, if it thinks fit, in a case and in circumstances in which the Court for Zanzibar would require the attendance of that person before the Court, order that he do attend as required. The order may be made subject to conditions as to payment or tender of expenses or otherwise.

(b.) If the person ordered to attend, having reasonable notice of the time and place at which he is required to attend, fails to attend accordingly, and does not excuse his failure to the satisfaction of the Court for Zanzibar, or if when so attending to give evidence he wilfully gives false evidence, or refuses to be sworn or to give evidence, he shall, independently of any other liability, be liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or with both.

43. If a person subject to this Order—

(i.) Wilfully obstructs, by act or threat, any Court in Zanzibar not established under this Order in the performance of its duty; or

(ii.) Within or close to the room or place where such a Court is sitting wilfully misbehaves in a violent, threatening, or disrespectful manner, to the disturbance of the Court or to the intimidation of suitors or others resorting to the Court; or

(iii.) Wilfully insults any member or officer of such a Court in his going to, or returning from, any place of sitting or office of the Court;

He shall, on conviction before the Court for Zanzibar, be liable to be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or with both.

44.—(a.) Every agreement for reference to arbitration between a person subject to this Order



on the one hand, and a person not subject to this Order on the other hand, may, on the application of any party, be filed for execution in the proper office of the Court.

(b.) The Court shall thereupon have authority to enforce the agreement and the award made thereunder, and to control and regulate the proceedings before and after the award, in such manner and on such terms as the Court may think fit.

(c.) Provided that the person not subject to this Order first obtains and files, in the proper office of the Court, the consent, in writing, of the competent authority (if any), on behalf of his own nation, to his submitting, and that he does submit, to the jurisdiction of the Court, and, if required by the Court, gives security to the satisfaction of the Court, and to such reasonable amount as the Court thinks fit, by deposit or otherwise, to pay fees, damages, costs, and expenses, and abide by and perform the award.

(d.) If a person subject to this Order wilfully gives false evidence in an arbitration, he shall on conviction before the Court for Zanzibar be liable to the same punishment as if he were convicted of giving false evidence in a proceeding in that Court.

#### PART VIII.—Miscellaneous.

45.—(1.) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, the Court for Zanzibar shall not exercise any jurisdiction in any proceeding whatsoever over Her Majesty's Consul-General, or his official or other residences, or his official or other property.

(2.) Notwithstanding anything in this Order, the Court for Zanzibar shall not exercise, except with the consent of the Consul-General, signified in writing to the Court, any jurisdiction in a civil action or proceeding over any person attached to or being a member of Her Majesty's Consulate-General in Zanzibar, or being a domestic servant of the Consul-General.

(3.) If, in any case under this Order, it appears to the Court for Zanzibar that the attendance of the Consul-General, or of any person attached to or being a member of Her Majesty's Consulate-General in Zanzibar, or being a domestic servant of the Consul-General, to give evidence before the Court, is requisite in the interest of justice, the Court for Zanzibar may address to the Consul-General a request in writing for such attendance.

(4.) A person attending to give evidence before the Court shall not be compelled or allowed to give any evidence or produce any document if, in the opinion of the Consul-General, signified by him personally or in writing to the Court, the giving or production thereof would be injurious to Her Majesty's service.

46. Subject to the approval of the Secretary of State, the Court may frame Rules of Procedure and other Rules, consistent with this Order, for the better execution of the provisions herein contained in respect of civil or criminal proceedings, and for regulating the conditions on which persons other than parties may be permitted to practise as advocates or solicitors in any Court, or for suspending or excluding (subject to a right of appeal to the Secretary of State) such persons from practice in case of misconduct: Provided that any scale of remuneration fixed by such rules shall have been sanctioned by the Treasury.

47. The Consul-General may make Regulations (to be called Queen's Regulations) for the following purposes, that is to say:—

(i.) For the peace, order, and good government of British subjects, and other persons subject to

this Order, in relation to matters not provided for in this Order.

(ii.) For securing the observance of any Treaty for the time being in force relating to Zanzibar, or of any native or local law or custom.

(iii.) For requiring returns to be made of the nature, quantity, and value of articles exported from or imported into Zanzibar, or any part thereof, by or on account of any British subject or person subject to this Order, and for prescribing the times and manner at or in which, and the persons by whom, such Returns are to be made.

Any Regulations under this Article may provide for forfeiture of any goods, receptacles, or things in relation to which, or to the contents of which, any breach is committed of such Regulations, or of any Treaty, or any native or local law or custom, the observance of which is provided for by the Regulations.

Any Regulations under this Article shall, when allowed by the Secretary of State, and published as he directs, have effect as if contained in this Order: Provided that in case of urgency declared in any such Regulations, the same shall take effect before such allowance, and shall continue to have effect unless and until they are disallowed by the Secretary of State, and until notification of such disallowance is received and published by the Consul-General, and such disallowance shall be without prejudice to anything done or suffered under such Regulations in the meantime.

Any breach of the Regulations shall be an offence against this Order, and any person guilty thereof, shall on conviction be liable to a fine which may extend to 1,000 rupees, or to imprisonment which may extend to two months, or both, in addition to any forfeiture as aforesaid.

48. The Consul-General may also make Regulations for the governance, visitation, care, and superintendence of prisons in Zanzibar, and for the infliction of corporal or other punishment on prisoners committing offences against those Regulations.

Any Regulations under this Article shall, when allowed by the Secretary of State, have effect, as if contained in this Order, and copies thereof shall be exhibited in every prison to which they apply in such manner as the Consul-General may direct.

Any breach of Regulations under this Article, committed by any officer of a prison, or by any other person (not being a prisoner), shall be punishable in like manner as a breach of Queen's Regulations, under the last preceding Article.

49.—(a.) A non-testamentary instrument to which a British subject is a party, executed after the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and purporting or operating to create, declare, assign, limit, or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title, or interest, whether vested or contingent to, in, or over immovable property situate in Zanzibar, shall not affect any immovable property comprised therein, or be received as evidence of any transaction affecting that property, unless it has been registered at such time and place and in such manner as may be prescribed by Rules made by the Consul-General and approved by the Secretary of State, and for the time being in force.

(b.) Provided that nothing in this Article shall make any instrument inadmissible in evidence in any criminal proceeding.

50.—(a.) The Consul-General may, with the approval of the Secretary of State, and concurrence of the Treasury, make rules imposing fees leviable in respect of any proceedings in, or processes issued out of, any Court established under



this Order, and in respect of the registration of any instrument under this Order.

(b.) But the Court may in any case if it thinks fit, on account of the poverty of a party, or for any other reason, dispense in whole or in part with the payment of any fee chargeable in respect of such matter.

(c.) The Court shall in every such case forthwith report the dispensation to the Consul-General, and he shall give such directions thereon as he thinks fit.

(d.) Nothing in this Order shall affect any Order in Council prescribing a Table of fees to be taken by Consular officers; and, where a fee is taken under that Order, no fee shall be taken in respect of the same matter under this Order.

51.—(a.) All fees, charges, expenses, costs, fines, damages, and other money payable under this Order, or under any law made applicable by this Order, may be enforced under order of the Court by attachment and sale of goods, and, in case of deficiency, by imprisonment, which may extend to one month.

(b.) Any bill of sale or mortgage, or transfer of property, made with the view of avoiding such attachment or sale, shall not be effectual to defeat the provisions of this Order.

(c.) All fees, penalties, fines, and forfeitures levied under this Order, except such as may under Treaty be paid to the Sultan of Zanzibar, shall be paid to the public account, and shall be applied in such manner as the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the Treasury, may direct.

52. Subject to the other provisions of this Order, all expenses of removal of prisoners and others, and the expenses of deportation and of the sending of any person to Bombay, or to any part of Her Majesty's dominions or Protectorates, including expenses of maintenance, shall be defrayed in such manner as the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the Treasury, directs.

53.—(a.) If an officer of the Court employed to execute an order loses, by neglect or omission, the opportunity of executing it, then, on complaint of the person aggrieved and proof of the fact alleged, the Court may, if it thinks fit, order the officer to pay the damages sustained by the person complaining, or part thereof.

(b.) The order may be enforced as an order directing payment of money.

54.—(a.) If a clerk or officer of the Court, acting under pretence of the process of authority of the Court, is charged with extortion, or with not paying over money duly levied, or with other misconduct, the Court may, if it thinks fit, inquire into the charge in a summary way, and may for that purpose summon and enforce the attendance of all necessary persons as in an action, and may make such order for the repayment of any money extorted, or for the payment over of any money levied, and for the payment of such damages and costs, as the Court thinks fit.

(b.) The Court may also, if it thinks fit, on the same inquiry, impose on the clerk or officer a fine not exceeding 50 rupees for each offence.

(c.) A clerk or officer punished under this Article shall not, without the leave of the Court, be liable to an action in respect of the same matter; and any such action, if already or afterwards begun, may be stayed by the Court in such manner and on such terms as the Court thinks fit.

(d.) Nothing in this Article shall be deemed to prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any act or omission punishable under this Article, or from being liable under that other law to any higher punishment or penalty than that provided by this Article. Provided that

no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

55. The Consul-General, or any Consular officer appointed by him in that behalf, may exercise any power conferred on any Justices of the Peace within Her Majesty's dominions by any Act of Parliament for the time being in force, regulating merchant seamen or the mercantile marine.

56. Not later than the thirty-first March in each year the Consul-General shall send to the Secretary of State a Report on the operation of this Order up to the thirty-first December in the previous year showing, for the then last twelve months, the number and nature of the proceedings, criminal or civil, taken under this Order, and the result thereof; and the number and amount of fees received, and containing an abstract of the list of registered British subjects, and such other information, and being in such form as the Secretary of State from time to time directs.

#### PART IX.—*Repeal and Transitory Provisions.*

57.—(a.) From the commencement of this Order the Orders in Council described in the Second Schedule to this Order shall be repealed as to Zanzibar, but this repeal shall not—

(i.) Affect the past operation of any of the repealed Orders, or any Regulation, Rule, or appointment made, or any right, title, obligation, or liability accrued, or the validity or invalidity of anything done or suffered, under any of those Orders before the commencement of this Order;

(ii.) Interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding or suit, criminal or civil, in respect of any offence committed against, or forfeiture incurred, or liability accrued under, or in consequence of any provision of the repealed Orders, or any regulation made thereunder;

(iii.) Take away or abridge any protection or benefit given or to be enjoyed in relation thereto.

(b.) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Orders in Council aforesaid, or any other thing in this Order, every Regulation, Rule, appointment, and other thing in this Article mentioned shall continue and be as if this Order had not been made, but so that the same may be revoked, altered, or otherwise dealt with under this Order, as if it had been made or done under this Order.

58. Criminal or civil proceedings begun under any Order in Council repealed by this Order, and pending at the commencement of this Order, shall, from and after that time, be regulated by the provisions of this Order, as far as the nature and circumstances of each case admit.

59. This Order shall commence and have effect as follows:—

(1.) As to the making of any warrant or appointment under this Order, immediately from and after the date of this Order.

(2.) As to the framing of Rules of Procedure or Regulations, and the approval thereof by the Secretary of State, immediately from and after the date of this Order.

(3.) As to all other matters and provisions comprised and contained in this Order, immediately from and after the expiration of one month after this Order is first exhibited in the public office of the Consul-General; for which purpose he is hereby required forthwith, on receipt by him of a copy of this Order, to affix and exhibit the same conspicuously in his public office, and he is also hereby required to keep the same so affixed and exhibited during one month from the first exhibition thereof; and notice of the time of such first exhibition shall, as soon thereafter as practicable, be published in Zanzibar in such manner as the

Consul-General directs; and, notwithstanding anything in this Order, the time of the expiration of the said month shall be deemed to be the time of the commencement of this Order.

(4.) Proof shall not in any proceeding or matter be required that the provisions of this Article have been complied with, nor shall any act or proceeding be invalidated by any failure to comply with any of such provisions.

60. A copy of this Order shall be kept exhibited conspicuously in the Court and in the Consulate at Zanzibar.

Printed copies shall be provided and sold at such reasonable price as the Consul-General directs.

And the Most Honourable the Marquess of Salisbury, K.G., and the Right Honourable Lord George Hamilton, two of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them respectively appertain.  
*C. L. Peel.*

### FIRST SCHEDULE.

#### *Indian Acts Applied.*

Acts XXXV and XXXVI of 1858, relating respectively to lunatics and lunatic asylums.

The Indian Penal Code (Act XLV of 1860).

"The Whipping Act, 1864" (Act VI of 1864).

The Indian Succession Act (Act X of 1865), except section 331.

So much of "The Indian Post Office Act, 1866" (Act XIV of 1866) as relates to offences against the Post Office.

The Indian Divorce Act (Act IV of 1869), except so much as relates to divorce and nullity of marriage.

"The Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869" (Act XIV of 1869), except sections 6, 15, 23, 32, 33, 34, 38 to 43 (both inclusive), the last clause of section 19, and the last two clauses of section 22.

"The Indian Evidence Act, 1872" (Act I of 1872).

"The Indian Contract Act, 1872" (Act IX of 1872).

"The Indian Oaths Act, 1873" (Act X of 1873).

The Indian Majority Act (Act IX of 1875).

"The Indian Limitation Act, 1877" (Act XV of 1877).

The Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1882), except chapter 33.

"The Transfer of Property Act, 1882" (Act IV of 1882).

The Code of Civil Procedure (Act XIV of 1882).

"The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890" (Act XI of 1890).

### SECOND SCHEDULE.

#### *Orders Repealed.*

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"The Zanzibar Order in Council, 1888."

"The Zanzibar Order in Council, 1889."

"The Zanzibar Order in Council, 1892."

"The Zanzibar (Trade-marks, &c.) Order in Council, 1893."

"The Zanzibar (Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1893."

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42. Attendance before other Tribunals.

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**A**T the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS in pursuance of the Bishoprics Act, 1878, (section 4); the Bishopric of Bristol Act, 1884, the Bishopric of Bristol Amendment Act, 1894, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England on the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven certified to Her Majesty under their common seal that the annual value of the Bristol Bishopric Endowment Fund together with the annual sum which will ultimately be derived in pursuance of the hereinbefore-mentioned Acts from the endowment of income of the contributory Bishopric of Gloucester is (when calculated in the manner mentioned in the Bishoprics Act, 1878) not less than three thousand five hundred pounds a year.

Now therefore in pursuance of the above-mentioned Acts and of the Bishopric of Bristol Amendment Act 1896 Her Majesty is pleased by and with the advice of Her Most Honourable Privy Council to order and declare as follows:—

1. The Bishopric of Bristol is hereby reconstituted as a separate Bishopric.

2. The diocese of the said Bishopric shall consist of

(a) The deaneries of Bristol and Stapleton;

(b) The deaneries of Malmesbury or Malmesbury North, Chippenham or Malmesbury South, and Cricklade in the county of Wilts (except the parishes of Kemble and Poole Keynes in the deanery of Malmesbury and the parishes of Somerford Keynes and Sharncote in the deanery of Cricklade, which four last-mentioned parishes shall form part of the rural deanery of Cirencester) and the deanery of Bitton in the county of Gloucester.

3. The Cathedral Church of Bristol shall be the Cathedral Church of the said Bishopric.

4. Subject to the rights enjoyed by any person at the passing of this Act, there shall be transferred to the endowment fund of the Bishopric of Bristol such portion of the endowment or income of the Bishopric of Gloucester as would, if no deduction were made for first-fruits and tenths, yield a net annual sum of seven hundred pounds, but such transfer shall be subject to the payment by the Bishop of Bristol of a proportionate part of the first-fruits and tenths payable by the Bishop of Gloucester.

5. The Bishop of Bristol is constituted a Body Corporate and is hereby invested with all such rights, privileges, and jurisdictions as are possessed by any other Bishop in England, and is subject to the Metropolitan jurisdiction of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

6. This Order shall come into operation on the publication of the same in the London Gazette.

C. L. Peel.

**A**T the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of Her Majesty's reign intituled "An Act to amend the law respecting the Office of County Coroner" it is, (amongst other things), enacted that when and as often as it shall seem expedient to the Justices

of any County that such County should be divided into two or more districts for the purposes of that Act, or that any alterations should be made of any division theretofore made under that Act, it shall be lawful for the said Justices in General or Quarter Sessions assembled to resolve that a petition shall be presented to Her Majesty praying that such division or alteration be made and thereupon to adjourn the further consideration of such petition until notice thereof shall be given to the Coroner or Coroners of such County as in that Act thereafter provided, and that the Clerk of the Peace shall give notice of any such resolution to every Coroner for such county and of the time when the petition will be taken by the said Justices into consideration, and the Justices shall confer with every such Coroner who shall attend the meeting of the Justices for that purpose touching such petition having due regard to the size and nature of each proposed district, the number of inhabitants, the nature of their employment, and such other circumstances as shall appear to the Justices fit to be considered in carrying into execution the provisions of that Act, and that such petition with a description of the several proposed districts and of the boundaries thereof with the reasons upon which the petition is founded shall be certified to Her Majesty under the hands and seals of two or more of the Justices present when such petition shall be agreed to, and the Clerk of the Peace for such county shall forthwith give or send a proper copy of such petition certified under his hand to every Coroner for such county, and that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, if She shall think fit, with the advice of Her Privy Council after taking into consideration any such petition and also any petition which may be presented to Her by any Coroner of the same county concerning such proposed division or alteration, or whenever it shall seem fit to Her Majesty to direct the issue of a writ *de coronatore eligendo* for the purposes of authorizing the election of an additional Coroner above the number of those who have been theretofore customarily elected in such county, to order that such county shall be divided into such and so many districts for the purposes of that Act as to Her Majesty with the advice aforesaid, shall seem expedient, and to give a name to each of such districts, and that every such Order shall be published in the London Gazette.

And whereas by the Local Government Act 1888 the powers and business of the said Justices in respect of the matters aforesaid in each county have been transferred to the Council of such county.

And whereas on the ninth day of July one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six under and by virtue of the provisions of the Municipal Corporations Act 1882, the Local Government District of West Ham was created a municipal borough, and thereafter under and by virtue of the provisions of the Local Government Act 1888 the said borough of West Ham became a county borough.

And whereas by Letters Patent dated the fourteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four Her Majesty was pleased to grant to the said borough of West Ham that a separate Court of Quarter Sessions should be holden in and for the said borough and thereupon the Council of the said borough of West Ham became empowered under the provisions of the aforesaid Municipal Corporations Act 1882 to appoint from time to time a Coroner for the said borough.

And whereas at the date of the passing of the Local Government Act 1894 the parish of

Wanstead was a parish situate in more than one urban district and under and by virtue of the provisions of the said Act the parts of the said parish of Wanstead so situate became separate parishes which are known respectively as the parish of Wanstead and the parish of Cann Hall.

And whereas by an Order made by the County Council of Essex on the second October one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four under the provisions of the Local Government Acts 1888 and 1894, and confirmed with certain modifications on the seventeenth November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four by the Local Government Board part of the parish of Chigwell was created a new parish to be known by the name of Buckhurst Hill, and the remainder of the said parish of Chigwell was made a separate parish to be known as the parish of Chigwell.

And whereas under and by virtue of a Provisional Order of the Local Government Board made on the twenty-seventh May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and confirmed by the Local Government Board's Provisional Orders Confirmation (No. 14) Act 1895, session 2, the parishes of Great Chishall, Little Chishall, and Heydon which theretofore formed part of the county of Essex ceased to be within the administrative county of Essex, and were transferred to, and now form part of, the administrative county of Cambridge.

And whereas by an Order made by the aforesaid County Council of Essex on the first October one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five under the provisions of the Local Government Act 1888, and confirmed with certain modifications by the Local Government Board on the twenty-sixth February one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six certain parts of the parishes of Epping Theydon Bois, and Theydon Garnon were formed into one parish to be called the parish of Epping, and the remainder of the said parish of Epping was constituted a separate parish to be called Epping Upland; and the remainder of the said parishes of Theydon Bois and Theydon Garnon were constituted separate parishes to be known as the parishes of Theydon Bois and Theydon Garnon respectively.

And whereas by an Order in Council made the twenty-sixth November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two under the provisions of the hereinbefore first recited Act, the county of Essex was divided into three districts for Coroners' purposes, and for the purposes of the said Act, which said districts were named respectively, the Eastern Coroner's District, the Western Coroner's District, and the Romford Coroner's District and comprised respectively the several parishes named and set forth in the Schedule to the said Order in Council.

And whereas a Petition was on the sixteenth March one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven presented to Her Majesty by the County Council of Essex praying that the western district of the said county might be divided under the provisions of the said first recited Act into two districts for Coroner's purposes, which said Petition with a description of the said proposed districts and of the boundaries thereof with the reasons upon which the petition is founded was duly certified to Her Majesty.

And whereas all the provisions of the hereinbefore first recited Act in that behalf have been complied with in relation to the said petition.

And whereas the Coroners for the said county have not presented any petition to Her Majesty.

And whereas Her Majesty has with the advice of Her Privy Council taken into consideration the

said Petition, and is minded to make such alteration and division as aforesaid.

Now therefore Her Majesty by and with the advice of Her Privy Council is pleased to order, direct and declare and it is hereby ordered, directed and declared, that from the date hereof:

(1) The county of Essex shall be divided into four districts for Coroners' purposes, and for the purposes of the said first recited Act.

(2) The said four districts shall be named respectively "The Eastern Coroner's District," "The Romford Coroner's District" and "The Metropolitan Coroner's District" and "The Southern and Western Coroner's District" and the said districts shall respectively comprise the parishes and places set forth in that behalf in the Schedule hereto.

(3) This Order shall be published in the London Gazette. *C. L. Peel.*

#### SCHEDULE.

The districts herein described are to be deemed not to include any parishes or places, or parts thereof, which are exempt from the jurisdiction of the Coroners for the county of Essex, whether such parishes, places, or parts thereof, are hereinafter named, or included, or not.

#### THE EASTERN CORONER'S DISTRICT.

This district shall comprise the following parishes:—

Districts.	Parishes.
Eastern District ...	Great Bardfield Little Bardfield Bocking Braintree Finchingfield Great Leighs Black Notley Panfield Rayne Great Saling Shalford Stisted Wethersfield Alphamstone Bures Hamlet Earls Colne Colne Engaine White Colne Gosfield Halstead Castle Hedingham. Sible Hedingham Great Henny Little Henny Lamarsh Great Maplestead Little Maplestead. Middleton Pebmarsh Ridgewell Stambourne Tilbury Toppesfield Twinstead Wickham St. Paul Great Yeldham Little Yeldham Asheh Belchamp St. Paul Otten Belchamp Walter Belchamp Birdbrook Borley

Districts.	Parishes.	Districts.	Parishes.
Eastern District ...	Bulmer Helions Bumpstead Steeple Bumpstead Foxearth Gestingthorpe Kedington Hamlet Liston North Wood Ovington Pentlow Sturmer Althorne Asheldham Bradwell-near-the-Sea Burnham Cold Norton Creeksea Danbury Dengie North Fambridge Hazeleigh Heybridge Latchingdon St. Lawrence All Saints Maldon St. Mary Maldon St. Peter Maldon Mayland Mundon Purleigh Southminster Steeple Stow Maries Tillingham Woodham Ferris Woodham Mortimer Woodham Walter Foulness Havengore Marsh Abberton Aldham West Bergholt Birch (Great and Little) Boxted Chapel Wakes Colne Copford Dedham East Donyland Easthorpe Fiugrinhoe Fordham Great Horkesley Little Horkesley Inworth Langenhoe Langham Layer Bretton Layer-de-la-Hay Layer Marney East Mersea West Mersea Messing Mount Bures Peldon Salcot Stanway Great Tey Little Tey Marks Tey Virley Great Wigborough Little Wigborough Wivenhoe	Eastern District ...	Wormingford Alresford Ardleigh Beaumont-cum-Mose Great Bentley Little Bentley Bradfield Brightlingsea Great Bromley Little Bromley Great Clacton Little Clacton Dovercourt Elmstead Frating Frinton Great Holland Little Holland Lawford Manningtree Mistley St. Nicholas Harwich Great Oakley Little Oakley St. Osyth Ramsey Tendring Thorrington Weeley Wix Wrabness Little Baddow Bradwell Great Braxted Little Braxted Great Coggeshall Little Coggeshall Cressing Fairsted Faulkbourne Feering Goldhanger Hatfield Peveril Kelvedon Langford Marks Hall White Notley Pattiswick Rivenhall Terling Tollesbury Tolleshunt D'Arcy Tolleshunt Knight Tolleshunt Major Great Totham Little Totham Uting Wickham Bishop Witham Bardfield Saling Broxton Great Canfield Little Canfield Great Dunmow Little Dunmow Chickney Felstead Great Easton Little Easton Lindsell Takeley Tilty Stebbing Thaxted

Districts.	Parishes.
Eastern District ...	Ashdon Bartlow Hamlet Little Leighs Littlebury Birchanger Great Chesterford Little Chesterford Debden Elsenham Hadstock Hempstead Henham Newport Radwinter Great Sampford Little Sampford Stanstead Mountfitchet Widdington Wimbish

THE ROMFORD CORONER'S DISTRICT.  
This District shall comprise the following parishes :—

Districts.	Parishes.
Romford District	Havering Hornchurch Romford

THE METROPOLITAN CORONER'S DISTRICT.

Districts.	Parishes and Places.
Metropolitan District	Barking Buckhurst Hill Cann Hall Chingford Chigwell East Ham Dagenham Ilford Little Ilford Leyton Loughton Waltham Holy Cross Walthamstow Wanstead Woodford

SOUTHERN AND WESTERN CORONER'S DISTRICT.

Districts.	Parishes and Places.
Southern and Western District	Basseldon North Benfleet Bowers Gifford Brentwood Great Burstead Little Burstead Childerditch Cranham Downham Dunton East Horndon West Horndon Hutton Laindon Ingrave Lee Chapel Mountnessing

Districts.	Parishes and Places.
Southern and Western District	Nevedon Pitsea Rainham Ramsden Bellhouse Ramsden Crays Shenfield South Weald Upminster Vange Great Warley Little Warley Wennington Wickford Great Baddow Broomfield Bartsbury Chelmsford Chignall Good Easter East Hanningfield South Hanningfield West Hanningfield Ingatestone and Fryerning Margaretting Mashbury Pleshey Rawreth Rettendon Runwell Sandon Springfield Stock Great Waltham Little Waltham Widford Barnston High Easter Great Hallingbury Little Hallingbury Hatfield Broad Oak Aythorpe Roothing High Roothing Leaden Roothing Margaret Roothing Morrell Roothing White Roothing Epping Epping Upland Harlow Latton Magdalen Laver Matching Nazeing Netteswell North Weald Bassett Great Parndon Little Parndon Roydon Sheering Theydon Bois Theydon Garnon Aveley South Benfleet Bulphan Canvey Island Chadwell Corringham Fobbing Hadleigh Horndon-on-the-Hill Laindon Hills Mucking North Ockendon South Ockendon

Districts.	Parishes and Places.
Southern and Western District	Orsett
	Stanford-le-Hope
	Stifford
	Thundersley
	Grays Thurrock
	Little Thurrock
	West Thurrock
	East Tilbury
	West Tilbury
	Arkesden
	Berden
	Chrishall
	Clavering
	Elmdon
	Farnham
	Langley
	Manuden
	Quendon
	Rickling
	Saffron Walden
	Strethall
	Ugley
	Wenden Ambo
	Wenden Lofts
	Wicken
	Blackmore
	Bobbingworth
	Doddington
	Fyfield
	Greensted
	Kelvedon Hatch
	Lambourn
	High Laver
	Little Laver
	Moreton
	Navestock
	Norton Mandeville
	Chipping Ongar
	High Ongar
	Abbotts Roothing
	Beauchamp Roothing
	Berners Roothing
	Shelley
	Shellow Bowells
	Stanford Rivers
	Theydon Mount
	Willingale Doe
	Willingale Spain
	Stapleford Abbott
	Stapleford Tawney
	Stondon Massey
	Ashington
	Barling
	Canewdon
	Eastwood
	South Fambridge
	Hawkwell
	Hockley
	Leigh
	Paglesham
	Prittlewell
	Rayleigh
	Rochford
	North Shoebury
	South Shoebury
	Shopland
	Southchurch
	Great Stambridge
	Little Stambridge
	Sutton
	Great Wakering
	Little Wakering
	Boreham

AT the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS it is expedient to exempt small quantities of Carbide of Calcium when kept under certain conditions from the operation of the Order in Council of the twenty-sixth February one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven in virtue of which certain parts of the Petroleum Acts 1871 to 1881 are applied to Carbide of Calcium in the same manner as if the said substance were Petroleum to which the Act applies.

Now therefore Her Majesty is pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council to order and prescribe that notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the said Order in Council, the quantity of Carbide of Calcium which may be kept without a licence shall be as follows:—

(a.) Where it is kept in separate substantial hermetically closed metal vessels containing not more than one pound each—Five pounds.

(b.) Where it is kept otherwise—None.

And the said Order in Council shall be deemed to be amended accordingly. C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by section four hundred and twenty-four of "The Merchant Shipping Act 1894" it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty in Council that the Government of any foreign country is willing that the collision regulations (being regulations which by Section four hundred and eighteen of the said Act Her Majesty is empowered to make by Order in Council on the joint recommendation of the Admiralty and the Board of Trade for the prevention of collisions at sea) should apply to the ships of that country when beyond the limits of the British jurisdiction, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that those regulations shall, subject to any limitations of time conditions and qualifications contained in the Order, apply to ships of the said foreign country, whether within British jurisdiction or not, and that such ships shall for the purpose of such regulations be treated as if they were British ships:

And whereas by section four hundred and thirty-four of the said Act Her Majesty is empowered by Order in Council to make rules as to signals of distress:

And whereas by section seven hundred and thirty-four of the said Act it is provided that where it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that the Government of any foreign country is desirous that any of the provisions of that Act which do not apply to the ships of that country, should so apply and there are no special provisions in the said Act for that application, Her Majesty in Council may order that such of those provisions as are in the Order specified shall (subject to the limitations, if any, contained therein) apply to the ships of that country, and to the owners, masters, seamen, and apprentices of those ships, when not locally within the jurisdiction of the government of that country in the same manner in all respects as if those ships were British ships:

And whereas by section seven hundred and thirty-eight of the said Act it is provided that, subject to any special provisions of that Act, upon the publication of any Order in Council which Her



Majesty has power under that Act to make, the Order shall, as from the date of the publication or any later date mentioned in the Order, take effect as if it were enacted by Parliament:

And whereas by an Order in Council dated the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and expressed to be made in pursuance of "The Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act 1862" and, as to the first part thereof, on the joint recommendation of the Admiralty and the Board of Trade, and, as to the second part thereof, with the consent of the Governments of the several foreign countries mentioned in the Second Schedule thereto, Her Majesty was pleased to direct; first, that, on and after the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty the regulations (being Regulations for preventing Collisions at Sea) appended to an Order in Council of the ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and the additions to the said regulations contained in an Order in Council of the thirtieth day of July one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight should be annulled and that there should be substituted for the said regulations and additions respectively, the regulations contained in the First Schedule thereto, second, that the said regulations contained in the said First Schedule thereto should, from and after the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty, apply to ships of the countries mentioned in the Second Schedule thereto whether within British jurisdiction or not:

And whereas by several Orders in Council subsequently made, Her Majesty was pleased to direct that the regulations contained in the First Schedule to the said Order in Council of the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine should apply to the ships of the countries specified in the said several Orders whether within British jurisdiction or not but subject to the modifications mentioned in the said several Orders or any of them:

And whereas by an Order in Council dated the eleventh day of August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four and expressed to be made in pursuance of "The Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862," and on the joint recommendation of the Admiralty and the Board of Trade, Her Majesty was pleased to direct that on and after the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, the regulations contained in the Schedule thereto (being Regulations for preventing Collisions at Sea and as to Signals of Distress) should so far as regards British ships and boats, be substituted for the regulations contained in the First Schedule to the hereinbefore recited Order in Council of the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine:

And whereas by several Orders in Council subsequently made, Her Majesty was pleased to direct that the regulations contained in the said Schedule to the said Order in Council of the eleventh day of August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four should apply to the ships of the countries specified in the said several Orders whether within British jurisdiction or not, but subject to the modifications mentioned in the same Orders or any of them and that such regulations subject as aforesaid, should as regards the ships and boats of the said several countries in the said several Orders now in recital specified to which the regulations contained in the First Schedule to the hereinbefore recited Order in Council of the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine applied

by virtue of any Order in Council, be substituted therefor:

And whereas by an Order in Council dated the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six and expressed to be made in pursuance of section four hundred and eighteen of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," and on the joint recommendation of the Admiralty and the Board of Trade Her Majesty was pleased to direct that, on and after the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven the Regulations for preventing collisions at sea contained in the said recited Order in Council dated the eleventh day of August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, except the Article numbered ten in such Regulations, should be annulled, and the Regulations for preventing collisions at sea contained in Schedule I thereto annexed should be substituted therefor (with the exception aforesaid) and come into operation as regards British ships and boats, and by the same Order and in pursuance of section four hundred and thirty-four of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," Her Majesty was further pleased to direct that on and after the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven the Regulations or Rules as to signals of distress contained in the Schedule to the said Order in Council dated the eleventh day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, should be annulled and the rules as to signals of distress contained in Schedule II to the Order now in recital annexed should be substituted therefor and come into operation as regards British ships and boats.

And whereas the provisions of sub-section two of section seven hundred and thirty-eight of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," have been complied with in regard to the said lastly hereinbefore recited Order in Council.

And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty in Council that the Governments of the several countries specified in Schedule III hereto are willing that the said Regulations contained in Schedule I to the said recited Order of the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six and in Schedule I to this Order should apply to the ships of those countries when beyond the limits of British jurisdiction:

And whereas it has also been made to appear to Her Majesty that the Governments of the same countries are also desirous that the rules made in pursuance of the provisions of section four hundred and thirty-four of "The Merchant Shipping Act 1894" (being the rules contained in Schedule II to the said recited Order of the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six and in Schedule II to this Order) in so far as they do not apply to the ships of those countries, should so apply.

And whereas the Government of China is desirous that the application of such Regulations and rules shall be limited to war and merchant ships of foreign type:

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, on the eighteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, to direct that the Regulations and Rules contained in Schedules I and II to the Order in Council of the twenty-seventh November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and in Schedules I and II to the Order in Council of eighteenth May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven should on and after the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, but subject to the provisos therein contained, apply to the ships of

the several countries specified in Schedule III to the last named Order, and that the said Order should be a *Provisional* Order within the meaning of "The Rules Publication Act 1893."

And whereas the provisions of section one of "The Rules Publication Act 1893," have now been complied with:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the power vested in Her by section four hundred and twenty-four of "The Merchant Shipping Act 1894," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to direct that, the Regulations for preventing collisions at sea contained in Schedule I to the said Order of the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and in Schedule I to this Order annexed, shall on and after the date hereof (up to which time the said recited Provisional Order of the eighteenth May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven is in force) continue to apply to the ships of the said several countries specified in Schedule III hereto annexed, whether within British jurisdiction or not, and that such ships shall for the purpose of such Regulations be treated as if they were British ships, to the intent that such Regulations shall, as regards the ships of the said several countries specified in Schedule III hereto annexed to which the said Regulations for preventing collisions at sea contained in the said recited Orders of the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and the eleventh day of August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four apply by virtue of any Order in Council, be substituted therefor: Provided that this Order shall not affect the application of Article ten of each of such sets of Regulations in so far as the same is applicable to the ships of any of such countries:

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by virtue of the power vested in Her by section seven hundred and thirty-four of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to direct that the Rules as to signals of distress contained in Schedule II to the said recited Order of the twenty-seventh day of November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and in Schedule II to this Order, shall on and after the date hereof continue to apply to the ships of the several countries specified in Schedule III hereto annexed, and to the owners, masters, seamen and apprentices of those ships, when not locally within the jurisdiction of the Government of that country, in the same manner in all respects as if those ships were British ships:

Provided always that as regards Chinese ships such Regulations for preventing collisions at sea and such rules as to signals of distress shall apply to ships of foreign type whether war ships or not, but not otherwise.

*C. L. Peel.*

## SCHEDULE I.

### *Preliminary.*

These Rules shall be followed by all vessels upon the high seas and in all waters connected therewith, navigable by sea-going vessels.

In the following Rules every steam-vessel which is under sail and not under steam is to be considered a sailing vessel, and every vessel under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a steam vessel.

The word "steam vessel" shall include any vessel propelled by machinery.

A vessel is "under way" within the meaning of these Rules, when she is not at anchor, or made fast to the shore or aground.

### *Rules concerning Lights, &c.*

The word "visible" in these Rules, when applied to lights, shall mean visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere.

ARTICLE 1. The Rules concerning lights shall be complied with in all weathers from sunset to sunrise, and during such time no other lights which may be mistaken for the prescribed lights shall be exhibited.

ARTICLE 2. A steam vessel when under way shall carry—

(a.) On or in front of the foremast, or if a vessel without a foremast, then in the fore part of the vessel, at a height above the hull of not less than twenty feet, and if the breadth of the vessel exceeds twenty feet, then at a height above the hull not less than such breadth, so, however, that the light need not be carried at a greater height above the hull than forty feet, a bright white light, so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of twenty points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light ten points on each side of the vessel, viz., from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on either side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least five miles.

(b.) On the starboard side a green light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of ten points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least two miles.

(c.) On the port side a red light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of ten points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the port side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least two miles.

(d.) The said green and red side-lights shall be fitted with inboard screens projecting at least three feet forward from the light, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.

(e.) A steam vessel when under way may carry an additional white light similar in construction to the light mentioned in subdivision (a). These two lights shall be so placed in line with the keel that one shall be at least 15 feet higher than the other, and in such a position with reference to each other that the lower light shall be forward of the upper one. The vertical distance between these lights shall be less than the horizontal distance.

ARTICLE 3. A steam vessel when towing another vessel shall, in addition to her side-lights, carry two bright white lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than six feet apart, and when towing more than one vessel shall carry an additional bright white light six feet above or below such lights, if the length of the tow, measuring from the stern of the towing vessel to the stern of the last vessel towed, exceeds six hundred feet. Each of these lights shall be of the same construction and character, and shall be carried in the same position as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), except the additional light, which may be carried at a height of not less than fourteen feet above the hull.

Such steam vessel may carry a small white light abaft the funnel or aftermast for the vessel towed to steer by, but such light shall not be visible forward of the beam.

ARTICLE 4.—(a.) A vessel which from any accident is not under command shall carry at the

same height as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), where they can best be seen, and, if a steam vessel, in lieu of that light, two red lights, in a vertical line one over the other, not less than six feet apart, and of such a character as to be visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least two miles; and shall by day carry in a vertical line one over the other not less than six feet apart, where they can best be seen, two black balls or shapes each two feet in diameter.

(b.) A vessel employed in laying or in picking up a telegraph cable shall carry in the same position as the white light mentioned in Article 2 (a), and if a steam vessel, in lieu of that light, three lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than six feet apart. The highest and lowest of these lights shall be red, and the middle light shall be white, and they shall be of such a character as to be visible all round the horizon, at a distance of at least two miles. By day she shall carry in a vertical line one over the other, not less than six feet apart, where they can best be seen, three shapes not less than two feet in diameter, of which the highest and lowest shall be globular in shape and red in colour, and the middle one diamond in shape and white.

(c.) The vessels referred to in this Article when not making way through the water, shall not carry the side lights, but when making way shall carry them.

(d.) The lights and shapes required to be shown by this Article are to be taken by other vessels as signals that the vessel showing them is not under command and cannot therefore get out of the way.

These signals are not signals of vessels in distress and requiring assistance. Such signals are contained in Article 31.

ARTICLE 5. A sailing vessel under way, and any vessel being towed, shall carry the same lights as are prescribed by Article 2 for a steam vessel under way, with the exception of the white lights mentioned therein, which they shall never carry.

ARTICLE 6. Whenever, as in the case of small vessels under way during bad weather, the green and red side-lights cannot be fixed, these lights shall be kept at hand lighted and ready for use; and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side, nor, if practicable, more than two points abaft the beam on their respective sides.

To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy, the lanterns containing them shall each be painted outside with the colour of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with proper screens.

ARTICLE 7. Steam vessels of less than forty, and vessels under oars or sails of less than twenty, tons gross tonnage, respectively, and rowing boats, when under way, shall not be obliged to carry the lights mentioned in Article 2 (a) (b) and (c), but if they do not carry them they shall be provided with the following lights:—

1. Steam vessels of less than forty tons shall carry—

(a.) In the fore part of the vessel, or on or in front of the funnel, where it can best be seen, and at a height above the gunwale of not less than nine feet, a bright white light constructed and fixed as prescribed in Article 2 (a), and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least two miles.

(b.) Green and red side-lights constructed

and fixed as prescribed in Article 2 (b) and (c), and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least one mile, or a combined lantern showing a green light and a red light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on their respective sides. Such lantern shall be carried not less than three feet below the white light.

2. Small steamboats, such as are carried by sea-going vessels, may carry the white light at a less height than nine feet above the gunwale, but it shall be carried above the combined lantern, mentioned in subdivision 1 (b).

3. Vessels under oars or sails, of less than twenty tons, shall have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on one side and a red glass on the other, which, on the approach of or to other vessels, shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side.

4. Rowing-boats, whether under oars or sail, shall have ready at hand a lantern showing a white light, which shall be temporarily exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision.

The vessels referred to in this Article shall not be obliged to carry the lights prescribed by Article 4 (a), and Article 11, last paragraph.

ARTICLE 8. Pilot vessels, when engaged on their station on pilotage duty shall not show the lights required for other vessels, but shall carry a white light at the masthead, visible all round the horizon, and shall also exhibit a flare-up light or flare-up lights at short intervals, which shall never exceed fifteen minutes.

On the near approach of or to other vessels they shall have their side-lights lighted, ready for use, and shall flash or show them at short intervals, to indicate the direction in which they are heading, but the green light shall not be shown on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side.

A pilot-vessel of such a class as to be obliged to go alongside of a vessel to put a pilot on board, may show the white light instead of carrying it at the masthead, and may, instead of the coloured lights above mentioned, have at hand ready for use a lantern with a green glass on the one side and a red glass on the other, to be used as prescribed above.

Pilot-vessels, when not engaged on their station on pilotage duty, shall carry lights similar to those of other vessels of their tonnage.

ARTICLE 9.\*

ARTICLE 10. A vessel which is being overtaken by another shall show from her stern to such last-mentioned vessel a white light or a flare-up light.

The white light required to be shown by this Article may be fixed and carried in a lantern, but in such case the lantern shall be so constructed, fitted, and screened that it shall throw an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of twelve points of the compass, viz.: for six points from right aft on each side of the vessel, so as to be visible at a distance of at least one mile. Such light shall be carried as nearly as practicable on the same level as the side-lights.

ARTICLE 11. A vessel under one hundred and fifty feet in length, when at anchor, shall carry

\* This Article will deal with regulations affecting fishing-boats, and will be the subject of another Order, which will be submitted to Her Majesty for approval at a later date.

forward, where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding twenty feet above the hull, a white light in a lantern so constructed as to show a clear, uniform, and unbroken light visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile.

A vessel of one hundred and fifty feet or upwards in length, when at anchor, shall carry in the forward part of the vessel, at a height of not less than twenty, and not exceeding forty, feet above the hull, one such light, and at or near the stern of the vessel, and at such a height that it shall be not less than fifteen feet lower than the forward light, another such light.

The length of a vessel shall be deemed to be the length appearing in her certificate of registry.

A vessel aground in or near a fairway shall carry the above light or lights and the two red lights prescribed by Article 4 (a).

ARTICLE 12. Every vessel may, if necessary in order to attract attention, in addition to the lights which she is by these Rules required to carry, show a flare-up light, or use any detonating signal that cannot be mistaken for a distress signal.

ARTICLE 13. Nothing in these Rules shall interfere with the operation of any special rules made by the Government of any nation with respect to additional station and signal lights for two or more ships of war or for vessels sailing under convoy, or with the exhibition of recognition signals adopted by shipowners, which have been authorized by their respective Governments and duly registered and published.

ARTICLE 14. A steam-vessel proceeding under sail only, but having her funnel up, shall carry in daytime, forward, where it can best be seen, one black ball or shape two feet in diameter.

#### *Sound-Signals for Fog, &c.*

ARTICLE 15. All signals prescribed by this Article for vessels under way shall be given :

1. By "steam-vessels" on the whistle or siren.
2. By "sailing-vessels and vessels towed" on the fog-horn.

The words "prolonged blast" used in this Article, shall mean a blast of from four to six seconds' duration.

A steam-vessel shall be provided with an efficient whistle or siren, sounded by steam or some substitute for steam, so placed that the sound may not be intercepted by any obstruction, and with an efficient fog-horn, to be sounded by mechanical means, and also with an efficient bell.\* A sailing-vessel of twenty tons gross tonnage or upwards shall be provided with a similar fog-horn and bell.

In fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain storms, whether by day or night, the signals described in this Article shall be used as follows, viz. :—

- (a.) A steam-vessel having way upon her, shall sound, at intervals of not more than two minutes, a prolonged blast.
- (b.) A steam-vessel under way, but stopped and having no way upon her, shall sound, at intervals of not more than two minutes, two prolonged blasts, with an interval of about one second between them.
- (c.) A sailing-vessel under way shall sound, at intervals of not more than one minute, when on the starboard tack one blast, when on the port tack two blasts in succession, and when with the wind abaft the beam three blasts in succession.

\* In all cases where the Rules require a bell to be used, a drum may be substituted on board Turkish vessels, or a gong where such articles are used on board small sea-going vessels.

(d.) A vessel, when at anchor, shall, at intervals of not more than one minute, ring the bell rapidly for about five seconds.

(e.) A vessel, when towing, a vessel employed in laying or in picking up a telegraph-cable, and a vessel under way, which is unable to get out of the way of an approaching vessel through being not under command, or unable to manœuvre as required by these Rules shall, instead of the signals prescribed in subdivisions (a) and (c) of this Article, at intervals of not more than two minutes, sound three blasts in succession, viz. : one prolonged blast followed by two short blasts. A vessel towed may give this signal and she shall not give any other.

Sailing-vessels and boats of less than twenty tons gross tonnage shall not be obliged to give the above-mentioned signals, but if they do not, they shall make some other efficient sound-signal at intervals of not more than one minute.

#### *Speed of Ships to be Moderate in Fog, &c.*

ARTICLE 16. Every vessel shall, in a fog, mist, falling snow, or heavy rain-storms, go at a moderate speed, having careful regard to the existing circumstances and conditions.

A steam-vessel hearing, apparently forward of her beam, the fog-signal of a vessel the position of which is not ascertained, shall, so far as the circumstances of the case admit, stop her engines, and then navigate with caution until danger of collision is over.

#### *Steering and Sailing Rules.*

##### *Preliminary—Risk of Collision.*

Risk of collision can, when circumstances permit, be ascertained by carefully watching the compass bearing of an approaching vessel. If the bearing does not appreciably change, such risk should be deemed to exist.

ARTICLE 17. When two sailing-vessels are approaching one another, so as to involve risk of collision, one of them shall keep out of the way of the other, as follows, viz. :—

- (a.) A vessel which is running free shall keep out of the way of a vessel which is close-hauled.
- (b.) A vessel which is close-hauled on the port tack shall keep out of the way of a vessel which is close-hauled on the starboard tack.
- (c.) When both are running free, with the wind on different sides, the vessel which has the wind on the port side shall keep out of the way of the other.
- (d.) When both are running free, with the wind on the same side, the vessel which is to windward shall keep out of the way of the vessel which is to leeward.
- (e.) A vessel which has the wind aft shall keep out of the way of the other vessel.

ARTICLE 18. When two steam vessels are meeting end on, or nearly end on, so as to involve risk of collision, each shall alter her course to starboard, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

This Article only applies to cases where vessels are meeting end on, or nearly end on, in such a manner as to involve risk of collision, and does not apply to two vessels which must, if both keep on their respective courses, pass clear of each other.

The only cases to which it does apply are when each of the two vessels is end on, or nearly end on, to the other ; in other words, to cases in which, by day, each vessel sees the masts of the other in a line, or nearly in a

line, with her own; and, by night, to cases in which each vessel is in such a position as to see both the side-lights of the other.

It does not apply, by day, to cases in which a vessel sees another ahead crossing her own course; or by night, to cases where the red light of one vessel is opposed to the red light of the other, or where the green light of one vessel is opposed to the green light of the other, or where a red light without a green light, or a green light without a red light, is seen ahead, or where both green and red lights are seen anywhere but ahead.

ARTICLE 19. When two steam-vessels are crossing, so as to involve risk of collision, the vessel which has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

ARTICLE 20. When a steam-vessel and a sailing-vessel are proceeding in such directions as to involve risk of collision, the steam-vessel shall keep out of the way of the sailing-vessel.

ARTICLE 21. Where by any of these Rules one of two vessels is to keep out of the way, the other shall keep her course and speed.

*Note.*—When, in consequence of thick weather or other causes, such vessel finds herself so close that collision cannot be avoided by the action of the giving-way vessel alone, she also shall take such action as will best aid to avert collision. (See Articles 27 and 29.)

ARTICLE 22. Every vessel which is directed by these Rules to keep out of the way of another vessel shall, if the circumstances of the case admit, avoid crossing ahead of the other.

ARTICLE 23. Every steam-vessel which is directed by these Rules to keep out of the way of another vessel shall, on approaching her, if necessary, slacken her speed or stop or reverse.

ARTICLE 24. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Rules, every vessel, overtaking any other, shall keep out of the way of the overtaken vessel.

Every vessel coming up with another vessel from any direction more than two points abaft her beam, *i.e.*, in such a position, with reference to the vessel which she is overtaking, that at night she would be unable to see either of that vessel's side-lights, shall be deemed to be an overtaking vessel; and no subsequent alteration of the bearing between the two vessels shall make the overtaking vessel a crossing vessel within the meaning of these Rules, or relieve her of the duty of keeping clear of the overtaken vessel until she is finally past and clear.

As by day the overtaking vessel cannot always know with certainty whether she is forward of or abaft this direction from the other vessel, she should, if in doubt, assume that she is an overtaking vessel and keep out of the way.

ARTICLE 25. In narrow channels every steam-vessel shall, when it is safe and practicable, keep to that side of the fair-way or mid-channel which lies on the starboard side of such vessel.

ARTICLE 26. Sailing-vessels under way shall keep out of the way of sailing-vessels or boats fishing with nets, or lines, or trawls. This Rule shall not give to any vessel or boat engaged in fishing the right of obstructing a fairway used by vessels other than fishing-vessels or boats.

ARTICLE 27. In obeying and construing these Rules, due regard shall be had to all dangers of navigation and collision, and to any special circumstances which may render a departure from the above Rules necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

#### *Sound Signals for Vessels in Sight of one Another.*

ARTICLE 28. The words "short blast" used in this Article shall mean a blast of about one second's duration.

When vessels are in sight of one another, a steam vessel under way, in taking any course authorized or required by these Rules, shall indicate that course by the following signals on her whistle or siren, *viz.* :—

One short blast to mean, "I am directing my course to starboard."

Two short blasts to mean, "I am directing my course to port."

Three short blasts to mean, "My engines are going full speed astern."

#### *No Vessel under any Circumstances to neglect proper Precautions.*

ARTICLE 29. Nothing in these Rules shall exonerate any vessel, or the owner, or master, or crew thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper look-out, or of the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

#### *Reservation of Rules for Harbours and Inland Navigation.*

ARTICLE 30. Nothing in these Rules shall interfere with the operation of a special rule, duly made by local authority, relative to the navigation of any harbour, river, or inland waters.

#### SCHEDULE II.

##### *Distress Signals.*

ARTICLE 31. When a vessel is in distress and requires assistance from other vessels or from the shore, the following shall be the signals to be used or displayed by her, either together or separately, *viz.* :—

In the daytime—

1. A gun or other explosive signal fired at intervals of about a minute;
2. The International Code signal of distress indicated by N C;
3. The distant signal, consisting of a square flag, having either above or below it a ball or anything resembling a ball;
4. A continuous sounding with any fog-signal apparatus.

At night—

1. A gun or other explosive signal fired at intervals of about a minute;
2. Flames on the vessel (as from a burning tar-barrel, oil-barrel, &c.);
3. Rockets or shells, throwing stars of any colour or description, fired one at a time, at short intervals;
4. A continuous sounding with any fog signal apparatus.

#### SCHEDULE III.

Argentine Republic.

Austria-Hungary.

Belgium.

Brazil.

Chili.

China.

Costa Rica.

Denmark.

Ecuador.

Egypt.

France.

Germany.

Greece.

Guatemala.

Italy.

Japan.

Mexico.  
Netherlands.  
Norway.  
Peru.  
Portugal.  
Russia.  
Siam.  
Spain.  
Sweden.  
United States.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Order in Council dated the eighteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, after reciting Article nine of the Regulations contained in the Schedule to an Order in Council of the eleventh August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and reciting that the Admiralty and the Board of Trade had, in pursuance of the Act therein referred to, jointly recommended to Her Majesty that the said Regulations contained in the said Order in Council of the eleventh August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, should be further modified by adding to the said recited Article nine thereof the provision contained in the Schedule to the reciting Order, Her Majesty was pleased to direct that from the date of the Order the Regulations contained in the Schedule to the said Order of the eleventh August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, should be further modified by the addition to the said recited Article nine thereof of the provisions in the schedule thereto:

And whereas by an Order in Council of the twenty-seventh November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, Her Majesty, by virtue of the power vested in Her by section four hundred and eighteen of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," and on the joint recommendation of the Admiralty and the Board of Trade, was pleased to direct that on and after the first July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, the Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea contained in the said Order in Council, dated the eleventh August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, except the Article numbered ten in such Regulations, shall be annulled, and that the Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea contained in Schedule one thereto annexed shall be substituted therefor (with the exception aforesaid) and come into operation as regards British ships and boats:

And whereas doubts may arise whether the said recited Order in Council dated the eighteenth August one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, will apply to Article numbered eight of the new Regulations set out in Schedule one to the said recited Order, dated the twenty-seventh November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, which is in substitution for Article numbered nine of the Regulations set out in the Schedule to the said Order in Council, dated the eleventh August one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and so annulled as aforesaid:

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council on the eighteenth May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, to direct that, on and after the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven the Order in Council of eighteenth August one thousand eight hundred and ninety-

two should be read and construed as if it referred to Article numbered eight of the Regulations set out in Schedule one to the said Order in Council of the twenty-seventh November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six to the intent that the provisions contained in the Schedule to the said recited Order in Council of eighteenth August one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two and in the Schedule annexed to the Order in Council of eighteenth May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven should form part of the said Article eight and that the said Order should be *provisional* within the meaning of "The Rules Publication Act 1893":

And whereas the provisions of section one of "The Rules Publication Act, 1893," have now been complied with:

Now therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894" and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and direct that the said recited Order in Council, dated the eighteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, shall be read and construed as if it referred to Article numbered eight of the Regulations set out in Schedule one to the said recited Order, dated the twenty-seventh November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, to the intent that the provisions contained in the Schedule to the said recited Order, dated eighteenth August one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and in the Schedule hereto annexed shall form part of the said Article numbered eight, which shall be read and construed accordingly: and this Order shall take effect on the date hereof (up to which time the said recited Provisional Order of the eighteenth May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven is in force).

C. L. Peel.

#### SCHEDULE.

A steam pilot-vessel exclusively employed for the service of pilots licensed or certified by any pilotage authority or the committee of any pilotage district in the United Kingdom when engaged on her station on pilotage duty and in British waters and not at anchor shall in addition to the lights required for all pilot boats carry at a distance of eight feet below her white mast-head light a red light visible all round the horizon and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere at a distance of at least two miles and also the coloured side-lights required to be carried by vessels when under way.

When engaged on her station on pilotage duty and in British waters and at anchor she shall carry in addition to the lights required for all pilot-boats the red light above-mentioned but not the coloured side lights.

When not engaged on her station on pilotage duty she shall carry the same lights as other steam vessels.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the six hundred and forty-fourth section of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894," it is enacted that on the completion of any lighthouse, buoy, or beacon, Her Majesty may by Order in Council fix dues to be paid in respect thereof in the case of any ship which passes the same or derives benefit there-



from, and the dues so fixed shall for the purposes of the said Act be deemed to be light dues :

And whereas the Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses are about to establish in the Firth of Forth the following lighted buoys, viz. :

1. A buoy abreast of Clackmannan Pool.
2. A buoy at the east end of Middlebank near Kennetpans.
3. A buoy at the Inchbrake Rock.
4. A buoy at the south edge of the bank opposite Grangemouth.

And whereas it is fit and proper that in respect of the said buoys light dues should be levied as hereinafter mentioned :

And whereas the provisions of section one of "The Rules Publication Act, 1893," have been complied with :

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, in exercise of the powers vested in Her by the said recited Act, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to direct that from and after the date of the exhibition of the lights from the said buoys, or from and after the time of the receipt of notice of the present Order, if that be later, by the officers authorized to collect light dues, the following rates shall be paid, that is to say :—

On all vessels, whether British or foreign, which may pass or derive benefit from the said buoys, that is to say, on all vessels which shall cross or navigate within the line of the Forth Bridge, one penny for every fifty tons burden or part of fifty tons burden of such vessel.

The said tolls shall be levied subject to the regulations and exemptions contained in the Consolidated Tables of Light Duties sanctioned by an Order in Council dated the twenty-fourth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, or to such other regulations and exemptions as may from time to time be duly sanctioned, and subject also to the gross abatement or discount of sixty-five per centum mentioned in the said Order in Council dated the twenty-fourth day of November one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, or to such other abatement or discount as may for the time being be in force.

*C. L. Peel.*

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by section sixteen of "The Pluralities Act, 1838," as amended by "The Pluralities Act, 1850," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "That whenever it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, with respect to his own diocese, and whenever it shall be represented to him by the Bishop of any diocese, or by the Bishops of any two dioceses, that two or more benefices, or that one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in his or their diocese or dioceses, being either in the same parish or contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, may, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, the said Archbishop of the Province shall inquire into the circumstances of the case; and if on such inquiry it shall appear to him that such union may be usefully made, and will not be of inconvenient extent, and that the patron or patrons of the said benefices, sine-

cure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages respectively, is or are consenting thereto, such consent being signified in writing under the hands of such patron or patrons, the said Archbishop shall, six weeks before certifying such inquiry and consent to Her Majesty as hereinafter directed, cause, with respect to his own diocese, a statement in writing of the facts, and in other cases a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation to be affixed on or near the principal outer door of the church, or in some public and conspicuous place in each of such benefices, sinecure rectories, or vicarages, with notice to any person or persons interested, that he, she, or they, may, within such six weeks, show cause in writing under his, her, or their hand or hands, to the said Archbishop, against such union; and if no sufficient cause be shown within such time, the said Archbishop shall certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to Her Majesty in Council, and thereupon it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make and issue an Order or Orders for uniting such benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, into one benefice, with cure of souls, for ecclesiastical purposes only; and it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to give directions for regulating the course and succession in which the patrons, if there be more than one patron, shall present or nominate to such united benefice, from time to time, as the same shall become vacant."

And whereas the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, hath duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a certificate in writing, bearing date the third day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in the words following, that is to say :—

"We the undersigned Frederick, Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury Primate of All England and Metropolitan do hereby certify to Your Majesty in Council :—

"That the Right Reverend John Lord Bishop of Truro as Bishop of the diocese within which are situate the vicarage of Probus and the vicarage of Cornelly both in the county of Cornwall having represented unto Us that the said benefices being contiguous to each other and of which the aggregate population does not exceed one thousand five hundred persons may with advantage to the interests of religion be united into one benefice We inquired into the circumstances of the case.

"That on such inquiry it appeared to Us that such union might be usefully made and would not be of inconvenient extent and that the Reverend Clement Fox Harvey, Clerk, Vicar of the said vicarage and parish church of Probus being as such Vicar the patron or person entitled to present to the said vicarage or parish church of Cornelly and the said John Lord Bishop of Truro being the patron or person entitled to present to the said vicarage and parish church of Probus respectively consent to the proposed union.

"That six weeks and upwards before certifying such inquiry and consent to Your Majesty in Council We caused a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation of the said Lord Bishop to be affixed on the principal outer door of the parish church of each of the said benefices with notice to any person or persons interested that he she or they might within such six weeks show cause in writing under his her or their hand or hands to Us the said Archbishop against such union and no such cause has been shown.

"The representation of the said Lord Bishop of Truro, Our inquiry into the circumstances of the



case, the statement of circumstances in reply thereto, the consent in writing of the said patrons and the copies of the representation and notice before mentioned are hereunto annexed.

"And We do hereby certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to Your Majesty in Council to the intent that Your Majesty in Council may in case Your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do make and issue an Order for uniting the said benefices into one benefice with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes."

Now therefore Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the vicarage of Probus in the county of Cornwall and diocese of Truro and the vicarage of Cornelly situate in the same county and diocese shall be united into one benefice with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only.

And Her Majesty in Council by and with the like advice is further pleased to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the patronage of the said united benefice shall henceforth belong to, and be, in the said Lord Bishop of Truro and his successors.

C. L. Peel.

At the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

#### PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by section sixteen of "The Pluralities Act 1838" as amended by "The Pluralities Act 1850" it is, amongst other things, enacted, "That whenever it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, with respect to his own diocese, and whenever it shall be represented to him by the Bishop of any diocese, or by the Bishops of any two dioceses, that two or more benefices, or that one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in his or their dioceses or dioceses, being either in the same parish or contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, may, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, the said Archbishop of the Province shall inquire into the circumstances of the case; and if on such inquiry it shall appear to him that such union may be usefully made, and will not be of inconvenient extent, and that the patron or patrons of the said benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages respectively, is or are consenting thereto, such consent being signified in writing under the hands of such patron or patrons, the said Archbishop shall, six weeks before certifying such inquiry and consent to Her Majesty as hereinafter directed, cause, with respect to his own diocese, a statement in writing of the facts, and in other cases a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation to be affixed on or near the principal outer door of the church, or in some public and conspicuous place in each of such benefices, sinecure rectories, or vicarages, with notice to any person or persons interested, that he, she, or they, may, within such six weeks, show cause in writing under his, her, or their hand or hands, to the said Archbishop, against such union; and if no sufficient cause be shown within such time, the said Archbishop shall certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to Her Majesty in Council, and thereupon it shall be lawful for

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"Her Majesty in Council to make and issue an Order or Orders for uniting such benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, into one benefice, with cure of souls, for ecclesiastical purposes only."

And whereas the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, hath duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a certificate in writing, bearing date the ninth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in the words following, that is to say:—

"To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"We the undersigned Frederick, Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, Primate of All England and Metropolitan do hereby certify to Your Majesty in Council:

"That the Right Reverend Augustus Bishop of Lichfield as Bishop of the diocese within which are situate the rectory of Stoke on Tern and the vicarage of Childs Ercall both in the county of Salop having represented unto us that the said benefices being contiguous to each other and of which the aggregate population does not exceed one thousand five hundred persons might with advantage to the interests of religion be united into one benefice we enquired into the circumstances of the case.

"That on such enquiry it appeared to us that such union might be usefully made and would not be of inconvenient extent and that Henry Reginald Corbet Esquire of Adderley Hall in the said county of Salop being the patron or person entitled to present to the said benefice of Stoke on Tern and also to the said vicarage of Childs Ercall in case the same were now vacant, consented to the proposed union.

"That six weeks and upwards before certifying such enquiry and consent to Your Majesty in Council we caused a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation of the said Lord Bishop to be affixed on the principal outer door of the parish church of each of the said benefices with notice to any person or persons interested that he, she or they might within such six weeks show cause in writing under his, her or their hand or hands to us the said Archbishop against such union and no cause has been shown.

"The representation of the said Lord Bishop of Lichfield, our enquiry into the circumstances of the case, the statement of circumstances in reply thereto, the consent in writing of the patron and the copies of the representation and notices before mentioned are hereunto annexed.

"And we do hereby certify the enquiry and consent aforesaid to Your Majesty in Council to the intent that Your Majesty in Council may in case Your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do make and issue an Order for uniting the said benefices into one benefice with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes.

"As witness our hand this ninth day of June in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. F. Cantuar."

Now therefore Her Majesty in Council by and with the advice of Her said Council is pleased to order, as it is hereby ordered, that the rectory of Stoke on Tern and the vicarage of Childs Ercall both situate in the county of Salop and diocese of Lichfield shall be united into one benefice with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only.

C. L. Peel.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT;

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme bearing date the twenty-ninth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:—

“We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Your Majesty chapter fifty and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Your Majesty chapter one hundred and twenty-four, have prepared and now humbly lay before Your Majesty in Council the following scheme for effecting a transfer of the ownership of the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to a certain benefice, namely the church and cure (being a rectory) of Saint Magnus the Martyr with Saint Margaret, New Fish-street and Saint Michael Crooked-lane, in the city and diocese of London by way of exchange for the ownership of a certain portion that is to say, a moiety or one half part of the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to a certain other benefice, namely, the church and cure (being a rectory) of Saint Mary-at-Hill with Saint Andrew Hubbard in the said city and diocese of London, and for the ownership of the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to the church and cure (being a rectory) of Bildeston, in the county of Suffolk, and in the diocese of Ely.

“Whereas the Right Honourable and Most Reverend Frederick Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Right Honourable and Right Reverend Mandell Bishop of the said diocese of London, in right of their respective Sees, are seized of the advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to the said benefice of Saint Magnus the Martyr with Saint Margaret New Fish-street, and Saint Michael, Crooked-lane, the said right of patronage and presentation being exercisable by the said Archbishop and the said Bishop alternately.

“And whereas one moiety or half part of the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to the said benefice of Saint Mary-at-Hill with Saint Andrew Hubbard is vested in Sir Henry William Peek of Rousdon in the county of Devon, Baronet, his heirs and assigns.

“And whereas the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to the said benefice of Bildeston is also vested in the said Henry William Peek his heirs and assigns.

“And whereas the said Frederick Archbishop of Canterbury and the said Mandell Bishop of London and the said Henry William Peek have respectively signified to us their desire that the patronage of the firstly mentioned and the thirdly mentioned benefices and the said moiety or half part of the patronage of the secondly mentioned benefice may be assigned and transferred by way of exchange in manner hereinafter recommended and proposed.

“And whereas we have made due enquiry and calculation as to the circumstances and relative values of the said benefices and patronage, and we do hereby certify to Your Majesty that the circumstances and present values of the said benefices respectively are as set forth in the Schedule hereunto annexed.

“Now therefore with the consent of the said Frederick, Archbishop of Canterbury (in testimony whereof he has affixed his signature and archiepiscopal seal to this scheme) and with the consent of the said Mandell, Bishop of London (in testimony whereof he also has affixed his signature and episcopal seal to this scheme) and with the consent of the said Henry William Peek (in testimony whereof he also has signed and sealed this scheme) we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners humbly recommend and propose that upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of Your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme and without any conveyance or assurance in the law other than such duly gazetted Order the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to the said benefice of Saint Magnus the Martyr with Saint Margaret New Fish-street and Saint Michael Crooked-lane now vested in the said Archbishop and the said Bishop as aforesaid shall be transferred from the said Archbishop and the said Bishop and their successors and shall thereupon and thenceforth become and be absolutely vested in and shall and may from time to time be exercised by the said Henry William Peek and his heirs and assigns for ever, and that in exchange for the same there shall as from the day aforesaid and in the manner aforesaid be transferred from the said Henry William Peek, his heirs and assigns, to the said Frederick Archbishop of Canterbury and the said Mandell Bishop of London and to their respective successors, first, one moiety or half part (being the moiety or half part aforesaid) of the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to the said benefice of Saint Mary-at-Hill with Saint Andrew Hubbard, now vested in the said Henry William Peek, his heirs and assigns, and secondly, the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to the said benefice of Bildeston, now also vested in the said Henry William Peek, in such wise that the said moiety or half part of the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to the said benefice of Saint Mary-at-Hill with Saint Andrew Hubbard and the said whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to the said benefice of Bildeston shall from time to time be exercised alternately by the Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being and the Bishop of London for the time being, and so that the first turn in respect of the said moiety or half part of the advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to the said benefice of Saint Mary-at-Hill with Saint Andrew Hubbard and the first turn in respect of the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and presentation to the said benefice of Bildeston shall be exercisable by the Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being.

“And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any further or other measures relating to the matters aforesaid or any of them in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts or of either of them or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

Name and Quality of Benefice to be given in Exchange by the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Bishop of London.	County.	Diocese.	Population.	Income.	Residence.
London, Saint Magnus the Martyr, with Saint Margaret, New Fish-street, and Saint Michael Crooked-lane; a Rectory	City of London	London ...	298	£ 552	Yes

Name and Quality of Benefices to be given in Exchange by Sir Henry William Peek, Baronet.	County.	Diocese.	Population.	Income.	Residence.
London, Saint Mary-at-Hill with Saint Andrew Hubbard; a Rectory (a moiety of)	City of London	London ...	150	£ 422	Yes
Bildeston; a Rectory ... ..	Suffolk	Ely ...	744	400	Yes"

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the respective Registrars of the said dioceses of London and Ely.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty chapter thirty-seven sections six and eight duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme bearing date the thirteenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in the words following, that is to say:—

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Your Majesty chapter thirty-seven, have prepared and now humbly lay before Your Majesty in Council the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property in the parish of Yaxley in the county of Huntingdon now vested in us.

"Whereas under and by virtue of an Indenture bearing date the first day of October one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and made or expressed to be made between the Reverend Hudleston Stokes of Wall Vicarage near Lichfield in the county of Stafford, Clerk, and Charles Robert Wade Gery of Saint Neots in the county of Huntingdon, Esquire, of the one part, and us the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England of the other part, the lands and hereditaments described in the schedule hereto annexed became with their appurtenances and are now

vested in us in fee simple for the purposes and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas the lands and hereditaments aforesaid are not subject to any outstanding beneficial lease or grant but are now in our possession but some portions thereof on account of their character or situation are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the same or of the proceeds thereof for the ultimate improvement of our common fund it is expedient that the said lands and hereditaments or such part or parts thereof as we shall at any time and from time to time think fit should be sold or disposed of and accordingly that we should be empowered to sell or dispose of our interest in such lands and hereditaments or in any part or parts thereof in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now therefore we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered by instrument or instruments in writing duly executed according to law from time to time to sell or dispose of and duly to convey according to the provisions of the said Act all or any of the said lands and hereditaments so vested in us as aforesaid with their appurtenances and all our estate right title and interest therein or in any part or parts thereof unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same and his or their heirs executors administrators or assigns or otherwise as he or they shall direct or appoint and for such consideration as shall upon due calculation and enquiry appear to us to be just and reasonable it being our intention to invest the proceeds of such sale from time to time as occasion may arise in the purchase of other lands tithes rent charges tenements or hereditaments or of some estate or interest therein convenient to be held by us for the purposes of the Acts by which our proceedings are governed as aforesaid and in the meantime to invest the said proceeds in some Government or Parliamentary stock or other public securities in England.

"And we further recommend and propose that

nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid or any of them in accordance with the provisions of the said Act or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference :—

"All those two pieces or parcels of land situate in the parish of Yaxley in the county of Huntingdon which are described in the indenture referred to in this scheme as

"All that piece or parcel of land situate in the parish of Yaxley in the county of Huntingdon commonly called or known by the name of Plantation Field containing by admeasurement eleven acres three roods and twenty-one perches or thereabouts.

"And also all that piece or parcel of land adjoining the said Plantation Field and forming a plantation and containing five acres two roods and eight perches or thereabouts which said pieces or parcels of land adjoin one another and were formerly part of a field called Metwell Field and are bounded on the north and west by lands belonging to the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, on the east by the line of the Great Northern Railway Company and on the south by a road called the Broadway and are coloured red on the plan drawn in the margin of the said indenture."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Ely.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twentieth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:—

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Your Majesty chapter thirty-seven, have prepared and now humbly lay before Your Majesty in Council the following scheme for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes to be taken out of the new parish (sometime particular district) of Saint John, Sidcup in the county of Kent and in the diocese of Canterbury.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion that the particular part of the said new parish of Saint John Sidcup which is hereinafter mentioned and described should be constituted a separate district in the manner hereinafter recommended and proposed.

And whereas there is not at present within

the limits of the said proposed district any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship.

"And whereas by a certain deed or indenture bearing date on or about the twenty-sixth day of March in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven and made or expressed to be made under the provisions of "The New Parishes Acts 1843, 1844 and 1850," or some or one of them between the Reverend Bartlett William Chancellor of Sidcup in the said county of Kent, Clerk in Holy Orders of the one part and us the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners of the other part (which said deed or indenture is intended to be enrolled in the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice) the said Bartlett William Chancellor as beneficial owner did grant and convey unto the minister (so soon as a minister shall have been appointed) of the district of Christ Church, Sidcup hereinafter recommended to be constituted and to his successors, and to the incumbent (when such minister shall have become an incumbent) of the new parish of Christ Church Sidcup and his successors for the time being. First. All those seven pieces or parcels of land messuages or dwelling houses and buildings situate on the north side of and fronting Allison-road, Haringay Park, in the parish of Hornsey in the county of Middlesex and Secondly. All those eleven pieces or parcels of land messuages or dwelling houses and buildings eight of which are situate on the north side of and fronting Warham-road Haringay Park aforesaid partly in the said parish of Hornsey and partly in the parish of Tottenham in the said county of Middlesex, and three of which are situate on the West side of Green Lanes Haringay Park aforesaid in the last-named parish with the annual rents issuing and payable out of the same and amounting in the aggregate to one hundred and fifty-one pounds one shilling per annum all which said pieces or parcels of land messuages or dwelling houses and buildings are more particularly described in the Schedule, and delineated and numbered on the plans appended to the said deed or indenture as an endowment for the said intended district to be called (as is in the said deed or indenture mentioned) "The District of Christ Church, Sidcup" to the intent that as soon as may be the said several pieces or parcels of land messuages or dwelling houses and buildings together with the annual rents issuing and payable thereout may become vested in the minister of the district (after one shall have been appointed and licensed in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore mentioned Act) and so soon as the said district shall have become a new parish under the provisions of the same Act then in the incumbent of such new parish and his successors for ever.

"And whereas the said several pieces or parcels of land messuages or dwelling houses and buildings together with the said annual rents issuing and payable thereout have been so granted and conveyed as aforesaid upon the expressed understanding that we the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England should recommend and propose to Your Majesty in Council that the whole right of patronage of the said proposed district or new parish and of the nomination of the minister or incumbent thereon should be assigned to Francis Augustus B-van of No. 54 Lombard-street in the city of London, Banker, his heirs and assigns.

"Now therefore with the consent of the Right Honourable and most Reverend, Frederick, Archbishop of Canterbury (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme) we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners humbly recommend

and propose that all that part of the said new parish of Saint John Sidcup, which is more particularly described in the schedule hereunder written and is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed shall upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of Your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes and that the same shall be named 'The District of Christ Church Longlands, Sidcup.'

"And we further recommend and propose that the whole right of patronage of the said proposed district and when the same shall have become a new parish as aforesaid then of the said new parish and of the nomination of the minister or incumbent thereto shall without any assurance in the law other than this scheme and any duly gazetted Order of Your Majesty in Council ratifying the same and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid be assigned to and become absolutely vested in and shall and may be exercised from time to time by the said Francis Augustus Bevan his heirs and assigns for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid or to any of them in accordance with the provisions of the said Act or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"The District of Christ Church Longlands Sidcup being:—

"All that part or the new parish (sometime particular district) of Saint John, Sidcup in the county of Kent and in the diocese of Canterbury which is bounded upon the south in one part by the parish of Chislehurst as now defined for ecclesiastical purposes in the said county and diocese and in another part by the new parish of the Annunciation Chislehurst in the same county and diocese upon the west by the new parish of the Holy Trinity Eltham in the said county of Kent and in the diocese of Rochester upon the north by the new parish of Lamorbey in the said county of Kent and in the diocese of Canterbury aforesaid, and upon all other sides that is to say upon the east and upon the remaining part of the south by an imaginary line commencing at the point where the boundary which divides the said new parish of Lamorbey from the new parish of Saint John, Sidcup aforesaid crosses the wall or fence which forms the western boundary of the house and premises called or known as 'Bramble-side' and situate on the northern side of Manor-road and extending thence that is from the said parish boundary southward along the said wall or fence for a distance of one chain and thirty-six links or thereabouts to its southern end on the northern side of Manor-road aforesaid and continuing thence still southward to a point in the middle of the said road and extending thence first westward then south-westward and then southward along the middle of the same road for a distance of seven chains or thereabouts to its junction with Crescent-road and extending thence southward along the middle of the last-named road for a distance of twenty-three chains or thereabouts to its junction with the high road leading from Foots Cray to London and extending thence eastward along the middle of the last-mentioned road for a distance of two chains or thereabouts to its junction with the north-eastern end of the road called or known as the Crescent and extending thence southward along the middle of the last-

named road for a distance of two chains and a quarter or thereabouts to its junction with the private road which leads to the house called or known as Eversley and extending thence southward along the middle of the last-mentioned road for a distance of four chains and a quarter or thereabouts to its present southern end upon the boundary which divides the civil parish of Foots Cray from the civil parish of Chislehurst and extending thence westward along the said civil parish boundary for a distance of twenty-three chains or thereabouts to the point in the public footpath leading from Pound-place through Hobland's Wood to Perry-street where the said civil parish boundary joins the boundary dividing the said new parish of Saint John Sidcup from the parish of Chislehurst as now defined for ecclesiastical purposes as aforesaid."

And whereas drafts of the said scheme have, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore mentioned Act, been transmitted to the patron and to the incumbent of the new parish of Saint John Sidcup out of which it is intended that the district recommended in such scheme to be constituted shall be taken, and such patron and incumbent have offered no substantial objections to such scheme.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Canterbury.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, chapter seventy-seven, and of the Act of the fifth year of Her Majesty (session two), chapter twenty-six, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a Scheme bearing date the twentieth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:—

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of His late Majesty King William the Fourth chapter seventy-seven and of the Act of the fifth year of Your Majesty (session two) chapter twenty-six, have prepared and now humbly lay before Your Majesty in Council the following scheme for authorizing certain alterations and improvements at the episcopal residence belonging to the See of Ely which is situate in Dover street, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex and is known as Ely House.

"Whereas the Honourable and Right Reverend Alwyne now Bishop of Ely is desirous that certain permanent alterations and improvements should be made at the said episcopal residence known as Ely House and has submitted to us the particulars of such proposed alterations and improvements and we have approved the same.

"And whereas the said Bishop is also desirous and it appears to us to be expedient that towards the cost of effecting the said proposed alterations and improvements a sum not exceeding five hundred pounds (being a sum which does not exceed two years' income of the See) should be provided by borrowing the same by way of mortgage upon the security of all and every part of the lands tenements and hereditaments endowments or emoluments which now belong or may hereafter belong to the Bishoprick of Ely.

"Now therefore with the consent of the said Alwyne, Bishop of Ely (testified by his having affixed his signature and episcopal seal to this scheme) we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly recommend and propose that the said Bishop be authorized to borrow from the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne for the augmentation of the maintenance of the Poor Clergy and that the said Governors be empowered to lend under the provisions of the above-mentioned Acts a sum not exceeding five hundred pounds and that as a security for the same the said Bishop do mortgage all and every part of the lands tenements and hereditaments and endowments or emoluments which now belong or may hereafter belong to his said See to the said Governors by deed for the term of twenty years or until the said sum of five hundred pounds with the interest for the same, as hereinafter-mentioned, and all costs and charges which may attend the recovery thereof shall be fully paid and satisfied and that such principal sum shall be repaid with interest in manner following that is to say during and in respect of the first period of twelve months of the said term of twenty years computed from the day of the date of the mortgage no part of the said principal sum shall be repayable but the said Bishop or his successors shall yearly at the end of the second period of twelve months so computed and at the end of every such like period of twelve months thereafter pay to the said Governors their successors or assigns one fifteenth part of the said principal sum until the whole thereof shall be repaid and shall also at the end of the first and each succeeding period of twelve months computed as aforesaid pay interest at the rate of four pounds per centum per annum on the said principal sum or so much thereof as shall from time to time remain unpaid and if and when it shall happen that either the principal or the interest directed to be paid as hereinbefore mentioned shall be in arrear and unpaid for the space of forty days after the same shall have become due it shall and may be lawful for the said Governors their successors and assigns to recover the same and the costs and charges attending the recovery thereof by distress and sale in the like manner as rents may be recovered by landlords or lessors from their tenants by the laws in force at the time of such distress and sale and that such mortgage deed shall be in the form and to the effect to be approved by us the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England and shall bind as well the said Alwyne now Bishop of Ely as every succeeding Bishop of Ely until the principal money and interest costs and charges shall have been paid off and discharged.

"And we further recommend and propose that the said sum of five hundred pounds shall be paid to us the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners and that the receipt of our joint treasurers for the time being endorsed on the said mortgage deed shall be a good and sufficient discharge to the said Governors and their successors for the same who shall not be bound or required to see to the

application thereof and that upon the receipt of the sum of five hundred pounds the whole or any part thereof shall be applied by us at such times and in such manner as shall appear to us to be expedient towards effecting the said proposed alterations and improvements at the episcopal residence known as Ely House as aforesaid.

"And we further recommend and propose that the Bishop of Ely for the time being shall at his personal charge insure against loss or damage by fire and keep insured the said episcopal residence known as Ely House the said insurance to be for a sum of six thousand pounds and to be effected in one or more of the public offices of insurance in London or Westminster to be approved by us and that in case of loss or damage by fire to the same house of residence the moneys receivable in respect of the said insurance shall be paid over to us by the said Bishop and shall with any interest or accumulations thereon be applied by us in rebuilding or repairing the same house of residence with the concurrence of the said Bishop of Ely.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid or any of them in conformity with the provisions of the herein named Acts or of either of them or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts, and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Ely.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty chapter thirty-seven sections six and eight duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme bearing date the twenty-seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:—

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Your Majesty chapter thirty-seven, have prepared and now humbly lay before Your Majesty in Council the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property in the parish of Westbury in the county of Wilts now vested in us.

"Whereas under and by virtue of an indenture bearing date the seventeenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six made between Charles Henry Gabriel of Vale Lodge Weston Park Bath in the county of Somerset Esquire of the first part, Frances Margaret Gabriel of Calne in the county of Wilts Spinster, the said Charles Henry Gabriel and Ellinor Martha Gabriel Spinster and Judith Maria Gabriel Spinster both of Calne aforesaid Samuel



Hawkes Gabriel of Bassett in the county of Southampton Esquire and Isabella Frances Gabriel of 21 Notting Hill-square Kensington in the county of Middlesex Widow of the second part Edward Tylee of Essex-street Strand in the county of Middlesex Esquire of the third part William Stead of Woodley near Romsey in the county of Southampton Esquire and Alexander Stead of Charlewood near Crawley in the county of Sussex Esquire of the fourth part Arthur Warne Weston of the city of Bath Esquire and Susannah White of No. 10 Stanhope-place Hyde Park in the said county of Middlesex Widow of the fifth part us the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England of the sixth part and the Right Honourable Henry Thomas Earl of Chichester then First Church Estates Commissioner of the seventh part the lands and hereditaments described in the Schedule hereto annexed became and are now vested in us.

"And whereas the lands and hereditaments aforesaid are not subject to any outstanding beneficial lease or grant but are now in our possession but some portions thereof on account of their character or situation are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the same or of the proceeds thereof for the ultimate improvement of our common fund it is expedient that the said lands and hereditaments or such part or parts thereof as we shall at any time and from time to time think fit should be sold or disposed of and accordingly

that we should be empowered to sell or dispose of our interest in such lands and hereditaments or in any part or parts thereof in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now therefore we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered by instrument or instruments in writing duly executed according to law from time to time to sell or dispose of and duly to convey according to the provisions of the said Act all or any of the said lands and hereditaments so vested in us as aforesaid with their appurtenances and all our estate right title and interest therein or in any part or parts thereof unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same and his or their heirs executors administrators or assigns or otherwise as he or they shall direct or appoint and for such consideration as shall upon due calculation and enquiry appear to us to be just and reasonable it being our intention to invest the proceeds of such sale from time to time as occasion may arise in the purchase of other lands tithes rent-charges tenements or hereditaments or of some estate or interest therein convenient to be held by us for the purposes of the Acts by which our proceedings are governed as aforesaid and in the meantime to invest the said proceeds in some Government or Parliamentary stock or other public securities in England.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid or any of them in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"Lands in the parish of Westbury in the county of Wilts.

No. on Tithe Plan.	Description.	Cultivation.	Quantity.	Total Quantity.
			A. R. P.	A. R. P.
2029	Whitaker's Paddock ... ..	Pasture ...	2 3 25	
2141	Chisel Furlong ... ..	Arable ...	18 0 10	
2234	Thirteen Hundred Down ... ..	Down ...	8 2 9	
Part				
2235	Part ditto ditto ... ..	Down ...	37 2 3	
Part				
1888b	Allotment (Hawkeridge) ... ..	Arable ...	0 0 28	
				67 1 29

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Salisbury.

C. L. Peel.

At the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her

Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, and of the Act of the seventeenth and eighteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-four, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme bearing date the third day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in the words following, that is to say:—

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Your Majesty chapter one hundred and thirteen and of the Act of the seventeenth and eighteenth years of Your Majesty chapter eighty-four, have prepared and now humbly lay before Your Majesty in Council the following scheme for further apportioning the incomes of the benefices of Catterick, and Saint John the Evangelist Hipswell both in the county of York and in the diocese of Ripon.

"Whereas the Bishop of the said diocese of Ripon is the patron in right of his See of the said benefice of Catterick and also of the said benefice of Saint John the Evangelist, Hipswell.



"And whereas under an Order of Your Majesty in Council bearing date the sixth day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and published in the London Gazette on the twelfth day of the same month all and singular the yearly tithe commutation rent-charges amounting together to seventy-three pounds and seven shillings, being the whole of the tithe commutation rent-charges arising in the township of Tunstall within the original limits of the parish of Catterick described in the tithe apportionment of the said parish as payable to the Vicar of Catterick, and at that time belonging to the said benefice of Catterick were as from the date of the then next avoidance of the aid benefice of Saint John the Evangelist Hipswell transferred from the said benefice of Catterick to the said benefice of Hipswell.

"And whereas since the date of the said Order of Your Majesty in Council the said benefice of Saint John the Evangelist, Hipswell has been avoided, and the said transfer of tithe rent-charges has accordingly taken effect.

"And whereas the Right Reverend William Boyd, now Bishop of the said diocese of Ripon, has represented to us, and we are of opinion, that it is desirable by reason of the augmentation of the income of the said benefice of Saint John the Evangelist, Hipswell, effected by means of the aforesaid Order of Your Majesty in Council, that the incomes of the said benefices should be further apportioned as herein-after recommended and proposed.

"And whereas the said benefice of Saint John the Evangelist, Hipswell, is now full.

"Now therefore with the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend William Dalrymple Archbishop of York acting as Archbishop of the Province within which each of the said two benefices is situate (in testimony whereof the said William Dalrymple Archbishop of York has signed this scheme and sealed the same with his Archiepiscopal Seal) and with the consent of the said William Boyd, Bishop of the said diocese of Ripon, acting as such Bishop and also as the patron in right of his See of each of the said two benefices as aforesaid (in testimony whereof the said William Boyd, Bishop of Ripon has signed this scheme and sealed the same with his Episcopal Seal) and with the consent of the Reverend Frederick Billingsley Ambrose Williams, Clerk in Holy Orders, the Perpetual Curate or Incumbent of the said benefice of Saint John the Evangelist Hipswell (in testimony whereof the said Frederick Billingsley Ambrose Williams has signed and sealed this scheme) We, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly recommend and propose that from and after the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of Your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme and without any conveyance or assurance in the law other than such duly gazetted Order the yearly sum or stipend of nine pounds heretofore payable by the Vicar or Incumbent of the said benefice of Catterick to the Perpetual Curate or Incumbent of the said benefice of Saint John the Evangelist, Hipswell, and also the yearly sum or rent-charge of twenty pounds which by a deed dated the thirteenth day of December in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy was created on the revenues of the said benefice of Catterick in favour of the said benefice of Saint John the Evangelist, Hipswell, shall cease and determine, and be no longer payable by the Vicar or Incumbent of the said benefice of Catterick to the Perpetual Curate or

Incumbent of the said benefice of Saint John the Evangelist, Hipswell.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid or any of them in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts or of either of them or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Ripon.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the seventeenth day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in the words and figures following; that is to say:—

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Your Majesty, chapter seventy, of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Your Majesty, chapter ninety-seven, of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Your Majesty, chapter eighty-two, have prepared, and now humbly lay before Your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Alban Fulham situate within the limits of the new parish (sometime consolidated chapelry) of Saint Andrew Fulham Fields in the county of Middlesex and in the diocese of London

"Whereas at certain extremities of the said new parish of Saint Andrew Fulham Fields; and of the parish of Saint Paul Hammersmith, in the county and diocese aforesaid, which said extremities lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such new parish and of such parish respectively.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that certain contiguous portions (being the portions containing the population aforesaid) of the said new parish of Saint Andrew Fulham Fields and of the said parish of Saint Paul Hammersmith, should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church of Saint Alban Fulham, situate as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the

Right Honourable and Right Reverend Mandell, Bishop of the said diocese of London, as such Bishop, and also as the patron in right of his See both of the vicarage of the said new parish of Saint Andrew Fulham Fields, and of the vicarage of the said parish of Saint Paul Hammersmith (in testimony whereof he the said Bishop has signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said new parish of Saint Andrew Fulham Fields and of the said parish of Saint Paul Hammersmith which are described in the Schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of Saint Alban Fulham situate as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Alban Fulham.'

"We, therefore, humbly pray that Your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into Your Royal consideration, and to make such Order in respect thereto as to Your Majesty in Your Royal Wisdom shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Alban, Fulham, comprising:—

"(I.) All that portion of the new parish (sometimes consolidated chapelry) of Saint Andrew Fulham Fields, in the county of Middlesex and in the diocese of London, which is bounded upon the south-west by the consolidated chapelry of Saint Clement Fulham, in the said county and diocese, upon the north partly by the parish of Saint Paul Hammersmith (including the hereinafter described portion thereof) and partly by the new parish of Saint Mary North End, both in the county and diocese aforesaid and upon the remaining sides that is to say upon the east, and upon the south by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Mary North End from the new parish of Saint Andrew Fulham Fields aforesaid at the centre of the bridge which carries Gliddon-road over the line of the Metropolitan District Railway and extending thence southward along the middle of the said road for a distance of twenty yards or thereabouts to its junction with the road called Margravine gardens, and extending thence westward along the middle of the last-mentioned road for a distance of thirty-five yards or thereabouts to a point opposite to the north-western end of the wall or fence which forms the north-eastern boundary of Hammersmith Cemetery and extending thence south-eastward to and along the said wall or fence for a distance of eleven chains and three-quarters or thereabouts (thereby passing along the backs of the houses and premises which are situated on the south-western side of Palliser-road) to the point where the said wall or fence (which here forms the boundary between the said cemetery and the recreation ground belonging to the Queen's Club) begins to bend south-westward and extending thence south-eastward and in a direct line for a distance of ten chains and a half or thereabouts (thereby crossing the said recreation ground belonging to the Queen's Club) to the junction of Musard-road with Greyhound-road, and extending thence south-westward along the middle of the last-named road for a distance of two chains and three-quarters or thereabouts to its junction with Kinnoul-road, and extending thence south-

eastward along the middle of the last-named road for a distance of eight chains and a half or thereabouts to a point opposite to the north-eastern end of the wall or fence forming the boundary which divides the house and premises situated on the south-western side of the last-named road and called Number 70 Kinnoul-road from the house and premises fronting on the north-western side of Humbolt-road and called Number 74 Humbolt-road and extending thence south-westward first to and along the last-mentioned wall or fence and then along the wall or fence which forms the north-westward that is to say the rearward boundary of the houses and premises situated on the north-western side of the last-named road and called Numbers 72, 70, 68, 66, 64, 62, 52, 50, 48, 46, 40, 38, 36, Humbolt-road respectively for a distance of four chains and a quarter or thereabouts to the point where the last-mentioned wall or fence meets the wall or fence forming the boundary which divides the said house and premises called Number 36 Humbolt-road from the yard and stables belonging to the house called Number 34 Humbolt-road and extending thence north-westward and in a direct line for a distance of two chains or thereabouts thereby crossing the said yard and stables to a point at the north-eastern end of the south-eastern side of the footway which is situated at the backs of the houses and premises fronting on the south-eastern side of Garvan-road and called Numbers 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, Garvan-road respectively and which leads to the north-western end of Caroline-place and extending thence south-westward along the said south-eastern side of the said footway for a distance of five chains or thereabouts to its present south-western end on the south-western side of Caroline-place aforesaid and at the north-eastern end of the north-western side of the building and premises of the Primitive Methodist Chapel which fronts upon Bayonne-road and extending thence south-westward along the said north-western side of the said building and premises for a distance of fourteen yards or thereabouts to its south-western end on the north-eastern side of the last-named road, and extending thence in precisely the same direction and in a straight line for a distance of twenty feet or thereabouts to a point in the middle of the last-named road, upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Andrew Fulham Fields from the consolidated chapelry of Saint Clement Fulham aforesaid.

"(II.) And also all that contiguous portion of the said parish of Saint Paul Hammersmith which is bounded upon the south-west and upon the south-east by the hereinbefore described portion of the new parish of Saint Andrew Fulham Fields aforesaid, and upon the remaining side, that is to say, upon the north by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Andrew Fulham Fields from the parish of Saint Paul Hammersmith aforesaid at a point in the middle of the line of railway aforesaid distant twenty-six yards or thereabouts west of the centre of the said bridge which carries Gliddon-road aforesaid over the said line of railway, and extending thence westward along the middle of the said line of railway for a distance of fourteen chains and three-quarters or thereabouts to the boundary which divides the said parish of Saint Paul Hammersmith from the new parish of Saint Andrew Fulham Fields aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, there-

fore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of London.

*C. L. Peel.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty chapter thirty-seven sections six and eight, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme bearing date the first day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in the words and figures following, that is to say:—

"We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Your Majesty chapter thirty-seven sections six and eight have prepared and now humbly lay before Your Majesty in Council the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property formerly belonging to the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Salisbury and now vested in us.

"Whereas under 'The Ecclesiastical Commission Act 1868' and by virtue of an Order of Your Majesty in Council made under the provisions of the same Act bearing date the twenty-ninth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six and duly published in the London Gazette on the thirtieth day of the same month certain lands tithes and hereditaments which are more particularly described in the aforesaid Order being the property of the said Dean and Chapter of Salisbury were transferred to and became absolutely vested in us for the purposes and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas the property aforesaid is not subject to any outstanding lease or grant but some portions thereof are on account of their character or situation unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas with a view to the more advantageous appropriation of the said property or of the proceeds thereof for the ultimate improvement of our common fund it is expedient that the said property or such part or parts thereof as we shall at any time and from time to time think fit should be sold or disposed of and accordingly that we should be empowered to sell or dispose of our interest therein or in any part or parts thereof in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now therefore we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered by instrument or instruments in writing duly executed according to law from time to time to sell or dispose of and duly to convey according to the provisions of the said Act of the sixth and seventh years of Your Majesty's Reign all or any part of the said property heretofore belonging to the said Dean and Chapter of Salisbury and so transferred to and vested in us as aforesaid with its appurtenances and all our estate right title and interest therein or in any part or parts thereof unto

and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same and his her or their heirs executors administrators or assigns or otherwise as he she or they shall direct or appoint and for such consideration as shall upon due calculation and inquiry appear to us to be just and reasonable it being our intention to invest the proceeds of such sales from time to time as occasion may arise in the purchase of other lands tithes rent charges tenements or hereditaments or of some estate or interest therein convenient to be held by us for the purposes of the Acts by which our proceedings are governed as aforesaid and in the meantime to invest the said proceeds in some Government or Parliamentary stock or other public securities in England.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid or any of them in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Salisbury.

*C. L. Peel.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Town Council of the Borough of Devonport, in the county of Devon, have presented a Petition to Her Majesty in Council stating that Orders in Council have been made for closing the burial grounds situate within the Parish of Stoke Damerel which is coextensive with the said Borough of Devonport, that there is difficulty and inconvenience in providing requisite places of burial for the inhabitants of the said parish and borough under the powers of the Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England beyond the limits of the Metropolis, and to amend the Act concerning the burial of the dead in the Metropolis," and praying that powers may be vested in the Council of the Borough of Devonport for providing places of burial for the said parish and borough, under the provisions of the Act of Parliament made and passed in the seventeenth and eighteenth years of the reign of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act to make further provision for the burial of the dead in England beyond the limits of the Metropolis," and any Acts amending or extending the same;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council is pleased hereby to give notice of such Petition, and to order that the same be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council on the thirteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order be published in the London Gazette,

and in one of the newspapers usually circulating in the Borough of Devonport, one month at least before the said thirteenth day of August.

*C. L. Peel.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the eighteenth and nineteenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act further to amend the laws "concerning the burial of the dead in England," it is, amongst other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, from time to time to postpone the time appointed by any Order in Council for the discontinuance of burials, or otherwise to vary any Order in Council made under any of the Acts recited in the said Act, or under the said Act (whether the time thereby appointed for the discontinuance of burials thereunder, or other operation of such Order, shall or shall not have arrived), as to Her Majesty, with such advice as aforesaid, may seem fit:

And whereas Orders in Council have been made directing the discontinuance of burials in the churchyards hereinafter mentioned from the time specified in such Orders; and whereas it seems fit to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the time for discontinuing burials in the said churchyards be postponed:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the time for the discontinuance of burials in such churchyards be postponed as follows, viz.:

In the Parish Churchyard of Morthoe, in the county of Devon, until the thirty-first March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

In Saint Sampson's Churchyard, Cricklade, in the county of Wilts, until the thirty-first January, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

*C. L. Peel.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 7th day of *July*, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England beyond the limits of the "Metropolis, and to amend the Act concerning "the burial of the dead in the Metropolis," it is enacted that, in case it appears to Her Majesty in Council, upon the representation of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that, for the protection of the public health, the opening of any new burial ground in any city or town, or within any other limits, save with the previous approval of one of such Secretaries of State, should be prohibited, or that burials in any city or town, or within any other limits, or in any burial grounds or places of burial, should be wholly discontinued, or should be discontinued subject to any exception or qualification, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order that no new burial ground shall be opened in any city or town, or within such limits, without such previous approval, or (as the case may require) that, after a time men-

tioned in the Order, burials in such city or town, or within such limits, or in such burial grounds or places of burial, shall be discontinued wholly, or subject to any exceptions or qualifications mentioned in such Order, and so from time to time as circumstances may require; provided always, that notice of such representation, and of the time when it shall please Her Majesty to order that the same be taken into consideration by the Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette, and shall be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of, or on some other conspicuous places within, the parishes affected by such representation, one month before such representation is so considered; provided also that no such representation shall be made in relation to the burial ground of any parish until ten days' previous notice of the intention to make such representation shall have been given to the Incumbent and Vestry Clerk or Churchwardens of such parish:

And whereas the Right Honourable Sir Matthew White Ridley, Baronet, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbents and the Churchwardens of the parishes hereinafter mentioned ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representation, made a representation, stating that for the protection of the public health, no new burial ground should be opened in the undermentioned parishes without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials should be discontinued therein with certain modifications:

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased, by Her Order in Council of the eighteenth day of May last, to give notice of such representation, and to order that the same should be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council on the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and such Order has been published in the London Gazette and copies thereof have been affixed, as required by the said Act:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that no new burial ground shall be opened in the undermentioned parishes without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials in the said parishes shall be discontinued, as follows; viz.:

**ROCHE, CORNWALL.**—Forthwith and entirely in the Parish Church of Roche, in the county of Cornwall, and in the old part of the Churchyard.

**GORRAN, CORNWALL.**—Forthwith and entirely in the Parish Church of Gorran, in the county of Cornwall; and also in the churchyard, except as follows:—

(a.) In such vaults and wholly walled graves as are now existing in the churchyard, burials may be allowed on condition that every coffin buried therein be separately enclosed by stonework or brickwork properly cemented.

(b.) In such reserved grave spaces (limited to six in number) in the new part of the churchyard, as have never before been buried in, and which, when opened are free from water, burials may be allowed of so many members of the families to whom they have been allotted as can be buried at or below the depth of five feet.

*C. L. Peel.*

AT the Court at Windsor, the 7th day of July, 1897.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England beyond the limits of the Metropolis, and to amend the Act concerning the burial of the dead in the Metropolis," it is enacted that, in case it appears to Her Majesty in Council, upon the representation of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that, for the protection of the public health, the opening of any new burial ground in any city or town, or within any other limits, save with the previous approval of one of such Secretaries of State, should be prohibited, or that burials in any city or town, or within any other limits, or in any burial grounds or places of burial, should be wholly discontinued, or should be discontinued subject to any exception or qualification, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order that no new burial ground shall be opened in any city or town, or within such limits, without such previous approval, or (as the case may require) that, after a time mentioned in the Order, burials in such city or town, or within such limits, or in such burial grounds or places of burial, shall be discontinued wholly, or subject to any exceptions or qualifications mentioned in such Order, and so from time to time as circumstances may require; provided always, that notice of such representation, and of the time when it shall please Her Majesty to order that the same be taken into consideration by the Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette, and shall be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of, or on some other conspicuous places within, the parishes affected by such representation, one month before such representation is so considered; provided also that no such representation shall be made in relation to the burial ground of any parish until ten days' previous notice of the intention to make such representation shall have been given to the Incumbent and Vestry Clerk or Churchwardens of such parish:

And whereas the Right Honourable Sir Matthew White Ridley, Baronet, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbent and the Churchwardens of the parish hereinafter mentioned ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representation, made a representation, stating that, for the protection of the public health, no new burial ground should be opened in the undermentioned parish without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials should be discontinued therein with certain modifications:

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased by Her Order in Council of the eighteenth day of May last, to give notice of such representation, and to order that the same should be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council on the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and such Order has been published in the London Gazette, and copies thereof have been affixed as required by the said Act:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that no new burial-

ground shall be opened in the undermentioned parish without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials in the said parish shall be discontinued, as follows: viz.:-

BAILDON, YORKS.—Forthwith and entirely in the Parish Church of Baildon, in the county of York, also in that portion of the churchyard which surrounds the church, within twenty-four feet of any dwelling-house; and also in the rest of the said portion of the churchyard except as follows:—

In such vaults and wholly walled graves as are now existing burials may be allowed on condition that every coffin buried therein be separately enclosed by stonework or brickwork properly cemented;

And in the other parts of the churchyard, which were added in one thousand eight hundred and forty-five and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, except as follows:—

(a.) In such vaults and wholly walled graves as are now existing burials may be allowed on condition that every coffin buried therein be separately enclosed by stonework or brickwork properly cemented:

(b.) In such earthen graves now existing as can be opened to the depth of five feet without exposing coffins or disturbing human remains, burials may be allowed of so many of the relations of those interred therein at the date of this Order as can be buried at or below that depth.

C. L. Peel.

Privy Council Office, July 7, 1897.

THE following amendments to the Statutes of Lincoln College, Oxford, made by the Governing Body on the eleventh June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, have been submitted for the approval of Her Majesty in Council, and notice of their having been so submitted is published in accordance with the provisions contained in "The Universities of Oxford and Cambridge Act, 1877":—

*Amendments to Statutes.*

1. In Cap. 2, § 1 to omit the word "perpetui," and the words "et fidem ecclesiae Anglicanae amplectentes."

After the word "subierint" to add the following clauses:—

'One Fellowship shall be held by the Professor of Classical Archæology and Art under the terms of the Statute approved by the Queen in Council on May 19th, 1884. One Fellowship shall be filled up by nomination by the Visitor under the provisions of Cap. 2, § 8. The remaining Fellowships shall be divided into two classes: Official and Non-Official. The number of Official Fellows shall not exceed six.

'The Rector and Fellows, before proceeding to the election of a Fellow, shall take care to assure themselves, by examination or otherwise, of his fitness in character and attainments to hold a Fellowship in the College.

'Every Official or Non-Official Fellow shall hold his Fellowship in the first instance for a year of Probation, during which he shall have no vote at College meetings. At the end of his year of Probation his Fellowship shall determine, unless his election shall have been confirmed by a resolution of the Rector and Fellows. But a year of Probation shall not be required twice of the same Fellow, although he may have been re-

selected, or been transferred from one class of Fellowships to another.

'An Official Fellow shall be at the time of his election unmarried or a widower without surviving child or children. Before his admission to his Probationary Fellowship he shall notify to the Rector, in writing, his willingness to undertake the office of Bursar, Tutor, or Lecturer as the case may be, and to reside in College when required by the Rector and Fellows. The Rector's consent shall be necessary to the election of all Official Fellows elected to fill the office of Tutor or Lecturer.

'An Official Fellow whose election shall have been confirmed at the end of his year of Probation shall hold his Fellowship for a further period not exceeding six years, after which he shall be capable of re-election for a further period not exceeding seven years, and so on from time to time for successive periods, each not exceeding seven years, subject to his fulfilling the conditions of his office.

'The Rector and Fellows may, if they think fit, grant remission from official work to any Official Fellow who shall have served the College for not less than thirty-five years, while permitting him to retain his Fellowship subject to re-election from time to time as before.

'A Non-Official Fellow shall be either a person who undertakes to perform some definite literary or scientific work approved by the College, or a person whose attainments in literature or science, as tested by examination or academic distinctions or published work, qualify him in the opinion of the Rector and Fellows to hold a Fellowship in the College.

'A Non-Official Fellow whose election shall have been confirmed at the end of his year of Probation shall hold his Fellowship for a further period not exceeding six years. He shall then vacate his Fellowship, and shall not be capable of re-election (except he shall have been transferred from an Official Fellowship as hereinafter provided), nor be eligible to another Fellowship in the College.

'The Rector and Fellows may, if they think fit, transfer with his own consent to a vacant Official Fellowship any Non-Official Fellow who shall be eligible to it. The tenure of an Official Fellow so transferred shall be held to date from his transfer.

'The Rector and Fellows may, if they think fit, transfer with his own consent to a vacant Non-Official Fellowship any Official Fellow who shall have served the College for not less than twenty-one years, and shall undertake to pursue a definite course of study or research approved by the College; provided that there shall not be more than one Fellow at any one time holding a Fellowship after such transfer. A Non-Official Fellow so transferred shall be deemed to hold his Fellowship from the date of his transfer, and shall be capable of re-election from time to time as before, provided that he shall continue to prosecute his undertaking.

'The Rector and Fellows may at any meeting held after thirty days' notice elect to an Honorary Fellowship by not less than two-thirds of the votes given, any distinguished person who is or has been a member of the College. An Honorary Fellow shall not be reckoned among the twelve Fellows of the College, nor be entitled to vote or receive any emolument as Fellow; but shall enjoy such privileges as the Rector and Fellows may from time to time determine.'

2. In Cap. 2, § 5 to omit the word "perpetui," and the Amendments, together with the Addition thereto.

3. In Cap. 2, § 6 to omit the word "perpetuum"; also to omit the words "subsequens juramentum" and substitute for them the words "subsequentem pronunciationem"; also to omit the words "tactis sacrosanctis Dei Evangelii"; also to omit the words "juro per haec sancta Dei Evangelia" and substitute for them the words "Socius Probationarius Collegii Lincolnensis sincere atque ex animo profiteor"; also to omit the words "ita me Deus adjuvet in die ultimi judicii."

4. In Cap. 2 to omit § 7.

5. In Cap. 2, § 9 to omit the words "Si aliquod beneficium.....down to.....non obligari," and to substitute for them the words:—

'If he shall accept a Headship or Fellowship with emoluments in any other College; if, being an Official Fellow, he shall marry contrary to the provisions of the College Statutes; if, being an Official Fellow, or a Non-Official Fellow elected to perform a literary or scientific work, he shall in the judgment of the Rector and Fellows, as expressed in a resolution passed by two-thirds or more of the votes given at a special meeting summoned in full Term with at least thirty days' notice, be neglecting to perform the work which he has undertaken for the College; if in the judgment of the Rector and Fellows, so expressed, he shall have been found guilty of contumacious disobedience to the Statutes of the College.'

Also to omit the words "Praeterea, si....." down to the end of the section.

6. In Cap. 2 to omit § 10 with the Amendment thereto, and to substitute the following section:—

'An Official Fellow who marries within seven years from the date of his election shall thereby vacate his Fellowship. But after seven years he may be permitted to marry with the consent of the Rector and Fellows granted by not less than two-thirds of the votes given by secret ballot at a special meeting summoned in full Term with at least thirty days' notice. The Rector and Fellows shall not grant their consent unless there shall be not less than three unmarried Official Fellows, besides the applicant, resident in the College.'

7. In Cap. 2 to omit § 12.

8. In Cap. 3, § 2 to omit the words "in nomine Patris....." down to the end of the section.

9. In Cap. 3, § 5 to omit the words from "et etiam omni anno" down to "cum assensu Rectoris et majoris partis Sociorum."

10. In Cap. 3, § 6 to omit the word "diversas."

11. In Cap. 4, § 1 to omit the word "perpetuum."

12. In Cap. 4 to omit § 4.

13. In Cap. 5, § 6 to add the following clause:—

'The Professor Fellow, all Official Fellows, and any Non-Official Fellow who shall pledge himself to reside in College during two Terms at least in the academic year (Easter and Trinity Terms being counted as one), shall be entitled to rooms in College free of rent.'

14. In Cap. 5, § 11 to omit the words from "provisio etiam" to the end of the section.

15. In Cap. 6 to add the following section:—

'§ 6. If in any year the divisible revenues of the College shall not be sufficient to pay the full amount of the Fellowships, the loss shall be borne proportionately by the Rector and all the Fellowships. But if the income of the Fellowships shall for three consecutive years have fallen short of the full amount by 25 per cent. or more, it shall be lawful for the Rector and Fellows, with the Visitor's consent to suspend for a period no,



exceeding seven years the next Fellowship which shall fall vacant, provided that the number of Fellows shall in no case sink below eight.'

16. In Cap. 6 to add the following section :—

'§ 7. Every Non-Official Fellow who shall be instituted to an ecclesiastical benefice, or shall become entitled by descent or devolution or by virtue of any testamentary or other gift or settlement to property, or to any Government pension, or be admitted to any office tenable for life or during good behaviour (not being an academical office within the University of Oxford), or to any office in the permanent Civil Service of the State, and who shall retain such benefice, property, pension, or office, for twelve calendar months from the day of his institution, accession, or admission thereto, shall, if the annual value of such ecclesiastical benefice, or if the annual income derivable by him from such property, pension, or office, or from any two or more of the above-mentioned sources, clear of deductions except for property or income-tax, shall exceed £500, forfeit the ordinary emoluments of his Fellowship at the expiration of such twelve calendar months; and for this purpose the income which the estimated value of any property would produce if invested in consolidated Government annuities, at the price current at the time of the acquisition thereof, shall in case of doubt be considered to be the income derivable from such property. The word property shall in this clause include any estate or interest in possession in any property real or personal. In any case in which the property or sources of income may have been acquired at several times, the latest time at which any part of such property or any such sources of income shall have been acquired shall in construing this clause be considered as the time of the acquisition of the whole thereof.

'No Non-Official Fellow who at the time of his election shall be in possession of such income from a benefice, property, pension, or office, as would, if subsequently acquired, disqualify him for the receipt of emoluments, and shall retain the same for twelve calendar months after his election, shall receive the ordinary emoluments of his Fellowship after his year of probation.'

17. In Cap. 10, § 3 to add the following clause :—

'The Rector and Fellows may from time to time grant out of the Scholarship Fund, as the state of the Fund shall permit, Exhibitions of an annual value not exceeding £40 to persons who are in their opinion deserving of the same. All such Exhibitions shall be held on precisely the same conditions as the Scholarships.'

18. In Cap. 10, to omit § 6, and substitute for it the following :—

'Every Scholarship shall be tenable for two years from the date of the admission of the Scholar to the College. At the expiration of such two years it shall determine, unless the Rector and Fellows shall by resolution have declared themselves satisfied with the industry and good conduct of the Scholar, in which case it may be renewed for a further period of one or two years. At the end of this latter period the Rector and Fellows may extend the tenure of any Scholarship for a further period of one year, if for special reasons they may deem it advisable to do so.

'But the Rector and Fellows may at any time deprive of his Scholarship, or mulct in any part of the emoluments thereof, any Scholar for grave offences, or (upon the presentment of any Official Fellow) for neglect of studies or continued misbehaviour.

'No Scholar shall be entitled to receive the

emoluments of his Scholarship unless he shall reside in Oxford as required by the College.'

19. Provided that nothing in these Amendments shall affect the rights or conditions under which the existing Rector, Fellows, and Scholars hold, but that it shall be lawful for the College, at the end of the tenure of any existing Fellow, to re-elect him under the provisions of these Amendments.

Provided also that nothing in these Amendments shall affect the tenure or emoluments of the Fellow nominated by the Visitor.

L. S.

Privy Council Office, July 7, 1897.

THE following Statute passed on the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, by the Governing Body of Oriel College, Oxford, and sealed on the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, has been submitted for the approval of Her Majesty in Council, and notice of its having been so submitted is published in accordance with the provisions contained in the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge Act, 1877 :—

A STATUTE to amend a Statute made by the University of Oxford Commissioners under the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge Act 1877 (40 and 41 Vict. c. 48), and approved by the Queen in Council on the third day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two in relation to Oriel College in the University of Oxford duly made at a General Meeting of the Provost and Fellows especially summoned for this purpose held on the fifth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, and passed at such Meeting by the votes of two-thirds of the number of persons present and voting and submitted to Her Majesty the Queen in Council.

Whereas the Provost and Fellows of Oriel College in the University of Oxford are of opinion that it is desirable to make such provision as hereinafter appears for regulating the tenure of Scholarships and Exhibitions in the said College.

We the said Provost and Fellows, being the Governing Body of the said College, do hereby, in exercise of the powers given to us by the fifty-fourth section of the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge Act 1877, alter Statute IV of the Statutes made by the University of Oxford Commissioners under the said Act, and approved by the Queen in Council on the third day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two in relation to the said College, by inserting therein after the eighteenth Clause thereof the following new Clause :—

18A. Any Scholar or Adam de Brome Exhibitioner, who shall become a Selected Candidate for the Indian Civil Service, shall thereupon cease to be entitled to the Emoluments of his Scholarship or Exhibition, but shall retain the title and all other the rights and privileges of a Scholar or Exhibitioner Provided, nevertheless, that every such Scholar or Exhibitioner shall be entitled to receive out of the fund, into which, as by this Statute provided, the emoluments of his Scholarship or Exhibition will fall, so much thereof as shall be sufficient to meet his charges, if any, in respect of College Tuition.

Given under the Common Seal of Oriel



College this eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

L. S.

*Privy Council Office, July 7, 1897.*

THE following Statute, made on the twenty-third day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, by the Governing Body of New College, Oxford, and sealed on the third day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, has been submitted for the approval of Her Majesty in Council, and notice of its having been so submitted is published in accordance with the provisions contained in "The Universities of Oxford and Cambridge Act, 1877":—

STATUTE to alter and amend the Statutes framed by the Commissioners appointed under the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge Act 1877, 40 and 41 Vict. cap. 48, and approved by the Queen in Council on the third day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, in relation to New College, in the matter of payment of expenses to Fellows elected without emolument, such amending Statute being duly made at a general meeting of the Governing Body of the said College specially summoned for this purpose, held on the twenty-third day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven and passed by a majority of two-thirds of those present and voting.

For Statute III, clause 23, to substitute the following:—

"23. The Warden and Fellows may, from time to time, at any stated general meeting, by two-thirds of the votes of those present and voting on the question, elect to a Fellowship, without emolument, but with other rights of an ordinary Fellow.

"(a.) Any person who holds the office of Professor or Reader in the University, or who is of eminence in Literature, Science or Art: Provided that the whole number of such persons holding such Fellowships shall not exceed four at any one time.

"(b.) Any person who is or has been a Fellow of the College, and whom it is judged expedient for the interests of the College to retain or re-elect as a Fellow: Provided that the whole number of such persons holding such Fellowships shall not exceed four at any one time.

"The duration and conditions of tenure of such Fellowships may be determined by the Warden and Fellows from time to time.

"The Warden and Fellows may repay to persons elected under this clause such necessary expenses in respect of attendance at meetings as they shall from time to time determine. A Fellow shall not, in consequence of receiving such payments, or of receiving the dinner allowance mentioned in clause 32, be deemed to be in receipt of emolument for the purposes of this Statute."

The Seal of the College affixed in the presence of the undermentioned witnesses the third day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Henry A. White, Subwarden.  
J. B. Moyle, }  
G. S. Robertson, } Fellows.

L. S.

*Privy Council Office, July 7, 1897.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Petition has been presented to Her Majesty in Council by certain Inhabitant Household-ers of the parish of St. Mary Abbots, Kensington, in the Administrative County of London, praying for the grant of a MUNICIPAL CHARTER OF INCORPORATION; and notice is hereby further given, that the said Petition will be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

*Privy Council Office, July 7, 1897.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Petition has been presented to Her Majesty in Council by certain Inhabitant Household-ers of the Township of Cleethorpes, in the county of Lincoln, praying for the grant of a Municipal Charter of Incorporation, under the Municipal Corporations Act, 1882; and notice is hereby further given, that the said Petition will be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

*Privy Council Office, July 7, 1897.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Petition has been presented to Her Majesty in Council by certain Inhabitant Household-ers of the Town of Bridlington, in the East Riding of the County of York, praying for the grant of a Municipal Charter of Incorporation, under the Municipal Corporations Act, 1882; and notice is hereby further given, that the said Petition will be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

*Privy Council Office, July 7, 1897.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Petition has been presented to Her Majesty by the Council of the Borough of Poole, praying, under the provisions of "The Municipal Corporations Act, 1882," for an alteration of the number and boundaries of the Wards of the Borough; and notice is hereby further given, that Her Majesty has been pleased, by Her Order in Council of this day's date, to order that the said Petition be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the thirteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

*Whitehall, July 8, 1897.*

THE following Addresses were presented to Her Royal Highness Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, who, as representing Her Majesty the Queen, opened the New General Hospital, Birmingham, on 7th July, 1897:—

The Right Honourable Sir Matthew White Ridley, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, was in attendance.

To Her Royal Highness the Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein.

May it please Your Royal Highness,

WE, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens

of the City of Birmingham, desire to express our deep sense of the honour conferred upon us by Your visit in this auspicious Year, as the Representative of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen.

We beg to offer to Your Royal Highness, and to His Royal Highness Prince Christian and to Her Highness Princess Victoria, a hearty welcome to our city.

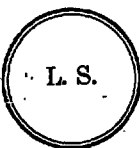
We remember with pleasure the visit which Your Royal Highness paid to Birmingham in the Year 1883.

In the present year, when we, in common with our fellow-subjects in all parts of the Empire, are commemorating the unparalleled length and glory of Her Majesty's Reign, it is especially gratifying to us to be honoured by a visit from a daughter and grand-daughter of the Queen, and it seems most fitting that the object of the visit of Your Royal Highness should be to open one of those noble hospitals for the sick and suffering, the growth and development of which Institutions constitute one of the most interesting features of Her Majesty's Reign.

We desire to offer to you our hearty thanks for this visit, and we earnestly pray that every blessing may continue to rest upon Her Majesty the Queen, upon Your Royal Highness, and upon every Member of the Royal House.

Given under our Common Seal this 7th day of July, 1897.

*James Smith, Lord Mayor.  
E. O. Smith, Town Clerk.*



To which Her Royal Highness Princess Christian, on behalf of Her Majesty, gave the following most gracious Answer:—

"IT gives me very great pleasure to visit the City of Birmingham on behalf of the Queen, my Dear Mother, and, in Her name, I thank you for your loyal and dutiful Address.

"Her Majesty desires me to express the great gratification with which She hears of Her People at Birmingham having made this latest addition to the Hospitals, which from time to time have been erected in your City, and whilst She rejoices to review the vast increase that has been made in the number of such noble institutions since the commencement of Her long Reign, She looks forward with confidence to this grand work, proving, throughout years to come, a source of true relief to the varied forms of human suffering, and to the help of those whose career of honourable labour has been stayed by accident or by sickness.

"I thank you most heartily for the cordial welcome which you have granted to me and have extended to my husband and my daughter, and I will not fail to convey to Her Majesty—who has charged me to say that She retains the most happy remembrance of Her last visit to your City—the expression of your affectionate attachment to Her Person and to the Members of Her Family."

New General Hospital.

Address to be read to Her Royal Highness at the Opening Ceremony at the Hospital, July 7th, 1897.

To Her Royal Highness the Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein.

*May it please Your Royal Highness,  
WE, the President, Officers, and Committee of*

the New General Hospital, desire to tender to Your Royal Highness our sincere and grateful thanks, and to assure You that we esteem very highly the honour which You have conferred upon us in consenting, in behalf of our Most Gracious Majesty the Queen, to mark with Your illustrious sanction and presence the important ceremony of declaring our New General Hospital open for the relief of those who may from time to time come within its walls.

We further desire to assure His Royal Highness Prince Christian, and Her Highness Princess Victoria, of our warmest appreciation of their presence on this interesting and important occasion.

We are deeply mindful of the gracious interest taken in our new Hospital by our Illustrious and Beloved Queen, and we sincerely rejoice in the thought that the whole Nation has so recently, heartily, and loyally joined in the happy commemoration of Her Majesty's great and glorious Reign of Sixty Years.

In humbly offering our assurance of profound loyalty to Her Majesty, we earnestly pray that She may long be spared to rule over a prosperous people, and that "peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety, may be established among us for all generations."

We desire to welcome Your Royal Highness, not only as a Member of the Royal House, but also as one who has always taken the deepest interest in the visiting of the sick and needy, the alleviation of suffering, and in the merciful art of nursing.

We venture to think that all such splendid and noble services rendered by Your Royal Highness in the cause of charity are especially befitting Your gracious presence here to-day to open our New General Hospital, the foundation stone of which was laid by His Royal Highness the Duke of York.

We desire to record the fact that for upwards of one hundred and sixteen years the great work of ministering to the relief of suffering has been successfully carried on in the old and revered General Hospital. This now gives way to the present building containing 346 beds, which has been erected to meet the growth of the city, and the modern advances in science and skill at a total cost—including the site—of over £200,000.

We assure Your Royal Highness that the countenance given by Her Majesty the Queen and Members of the Royal Family to the good work in which the Committee are engaged will not only act as a stimulus and encouragement, but will exercise an important influence in assisting us to carry the same to a complete and successful issue.

We earnestly pray that the blessing of the Almighty may rest upon Your Royal Highness, and that You may be long spared with health and happiness to carry on Your good and blessed work in the cause of charity and mercy.

Signed on behalf of the Committee,

*Calthorpe, President.*

*John G. Holuer, Chairman.*

*John E. Wilson, Treasurer.*

*Walter N. Fisher, Hon. Secretary.*

Birmingham, July 7, 1897.

To which Her Royal Highness Princess Christian, on behalf of Her Majesty, gave the following most gracious Answer:—

"IT affords me much pleasure to be present on this interesting occasion and on behalf of the Queen, My dear Mother, to testify to Her great gratification on hearing of the completion of the

works for the New General Hospital for the city of Birmingham.

"I thank you not only for the expressions of profound loyalty to The Queen that are conveyed in your address, and for the hearty welcome that you have given to me, my husband, and my daughter, but also for your kind recognition of the sincere interest which I have ever taken in all that concerns the sick and the suffering; and I pray that by the blessing of God this noble Institution may prove as beneficial and be as prosperous as all anticipate and all desire."

Whitehall, July 8, 1897.

THE following Addresses and Resolutions of Congratulation to the Queen on the occasion of Her Majesty completing the Sixtieth Year of Her Reign, having been transmitted to the Right Honourable Sir Matthew White Ridley, Bart., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, have been laid before Her Majesty, who has been pleased to receive the same very graciously:—

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

*May it please Your Majesty,*

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of the City and County Borough of Chester in Council assembled, beg respectfully to approach Your Majesty with the assurance of our unabated fervent loyalty and attachment to Your Majesty's Person and Crown, and to offer our sincere and hearty congratulations upon the approaching memorable epoch in Your Majesty's unprecedented, glorious, and benign Reign, about to be so universally and joyfully commemorated.

We are deeply impressed with the vast amelioration in the conditions affecting the happiness and welfare of Your Majesty's subjects, the marvellous development of Commerce, Science, and Art, and the wonderful increase in the power and prosperity of the Kingdom and Empire since Your Majesty's accession to the Throne, attributable in large measure to Your Majesty's personal influence and example, and to wise and good government under Your Majesty's gracious guidance.

We warmly cherish the memory of Your Majesty's presence at the opening of our Grosvenor Bridge, happily acquired for the public during Your Majesty's Reign, itself a noble structure, spanning the River Dee and connecting and facilitating communication between England, Wales, and Ireland, which, opened under Your Majesty's auspices and freed of toll during Your Majesty's Reign, will ever constitute an endeared and lasting monument of the Victorian Era.

It is our fervent prayer that the Almighty may endow Your Majesty with health, strength, and every blessing during a long continuance of a reign which, while it cannot but have been fraught with great satisfaction to Your Majesty, has been of inestimable value to Your Kingdom and Empire.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the city of Chester the 21st day of April, A.D. 1897.

Ben. Chaffers Roberts, Mayor.  
Sam. Smith, Town Clerk.

L. S.

AT a Meeting of the Radnorshire County Council, held on the 23rd day of April, 1897, it was unanimously resolved:—

No. 26871.

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That this Council tender to Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen their loyal and dutiful congratulations upon the auspicious celebration of the Sixtieth Year of Her beneficent and prosperous Reign, and pray that Her Majesty may be spared for many years to advance the interest, happiness, and welfare of a loyal and contented people.

Charles Coltman Rogers,  
Chairman of the Council.

Edw. Wood,  
Clerk of the Council.

L. S.

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

*May it please Your Majesty,*

WE, the President, Vice-President, and Council, on behalf of the Members of the Royal United Service Institution, an Institution founded for the promotion and advancement of Naval and Military Science and Literature, under the auspices of His late Majesty King William IV in 1831, and of which Your Majesty was graciously pleased to become Patron in 1887, beg leave to approach Your Majesty with the most profound respect, and humbly to represent our heartfelt congratulations on the celebration of the Sixtieth Anniversary of Your Majesty's accession to the Throne. Your Majesty was also graciously pleased to permit the Institution to occupy the Historical Banqueting House of Whitehall Palace, which now forms their museum containing naval and military trophies, models, implements of war, and other objects of national interest connected with the two services.

As the representatives of a Society composed of more than five thousand officers of Your Majesty's Naval and Military Services, we beg to convey to Your Majesty the expression of their devotion and loyalty to Your Majesty's Person and Throne; and their earnest hope that the Empire which the achievements of Your Majesty's Forces by sea and land have been instrumental in extending and consolidating, may long enjoy the signal benefits of Your Majesty's wise and beneficent rule.

George, President.

To Her Most Gracious Majesty the QUEEN, Patron of the Royal Institution of Great Britain.

*May it please Your Majesty,*

WE, the President and Members of the Royal Institution of Great Britain, in general meeting assembled, desire humbly to congratulate Your Majesty on the completion of the Sixtieth year of your glorious and beneficent Reign, and with profound thankfulness to acknowledge the blessings which we, in common with all classes of Your subjects, have enjoyed under Your rule, and more especially the freedom and encouragement given to those pursuits with which we as a corporation are concerned.

Science, Arts, and Manufactures, which it is the object of our Institution to promote, have found in the serenity which Your just and gentle government has conferred upon the country the conditions most favourable to their growth, while the ethical principals which ought ever to sustain and direct these have been quickened by the virtues which have adorned Your Throne. The extension of education and particularly of that technical education, the national importance of which Your late illustrious and ever-lamented Consort was the first to recognize, has favoured the diffusion of natural knowledge, which again has multiplied useful mechanical inventions, and

conducted to new applications of the mineral and other productions of the country.

We venture to believe that the investigations carried on in the laboratories of our Institution, during the last sixty years by its eminent Professors, have resulted in discoveries which will make Your reign memorable in the annals of Science, and we confidently anticipate that the addition recently made to the resources of the Institution, by the generosity of one of Your subjects, will greatly enhance its public usefulness in the future.

We fervently hope and pray that Your Majesty will still, for many years to come, reign over us, and the vast and varied Empire that is happily united under Your Sceptre, and that to-day with one voice offers You its grateful homage, and we look to a continuance of the gracious patronage which You and the Royal Family have so long bestowed on our Institution, as the best guarantee of its prosperity and success.

*Northumberland, President.*

The loyal and dutiful Address of the Master, Fellows, and Scholars of Trinity College, Cambridge.

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

*May it please Your Majesty,*

WE, the Master, Fellows, and Scholars of Trinity College, Cambridge, beg leave humbly to lay before Your Majesty our loyal and respectful congratulations on the completion of the Sixtieth Year of Your Majesty's Reign.

In common with all our countrymen, we gratefully recognise how true a debt the Nation owes to Your Majesty for the happiness which it has enjoyed during this long and eventful portion of its history.

For ourselves, as Members of a Royal and Religious Foundation set apart for the advancement of Learning, we note with especial satisfaction the signal progress made throughout this auspicious period in almost every department of National Education.

Alike to the Universities and to the humblest Schools there has come a fresh access of life and energy. Old studies have been zealously maintained, new studies have been cordially welcomed; the Universities, besides strengthening themselves at their centres, have diffused more and more in all parts of the country an influence hitherto unknown.

Time has thus fully justified the wise counsels and far-seeing anticipations of Your Royal Consort, Who, called at an early age to be the Chancellor of our University, discerned from the first, and never ceased earnestly to indicate the splendid opportunities of enlarged usefulness which lay so richly within our reach.

We trust it may not be thought unbecoming, on this Fiftieth Anniversary of Your Majesty's memorable sojourn within our College walls, to assure Your Majesty that His illustrious name is still deeply revered among us, as that of a Prince Who loved every form of learning, and lived for none but noble ends.

It is Our earnest prayer that the blessing of God may continue to rest upon Your Majesty and upon Your Royal House to the latest hour of Your life, and that each year, as it passes, may but strengthen in Your heart the assured conviction that by the justice of Your rule, the purity of Your example, and the tender sympathy which You have never failed to show for all

classes of Your people, You have won for all time their reverence and their love.

Given under Our Common Seal this  
19th day of June, 1897.

L. S.

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

THE Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, desires humbly to approach Your Majesty with loyal and dutiful congratulations on the completion of the sixtieth year of Your Majesty's prosperous Reign.

The Society records with pride and satisfaction that in 1838 Your Majesty was graciously pleased to become its Patron, and that it has from time to time received tokens of sympathy from Your Majesty and from His Royal Highness the lamented Prince Consort. On the completion of its third Jubilee in 1851, the late Prince Consort recognized its claims by being enrolled in the list of its Incorporated Members, by presiding over its Annual Public Meeting, and by making a donation to its funds. Your Majesty and His Royal Highness also proved Your Royal sympathy with the Society's designs by contributing towards the fund for erecting at the close of the Crimean War the Memorial Church at Constantinople, which was built under the Society's auspices, and still bears witness to the Christian Faith in the Capital of the Turkish Empire.

In obedience to the obligation laid upon it by the charter granted to it by His Majesty King William III, in 1701, the Society has continued its endeavours to provide a sufficient maintenance for an orthodox Clergy to live in the plantations, colonies, and factories of Great Britain, and to make other provision for the propagation of the Gospel in those parts. As the result of those endeavours, it can claim to have been the means of planting the Church in almost every part of Your Majesty's Empire, and to have fostered the growth of the Church until many dioceses have become independent of all external aid.

In the year of Your Majesty's Accession to the Throne, there were only 7 Bishops of the English Church in foreign parts, that number has now been raised to 92. In the year 1837 the missionaries supported by the Society were 219 in number, and so insignificant had been the development of missionary work among the Heathen, that in this number there was not a single clergyman who was of other than of European birth. In the present year, in addition to 2,000 lay teachers, the number of ordained missionaries on the Society's list is 763, of whom 132 are natives of Asia, and 46 are of African birth. This band of Evangelists and teachers is preaching the Gospel to-day in no fewer than 54 languages or dialects.

The Society humbly begs Your Majesty's continued regard and favourable interest for its undertakings, and prays that Your Majesty's Reign may long be continued for the glory of God, and for the highest good of Your Majesty's subjects.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Society this 18th day of June in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

L. S.

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

*Most Gracious Sovereign,*

WE, the County Council of the County of Carmarthen, in Council assembled, this 28th day of April, 1897, venture to humbly approach Your Majesty with the expression of our loyal and hearty congratulations upon the attainment of the Sixtieth Year of Your Majesty's Reign.

We feel deeply sensible of the wise and beneficent manner in which Your Majesty has always presided over the affairs of Your Empire, which has in marked degree conduced to the happiness and prosperity enjoyed by all classes of Your Majesty's subjects. We earnestly pray that Your Majesty may long be spared to rule over Your loyal subjects, and that Almighty God may still vouchsafe a continuance of those Heavenly blessings which have so long and abundantly been granted to Your Majesty.

In token whereof the Common Seal of the County Council was hereto affixed this 28th day of April, 1897.

W. N. Jones, Chairman.  
Thomas Jones, Clerk.

L. S.

To Her Most Gracious Majesty VICTORIA of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

*May it please Your Majesty,*

THE Members and Associates of the Royal Cambrian Academy of Arts, in full accord with all Your Majesty's loyal and devoted subjects throughout the world-wide Empire which owes You allegiance, desire to present their sincere and heartfelt congratulations, on the occasion of Your Majesty's long and beneficent Reign attaining its Sixtieth Anniversary.

It has been a Reign of which history affords no parallel, for in no corresponding period has such an increase of peace, prosperity, and progress ever been known.

We feel that the growth of the love and practice of art throughout the United Kingdom and more particularly in this Principality of Wales, has been largely due to the wise plans and counsels of His Royal Highness, the late and deeply lamented Prince Consort, who encouraged so greatly the spread of the study of the fine arts.

To this has been due the necessity of the Cambrian Academy of Arts which Your Majesty, His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales have ever fostered.

We earnestly pray that Your Majesty's reign may be yet further prolonged, and that You may in health and strength, with the combined happiness of knowing that Your Majesty's devoted subjects are deeply grateful for the blessings which have been vouchsafed by an All Wise Providence on a reign so long and so worthily maintained.

Signed on behalf of the Members and Associates of the Royal Cambrian Academy.

H. Clarence Whaite, President.

Plas Maws, Conway,  
June 21st, 1897.

To Her Most Gracious Majesty QUEEN VICTORIA.

*May it please Your Majesty,*

WE, the Town Commissioners of the City of Armagh, Ireland, beg leave most respectfully and dutifully to approach Your Majesty to present, as

representatives of this City, their heartfelt congratulations upon Your Majesty attaining Your Diamond Jubilee.

We feel that under Your benign Reign, Your subjects in this great and glorious Empire have enjoyed unbounded and unparalleled blessings. Unbounded, because at no time in this world's history and under no previous Sovereign did nations and individuals enjoy such liberty of thought and action as Your subjects, irrespective of class or creed, have enjoyed, and still do enjoy; prosperity in everything—national, intellectual and religious—has indeed been unparalleled. The many blessings Your subjects have been the recipients of can only be measured by comparison with nations not so favoured.

We feel that under the good Providence of God, these priceless blessings are attributable to Your wisdom, to Your able direction of National affairs, and to the equitable administration of justice to all of Your Majesty's subjects which have marked the past Sixty Years of Your Reign as Queen-Empress.

We pray that the King of kings may continue to direct, protect, and guide Your Majesty in both private and public life, in each of which we look upon you as a model for the whole world to follow. We also pray that Your Majesty may long continue to occupy the Throne of England, to rule over a contented, peace-loving, devoted, orderly, and prosperous people, who "meddle not with them who are given to change."

We are, Your Majesty's faithful and dutiful subjects.

Signed on behalf of the Board,

G. A. Edwards, J.P., Chairman.

Thomas G. Peel, Town Clerk.

Armagh, June 7, 1897.

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

WE, the Inhabitants of the Town of Enniskillen, desire to tender our loyal congratulations to Your Majesty on attaining the longest reign of any British Sovereign, a reign marked by the greatest advance on record of the Nation in material prosperity, national education, the arts of peace, elevation of the masses, provision for the poor, and a general extension of the comforts of life.

Your Majesty's Empire has been increased in its dominions and stability, Your subjects have doubled not only in numbers but in loyalty to Your Person, and to the constitution which has conferred upon them so many privileges, and we desire to associate ourselves with the rest of the Nation, and of Your world-wide dominions, in respectfully offering our felicitations and the fervent wish that Your Majesty may be long spared to reign over a peaceful, contented, and happy people.

Signed on behalf of the inhabitants of Enniskillen.

H. R. Lindsay, Chairman Town Commissioners.

William Cleland, Town Clerk.

L. S.

ADDRESS to Her Most Gracious Majesty VICTORIA, QUEEN of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

*May it please Your Majesty,*

WE, the President and Vice-President of the Dublin Stock Exchange, at the unanimous request of that body, beg to offer our respectful congratulations to Your Most Gracious Majesty on the

completion of the Sixtieth Year of Your Majesty's Glorious Reign, and to express the hope that Your Majesty may enjoy many future years of health and strength in which to discharge the great duties of Your Majesty's high office.

*J. William Copland, President.*

*J. Goodbody, Vice-President.*

To Her Most Gracious Majesty VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, QUEEN of Great Britain and Ireland.

*May it please Your Majesty,*

WE, the Primate, Bishops, and Representative Clergy and Laity of the Church of Ireland, in General Synod assembled, humbly desire to lay before Your Majesty our congratulations upon the remarkable epoch which has now been reached in Your long and glorious Reign.

Our Church has ever been distinguished by its loyalty to the Monarch. The spirit of our liturgy has passed from the public devotions into the whole texture of our people's character. Our children are still as carefully taught, and our congregations as earnestly exhorted to "fear God and honour the king" as in any former generation. To the splendour of Your Majesty's Reign in commerce, art and science, in literature and arms, we are not insensible. But as representatives of an ancient branch of the Church of Christ, we feel that we are particularly bound to advert to the ampler developments of the Christian life and impulses to Christian love, which owe much to Your Majesty's example. Your comprehensive regard for all classes of Your people has won for You the gratitude of millions.

The discipline of life has made You tenderly skilful in the interpretation of sorrow, and Your Royal sympathy has been abundant in consolation to mourners. Provision for the sick has been extended, both by the erection and improvement of hospitals, and by the training of nurses, whose care is not less, but more sympathetic and effective, because it has been scientifically disciplined. With this vast enterprise of beneficence, whose first watchwords are from the lips of Christ Himself, Your Majesty's name will be ever associated. The movement for enabling those classes who are not favoured by fortune to enjoy better homes, purer air, and a fairer life, has found a powerful support in Your Majesty, and in Your Royal House.

Partly the cause and partly the effect of these and kindred undertakings of Christian compassion, a larger spirit of Christian love has softened the asperities of controversy, and made us feel that if the law of God is broad, the love of God is broader still. These works and others such as these, We feel to be worthy of the great monarch of a Christian people.

We conclude by praying that Your Majesty may yet be spared for years to bless Your people by Your wise sympathy and beneficent wisdom, and that when Your earthly course is ended You may enter into Christ's eternal rest.

Signed on behalf of the General Synod of the Church of Ireland.

*William Armagh,*

Primate of All Ireland, President.

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

THE Corporate Body of the Queen's College, Galway, founded by Your Majesty, humbly desire to express their congratulations on this memorable epoch in Your Reign.

Everywhere within the bounds of the Empire that owns Your sway, the Sixty Years that You

have ruled have seen the ever-widening growth of Liberty, an unprecedented extension of Education, marvellous development of Science, and its manifold applications to the welfare of Humanity, and, what we believe touches still more closely the heart of Your Majesty, the quickened and heightened sense of the mutual responsibilities and duties of the various members of the Social Body.

May You long reign to reap the fruits of Your beneficent wisdom and Your Queenly labours in the fervent loyalty and unalterable love of Your People.

*Thomas Moffett, President.*

*Edward Townsend, Registrar.*

June 21, 1897.

And the following on the same subject, from:—

Ireland, Incorporated Law Society of.  
Architects, Royal Institute of British.  
Teddington Urban District Council.  
Huntingdon Corporation.  
Westminster Hospital.  
Birmingham, Court Jacob's Pride No. 5946 of the Ancient Order of Foresters of.  
Upper Norwood Total Abstinence Society and Band of Hope.  
Weardale Rural District Council.  
Pickering Rural District Council.  
New Briggate, Leeds, St. John's Synagogue.  
Frant Farmers' Club, The.  
Eye Corporation.  
Kingston - upon - Hull, Guardians for the Poor of.  
Gwyrfa Rural District Council.  
Anglesey County Council.  
Lichfield Corporation.  
Synod of the Cardiff and Swansea Wesleyan Methodist District.  
Royal Society for the Protection of Life from Fire.  
Kirkdale (Liverpool) Burial Board.  
Eakring (Notts), Parish Council of.  
Lancaster County Council.  
Redruth Urban District Council.  
Stockton Rural District Council.  
Folkestone Corporation.  
Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons.  
Cardiganshire County Council.  
Taunton Rural District Council.  
Oldham Corporation.  
Birmingham District Loyal Orange Institution.  
Thingoe Rural District Council.  
Ventnor Urban District Council.  
Alfreton Urban District Council.  
Long Sutton Urban District Council.  
Merthyr Tydfil Urban District Council.  
Gainsborough Board of Guardians.  
Ryde Habitation No. 235 of the Primrose League.  
Chichester Corporation.  
Malmesbury Corporation.  
Preceptors, Council of the College of.  
Ipswich Chamber of Commerce and Shipping Incorporated.  
Surrey County Council.  
Bath, Royal Literary and Scientific Institution of.  
Leeds School Board.  
Halesowen Rural District Council.  
Huddersfield Board of Guardians.  
Oxford Union Society.  
Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, Members of.  
Sanitary Institute.  
Designers, Society of.

Grindon and Thorpe Parish Council.  
 Northampton Rural District Council.  
 Hythe Corporation.  
 South American Missionary Society.  
 Northbrooke Society.  
 Bach Choir, Members of the.  
 The Savage Club.  
 Roman Catholic Union of Great Britain.  
 Barnsley School Board.  
 Farnborough Urban District Council.  
 Evangelical Alliance, Irish Branch.  
 Board of Works for the Holborn District.  
 Ulster Yacht Club, The Royal.  
 Monmouth Corporation.  
 Omagh Young Men's Christian Association.  
 Walsoken Urban District Council.  
 Axminster Rural District Council.  
 Far Cotton Urban District Council.  
 Aston Manor Urban District Council.  
 Loyal Orange Institution of England, Manchester Branch.  
 Taunton Corporation.  
 Irish Unionist Alliance, Limerick Branch.  
 Carmarthenshire, Justices of the Peace of.  
 Portsmouth Corporation.  
 Catton and Sprowston (Norfolk) Habitation of the Primrose League.  
 Queen Charlotte's Lying-In Hospital, President and Council.  
 Dewsbury and District General Infirmary Board.  
 Wexford (Ardeandrisk) Habitation of the Primrose League.  
 Market Bosworth Rural District Council.  
 Chesterton Urban District Council.  
 Hipperholme Urban District Council.  
 Newcastle-on-Tyne Liberal and Radical Association, Executive Committee of.  
 Dewsbury Circuit, Wesleyan Methodist Church in.  
 Cork Unionist Association.  
 Newtown and Llanllwchaiarn School Board.  
 Ballymena Town Commissioners.  
 Beaumaris Corporation.  
 Bedfordshire County Council.  
 Northampton Board of Guardians.  
 Dublin, St. George's Aid Society and St. George's Musical Society of.  
 Welsh Wesleyan Methodist Church in South Wales in Synod assembled.  
 Chatham Corporation.  
 Durham Corporation.  
 Peterborough Corporation.  
 St. Ives (Hunts) Corporation.  
 Fenton Urban District Council.  
 Smithfield Club.  
 Aberayron Urban District Council.  
 Lancaster, Standing Joint Committee of County Palatine of.  
 Redcar and Coatham Literary Institute and Reading Room.  
 Ottery St. Mary Urban District Council.  
 Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.  
 Basingstoke Corporation.  
 Chorlton Board of Guardians.  
 County of Middlesex District Lodge of the Independent Order of Good Templars.  
 Criccieth Urban District Council.  
 Eston Urban District Council.  
 Cheltenham Board of Guardians.  
 Yorkshire Union of Institutes, The.  
 Henley-on-Thames Corporation.  
 Royal Blind Pension Society.  
 Blandford Rural District Council and Board of Guardians.  
 Shorthorn Society of the United Kingdom, The.

Nuneaton and Chilvers Coton Urban District Council.  
 Wakefield Corporation.  
 Leeds Board of Guardians.  
 Antrim, Loyal Orangemen of the County of.  
 Fulham Board of Guardians.  
 Royal Geographical Society.  
 Ham Urban District Council.  
 Lewes Corporation.  
 Bollington Urban District Council.  
 Jersey, Independent Order of Good Templars in.  
 Kettering Rural District Council.  
 Wisbech Corporation.  
 Heston and Isleworth Urban District Council.  
 Horncastle Stanhope Habitation of the Primrose League.  
 Honiton Rural District Council.  
 Seaham Harbour Urban District Council.  
 Chard Rural District Council and Board of Guardians.  
 Louth Corporation.  
 Ireland, Grand Black Chapter of.  
 Moss Side Urban District Council.  
 St. George's Hospital.  
 Headington Rural District Council.  
 Croydon Corporation.  
 South Monmouthshire Conservative Association.  
 Whitley and Monkseaton Urban District Council.  
 Wokingham Rural District Council.  
 Ashborne Urban District Council.  
 Dungannon, Commissioners of the Borough of.  
 National Society for Promoting the Education of the Poor on the Principles of the Church of England.  
 Royal Academy of Music.

*Lord Chamberlain's Office, St. James's Palace,  
 July 9, 1897.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the State Apartments of Windsor Castle will be open to the Public on and after Saturday, the 24th instant, on every week day, Wednesdays excepted, under the usual Regulations, until further orders.

*Chancery of the Royal Victorian Order,  
 St. James's Palace, June 30, 1897.*

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Royal Victorian Order:—

*To be Knights Grand Cross.*

Captain His Royal Highness the Duke of York, K.G., Royal Navy.  
 Field-Marshal His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, K.G.  
 His Highness Prince Albert of Schleswig-Holstein.  
 His Highness the Duke of Teck, G.C.B.  
 General Earl Howe, C.B.  
 The Earl of Mount-Edgcumbe.

*To be Honorary Knight Grand Cross.*  
 Count Arthur Mensdorff Pouilly.

*To be Knights Commanders.*

Captain His Serene Highness Prince Adolphus of Teck, 1st Life Guards.  
 Lieutenant-General Lord De Ros.  
 Major-General Lord Methuen, C.B., C.M.G.  
 Lord Acton.  
 Lord Rowton, C.B.  
 Colonel the Honourable Henry W. J. Byng, C.B.  
 Major-General Sir Henry P. Ewart, K.C.B.  
 Major-General Arthur E. A. Ellis, C.S.I.  
 Major-General Stanley de A. C. Clarke, C.M.G.



*To be Honorary Knight Commander.*  
Count Albert Mensdorff Pouilly.

*To be Commanders.*  
His Serene Highness Prince Alexander of Teck,  
Second Lieutenant, 7th (Queen's Own) Hussars.  
Lieutenant-General Richard Bateson.  
Colonel George Grant Gordon, C.B.

*To be Honorary Commanders.*  
Admiral Baron Albert Seckendorff, Master of the  
Household to His Royal Highness Prince  
Henry of Prussia, K.G.  
Herr von Angeli.

*To be Members of the Fourth Class.*  
The Honourable Alexander G. Yorke.  
Captain Walter Campbell.  
Lieutenant Frederick E. G. Ponsonby, Grenadier  
Guards.  
Henry C. Woods, Esq., M.D., Deputy-Inspector-  
General of Hospitals and Fleets.  
Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Simon M. Lockhart, Bart.,  
commanding 1st Life Guards.  
Colonel the Earl of Dundonald, commanding 2nd  
Life Guards.  
Lieutenant-Colonel John F. Brocklehurst, com-  
manding Royal Horse Guards.  
Colonel Laurence J. Oliphant, commanding  
Grenadier Guards.  
Colonel the Viscount Falmouth, commanding  
Coldstream Guards.  
Colonel Barrington B. D. Campbell, commanding  
Scots Guards.  
Commander the Honourable Seymour J. Fortescue.  
Captain George L. Holford, C.I.E., 1st Life  
Guards.  
Captain William H. May, Royal Navy.  
Richard R. Holmes, Esq.  
Sir Arthur Sullivan.  
Alfred Gilbert, Esq.

*To be Honorary Members of the Fourth Class.*  
Monsieur Pieter L. de Bruyne.  
Signor Paolo Tosti.

*To be a Member of the Fifth Class.*  
Honorary Lieutenant J. Nicholas, Royal Artil-  
lery.

*Downing Street, July 8, 1897.*

THE Queen has been pleased to give directions  
for the appointment of Commander Robert Murray  
Rumsey (late R.N.), Harbour Master of the  
Colony of Hong Kong, to be a Member of the  
Executive Council of that Colony.

*Whitehall, July 8, 1897.*

THE Queen has been pleased, by Letters  
Patent under the Great Seal of the United  
Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing  
date the 6th July, 1897, to ordain and declare  
that the Town and County of Kingston-upon-  
Hull shall henceforth be called and styled "The  
City and County of Kingston-upon-Hull."

*Whitehall, July 8, 1897.*

THE Queen has been pleased, by Warrant  
under Her Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, bearing  
date the 6th instant, to appoint William Blake  
Odgers, Esq., LL.D., Q.C., to be Recorder of the  
City of Winchester, in the room of Edward James  
Castle, Esq., Q.C., resigned.

*Whitehall, July 8, 1897.*

THE Queen has been pleased to give and  
grant unto Edward William Perceval Foster,  
Esq., Her Majesty's Royal licence and authority

that he may accept and wear the Insignia of the  
Imperial Order of the Osmanieh of the Second  
Class, which His Highness the Khedive of Egypt,  
authorized by His Imperial Majesty the Sultan of  
Turkey, has been pleased to confer upon him in  
recognition of his services while actually and  
entirely employed beyond Her Majesty's Domin-  
ions in the service of the Egyptian Government  
as Inspector-General of Irrigation in the Egyptian  
Public Works Department.

*Whitehall, July 8, 1897.*

THE Queen has been pleased to give and  
grant unto David John Collins, Esq., Her Majesty's  
Royal licence and authority that he may accept and  
wear the Insignia of (1) the Order of the White  
Elephant of the Fourth Class, and (2) the Order  
of the Crown of Siam of the Third Class, which  
decorations His Majesty the King of Siam has  
been pleased to confer upon him in recognition of  
his services while actually and entirely employed  
beyond Her Majesty's Dominions in the Survey  
Department of the Siamese Government.

(S. 1956.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries Department),  
London, July 9, 1897.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through  
the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the  
following copy of a Notice issued by the Governor  
of Malta, viz. :—

*Government Notice.*

His Excellency the Governor, having heard  
the opinion of the Board of Health, has been  
pleased to modify Government Notice No. 118  
of 7th June, 1897, and to direct that the following  
regulations be observed, viz. :—

1. Vessels which are not allowed to enter the  
Harbour, but are allowed to communicate in  
quarantine with the Islands of Comino and  
Cominotto under such restrictions as the  
Collector of Customs may direct.

(a.) Vessels that have on board, or have had  
during the voyage cases of cholera, yellow fever,  
or plague or cases of a disease with symptoms  
resembling those of cholera, yellow fever or  
plague.

(b.) Vessels with pilgrims from the East.

(c.) Vessels arriving from Arabian Ports in  
the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf, which have not  
been admitted to free pratique at Suez and Port  
Said.

2. Vessels which are allowed to enter the Quar-  
antine Harbour to coal and take in provisions  
under quarantine restrictions.

(a.) Vessels arriving from Bombay or Kur-  
rachee which have not been admitted to free  
pratique in any port in the Adriatic or Mediter-  
ranean Sea, or which have not, to the satisfaction  
of the Chief Government Medical Officer, been  
thoroughly disinfected before being admitted to  
free pratique at the said port.

(b.) Vessels arriving from any port without a  
clean bill of health, which do not fall under any  
of the preceding regulations.

*3. Medical Inspection.*

All vessels arriving at Malta shall undergo  
strict medical inspection.

*4. Passengers.*

Passengers arriving from Mediterranean ports  
must, before landing, declare on oath that they  
have not been in Bombay or Kurrachee within the  
last 30 days. All passengers who have been  
within the last 30 days in Bombay or Kurrachee  
shall be landed at the Lazaretto and remain there.

under such restrictions as may be ordered by the Port Authority, for a period not less than 7 days from the date of disinfection and not less than the number of days required to complete 30 days from the date of departure.

#### 5. Goods.

The importation of coffee coloured with substances injurious to health is prohibited.

The importation of cotton seed from any port subject to quarantine is forbidden.

The importation of rags is prohibited.

The importation is forbidden before disinfection, of the following articles, viz.: wearing apparel, soiled linen and clothing, bedding materials, hides, feathers, bones and jute goods.

The importation of vines, vine shoots, and fruit packed in vine leaves is prohibited. The importation of plants or roots from any port of the Mediterranean is prohibited unless the same are accompanied by a satisfactory certificate that phylloxera is not known to exist at the place of origin.

By command,

F. VELLA,

Acting Chief Secretary to Government.  
Palace, Valletta, July 1, 1897.

(S. 1975.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries Department),  
London, July 9, 1897.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Madrid, reporting that Amoy has been declared foul.

(S. 1979.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries Department),  
London, July 9, 1897.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Madrid, reporting Jeddah and Tor foul.

*Admiralty, 5th July, 1897.*

*Royal Marine Artillery.*

Captain Henry Dowrish Drake to be Major, vice Raitt, deceased. Dated 16th June, 1897.

Lieutenant Edward McCarthy to be Captain, additional, in lieu of Major Drake, employed in the Naval Intelligence Department. Dated 16th June, 1897.

*Admiralty, 7th July, 1897.*

IN accordance with the provisions of Her Majesty's Order in Council of 13th May, 1875—The Reverend Joseph Reed, Chaplain and Naval Instructor, has this day been placed on the Retired List.

*Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Devon.*

Charles Henry Basset, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

William Robert Hole, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

Windham Hunt Holley, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

Ernest Joseph Oldham, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

Sir Henry William Peek, Bart., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

Joseph Elliott Collyns Walkey, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

Richard Huxham Watson, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

*Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Merioneth.*

Robert Kenrick Price, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 2nd July, 1897.

John Edward Jones, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 3rd July, 1897.

#### FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACTS, 1878 TO 1895.

THE Secretary of State for the Home Department hereby gives notice, pursuant to section 3 (3) of "The Rules Publication Act, 1893," that on the 30th June, 1897, he made an Order under section 53 of "The Factory and Workshop Act 1878," permitting women to be employed overtime in factories and workshops in which boxes for aerated water bottles are made.

Copies of the Order may be purchased at the sale office for official publications, Messrs. Eyre and Spottiswoode, East Harding-street, Fleet-street, E.C.

Whitehall, July 9, 1897.

ORDER of the Local Government Board:  
Altering General Accounts Order: Appointment of Stocktaker:—

Bromyard Union.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the Bromyard Union;—

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by General Orders of the Poor Law Board, dated respectively the 14th day of January, 1867, and the 16th day of February, 1869, addressed to the Guardians of the Poor of the Bromyard Union (amongst others), it is required that certain Accounts relating to the provisions, clothing, and other stores in the Workhouse, when made up and balanced, shall be submitted to the Visiting Committee or to some Member thereof, who shall enter a memorandum at the foot of such Accounts, certifying to the same having been submitted, and to the correctness, or otherwise, of such Accounts as regards the stock remaining in store:

And whereas it is expedient to empower the said Guardians to appoint a competent person or persons to examine the stores at the Workhouse belonging to the said Union, and to perform the other duties hereinafter set forth:

Now therefore, We, the Local Government Board, in pursuance of the powers given to Us by the Statutes in that behalf, hereby Order as follows:—

ARTICLE I.—The Guardians of the Poor of the said Bromyard Union may, as and when they shall think fit to do so, appoint a competent person or persons to perform the duties of a Stocktaker as hereinafter set forth.

ARTICLE II.—Every such appointment shall be made in the manner prescribed by the Regulations, as to the appointment of Officers, in force in the said Union for the time being.

ARTICLE III.—The Guardians shall pay to the person or persons appointed under this Order such salary or remuneration as We may from time to time direct or approve.

ARTICLE IV.—Every person appointed under this Order shall hold office until he shall die, or resign, or be dismissed by the Guardians, subject to Our consent, or be removed by Us, or be proved to be insane by evidence which We may deem sufficient; and the said Guardians shall give notice to Us of every such death or resignation, and state the cause of such resignation, so far as it may be known to them.

Provided nevertheless, that the Guardians may, if they think fit, with Our assent, appoint a person or persons to discharge the duties hereby prescribed for the Stocktaker for a limited period only.

ARTICLE V.—The Stocktaker shall, on the day next after the termination of each quarter, and at any other time when required by the Guardians to do so, examine the stores at the Workhouse and compare the same with the quantities of stock remaining in store as shown by the entries in the proper columns in the Accounts termed respectively the "Quarterly Balance of the Provisions Account" and the "Quarterly Balance of the Necessaries and Miscellaneous Account."

He shall also, on the day next after the termination of each half-year, and at any other time when required by the Guardians to do so, examine the stock of clothing at the Workhouse and compare the same with the balance appearing in the Accounts termed respectively the "Clothing Materials Receipt and Conversion Account" and the "Clothing Receipt and Expenditure Account."

ARTICLE VI.—After making the examination and comparison referred to in Article V, the Stocktaker, if he find the stock to be correct, shall sign a certificate at the foot of each of the aforesaid Accounts in the following form:—

"Submitted to me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 18\_\_\_\_, and found to be correct as regards the quantities of stock remaining in "store.

" (Signed) \_\_\_\_\_  
"Stocktaker."

If he find the stock to be in any respect incorrect, he shall make such addition to the said certificate as he may deem necessary, specifying the particulars in which he finds the quantities of stock to be incorrectly stated.

ARTICLE VII.—The Master of the Workhouse shall, when required by the Stocktaker to do so, on the days and at the times referred to in Article V, submit to him the stores and Accounts therein mentioned, and render to him such assistance as may be necessary for the purpose of such examination and comparison as aforesaid.

ARTICLE VIII.—The Master of the Workhouse shall lay each of the said Accounts before the Guardians at their next meeting after the date of the entry therein of any such certificate as aforesaid.

ARTICLE IX.—So long as a Stocktaker is appointed it shall not be necessary for the Visiting Committee to examine the stores or to enter in

any Account the memorandum required by the above-cited Order dated the fourteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board, this seventh day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

L. S.

Henry Chaplin,  
President.

S. B. Provis, Assistant Secretary.

## ORDER OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

(DATED 7TH JULY 1897.)

(SWINE-FEVER SUSPECTED ZONE.)

THE Board of Agriculture, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 and 1896, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The Orders described in the Schedule to this Order are hereby from and after the commencement of this Order revoked: Provided that such revocation shall not invalidate or make unlawful anything done under the Swine-Fever (Suspected Zones) Order of 1896 and the Orders described in the Schedule to this Order before the commencement of this Order, or interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed against, or any penalty incurred under, those Orders before the commencement of this Order.

2. This Order shall come into operation on the eighteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture have hereunto set their Official Seal this seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

L. S.

P. G. Craigie,  
Assistant Secretary.

## SCHEDULE.

Orders Revoked.

No.	Date.	Subject.
5463	1896. 15 September ...	Declaring the following to be a Swine-Fever Suspected Zone for the purposes of the Swine-Fever (Suspected Zones) Order of 1896, namely,—a district or area comprising the petty sessional divisions of Lackford, Blackbourn, Thingoe and Thedwestry, Stowmarket, Newmarket, Risbridge, Melford, Hadleigh or Gosford, and Boxford, in the county of Suffolk, and also comprising the boroughs of Bury St. Edmunds, and Sudbury.
5480	29 October ...	Exempting petty sessional division of Newmarket from operation of Order No. 5463.

Copies of the above Order can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Board of Agriculture, 4, Whitehall Place, London, S.W.

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF  
AGRICULTURE.

(DATED 7TH JULY 1897.)

THE Board of Agriculture, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 and 1896, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

*Application of Markets and Fairs (Swine-Fever)  
Order of 1896.*

1.—(1.) From and after the commencement of this Order, the provisions of the Markets and Fairs (Swine-Fever) Order of 1896 dated the eleventh day of December, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six shall, except as herein-after provided, apply to the District of the Local Authority defined in the Schedule to this Order.

(2.) The said provisions shall not apply to any part of the said District which for the time being may be declared by Special Order of the Board to be a Swine-Fever Suspected Zone or may be included in any such Zone.

*Commencement.*

2. This Order shall come into operation on the eighteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture have hereunto set their Official Seal this seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

L. S.

P. G. Craigie,  
Assistant Secretary.

## SCHEDULE.

*District to which this Order applies.*  
Borough of Bury St. Edmunds.

Copies of the above Order can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Board of Agriculture, 4, Whitehall Place, London, S.W.

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF  
AGRICULTURE.

(DATED 8TH JULY 1897.)

(SWINE-FEVER INFECTED AREA.)

THE Board of Agriculture, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 and 1896, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The Area described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an area infected with swine-fever for the purposes of the Swine-Fever (Infected Areas) Order of 1896 dated the fourteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

2. This Order shall come into operation on the fifteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture have hereunto set their Official Seal this eighth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

L. S.

P. G. Craigie,  
Assistant Secretary.

No. 26871.

H

## SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising the parishes of Brimington, Tapton, Newbold and Dunston, Whittington, Brampton, Baslow and Bubnell, Curbar, Chatsworth, Walton, Wingerworth, Hasland, Calow, Temple Normanton, Tupton, North Wingfield, and Woodthorpe, in the county of Derby, and also comprising the borough of Chesterfield.

Copies of the above Order can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Board of Agriculture, 4, Whitehall Place, London, S.W.

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF  
AGRICULTURE.

(DATED 9TH JULY 1897.)

(PLEURO-PNEUMONIA INFECTED PLACE.)

THE Board of Agriculture, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 and 1896, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Place (namely),—the whole of the farm premises and meadows known as Field House Farm, in the parish of West Horndon, in the county of Essex, in the occupation of Thomas William Strong,—which was declared by Order of the Board dated the fourteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia, is hereby declared to be free from pleuro-pneumonia, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall come into operation on the twelfth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture have hereunto set their Official Seal this ninth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

L. S.

T. H. Elliott,  
Secretary.

Copies of the above Order can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Board of Agriculture, 4, Whitehall Place, London, S.W.

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF  
AGRICULTURE.

(DATED 9TH JULY 1897.)

(SWINE-FEVER INFECTED AREA.)

THE Board of Agriculture, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 and 1896, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The Order described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby from and after the commencement of this Order revoked: Provided that such revocation shall not invalidate or make unlawful anything done under the Swine-Fever (Infected Areas) Order of 1896 and the Order described

in the Schedule to this Order before the commencement of this Order, or interfere with the institution or prosecution of any proceeding in respect of any offence committed against, or any penalty incurred under, those Orders before the commencement of this Order.

2. This Order shall come into operation on the twelfth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture have hereunto set their Official Seal this ninth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

L. S.

T. H. Elliott,  
Secretary.

#### SCHEDULE.

Order Revoked.

No.	Date.	Subject.
5596	1897. 22 April ...	Declaring the following to be a Swine-Fever Infected Area for the purposes of the Swine-Fever (Infected Areas) Order of 1896, namely,—an Area in the county of Chester comprising the parishes of Runcorn, Halton, Weston, Clifton, Stockham, Sutton, Aston by Sutton, Aston Grange, Kingsley, Kingswood, Newton by Frodsham, Frodsham Lordship, and Frodsham.

Copies of the above Order can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Board of Agriculture, 4, Whitehall Place, London. S.W.

#### Civil Service Commission, July 9, 1897.

THE following Candidates have been certified by the Civil Service Commissioners as qualified for the appointments set against their respective names:—

July 5, 1897.

#### AFTER OPEN COMPETITION.

*Post Office: Female Telegraph Learner in the London Postal Districts, Kate Sanderson.*

*Male Sorters, London, Edmund Joyce Moran, Matthew Vincent Bernard O'Donovan, Alfred Reeve.*

*Female Sorter, London, Eleanor Maud Payne.*

*Male Learner, Edinburgh, William Redpath.*

*Male Learner, Glasgow, Harry Shepherd.*

#### AFTER LIMITED COMPETITION.

*Post Office: Male Learner, Cork, Patrick Sarsfield Hegarty.*

#### WITHOUT COMPETITION.

*Admiralty: Devonport Dockyard, Engine Fitter, Thomas George Orchard.*

*Prisons Department, England: Subordinate Officer, Division II, Patrick Connor.*

*Post Office: Postman, London, James Hockley.*

*Postman, Edinburgh, William Morrison.*

*Sorting Clerk and Telegraph Learner, Nuneaton, Alfred Ernest Keedwell.*

#### FOR REGISTRATION AS TEMPORARY BOY COPYISTS (NEW CLASS).

Horace Tom Atkins, James Douglas Auld, John Francis Randall Bates, James Boyd, George Adams Brown, Andrew Henry Walker Fairgrieve, Edward Thomas Harris, John David Eldredge Hayward, Thomas William Hughes, Ernest Frank Litton, Ronald McLean, Ernest Edwin Monk, Alfred Edward Russell, James Scanlan, Edward Herbert John Smith, Vincent Harcourt Stiles, Sidney Percival Wood.

July 6, 1897.

#### AFTER OPEN COMPETITION.

*Navy: Engineer Student, Stanley Thomas Stidston.*

*Post Office: Female Clerks, London, Gertrude Brown, Emily Maria Poole.*

*Male Telegraph Learner in the London Postal Districts, George Herbert Bolton.*

*Female Sorter, London, Grace Harriet Allan.*

*Male Learners, Dublin, John Coleman, John Leary, William John Taplin.*

*Male Learner, Cardiff, David Edward Bowen.*

*Male Learner, Liverpool, Alfred Moore.*

#### AFTER LIMITED COMPETITION.

*Admiralty: Pensioner Writer in H.M. Naval Yards, Edward James Smith.*

#### WITHOUT COMPETITION.

*Admiralty: Portsmouth Dockyard, Labourer, William Henry Bound.*

*Customs: Boatman, James Warnock.*

*Foreign Office: Vice-Consul at Algiers, Honourable Wilfred Gilbert Thesiger.*

*House of Commons: Cleaner in the Department of the Serjeant-at-Arms, Alfred Elliott Hunt.*

*Prisons Department, Scotland: Warder, William Calder.*

*Post Office: Postmen, London, Arthur Brand, George Rashleigh, Alfred Thomas Tyrrell, Frederick George Whitley.*

*Sorting Clerks and Telegraph Learners, William Blucher Groves (Hawkhurst), John Neale Hatherell (Bath).*

*Postmen, Albert Balmforth (Huddersfield), William John Jones (Conway), Thomas John Moore (Woking), William John Rowe (Hayle), Marmaduke Percival Tiplin (Cardiff), Frank Turney (Dunstable).*

#### FOR REGISTRATION AS TEMPORARY BOY COPYISTS (NEW CLASS).

George Armstrong, George Terry Bryant, Daniel Courtney, Leonard Nelson Vague Crocker, Herbert Harper, James John Andrew Kerr, Daniel Francis McNulty, Albert Edward Pride, Thomas Lloyd Roberts, John Joseph Rutledge, Thomas Charles Sumner, Frank William Taylor, John Mew.

FOR REGISTRATION AS TEMPORARY BOY  
MESSENGER.

George William Green.

July 7, 1897.

## AFTER OPEN COMPETITION.

*Post Office: Female Telegraph Learner in the London Postal Districts, Eveleen Maud Mansell.**Male Sorters, London, Albert Henry Cawson, James Anstruther Graham.**Female Sorter, London, Lillian Emily Edwards.*

## AFTER LIMITED COMPETITION.

*Post Office: Male Learners, Cork, John William Bennett, Cornelius Crowley.*

## WITHOUT COMPETITION.

*Admiralty: Chatham Dockyard, Shipwrights, Harry Charles King, Andrew George Steel.**Prisons Department, England: Subordinate Officer, Division I, William Garsed.**Assistant Matrons, Edith Mary Doyle, Lucy Taylor, Catherine Annie Wootton.**Post Office: Postmen, London, Maurice George Bibby, Charles Blake.**Sorting Clerk, Dublin, Michael John Aird.**Postmaster, East Cowes, S.O., Robert John Chiverton.**Sorting Clerks and Telegraph Learners, George Frederick Anderson (Eastbourne), Emily Sarah Murdock (Killarney), Robert Edward Roberts (Manchester), Sydney Charles Standen (Chatham).**Postmen, Robert Francis Cosway (Weston-super-Mare), Frank Derham Coward (Watford), Sydney Dean (Bristol), Albert Elliott (Godalming), John Hancock (Stoke-on-Trent), Frederick Edward Ling, (Woolwich), Thomas Francis Malley (Westport), Henry Edward Poulton (Enfield), Joseph Roberts (Liverpool), Francis Arthur Turton (Liverpool), Percy Vine (Eastbourne), Thomas Stuart Vine (Eastbourne).*FOR REGISTRATION AS TEMPORARY BOY  
COPIST (NEW CLASS).

Alfred Anderson, Ulick Kyne, Patrick Joseph Sheridan, Charles George Parsons Woodley.

## Civil Service Commission, July 9, 1897.

NOTICE is hereby given, that upon a special recommendation from the Board of Agriculture, and with the assent of the Treasury, Mr. George William Lloyd, having served as a Clerk of the Lower (now Second) Division for upwards of eight years, has been promoted to the post of Assistant to the Head of the Tithe and Copyhold Branch of the Board of Agriculture, with a special certificate granted exceptionally by the Civil Service Commissioners.

## NOTICES TO MARINERS.

(Nos. 378 to 380 of the year 1897.)

[The bearings are magnetic, and those concerning the visibility of lights are given from seaward.]

## No. 378.—WALES—WEST COAST.

*Intended Alteration in Position of Carnarvon Bay Light-vessel.*

THE Trinity House, London, has given notice that, on or about 1st October, 1897, Carnarvon Bay Light-vessel (revolving red and white light), and the watch buoy, will be moved 3 miles, W.N.W., from their present positions.

Approximate present position, light-vessel, lat.  $53^{\circ} 5' 50''$  N., long.  $4^{\circ} 44' 20''$  W.

Further notice will be given when the changes have been carried out.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Ireland, East Coast, No. 1824a; Irish Channel, No. 1825b; New Quay to Holyhead, No. 1411. Also, List of Lights, Part I, 1897, No. 627; and Sailing Directions for the West Coast of England, 1891, pages 270, 271.

## No. 379.—PORTUGAL—WEST COAST.

*River Tagus Entrance—Exhibition of Provisional Light at Porto Covo.*

THE Portuguese Government has given notice that, on 25th June, 1897, owing to the front leading lighthouse (Porto Covo) at Caxias being threatened with destruction, a provisional light would be exhibited from a position bearing S.  $64^{\circ}$  W., distant 42 feet, from Porto Covo Light-house:—

Porto Covo provisional light is a cata-dioptric fixed red light, elevated 48 feet above high water, and is in line with the Caxias leading lights when they are in line, viz., on the bearing N.  $64^{\circ}$  E.

Approximate position, lat.  $38^{\circ} 41' 50''$  N., long.  $9^{\circ} 16' 15''$  W.

As this provisional light cannot at present be relied upon, the old front leading light at Porto Covo will continue to be exhibited until the provisional light can permanently replace it.

Further notice will be given as necessary.

[Variation  $18^{\circ}$  Westerly in 1897.]

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Plan:—Entrance of the River Tagus, &c., No. 89. Also, List of Lights, Part IV, 1897, No. 451; and Sailing Directions for the West Coast of France, Spain, and Portugal, 1891, pages 359, 361.

## No. 380.—GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE—NORTHUMBERLAND STRAIT.

*Merigomish Harbour—King Head Light Discontinued.*

THE Government of the Dominion of Canada has given notice that, on 1st July, 1897, the light (fixed red) shown from King Head, western side of entrance to Merigomish Harbour, would be discontinued.

Approximate position, lat.  $45^{\circ} 39\frac{1}{2}'$  N., long.  $62^{\circ} 28\frac{1}{2}'$  W.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Northumberland Strait, No. 2034; Merigomish Harbour, No. 1990. Also, List of Lights, Part VIII, 1897, No. 143; and St. Lawrence Pilot, Vol. II, 1895, page 130.

By command of their Lordships,

W. J. L. Wharton, Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,

6th July, 1897.

## Registration of Births and Deaths.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of the provisions of the twenty-first section of an Act passed in the thirty-eighth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "The Births and Deaths Registration Act, 1874," I, Sir Brydges Powell Henniker, Bart., Registrar-General of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in England, have, with the sanction of the Local Government Board, ordered and declared that on and after the first day of August next Heavitree and Broad Clyst Sub-Districts of St. Thomas Registration District shall be united, and shall form one Sub-District, co-extensive with No. 3 Relief District of St. Thomas Poor Law Union, and that the enlarged Sub-District shall be called and known as Heavi-

tree Sub-District.—Witness my hand this 7th day of July, 1897.

*Edward Whitaker*, Assistant Registrar-General.

General Register Office,  
Somerset House, London.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Chief Registrar of Friendly Societies has, pursuant to s. 77 of the Friendly Societies Act, 1896, by writing under his hand, dated the 6th day of July, 1897, suspended for three months the Registry of the Llanfairisgaer Mutual Assistance Society, a Friendly Society (Register No. 63), held at the National Schoolroom, Llanfairisgaer, in the county of Carnarvon, on the ground that the Society has wilfully, and after notice from a Registrar, violated the provisions of the above-mentioned Act, in respect of the valuation of its assets and liabilities. The Society ceases to enjoy during such suspension the privileges of a registered Society, but without prejudice to any liability incurred by the Society, which may be enforced against it as if such suspension had not taken place.

*E. W. Brabrook*, Chief Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Chief Registrar of Friendly Societies has, pursuant to S. 77 of the Friendly Societies Act, 1896, by writing under his hand, dated the 6th day of July, 1897, suspended for three months the Registry of the Burford Friendly Society (Register No. 10), held at the Rose and Crown Inn, Burford, in the county of Salop, on the ground that the Society has wilfully, and after notice from a Registrar, violated the provisions of the above mentioned Act, in respect of the valuation of its assets and liabilities. The Society ceases to enjoy during such suspension the privileges of a registered Society, but without prejudice to any liability incurred by the Society, which may be enforced against it as if such suspension had not taken place.

*E. W. Brabrook*, Chief Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given that a separate building named Baptist Chapel situated at Alvechurch in the civil parish of Alvechurch in the county of Worcester in the registration district of Bromsgrove being a building certified according to law as a place of meeting for religious worship, was on the first day of July 1897, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. 4, c. 85.—Witness my hand this first day of July 1897.

*J. WALTER PARRY* Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given that a separate building named United Methodist Free Church situated at Hill-street, Peckham in the civil parish of Camberwell in the county of London in the registration district of Camberwell being a building certified according to law as a place of meeting for religious worship, was on the third day of July 1897, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. 4, c. 85.—Witness my hand this fifth day of July 1897.

*CHARLES S. STEVENS* Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building named Inghamite Chapel situated at Russell-street, Nelson in the civil parish of Nelson in the county of Lancaster in the registration district of Burnley being a building certified

according to law as a place of meeting for religious worship, was on the third day of July 1897, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. 4, c. 85.—Witness my hand this 5th day of July 1897.

*ADAM HAWORTH*, Deputy Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given that a separate building named Congregational School situated at Blackbank-street in the civil parish of Bolton in the county borough of Bolton in the registration district of Bolton being a building certified according to law as a place of meeting for religious worship, was on the fifth day of July 1897, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. 4, c. 85.—Witness my hand this fifth day of July 1897.

*SIMPSON COOPER* Superintendent Registrar.

#### Friendly Societies Act, 1896.

##### Advertisement of Dissolution by Instrument.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Industrious Bee Lodge No. 541 of the Accrington District of the National Independent Order of Odd Fellows Friendly Society, Register No. 6805 held at Castle Inn Whalley-road Accrington in the county of Lancaster is dissolved by instrument, registered at this office, the 23rd day of June 1897, unless within three months from the date of the Gazette in which this advertisement appears, proceedings be commenced by a member or other person interested in or having any claim on the funds of the Lodge to set aside such dissolution, and the same be set aside accordingly.

*E. W. BRABROOK* Chief Registrar.

28, Abingdon-street, Westminster,  
the 23rd day of June 1897.

#### Friendly Societies Act, 1896.

##### Advertisement of Dissolution of Society by Award.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 30th day of June 1897 the Chief Registrar signed an award for the dissolution of the Equity Friendly Society, Register No. 1721 held at Clarence-chambers, 39 Corporation-street Birmingham in the county of Warwick and that such Society is thereby dissolved, unless, within three months from the date of the Gazette in which this advertisement appears, proceedings be commenced by a member or other person interested in, or having any claim on, the funds of the Society, to set aside such dissolution, and the same be set aside accordingly.

*E. W. BRABROOK* Chief Registrar.

28, Abingdon-street, Westminster,  
30th day of June, 1897.

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to Stanley Charles Cuthbert Currie of 21 Clarges-street Piccadilly Gentleman and Illius Augustus Timmis of 17 Great George-street Westminster Civil Engineer both in the county of Middlesex for an Invention of "Improvements in the means for working and interlocking Railway Signals by Electricity." Dated the 12th day of December A.D. 1883 No. 5718.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is the intention of Illius Augustus Timmis whose office is at No. 2 Great George-street Westminster and who is the proprietor of the said Letters Patent to present a petition to Her Majesty in Council praying Her Majesty to grant new



Letters Patent or a prolongation of the term of the said Letters Patent. And also that on the 17th day of August now next, or upon such subsequent day as the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council shall appoint for that purpose the Petitioner will apply by Counsel to the same Committee for a time to be fixed for hearing the matter of the said petition and that on or before the 17th day of August now next any person or persons desirous of being heard in opposition to the prayer of the said petition must give notice of such opposition and any person or persons intending to oppose the said petition must enter a caveat to that effect at the Privy Council Office on or before the last mentioned date.—Dated the 8th day of July 1897.

FALLOWS and RIDER 4 Lancaster-place  
Strand London Solicitors for the said  
Petitioner.

In the High Court of Justice.—Chancery Division.  
Mr. Justice North.  
1896. S. 0133.

In the Matter of the Companies Act 1867 and in  
the Matter of the South Devon Wharf Com-  
pany Limited and Reduced.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Order of the High Court of Justice dated the 22nd day of May 1897 confirming the reduction of the capital of the above-named Company from £18,090 to £12,663 and the Minute approved by the Court showing with respect to the capital of the Company as altered the several particulars required by the above Statute was registered by the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies on the 5th day of July 1897. And further take

notice that the said Minute is in the words and figures following:—"The capital of the Company is £12,663 divided into 603 shares of £21 each with £17 paid up on each of the said shares reduced from £18,090 divided into 603 shares of £30 each with £26 paid up on each of the said shares."—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

HATCHETT JONES and Co. 47 Mark-lane  
E.C. Solicitors for the said Company.

In the Matter of Nixons Navigation Company Limited and Reduced and in the Matter of the Companies Acts 1867 and 1877.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Order of the High Court of Justice (Chancery Division) dated the 26th June 1897 confirming the reduction of the capital of the above named Company from £780,000 to £546,000 and the Minute (approved by the Court) showing with respect to the capital of the Company as altered the several particulars required by the above Statutes were registered by the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies on the 2nd day of July 1897. And further take notice that the said Minute is in the words and figures following:—"The capital of Nixons Navigation Company Limited and Reduced is henceforth £546,000 divided into 54,600 shares of £10 each instead of the original capital of £780,000 divided into 7,800 shares of £100 each. At the time of the registration of this Minute the sum of £9 8s. 0d. has been and is to be deemed to be paid up on each of the said shares."—Dated the 5th day of July 1897.

GADSDEN and TREHERNE 23 Bedford-row  
London W.C. Solicitors for the Com-  
pany.

### BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday, the 7th day of July, 1897.

#### ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes issued	51,201,990	Government Debt	11,015,100
		Other Securities	5,784,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	34,401,990
		Silver Bullion	
	<u>£51,201,990</u>		<u>£51,201,990</u>

Dated the 8th day of July, 1897.

H. G. Bowen, Chief Cashier.

#### BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	Government Securities	13,786,887
Rest	3,331,673	Other Securities	30,001,893
Public Deposits (including Ex- chequer, Savings Banks, Com- missioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)	8,050,496	Notes	22,941,755
Other Deposits	42,949,092	Gold and Silver Coin	2,317,762
Seven Day and other Bills	164,036		
	<u>£69,048,297</u>		<u>£69,048,297</u>

Dated the 8th day of July, 1897.

H. G. Bowen, Chief Cashier.

**AN ACCOUNT of the Importations and Exportations of BULLION and SPECIE registered in the Week ended 7th July, 1897.**

Countries from which Imported.	Imported into the United Kingdom.					
	GOLD.			SILVER.		
	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
Belgium ... ..	476	...	476	1,018	...	1,018
France ... ..	179	3,713	3,892	634,698	102,600	737,298
Portugal ... ..	1,029	...	1,029	175	...	175
The Gold Coast ... ..	1,785	388	2,173	800	...	800
Cape of Good Hope ... ..	4,537	148,438	152,975	3,636	...	3,636
British East Indies ... ..	...	5,469	5,469	...	...	...
China ... ..	21,321	...	21,321	...	...	...
Australasia ... ..	132,304	3,676	135,980	...	2,400	2,400
Mexico, Central and South America (except Brazil), and West Indies ... ..	...	...	...	...	34,000	34,000
United States ... ..	...	...	...	...	878,100	878,100
Other Countries ... ..	215	40	255	200	100	300
Aggregate of the Importations registered in the Week ... }	161,846	161,724	323,570	640,527	1,017,200	1,657,727
Declared Value of the said Importations ... .. }	£ 680,508	£ 592,284	£ 1,222,787	£ 111,642	£ 117,384	£ 229,026

Countries to which Exported.	Exported from the United Kingdom.							
	GOLD.			SILVER.				
	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.
	British.	Foreign.	Ounces.	Ounces.	British.	Foreign.	Ounces.	Ounces.
Russia ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	633,600	...	633,600
Germany ... ..	46,216	...	35,872	82,088	...	...	265,679	265,679
Belgium ... ..	...	...	13,459	13,459	...	...	991,000	991,000
France ... ..	...	...	20,928	20,928	...	...	21,567	21,567
Austrian Territories ... ..	25,682	...	50,863	76,545	...	...	...	...
Roumania ... ..	...	...	9,600	9,600	...	...	...	...
West Coast of Africa ... ..	235	...	...	235	3,089	...	...	3,089
Cape of Good Hope ... ..	...	...	...	...	36,360	...	...	36,360
British East Indies ... ..	3,124	...	1,920	5,044	...	...	813,973	813,973
Mexico, Central and South America (except Brazil), and West Indies ... ..	1,024	...	...	1,024	...	1,202	...	1,202
Other Countries ... ..	257	...	...	257	...	...	16,014	16,014
Aggregate of the Exportations registered in the Week ... }	76,538	...	132,642	209,180	39,449	634,802	2108233	2782484
Declared Value of the said Exportations ... .. }	£ 298,220	£ ...	£ 530,600	£ 828,820	£ 10,849	£ 110,147	£ 257,400	£ 378,396

Statistical Department, Custom House, London, ...  
July 8, 1897.

T. J. PITTAR.

In the High Court of Justice.—Chancery Division.  
Mr. Justice Kekewich.  
1897. S. 010.

In the Matter of the Solicitors Law Stationery Society Limited and Reduced and in the Matter of the Companies Acts 1867 and 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition presented to Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the thirteenth day of January 1897 for

confirming a resolution reducing the capital of the above Company from £50,000 divided into 5,000 shares of £10 each to £40,000 divided into 5,000 shares of £8 each is directed to be heard before Mr. Justice Kekewich on the 24th day of July 1897.—Dated this 8th day of July 1897.

KEEN ROGERS and Co. 24 Knight-  
rider-street Doctors' Commons London E.C.  
Solicitors for the said Company.

# COTTON STATISTICS ACT, 1868.

RETURN of the Number of BALES OF COTTON Imported, Exported, forwarded from Ports to Inland Towns, and returned to Ports, during the Month and 6 Months ended 30th June, 1897, compared with the corresponding Months of the Years 1896 and 1895.

Description of Cotton.	Imports.			Exports.			Forwarded from Ports to Inland Towns.			Forwarded from Inland Towns to Ports.		
	1897	1896	1895	1897	1896	1895	1897	1896	1895	1897	1896	1895
Month ended 30th June.												
American... ..	68,730	68,761	112,779	20,480	16,335	24,841	170,911	229,579	177,040	269	226	299
Brazilian ... ..	12,037	2,668	8,218	1,300	...	800	8,814	2,656	3,630	...	...	...
East Indian ... ..	9,726	21,250	27,724	5,045	3,556	4,335	5,154	5,229	7,182	...	...	...
Egyptian ... ..	15,707	12,083	13,018	14,664	5,321	3,565	18,062	15,052	7,409	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ... ..	6,096	3,846	5,870	5,908	1,905	1,335	5,258	8,298	4,906	50	45	18
Total ... ..	112,296	108,608	167,609	47,397	27,117	34,876	208,199	260,814	200,167	319	271	317
6 Months ended 30th June.												
American... ..	1,486,890	1,370,711	2,056,086	132,216	96,200	125,932	1,315,074	1,333,729	1,436,247	1,514	1,451	2,233
Brazilian ... ..	65,659	27,519	11,378	3,000	3,690	6,758	35,492	27,560	9,650	...	7	...
East Indian ... ..	64,017	101,963	41,006	28,640	25,120	18,172	36,480	27,977	15,140	...	4	...
Egyptian ... ..	201,701	192,065	192,725	50,854	53,722	43,923	153,815	157,227	141,108	40	49	10
Miscellaneous ... ..	25,532	19,777	32,038	10,577	12,588	14,240	54,224	53,892	55,939	214	451	430
Total ... ..	1,843,799	1,712,037	2,333,233	225,287	191,320	209,025	1,595,085	1,600,385	1,658,084	1,768	1,962	2,673

Dated July 6, 1897.

R. GIFFEN,  
Commercial, Labour, and Statistical Department, Board of Trade.

## THE BANKRUPTCY ACTS, 1883 AND 1890.

RETURN showing the Number of Receiving Orders in the High Court, and in the several County Courts having Bankruptcy Jurisdiction in England and Wales, gazetted in the Quarters and in the Half-Years ending respectively 30th June, 1897, 1896, and 1895.

	For Quarter ending 30th June, 1897.	For Quarter ending 30th June, 1896.	For Quarter ending 30th June, 1895.	For Half-Year ending 30th June, 1897.	For Half-Year ending 30th June, 1896.	For Half-Year ending 30th June, 1895.
High Court ... ..	161	154	168	349	344	374
Aberdare ... ..	5	4	1	15	10	3
Aberystwith ... ..	4	1	1	8	3	2
Ashton-under-Lyne and Stalybridge	...	2	1	6	7	7
Aylesbury ... ..	...	2	4	1	4	8
Banbury ... ..	6	1	...	8	8	5
Bangor ... ..	15	7	10	23	16	21
Barnet ... ..	2	3	...	4	3	1
Barnsley ... ..	3	1	1	5	4	7
Barnstaple ... ..	6	3	4	7	3	6
Barrow-in-Furness and Ulverston	4	5	2	5	7	7
Bath ... ..	3	3	5	10	7	10
Bedford ... ..	5	1	1	11	6	4
Birkenhead ... ..	2	2	3	3	5	5
Birmingham ... ..	22	23	34	48	66	61
Blackburn ... ..	4	5	4	6	7	12
Bolton ... ..	6	8	4	17	15	18
Boston ... ..	2	3	6	6	6	12
Bradford ... ..	24	26	26	51	39	40
Brentford ... ..	1	3	4	9	11	10
Bridgwater ... ..	5	1	...	10	1	5
Brighton ... ..	7	11	17	14	26	27
Bristol ... ..	7	14	18	26	30	33
Burnley ... ..	2	3	12	11	5	16
Burton-on-Trent ... ..	1	6	8	3	13	14
Bury St. Edmunds ... ..	1	2	3	2	2	6
Cambridge ... ..	6	5	6	15	11	15
Canterbury ... ..	8	9	8	20	26	31
Cardiff ... ..	29	17	20	55	48	38
Carlisle ... ..	9	5	3	18	8	8
Carmarthen ... ..	7	7	8	16	23	15
Chelmsford ... ..	3	3	5	7	11	9
Cheltenham ... ..	5	5	10	10	13	20
Chester ... ..	4	...	5	9	3	10
Chesterfield ... ..	3	3	2	3	5	5
Cockermouth and Work- ington	...	2	...	2	5	1
Colchester ... ..	2	5	6	9	6	12
Coventry ... ..	3	5	2	4	7	9
Croydon ... ..	3	6	6	17	17	14
Derby ... ..	13	14	7	21	34	25
Dewsbury ... ..	6	9	8	11	18	13
Dorchester ... ..	3	4	3	12	12	5
Dudley ... ..	3	1	4	5	4	10
Durham ... ..	2	8	3	4	11	5
Edmonton ... ..	8	5	9	15	10	15
Exeter ... ..	11	7	8	23	21	15
Frome ... ..	...	...	2	1	1	2
Gloucester ... ..	7	3	9	14	9	19
Great Grimsby ... ..	9	17	6	23	27	14
Great Yarmouth ... ..	4	3	9	11	11	22
Greenwich ... ..	5	4	4	11	12	6
Guildford and Godalming	7	5	3	9	12	10
Halifax ... ..	14	2	7	21	13	16
Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall	8	2	10	11	9	16
Hastings ... ..	4	6	11	7	19	16
Hereford ... ..	5	9	5	8	16	13
Hertford ... ..	...	...	2	...	3	3
Huddersfield ... ..	6	4	10	13	6	16
Hull ... ..	9	13	14	22	24	28
Ipswich ... ..	7	6	4	13	12	8
Kendal ... ..	1	11	2	3	15	8

	For Quarter ending 30th June, 1897.	For Quarter ending 30th June, 1896.	For Quarter ending 30th June, 1895.	For Half-Year ending 30th June, 1897.	For Half-Year ending 30th June, 1896.	For Half-Year ending 30th June, 1895.
Kidderminster ...	6	4	1	13	6	7
King's Lynn ...	2	3	8	3	6	13
Kingston, Surrey...	4	4	5	9	8	8
Leeds ...	17	27	33	41	51	76
Leicester ...	21	11	18	41	29	39
Leominster ...	2	4	3	7	8	10
Lewes and Eastbourne ...	2	4	5	4	5	7
Lincoln ...	4	6	6	11	15	12
Liverpool ...	22	17	22	37	36	38
Luton ...	7	5	2	16	9	4
Macclesfield ...	1	2	...	3	6	3
Madeley ...	1	2	5	2	4	9
Maidstone ...	...	4	4	5	8	7
Manchester ...	17	14	19	28	37	38
Merthyr Tydfil ...	5	4	8	6	11	18
Nantwich and Crewe ...	9	5	2	11	11	9
Neath ...	5	11	9	12	15	17
Newbury ...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Newcastle-on-Tyne ...	14	19	18	30	34	33
Newport, Isle of Wight ...	5	8	4	11	17	11
Newport, Mon. ...	6	15	4	19	30	16
Newtown ...	1	1	5	2	5	6
Northallerton ...	3	5	4	7	9	12
Northampton ...	7	5	8	19	15	15
Norwich ...	10	10	21	16	20	35
Nottingham ...	17	9	20	39	24	41
Oldham ...	5	6	3	8	11	10
Oxford ...	3	3	6	9	9	13
Pembroke Dock ...	4	4	6	12	11	6
Peterborough ...	2	2	8	6	9	13
Plymouth and East Stone- house	22	20	10	39	36	22
Pontypridd ...	13	21	19	25	38	40
Poole ...	5	11	5	14	18	12
Portmadoc and Blaenau- Festiniog	3	1	4	7	4	10
Portsmouth ...	7	11	10	18	17	18
Preston ...	5	7	6	11	15	13
Reading ...	5	6	1	7	8	6
Rochdale and Bacup ...	2	5	1	9	11	2
Rochester ...	4	7	5	9	19	12
St. Albans ...	1	...	1	3	3	3
Salford ...	11	8	4	18	9	5
Salisbury ...	3	6	1	7	10	5
Scarborough ...	2	9	4	11	16	12
Sheffield ...	16	11	13	24	18	30
Shrewsbury ...	6	8	2	10	16	11
Southampton ...	7	5	1	12	13	5
Stafford ...	2	6	2	5	6	3
Stockport ...	2	2	3	9	6	3
Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesbrough	10	15	13	30	28	33
Stoke-on-Trent and Long- ton	1	2	5	1	3	5
Stourbridge ...	3	2	3	5	4	7
Sunderland ...	5	9	4	9	20	11
Swansea ...	11	9	16	17	20	39
Swindon ...	6	7	3	9	11	10
Taunton ...	3	2	1	4	3	5
Tunbridge Wells ...	3	...	1	8	6	4
Tredegar ...	5	5	7	10	10	13
Truro ...	16	9	14	23	20	22
Wakefield ...	6	6	9	17	15	21
Walsall ...	9	9	10	22	20	22
Wandsworth ...	8	12	12	14	24	21
Warrington ...	5	6	4	10	12	5
Warwick ...	2	1	5	2	7	9
Wells ...	2	3	2	5	5	3
West Bromwich ...	...	4	6	6	7	11
Whitehaven ...	...	1	1	...	2	3
Wigan ...	5	4	5	10	7	6

	For Quarter ending 30th June, 1897.	For Quarter ending 30th June, 1896.	For Quarter ending 30th June, 1895.	For Half-Year ending 30th June, 1897.	For Half-Year ending 30th June, 1896.	For Half-Year ending 30th June, 1895.
Winchester ... ..	...	2	3	1	3	4
Windsor ... ..	2	2	1	6	6	3
Wolverhampton ... ..	6	5	10	15	12	21
Worcester... ..	5	6	6	14	17	11
Wrexham and Llangollen	6	4	5	16	9	9
Yeovil ... ..	2	2	...	3	3	...
York ... ..	9	11	6	21	26	18
Total for County Courts	799	841	891	1,696	1,808	1,866
Total for High Court and County Courts }	960	995	1,059	2,045	2,152	2,240

**In the High Court of Justice.—Companies  
(Winding-up).**

Mr. Justice Vaughan Williams.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1882 to 1890, and in the Matter of the Manchester Cycle Manufacturing Company Limited.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that a petition for the winding up of the above named Company by the High Court of Justice was, on the 5th day of July 1897, presented to the said Court by the Manchester and County Bank Limited of King-street in the city of Manchester a creditor of the said Company. And that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Court sitting at the Royal Courts of Justice Strand London W.C. on the 21st day of July 1897; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to support or oppose the making of an Order on the said petition may appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

BUSK and MELLOR 45 Lincoln's-inn-fields  
Agents for

SALE SEDDON and Co., Manchester,  
Solicitors for the Petitioner.

**NOTE.**—Any person who intends to appear on the hearing of the said petition must serve on or send by post to the above-named, notice in writing of his intention so to do. The notice must state the name and address of the person, or, if a firm, the name and address of the firm, and must be signed by the person or firm, or his or their Solicitor (if any), and must be served, or, if posted, must be sent by post in sufficient time to reach the above-named not later than six o'clock in the afternoon of the 20th day of July 1897.

**In the Matter of John Robinson and Company  
Limited.**

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above named Company duly convened and held at No. 6 Redcliffe-parade West Bristol on the 11th day of June 1897 the following Special Resolutions were duly passed and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company also duly convened and held at the same place on the 29th day of June 1897 the following resolutions were duly confirmed:—

1. "That in order to provide for the increase of the capital of the Company it is desirable to reconstruct the Company and that with a view thereto the Company be wound up voluntarily

and that Alfred Roberts Robinson and Theodore Robinson both of the city of Bristol Seed Crushers be and they are hereby appointed joint Liquidators for the purpose of such winding up.

2. "That the said Liquidators be and they are hereby authorized to consent to the registration of a new Company to be named 'John Robinson and Company Limited' with a Memorandum and Articles of Association which have already been prepared with the privity and approval of the Directors of this Company.

3. "That the draft agreement submitted to this Meeting and expressed to be made between this Company and its Liquidators of the one part and John Robinson and Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as the New Company) of the other part be and the same is hereby approved and that the said Liquidators be and they are hereby authorized pursuant to section 161 of the Companies Act 1862 to enter into an agreement with such new Company (when incorporated) in the terms of the said draft and to carry the same into effect with such (if any) modifications as they may think expedient."

Dated this 29th day of June 1897.

ALFRED R. ROBINSON Chairman.

**In the Matter of Hobbies Publishing Company  
Limited.**

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above named Company duly convened and held at the Factory East Dereham in the county of Norfolk on the 16th day of June 1897 the following Special Resolution was duly passed and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company also duly convened and held at the same place on the 7th day of July 1897 the following resolution was duly confirmed:—

"That it is expedient to effect an amalgamation of this Company and J. H. Skinner and Co., Limited, with a Company now or about to be incorporated under the style of Hobbies Limited, and that with a view thereto this Company be wound up voluntarily, and that John Henry Skinner, of East Dereham, in Norfolk, Photographic and Fretwork Apparatus Manufacturer, be, and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding-up."

Dated the seventh day of July 1897.

J. H. SKINNER Chairman.

**In the Matter of J. H. Skinner and Co. Limited.**

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company, duly convened and held at the Factory East Dereham in the county of Norfolk on the 16th day of June 1897 the following Special Resolution was duly passed

and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company also duly convened and held at the same place on the 7th day of July 1897 the following resolution was duly confirmed:—

"That it is expedient to effect an amalgamation of this Company and Hobbies Publishing Company Limited with a Company now or about to be incorporated under the style of Hobbies Limited and that with a view thereto this Company be wound up voluntarily and that John Henry Skinner of East Dereham in Norfolk Photographic and Fretwork Apparatus Manufacturer, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up."

Dated the seventh day of July 1897.

J. H. SKINNER Chairman.

The Arrow Proprietary Gold Mines (W.A.), Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company, duly convened and held at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, London, E.C., on the 11th day of June, 1897, the following Special Resolution was duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened and held at the same place, on the 28th day of June, 1897, the following resolution was duly confirmed:—

"That the Arrow Proprietary Gold Mines (W.A.), Limited, be wound up voluntarily, and Edward Faulcknor Tremayne, of 1, Queen Victoria-street, London, E.C., be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding up."

Dated 1st July, 1897.

R. V. BARROW Chairman.

In the Matter of Pigou Wilks and Laurence Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company, duly convened and held at the Cannon-street Hotel in the city of London on the 1st day of July 1897 the following Extraordinary Resolution was duly passed:—

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this Meeting that the Company cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the same and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily."

And at the same Meeting Charles Lee Nichols of No. 1 Queen Victoria-street in the city of London, Chartered Accountant, was appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up.—

Dated this 3rd day of July 1897.

HECTOR F. MONRO Chairman.

The Companies Acts, 1862 to 1890.  
Special Resolution (pursuant to Companies Act, 1862 s. 51) of the Cycle Trade Publishing Company, Ltd.

Passed 16th June, 1897.

Confirmed 2nd July, 1897.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the Cycle Trade Publishing Company, Limited, duly convened and held at their registered office, Nos. 19 and 21, Wilson-street, Finsbury, in the county of London, on Wednesday, the 16th day of June, 1897, the following Special Resolution was duly passed, and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened, and held at Nos. 19 and 21, Wilson-street, aforesaid, on Friday, the 2nd day of July, 1897, the following resolutions were duly confirmed:—

1. "That it is desirable to reconstruct the

Company, and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily, and that William Arnold Standring, of Nos. 19 and 21, Wilson-street, in the county of London, be and is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding-up.

2. "That the said Liquidator be and is hereby authorized to consent to the registration of a new Company, to be named the 'Cycle Trade Publishing Company, Limited,' with the Memorandum and Articles of Association which have already been prepared with the privity and approval of the Directors of this Company.

3. "That the said Liquidator be and is hereby authorized, pursuant to section 161 of the Companies Act, 1862, to enter into an arrangement with the said new Company for the sale to it of the whole of the business and assets of this Company (other than the book debts) in consideration of cash or the allotment of shares in the new Company upon the terms of the scheme of reconstruction which has been submitted to the Meeting, and is for the purpose of identification signed by the Chairman of this Meeting."

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1897.

WILLIAM A. STANDRING Secretary.

In the Matter of John Musgrave and Sons, Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company, duly convened and held at the Globe Ironworks, Kay-street, in the borough of Bolton, on the 9th day of June, 1897, the following Special Resolutions were duly passed, and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened, and held at the same place, on the 30th day of June, 1897, the following resolutions were duly confirmed, viz.:—

1. "That it is desirable to reconstruct the Company, and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Peter Kevan, of 12, Acresfield, Bolton, Chartered Accountant, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator, for the purpose of such winding up.

2. "That the said Liquidator be and he is hereby authorized to consent to the registration of two new Companies to be named respectively 'John Musgrave and Sons, Limited,' and 'The Musgrave Spinning Company, Limited,' each with a Memorandum and Articles of Association, which have been already prepared with the privity and approval of the Directors of the Company.

3. "That the draft agreement submitted to this Meeting, and expressed to be made between this Company and its Liquidator of the first part, John Musgrave and Sons, Limited, of the second part, and the Musgrave Spinning Company, Limited, of the third part, be and the same is hereby approved, and the said Liquidator be and he is hereby authorized, pursuant to section 161 of the Companies Act, 1862, to enter into an agreement with such new Companies when respectively incorporated in the terms of the said draft and to carry the same into effect with such, if any, modifications as he may think expedient."

Dated this 30th day June, 1897.

WALTER MARTIN MUSGRAVE Chairman.

The Gilwen Iron and Tin-Plate Company, Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the above named Company, duly convened and held at the Gilwen Iron and Tin-Plate Works, Gurnos, Ystalyfera, on the 6th day of May, 1897, the following Special Resolutions were duly passed, and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened and



held at the same place on the 17th day of June, 1897, the following Special Resolutions were duly confirmed:—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily.

"That Mr. A. B. Davies, of 58, Wind-street, Swansea, Accountant, be appointed Liquidator to conduct the winding up."

29th June 1897.

JENKIN DAVID THOMAS Chairman.

In the Matter of the German Viscoid Manufacturing Company Limited.

Passed 14th June 1897. Confirmed 5th July 1897.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above named Company duly convened and held at 3 New-court Lincoln's-inn London on the 14th day of June 1897 the subjoined Special Resolution was duly passed and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company also duly convened and held at the same place on the 5th day of July 1897 the subjoined resolution was duly confirmed:—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily under the provisions of the Companies Acts 1862 and 1867 and that Oliver Mason of 3 New-court be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding-up."

Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

ANDREW PEARS (J.) Chairman.

In the Matter of Chaplain and Company Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above named Company duly convened and held at 129 High-street Gateshead on the 9th day of June 1897 the following Special Resolution was duly passed and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company also duly convened and held at the same place on the 28th day of June 1897 the following Special Resolution was duly confirmed namely:—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily and that William Chaplain of 51 Chandos-street Gateshead Warehouseman be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the Company."

Dated the first day of July 1897.

WILLIAM CHAPLAIN Chairman of the Second Meeting.

In the Matter of E. T. Wood Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the above named Company duly convened and held at 36 Brazen-nose-street Manchester on the 5th day of July 1897 the following Extraordinary Resolution was duly passed:—

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this Meeting that the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its business and that it is advisable to wind up the same and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily."

And at the same Meeting Edward Thomas Wood of Brinscall, Chorley, Lancashire, Manager was appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding up.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

EDWARD THOMAS WOOD Chairman.

In the Matter of Warwicks and Richardsons, Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company, duly convened, and held at the Company's Brewery, North Gate, Newark-upon-Trent, in the county of Nottingham, on the 16th day of June, 1897, the following Special Resolutions were duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened, and held at the

same place, on the 1st day of July, 1897, the following Special Resolutions were duly confirmed, viz.:—

1. "That it is desirable to reconstruct the Company, and that this Company be wound up voluntarily, and that William Deeping Warwick, of Balderton Hall, near Newark, in the county of Nottingham, Esquire, and Henry Friend, of Newark, Secretary to Warwicks and Richardsons, Limited, be and they are hereby appointed Liquidators for the purposes of such winding up.

2. "That the said Liquidators be, and they are hereby authorized to consent to the registration of a new Company, to be named 'Warwicks and Richardsons, Limited,' with a Memorandum and Articles of Association which have already been prepared with the privity and approval of the Directors of this Company, and to carry the reconstruction into effect."

Dated the 1st day of July 1897.

W. D. WARWICK Chairman.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts 1862 to 1890 and of the Colonial and Indian Exhibition Stores, Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above named Company, duly convened and held at 65 Cornhill, London, E.C. on Tuesday the first day of June 1897, the following Special Resolution was duly passed, and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company, also duly convened and held at the same place on Monday the twenty-first day of June, 1897, the following Special Resolution was duly confirmed, viz.:—

"That the Colonial and Indian Exhibition Stores, Limited, be wound up voluntarily, under the Companies Act, 1862; and that Mr. Lewin John Chandler, of No. 65 Cornhill, in the city of London, be and is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up."

H. S. KING Chairman.

The Whiston Collieries Company Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above named Company, duly convened, and held at the Rooms of the Liverpool Law Association Limited 14, Cook-street, Liverpool, on Saturday the 3rd day of July, 1897, the following Extraordinary Resolution was duly passed namely:—

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this Meeting that the Company cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the same, and accordingly the Company be wound up voluntarily, and that Mr. David Lockhart Chalmers, of No. 5, Fenwick-street, Liverpool, be, and he is hereby, appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding up."

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1897.

WM. ROBINSON Chairman.

Burton Burgess and Co. Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of Burton Burgess and Co. Limited duly convened and held at 7 King-street Cheapside in the city of London on 17th June 1897 the subjoined Special Resolutions were duly passed and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company also duly convened and held at the same place on 5th July 1897 the said Special Resolutions were duly confirmed viz.:—

1. "That it is advisable to wind up the Company and that the same be wound up voluntarily.

2. "That Mr. John Baker of Chiswell House Finsbury-pavement E.C. be appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up."

H. R. HERBERT, Chairman.

The Crompton Electric Supply Company of Australia Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above named Company duly convened and held at Mansion House-buildings in the city of London on Wednesday the 16th day of June 1897 the following Special Resolution was duly passed and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company also duly convened and held at the same place on Thursday the 1st day of July 1897 the following Special Resolution was duly confirmed:—

“That the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Mr. Francis Robinson Reeves be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding up.”

Dated this 8th day of July 1897.

J. F. ALBRIGHT Chairman.

The Halifax White Swan Hotel Company Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above named Company, duly convened and held at the White Swan Hotel, Halifax, on the 5th day of June, 1897, the following Special Resolution was duly passed, and, at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened and held at the same place, on the 26th day of June 1897, the following Special Resolution was duly confirmed viz. :—

“That this Company be wound up voluntarily under the provisions of the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1893, and that Mr. John Edwin Witham, of Barum House, Halifax, Chartered Accountant, be and is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up.”

Dated this 30th day of June, 1897.

JOHN EASTWOOD Chairman at the said Confirmatory Meeting.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts 1862 to 1890. John Bazley White and Brothers Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of John Bazley White and Brothers Limited, duly convened and held on the 15th day of June, 1897, the subjoined Special Resolutions were duly passed, and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company duly convened and held on the 1st day of July, 1897, the subjoined Special Resolutions were duly confirmed :—

Resolutions.—1. “That the capital of the Company be increased to £1,030,000 by the creation of 3,000 new shares of £10 each.

2. “That the new shares be called Preference Shares and rank *pari passu* with the existing Preference Shares of the Company in respect of dividend which is to be computed from the 1st day of January, 1897, and in respect of repayment of capital in the winding up of the Company.

3. “That the Directors may dispose of the said shares in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company without offering them to the Members holders of Ordinary Shares of the Company, as prescribed by Article 49 of the Articles of Association of the Company.”

LEEDHAM. WHITE Chairman at both Meetings.

The Companies Acts, 1862 to 1893.

The London Paper Mills Company Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the London Paper Mills Company, Limited, duly convened and held at 23, College-hill, Cannon-street, in the city of London, on the 18th day of June, 1897, the subjoined Special

Resolutions were duly passed, and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company, also duly convened and held at 35, Queen Victoria-street, in the city of London, on the 6th day of July, 1897, the said resolutions were duly confirmed, viz. :—

1. “That it is desirable to reconstruct the Company and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Robert Daniel Wilkinson, of 35, Queen Victoria-street, London, E.C., be and is hereby appointed Liquidator of the Company for the purpose of such winding up, and that the remuneration of the said Liquidator for his services be fixed at the sum of £150.

2. “That the Liquidator be and is hereby authorized to consent to the registration of a new Company, to be named the London Paper Mills Company, Limited, with a Memorandum and Articles of Association, which have already been prepared with the privity and approval of the Directors of this Company.

3. “That the draft agreement submitted to this Meeting and expressed to be made between this Company and its Liquidator of the one part, and the London Paper Mills Company, Limited, of the other part, be and the same is hereby approved and that the said Liquidator be and he is hereby authorized, pursuant to sec. 161 of the Companies Act, 1862, to enter into an agreement with such new Company (when incorporated) in the terms of the said draft, and to carry the same into effect with such (if any) modification as he may think expedient.”

Dated this 6th day of July, 1897.

GEORGE GRIFFITHS Chairman.

N. HERBERT SMITH 43 Coleman-street  
E.C. Solicitor.

In the Matter of Gatehouse and Son Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company, duly convened, and held at 15, Union-court, Castle-street, Liverpool, on Thursday, the 3rd day of June, instant, the following Special Resolution was duly passed, and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company also duly convened, and held at the same place, on Monday, the 21st day of June, instant, the following Special Resolution was duly confirmed :—

“That the Company be wound up voluntarily, under the provisions contained in the Companies Acts, and that Henry Edward Abbott, of 5, Fenwick-street, in the city of Liverpool, Chartered Accountant, be, and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding up.”

Dated the 30th day of June, 1897.

R. G. GATEHOUSE Chairman.

Middleton Junction Social Club and Institute Company, Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company, duly convened, and held at the offices of the Company, Castle-street Middleton Junction, in the county of Lancaster, on the 19th day of May, 1897, the following resolutions were passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened, and held at the same place on the 3rd day of June, 1897, such resolutions were confirmed as Special Resolutions :—

“That the Company be wound up voluntarily.

“That Mr. Thomas Yates of Middleton Junction be appointed Liquidator for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the Company.”

THOMAS YATES Chairman.

The Companies Acts 1862 to 1893.  
The Eagle Exploring and Finance Corporation,  
Limited. Special Resolutions.  
Passed 17th June, 1897.  
Confirmed 5th July, 1897.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Eagle Exploring and Finance Corporation, Limited, duly convened and held at No. 15, Copthall-avenue, in the city of London, on the 17th day of June, 1897, the subjoined Special Resolutions were duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company also duly convened and held at the same place, on the 5th day of July, 1897, the subjoined Special Resolutions were duly confirmed:—

1. "That the Corporation be wound up voluntarily.

2. "That Richard Nicoll Preece, of 5, Copthall-buildings, in the city of London, be appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up."

Dated this sixth day of July, 1897.

CHAS. J. CRISP Chairman.

In the Matter of Pigou Wilks and Laurence Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company duly convened and held at the Cannon-street Hotel in the city of London on the 1st day of July 1897 the following Extraordinary Resolution was duly passed:—

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this Meeting that the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its business and that it is advisable to wind up the same and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily."

And at the same Meeting Charles Lee Nichols of No. 1 Queen Victoria-street in the city of London Chartered Accountant was appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up.—  
Dated this third day of July, 1897.

HECTOR F. MONRO Chairman.

United Theatrical Property Syndicate Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the United Theatrical Property Syndicate Limited duly convened and held at 5, Moor-gate-street-buildings, London, E.C. on Monday 14th June, 1897 at 12.30 o'clock P.M. the following Special Resolution was passed, and at an Extraordinary General Meeting held at the offices of Messrs. Blakemore, Chantry and Co., 57, Moorgate-street, London, E.C. on Friday 2nd July, 1897, the Special Resolution was duly confirmed:—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily," and it was further resolved that Mr. George Henry Chantry be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up.

R. A. PITCAIRN Chairman.

LAWRANCE WALDRON and WEBSTER  
14 Old Jewry-chambers London Solicitors.

The Lamina Accumulator (Elieson's British Patents) Syndicate, Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Lamina Accumulator (Elieson's British Patents) Syndicate, Limited, duly convened and held at the registered office of the Syndicate, situate at Broad-street-avenue, in the city of London, on Monday, the 28th day of June, 1897, at three of the clock in the afternoon, the following Extraordinary Resolutions were duly passed:—

1. "That the Syndicate be wound up volun-

tarily, as it has been proved to the satisfaction of the Shareholders that the Syndicate cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the same.

2. "That Mr. Thomas Featherstone Smith, of No. 28, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, Accountant, be appointed Liquidator to conduct the winding-up, his remuneration to be fixed by the Shareholders." GALLOWAY, Chairman.

In the Matter of the Harefield Grove and Springwell Water Company Limited.

**A**T an Extraordinary Meeting of the above named Company duly convened and held at the Inns of Court Hotel Holborn London W.C. on the 14th day of June 1897 the following Special Resolution was duly passed and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company also duly convened and held at the same place on the 30th day of June 1897 the following resolution was duly confirmed viz:—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily under the provision of the Companies Acts 1862 to 1893 and that Mr. George Harry Saxon of No. 86 Leadenhall-street in the city of London Accountant be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up at a remuneration of £75."

Dated this eighth day of July 1897.

EBURY Chairman.

In the Matter of the Centaur Cycle Company Limited.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the creditors of the above named Company are required on or before the 31st day of August 1897 to send their names and addresses and particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any) to Charles Benjamin Townsend and Harry Nicholls the Liquidators of the said Company addressed to them at the New Centaur Cycle Company Ltd., West Orchard, Coventry, and if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidators are by their Solicitors or personally to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.—Dated this fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

BROWETTS 23 Bayley-lane, Coventry,  
Solicitors to the above named Liquidators.

The Lamina Accumulator (Elieson's British Patents) Syndicate Limited.

**T**HE creditors of the above named Syndicate are required on or before the tenth day of August 1897 to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any) to Thomas Featherstone Smith of 28 Basinghall-street in the city of London Accountant the Liquidator of the said Syndicate, and if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, are by their Solicitors, or personally, to come in and prove their said debts or claims, at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

WATSON-THOMAS and Co. College Hill-chambers College Hill London E.C.  
Solicitors for the said Liquidator.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1893, and in the Matter of the Apostoloff Automatic Telephone Parent Syndicate Limited.

**T**HE creditors of the above named Company are required on or before the 14th day of August next to send in their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names of their Solicitors (if any), to the undersigned J. W. Cohen, of 13 and 14 Abchurch-lane London E.C., the Liquidator of the said Company, and if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, are by their Solicitors to come in and prove their debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.—Dated 6th July 1897.

J. W. COHEN Liquidator.

WHITE and DE BURIATTE 38 Holborn-viaduct London E.C. Solicitors.

John Bull Gold Mining Syndicate Limited.

**N**OTICE is hereby given in pursuance of section 142 of the Companies Act, 1862, that a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held at the offices of Messrs. Christie and Co., Merchants' Exchange, Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, on the 12th day of August next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of having the account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidators.—Dated this 5th day of July, 1897.

J. R. CHRISTIE }  
H. GODFREY } Joint Liquidators.

The London and Western Australian Contract Company Limited.

**N**OTICE is hereby given in pursuance of section 142 of the Companies Act 1862 that a General Meeting of the Members of the above named Company will be held at 11 Grocers' Hall-court Mansion House in the city of London on Tuesday the 10th day of August 1897 at 12 o'clock noon for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted, and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator; also of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the books, accounts, and documents of the Company and of the Liquidator thereof shall be disposed of.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

FRANCIS TURNER Liquidator.

HARRY DADE 21 Copthall - avenue E.C. Solicitor.

Gerrish and Company Ltd., in Liquidation.

**N**OTICE is hereby given in pursuance of section 142 of the Companies Act 1862 that a General Meeting of the Members of the above named Company will be held at No. 14 Bladud-buildings Bath on Wednesday August 18th at 12 o'clock noon for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidators and also of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the books accounts and documents of the Company and of the Liquidators thereof shall be disposed of.—Dated this 1st day of July 1897.

STEPHEN FOX ANDREWS Chairman of Liquidators.

The Neena Company Limited.

**N**OTICE is hereby given in pursuance of section 142 of the Companies Act 1862, that a General Meeting of the Members of the above named Company will be held at 10 Walbrook on the 13th day of August 1897 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator and also of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the books accounts and documents of the Company and of the Liquidator thereof shall be disposed of.—Dated this 3rd day of July 1897.

ROBERT WARNER Liquidator.

Re Raikes Hall Park Gardens and Aquarium Co. Ltd.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the above named Company will be held at the Raikes Hall Estate Office Blackpool in the county of Lancaster on Thursday, the 12th day of August 1897 at 2.30 o'clock for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any statement that may be given by the Liquidators.—Dated the 7th day of July 1897.

CHAS. LODGESON }  
J. H. ROBINSON } Liquidators.

Waterloo Colliery Company, Limited.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Extraordinary and Final General Meeting of the Members of and in the Waterloo Colliery Company, Limited, will be held, pursuant to section one hundred and forty-two of the Companies Act eighteen hundred and sixty-two, at the office of the Liquidator in Bond-street, Dewsbury in the county of York on Wednesday the 11th day of August eighteen hundred and ninety-seven at 11 o'clock in the forenoon precisely for the purpose of having the accounts of the final winding-up laid before them by the Liquidator, showing the manner in which such winding-up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and hearing any explanation that may be given to them by the Liquidator and also of determining by Extraordinary Resolution (pursuant to section one hundred and fifty-five of the Principal Act) the manner in which the books accounts and documents of the Company and of the Liquidator thereof shall be disposed of, and of passing any other resolution that may be deemed necessary or advisable for the final closing of the said liquidation.

TOM BROADHEAD Liquidator.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Leopold Hirsch, Ludwig Neumann, Mayer Hirsch, Alexander Marc, August Ries and Emil Joseph Halberstadt carrying on business as Stockbrokers at Warnford-court in the city of London under the style of L. Hirsch and Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the 23th day of June 1897 from which date the said Mayer Hirsch retires from the firm. The business will be continued by Leopold Hirsch, Ludwig Neumann, Alexander Marc, August Ries Emil Joseph Halberstadt and Jacques de Günzburg under the same style at the same address and all debts due to or by the late firm will be received and paid by them.—Dated this 28th day of June 1897.

LEOPOLD HIRSCH.  
L. NEUMANN.  
ALEX. MARC.  
MAYER HIRSCH.  
EMIL J. HALBERSTADT.  
AUG. RIES.  
BARON JACQUES DE GÜNZBURG.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Frank Charles Westoby Edwin Alma Miner and Thomas William Hudson carrying on business as Tailors and Outfitters at 40 West Strand in the county of Middlesex under the style or firm of Westoby and Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent so far as regards the said Thomas William Hudson from the 1st day of June 1897. All debts due or owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Frank Charles Westoby and Edwin Alma Miner who will in future carry on the business at 40 West Strand aforesaid under the style or firm of Westoby and Co.—Dated the 6th day of July 1897.

FRANK C. WESTOBY.  
EDWIN ALMA MINER.  
THOMAS W. HUDSON.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Nellie Fox and Ralph Ernest Bicknell carrying on business as Letter Makers at No. 87 New Oxford-street in the county of London under the style or firm of Nash and Hull has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the 5th day of July 1897. All debts due to or owing by the late firm will be received and paid by the said Ralph Ernest Bicknell who will continue to carry on the said business under the same style as heretofore.—Dated this fifth day of July 1897.

NELLIE FOX.  
R. E. BICKNELL.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Francis James Livesey, John Jackson Saint and Arthur Ebenezer Slater Cook, carrying on business as Chartered Accountants at Carlisle, London, Liverpool, Manchester, Preston and Workington, under the style of J. Jackson Saint and Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 4th day of May, 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said John Jackson Saint and Arthur Ebenezer Slater Cook who will carry on the business as usual.—Dated this 3rd day of July 1897.

F. J. LIVESEY.  
J. JACKSON SAINT.  
ARTHUR E. S. COOK.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned Francis John Ryan, Francis John Ryan the younger and Alfred Daniel Ryan carrying on business as Builders and Decorators and House and Estate Agents &c. under the style or firm of Ryan Brothers at No. 57 St. John's-road Clapham Junction in the county of London and Hill Brow Plough-road Clapham Junction aforesaid has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 17th day of April 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Francis John Ryan the younger and the said business will in future be carried on by the said Francis John Ryan the younger at Hill Brow aforesaid under the said style or firm of Ryan Brothers.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

F. J. RYAN.  
F. J. RYAN JUN.  
A. D. RYAN.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Thomas Fairweather and Horace Warren Ward carrying on business as Warehousemen at No. 15 Watling-street in the city of London under the style or firm of Fairweather and Ward was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Horace Warren Ward who will continue the said business under the same style and title at the same address as heretofore.—Dated this second day of July 1897.

THOS. FAIRWEATHER.  
H. W. WARD.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Harry Palmer Edward Palmer and Walter Henry Lampard carrying on business as East India Merchants Condiment Manufacturers and Importers at 234, Rye-lane, Peckham, Surrey under the style or firm of Veerasawmy and Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the 30th day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven so far as regards the said Walter Henry Lampard. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Harry Palmer and Edward Palmer by whom the said business will in future be carried on under the same style.—Dated this 3rd day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

HARRY PALMER.  
EDWARD PALMER.  
WALTER HENRY LAMPARD.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Joseph Henry Payne and Arthur Spencer Long carrying on business as Cycle Dealers Repairers Instructors and Photographers at 5 Brynmaer-road Battersea Park, Surrey under the style or firm of Payne and Long has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 26th day of June 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Joseph Henry Payne.—Dated 28th day of June 1897.

JOSEPH HENRY PAYNE.  
ARTHUR SPENCER LONG.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Lawrence John Lawrence and William Hawthorne Butcher carrying on business as Electrical Engineers at No. 5A Stafford-street Bond-street London under the style or firm of Lawrence and Butcher has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the third day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.—Dated this 11th day of June 1897.

LAWRENCE JOHN LAWRENCE.  
WILLIAM HAWTHORNE BUTCHER.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Henry Percival Harwar Joseph Richard Harwar and Robert Fitch carrying on business as Law Stationers at Furnival's-inn and No. 42 Furnival-street in the city of London under the style or firm of Harwar Bros. and Fitch has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 30th day of June 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Robert Fitch.—Dated 5th day of July 1897.

H. P. HARWAR.  
JOS. R. HARWAR.  
ROBT. FITCH.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Mary Eliza Thomas and John Robert Thomas carrying on business as Furniture Dealers at Nos. 207 and 208 Tottenham-court-road and 1 Chenies-street and Nos. 39 and 41 Charlotte-street all in the county of London under the style or firm of Enoch Thomas and Son has been determined by mutual consent as from the 26th day of February 1897 the said John Robert Thomas having retired from the said firm and sold all his estate and interest therein to his sister Elizabeth Thomas who will in future carry on the said business in partnership with the said Mary Eliza Thomas under the same style or firm of Enoch Thomas and Son at Nos. 207 and 208 Tottenham-court-road and 1 Chenies-street aforesaid and that all moneys due to and owing by the said late Partnership will be received and paid by the said Mary Eliza Thomas and Elizabeth Thomas at Nos. 207 and 208 Tottenham-court-road.—As witness our hands this 24th day of June 1897.

JOHN ROBERT THOMAS.  
ELIZABETH THOMAS.  
MARY ELIZA THOMAS.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Arthur Benjamin Genese and Henry Moss Genese carrying on business as Cycle Manufacturers at 118 and 120 Great Russell-street Bloomsbury London W.C. under the style or firm of Genese Brothers has been dissolved by mutual consent, as and from the tenth day of June, 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Henry Moss Genese.—Dated this thirtieth day of June, 1897.

ARTHUR BENJAMIN GENESE.  
HENRY MOSS GENESE.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Nathaniel Grace and Ethel Eastcott Bowers-Bunnett, carrying on business as Milliners and Dressmakers at 21A Sloane-street under the style of Madame Bennet has been dissolved by effluxion of time as from the 30th day of June 1897.—Dated this 1st day of July 1897.

NATH. GRACE.  
ETHEL BOWERS-BUNNETT.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Leopold Loewenstein and William Matt Torrens carrying on business as Stock and Share Brokers at 14 Throgmorton-street in the city of London under the style or firm of Loewenstein Torrens and Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 25th day of June 1897 so far as concerns the said William Matt Torrens. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Leopold Loewenstein who will continue the business.—Dated 2nd day of July 1897.

LEOPOLD LOEWENSTEIN.  
WILLIAM MATT TORRENS.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Charles Warner and Samuel Wallis Smith carrying on business as Metal Brokers and Merchants at 147 Leadenhall-street in the city of London, and at 4, Rumford-place in the city of Liverpool under the style or firm of French and Smith was dissolved as and from the 30th day of June 1897, by mutual consent.—Dated the fifth day of July 1897.

CHARLES WARNER.  
S. W. SMITH.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Edward Stephen Little and George Walker carrying on business as Physicians and Surgeons at No. 6 Bank-buildings and No. 12 Lingfield-road Wimbledon Surrey under the style or firm of Little and Walker has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the thirty-first day of May 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said George Walker.—Dated this 24th day of June 1897.

EDWARD S. LITTLE.  
GEO. WALKER JR.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership formerly subsisting between us the undersigned Benjamin Bateson Beverley Kayner William Henry Conyers and Frederick Herbert Conyers trading as Tanners at Baldersby in the county of York under the style of the Baldersby Tanning Company was dissolved by mutual consent on the 15th day of March last.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

B. B. B. RAYNER.  
WM. HY. CONYERS.  
F. H. CONYERS.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership which has for some time past been carried on by us the undersigned Sarah Moody and John Thomas Moody under the firm of Sarah Moody and Son at Northallerton in the county of York in the trade or business of Joiners Builders and Wheelwrights was this day dissolved by mutual consent as from the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.—As witness our hands this second day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

SARAH MOODY.  
JOHN THOS. MOODY.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Harry John Kingscote Sealy, Frederick William Clarke and Henry Augustus Rose carrying on business as Dairy-men at Melbourne House Saint John's Jersey, under the style of the Saint John's Steam Dairy Company, has been dissolved by mutual consent so far as regards the said Henry Augustus Rose, who retires from the Partnership.—Dated this 28th day of May 1897.

HARRY J. K. SEALY.  
F. W. CLARKE.  
H. A. ROSE.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Franklin Hocking Frank B. Salmon and James Bremner carrying on business at the city of Liverpool under the style or firm of the Surprise Patent Washing Machine Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 13th day of November 1896.—Dated this ninth day of February 1897.

FRANK B. SALMON.  
JAMES BREMNER.  
FRANKLIN HOCKING.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Fred Norfolk Crossley and Hugh Driver carrying on business as Cabinet Makers and Upholsterers at Elliot-street Silsden in the West Riding of the county of York under the style or firm of Crossley and Driver has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Fred Norfolk Crossley.—Dated the seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

HUGH DRIVER.  
FRED NORFOLK CROSSLEY

#### Dissolution of Partnership.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership which has for some time past been carried on by Thomas John Rickard and John Davies under the name of the Jointless and Seamless Inner Tube Coy. at Newport in the county of Monmouth in the trade or business of Manufacturers and Dealers in Air Tubes for Pneumatic Tyres was dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 12th day of June 1897.—As witness our hands this seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

JOHN DAVIES.  
T. J. RICKARD.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned George William Rees and Benjamin Robert Morland carrying on business as Printers and Stationers at Romford in the county of Essex under the style or firm of Rees Morland and Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 30th day of June 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said George William Rees who will continue to carry on the said businesses alone under the style of Rees Morland and Co.—Dated 1st day of July 1897.

GEORGE W. REES.  
B. R. MORLAND.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned William Mattison and Francis Mattison carrying on business as Iron and Brass Founders and Machinists at Leeming-lane Station near Bedale in the county of York under the style or firm of F. Mattison and Co. has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the late firm will be received and paid by the undersigned Francis Mattison by whom the business will in future be carried on at Leeming-lane Station aforesaid under the style or firm of F. Mattison and Co.—Dated this third day of July 1897.

WILLIAM MATTISON.  
FRANCIS MATTISON.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership which has lately been carried on by Frederick Edwin Wood and Robert Rust under the firm of Wood and Company at Winton in the county of Southampton in the trade or business of Mechanical Engineers and Iron-founders was dissolved by mutual consent as from the first day of July instant and that the business will in future be carried on by the said Frederick Edwin Wood on his own account. All debts due to the late firm will be received by him and all debts due therefrom will be paid by him.—Dated this sixth day of July 1897.

F. E. WOOD.  
R. RUST.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Allan Thornton, Sam Thornton, Walter Thornton and Willie Thornton carrying on business as Colliery Proprietors at Lumb-lane Colliery in Liversedge under the style or firm of Thornton Bros. has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the date hereof.—Dated this fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

ALLAN THORNTON. WALTER THORNTON.  
SAM THORNTON. WILLIE THORNTON.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership which has for some time past been carried on by George John Wilson and William Duigan in the city and county of Oxford under the firm of Drs. Wilson and Duigan in the business or profession of Physicians and Surgeons was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—As witness our hands this thirtieth day of June 1897.

GEORGE JOHN WILSON.  
WILLIAM DUIGAN.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership subsisting between us, the undersigned Sidney Ellis and James Edward Gordon as Surgeons and Apothecaries at Salisbury in the county of Wilts has been dissolved by effluxion of time as and from the 24th day of June 1897.—Dated this second day of July 1897.

SIDNEY ELLIS.  
JAS. EDW. GORDON.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned John Thomas Davies and Frank Oliver Martin carrying on business as Wheelwrights and General Smiths at 46 Constellation-street Cardiff under the style or firm of Davies and Martin has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the third day of July 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said John Thomas Davies.—Dated fifth day of July 1897.

FRANK OLIVER MARTIN.  
JOHN THOMAS DAVIES.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Meyer Cohen and Louis Cohen carrying on business as Merchants and Manufacturers at 74 George-street in the city of Manchester under the style or firm of M. and L. Cohen and at Bingley in the county of Yorkshire under the style or firm of the Longdale Mills Company has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the twenty-fourth day of June 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Louis Cohen.—Dated the 5th day of July 1897.

MEYER COHEN.  
LOUIS COHEN.



**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned Isaac Crowther Watson and William Holton carrying on business as Cloth Manufacturers and Merchants at Rods Mills in Morley and at 52 Park-place in the city of Leeds (both in the county of York) under the style or firm of Watson and Holton has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to or owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by Messieurs Heselton and Son of 9 Market-street Bradford in the said county Chartered Accountants (the Auditors of the said late firm).—As witness our hands this thirtieth day of June one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

ISAAC C. WATSON.  
WILLIAM HOLTON.  
HESELTON and SON.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Robert Nixon and Henry Nixon carrying on business as Butchers at 131 Digbeth in the city of Birmingham under the style or firm of R. Nixon and Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the third day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Robert Nixon.—Dated this sixth day of July 1897.

ROBERT NIXON.  
HENRY NIXON.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Mervyn Kersteman King and Thomas Poole King carrying on business as African Merchants in the city of Bristol under the style or firm of Richard and William King has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the thirtieth day of June 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said firm will be received and paid by the said Mervyn Kersteman King by whom the business will in future be carried on under the same style as heretofore.—Dated 6th July 1897.

MERVYN K. KING.  
THOMAS POOLE KING.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Henry Stewart and Frank Stewart at numbers 100 and 102 Chester-street Birkenhead in the county of Chester as Hat and Cap Manufacturers and Outfitters under the style or firm of James Stewart and Sons was on the 30th day of June 1897 dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing from or due to the late firm will be discharged or received by the said Henry Stewart who for the future will carry on business on his own account under the style or firm of James Stewart and Sons.—Dated the 30th June 1897.

HENRY STEWART.  
FRANK STEWART.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned John French Neal and John Thomas Jacques carrying on business as Brickmakers at Heather in the county of Leicester under the style or firm of Neal and Jacques has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the fifth day of July 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said John French Neal.—Dated 7th day of July 1897.

JOHN FRENCH NEAL.  
JOHN THOMAS JACQUES.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned Henry Morris, Maurice Hamblin Smith, and Charles Henry Wheeler, carrying on the business of General Medical Practitioners in the district of Silverdale near Newcastle-under-Lyme in the county of Stafford under the style or firm of Morris, Smith, and Wheeler, has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the first day of June 1897.—Dated this 11th day of June 1897.

HENRY MORRIS.  
MAURICE HAMBLIN SMITH.  
C. H. WHEELER.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned James Marshall and William Henry Cotton in the business of Estate Agents at Number 12 Greyfriars in the county borough of Leicester and at Tavistock-chambers in the county borough of Nottingham under the firm of Marshall and Cotton has been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the late firm will be received and paid by the said James Marshall who will in future carry on the business at 12 Greyfriars Leicester and Tavistock-chambers Nottingham aforesaid under the style of James Marshall and Co.—Dated this twenty-sixth day of June 1897.

JAMES MARSHALL.  
WILLIAM HENRY COTTON.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned William Cutlack and William Treadway carrying on business as Brewers and Maltsters and Wine and Spirit Merchants at Soham in the county of Cambridge under the style or firm of Cutlack and Treadway has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 1st day of June 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said William Treadway.—Dated this 1st day of July 1897.

WM. CUTLACK.  
WILLIAM TREADWAY.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned John Alfred Smith and George Herbert Halliday carrying on business as Merchants under the style or firm of Smith Bros. and Co. at 40 Portland-street in the city of Manchester and under the style or firm of Halliday and Co. at Sirdars-buildings Bombay in the Empire of India has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the thirtieth day of June 1897. All debts due to and owing by the said late firms will be received and paid by the said George Herbert Halliday.—Dated this second day of July 1897.

JOHN ALFRED SMITH.  
GEORGE HERBERT HALLIDAY.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned John Wragg and Anthony Middleton carrying on business as Coal Merchants and Farmers at Bradwell and Hope in the county of Derby under the style or firm of Anthony Middleton and Co. has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the sixth day of July 1897.—Dated the 6th day of July 1897.

JOHN WRAGG.  
ANTHONY MIDDLETON.

#### JOHN WHEEL Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vic. cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**N**OTICE is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any debts claims or demands against the estate of John Wheel late of 36 Great Brook-street Birmingham in the county of Warwick Gentleman deceased, who died on the 6th day of October 1881 at 36 Great Brook-street aforesaid and whose will was proved in the District Probate Registry of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice at Birmingham on the 30th day of December 1881 by Stephen Read and George James Rabbett the executors and trustees named in the said will, are now hereby required to send full and detailed particulars of their debts claims or demands to me the undersigned the Solicitor for the surviving executor and trustee the said George James Rabbett on or before the 23rd day of August next as from and after the expiration of which date and time the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the debts claims or demands of which he the said executor shall then have had notice and the said executor will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any persons or person of whose debt claim or demand he shall not have had such notice as aforesaid.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

WALTER J. RABNETT Draper's-chambers Upper Priory Birmingham Solicitor for the said surviving Executor.

#### THOMAS GARDNER Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vic. cap. 35.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims upon the estate of Thomas Gardner late of Claverton House, Wick-road, Brislington in the county of Somerset Baker deceased who died on the 14th day of April 1897 intestate and to whose estate letters of administration were granted on the 26th day of May 1897 by the Bristol District Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice to Mary Gardner (the widow of the said intestate) are required to send in particulars of their claims to us the undersigned Solicitors for the said administratrix on or before the 26th day of July 1897 after which the administratrix will distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have had notice and she will not be liable for the assets so distributed to any persons of whose claims she shall not then have had notice.—Dated this second day of July 1897.

WANSBROUGH DICKINSON ROBINSON and TAYLER Lion-chambers, Broad-street, Bristol Solicitors for the Administratrix.



**Re EDWARD ROBERTS Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vic. cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Edward Roberts late of Fronhyfryd Llangollen in the county of Denbigh Farmer deceased (who died on the 6th day of April 1896 and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 22nd day of August 1896 by Simon Williams of Penybont Corwen Farmer and Walter Gummow Dodd of Penybryn Llangollen Gentleman the executors therein named) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to us the undersigned Minshalls and Parry-Jones on or before the 1st day of August 1897 after which date the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

**MINSHALLS and PARRY-JONES** of Llangollen Solicitors for the said Executors.

**JAMES SUCKSMITH Deceased.**

Pursuant to Statute 22nd and 23rd Vic. chapter 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all persons having any claim against the estate of James Sucksmith late of Hipperholme-cum-Brighouse in the parish of Halifax and county of York Farmer (who died on the 4th day of April 1885 and whose will was proved on the 20th day of April 1885 in the District Registry at Wakefield of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice by Thomas Illingworth and William King the executors therein named) are hereby required to send in writing the particulars of their claims to us, the undersigned, on or before the ninth day of August 1897 after which date the said executors will distribute the assets of the said deceased having regard only to the claims of which they shall have had notice.—Dated this fifth day of July 1897.

**BARBER and OLIVER** Brighouse, Yorkshire Solicitors for the said Executors.

**CLEMENT CROWTHER Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Clement Crowther late of Kidderminster in the county of Worcester Ironmaster (who carried on business as the Central Iron Steel and Tinplate Company at Kidderminster aforesaid and as the Audnam Foundry at Audnam near Stourbridge in the said county of Worcester) deceased (who died on the seventeenth day of January one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six and whose will was proved in the Worcester Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the twenty-second day of April following by John Hussey of Bolton Lodge Arthur-road Edgbaston Birmingham in the county of Warwick Gentleman and Harry Silk of 52 Lorne-street Kidderminster aforesaid Accountant the executors therein named) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to Messieurs Sharp Parsons and Co. of 120 Colmore-row Birmingham aforesaid Chartered Accountants on or before the tenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this fifth day of July 1897.

**CROWTHER and BONING** Bank-buildings Kidderminster Solicitors for the said Executors.

Statutory Notice to Creditors under the Trustees Relief Act.

**Re WILLIAM MILLER COWARD Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria chapter 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of William Miller Coward, late of 53 Rossett-road Great Crosby near Liverpool in the county of Lancaster Manager deceased (who died on the 2nd day of June 1897 and probate of whose will was granted to

Emily Coward and William Miller Coward the younger of 53 Rossett-road Great Crosby near Liverpool aforesaid the executrix and executor therein named by Her Majesty's High Court of Justice at the District Registry at Liverpool on the 28th day of June 1897) are hereby required to send the particulars, in writing, of their claims or demands to me, the undersigned W. Atcherley Tetlow on or before the 10th day of August next after which date the said executrix and executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

**W. ATCHERLEY TETLOW** 8 Westminister-chambers Crosshall-street Liverpool Solicitor for the said Executrix and Executor.

**Re WILLIAM BLENOWE Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vict. cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all persons having any claims or demands upon the estate of William Blencowe late of Brackley in the county of Northampton and of Thornlea the Drive West Brighton in the county of Sussex Gentleman deceased (who died on the 7th day of September 1896 and whose will was proved on the 27th day of November 1896 in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice by George William Rogers Eldred John Brooksmith and Robert Longman the executors therein named) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to us the undersigned Solicitors for the said executors on or before the 2nd day of August next after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice and the said executors will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**BARNES and THOMAS** Brackley, Northamptonshire Solicitors to the said Executors.

**THOMAS PHILLIPS HOUNSELL Deceased.**

Pursuant to Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic. cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any debts claims or demands against the estate of Thomas Phillips Hounsell late of Chertsey Surrey Veterinary Surgeon who died at St. Heliers Jersey (on the 13th day of December 1894 intestate and to whose estate letters of administration were granted by the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 29th day of April 1897 to John Hounsell of 14 Harwood-road Walham Green London the administrator therein named) are hereby required to send in the particulars of their debts claims and demands to us the undersigned Solicitors for the said administrator on or before the 9th day of August 1897 after the expiration of which time the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which the said administrator shall then have had notice and that the said administrator will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt claim or demand he shall not have had such notice as aforesaid.—Dated this 1st day of July 1897.

**MARTIN and NICHOLSON** 29 Queen-street Cheapside London, Solicitors for the said Administrator.

**HANNAH THOMPSON METCALFE Deceased.**

Pursuant to 22nd and 23rd Vic. cap. 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims against the estate of Hannah Thompson Metcalfe late of Norton in the county of Durham Spinster deceased (who died on the 17th day of March 1897) are hereby required to send particulars in writing of their claims to the undersigned as Solicitors for William Metcalf Watson the executor of the will of the deceased (which was proved at the Durham District Registry on the 2nd June 1897) on or before the 9th day of August next after which date the executor will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

**WATSON NEWBY and ROBSON** Stockton-on-Tees, Solicitors for the Executor.

**JOHN FORD WATERHOUSE Deceased.**  
Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Vict. cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of John Ford Waterhouse late of Tunbridge Wells in the county of Kent but formerly of Ticehurst in the county of Sussex deceased (who died on the 7th day of January 1897 and whose will and a codicil thereto were proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 27th day of March 1897 by Edward Corke of Ticehurst aforesaid and Obadiah Thomas Corke of Wadhurst in the county of Sussex two of the executors therein named) are required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to us the undersigned on or before the 9th day of August 1897 after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have notice and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**AITKENS and ANDREWS** Ticehurst, Sussex,  
Solicitors for the Executors.

**Re WILLIAM HYDE Deceased.**

Pursuant to 22 and 23 Victoria chapter 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of William Hyde late of Louth, in the county of Lincoln, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 10th day of January 1893 and whose will with three codicils thereto was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice by Saville Smith of Louth in the county of Lincoln Gentleman, Porter Wilson of the same place Gentleman, and Benjamin Crow of the same place Solicitor's Clerk, three of the executors named in the said will and codicils on the 28th day of March 1893) are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims to us, the undersigned, Solicitors of the said executors, on or before the 7th day of August next, after which day the executors will distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the executors shall then have notice, and that they will not then be liable for the assets so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not then have notice.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

**WILSON and SON** Louth Solrs. to the Executors.

**WILLIAM MILNE Esquire, Deceased,**  
Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of William Milne late of 1, York-villas Sandgate Folkestone in the county of Kent Esquire deceased (who died on the 15th day of April 1897 and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 1st day of July 1897 by Oswald Milne and Wilfred Milne both of Weybridge in the county of Surrey Esquires the executors therein named) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to the undersigned on or before the 24th day of July 1897 after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

**MILNE and MILNE** 5 and 6 Clement's - inn  
Strand W.C. Solicitors for the Executors.

**ELIZABETH ALICE BAILEY Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Elizabeth Alice Bailey late of No. 3 Fitzwilliam-street Cambridge in the county of Cambridge Spinster deceased (who died on the 8th day of December 1896 and whose will was proved in the Peterborough District Probate Registry of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 2nd day of February 1897 by me the undersigned Charles Berkeley Margetts of Huntingdon in the county of Huntingdon Solicitor and William Henry Smith of Huntingdon aforesaid Bootmaker the executors of the said deceased) are hereby required to send to me as the solicitor for the said executors the particulars in writing

of their claims or demands on or before the first day of October 1897 after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

**C. B. MARGETTS** No. 6 Market-hill Huntingdon.

**THOMAS KENDALL Deceased.**

Pursuant to 22 and 23 Vict. cap. 35.

**ALL** creditors and other persons claiming against the estate (or to be interested as grandchildren or the issue of grandchildren or otherwise under the provisions of the will) of Thomas Kendall late of Canal Side in Idle in the parish of Calverley in the county of York Farmer deceased (who died on the 2nd November 1881 and whose said will was proved in the District Registry at Wakefield of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 4th January 1882 by the executors therein named) are required to send particulars of their claims to us before the 7th August next after which date the surviving executor will forthwith distribute the assets of the deceased having regard only to claims of which he shall then have had notice.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

**MORGAN and MORGAN** Victoria-chambers,  
Market-square, Shipley, and Cheapside, Bradford, Solicitors for the Executor.

**ROBERT KENDALL Deceased.**

Pursuant to 22 and 23 Vict. cap. 35.

**ALL** creditors and others claiming against the estate of Robert Kendall late of Canal Bank Windhill Yorkshire Farmer deceased (who died on the 8th March last and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 29th April last by the executors therein named) are required to send particulars of their claims to us on or before the 7th August next after which date the executors will forthwith distribute the assets of the said deceased having regard only to claims of which they shall then have had notice.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

**MORGAN and MORGAN** Victoria-chambers,  
Market-square, Shipley, and Cheapside Bradford  
Solicitors for the Executors.

**JAMES BAIRSTOW Deceased.**

Pursuant to 22 and 23 Vict. cap. 35.

**ALL** creditors and others claiming against the estate of James Bairstow late of New Laihe Farm Shipley in the county of York Builder and Contractor deceased (who died on the 16th February last and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 29th April last by the executors therein named) are required to send particulars of their claims to us on or before the 7th August next after which date the executors will forthwith distribute the assets of the said deceased having regard only to claims of which they shall then have had notice.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

**MORGAN and MORGAN** Victoria-chambers,  
Market-square, Shipley, and Cheapside, Bradford, Solicitors for the Executors.

**JOHN GARNHAM Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic. c. 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of John Garnham late of 29 Gower-street London Boot and Shoe Manufacturer and lately carrying on business at 78 Long-acre London and 39 Tottenham Court-road who died on the 18th day of April 1890 and whose will was proved by Emma Garnham and Alfred Johnston of No. 100 Carleton-road Tufnell Park London the executrix and executor therein named on the 31st day of May 1890 in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims and demands to me the undersigned Solicitor for the said Alfred Johnston the surviving executor on or before the 24th day of July instant after which date the said surviving executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have notice and that he will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall then not have had notice.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**ERNEST VAUGHAN** 17 Southampton-street  
Fitzroy-square W. Solicitor for the Executor.

**LUKE TURNER Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria chapter 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Luke Turner late of Richmond House in the county borough of Leicester Elastic Web Manufacturer deceased (who died on the 12th day of March 1897 and whose will was proved in the District Registry at Leicester of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 30th day of June 1897 by Alfred Page of Maypole Yard Nottingham Wholesale Haberdasher and Sir Thomas Wright of Leicester Solicitor the executors therein named) are hereby required to send in particulars in writing of their claims and demands to the said executors under cover addressed to Sir Thomas Wright and Son, Solicitors, Leicester, Solicitors to the said executors on or before the 21st day of August 1897 after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice and the said executors will not be liable or accountable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

WRIGHT and SON, Belvoir-chambers, 7, Welford-road, Leicester, Solicitors to the Executors.

**WILLIAM BAINBRIDGE Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria chapter 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of William Bainbridge late of Banbury in the county of Oxford Retired Grocer formerly of Glen Hetty Knighton in the county borough of Leicester deceased (who died on the 14th day of April 1897 and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 17th day of June 1897 by William Snow Johnson of Halford-street Leicester Provision Dealer's Manager the executor therein named) are hereby required to send in particulars in writing of their claims and demands to the said executor under cover addressed to Sir Thomas Wright and Son Solicitors Leicester Solicitors to the said executor on or before the 21st day of August 1897 after which date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice and the said executor will not be liable or accountable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

WRIGHT and SON Belvoir-chambers, 7 Welford-road Leicester Solicitors to the Executor.

**ROBERT FRANCIS LEWIS BAUGHAN Deceased.**

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of Robert Francis Lewis Baughan late of the Duchess of Clarence No. 171 Vauxhall Bridge-road Pimlico in the county of Middlesex deceased (who died on the 7th day of May 1897 and whose will was proved on the 23rd day of June 1897) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to us the undersigned Solicitors for the executrix on or before the 31st day of July next after which date the executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which she shall then have had notice; and she will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands she shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

YEILDING PIPER and TALLACK 13 Vincent-square Westminster Solicitors for the Executrix.

**Dr. ROBERT HOGG Deceased.**

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the law of Property and to relieve trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Robert Hogg late of No. 99 St. George's-road Pimlico in the county of Middlesex and Heathfield in the county of Sussex L.L.D. deceased who died on the 14th day of March last and whose will was proved by Caroline Amelia Hogg Widow the relict Robert Alexander Milligan Hogg Esq. the son and

Caroline Amelia Bankier (the wife of William Henry Bankier) the daughter of the said deceased and Robert Cochran Esquire four of the executors therein named on the 28th day of April 1897 in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims and demands to us the undersigned as Solicitors for the said executors on or before the tenth day of August next after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have notice and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

WEBB NICHOLS and ALLINSON 11 Argyll-street Regent-street, W. Solicitors for the said Executors.

**JOHN WHITE Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., cap. 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of John White late of Leighton Bussard in the county of Bedford Wine Merchant deceased who traded under the style or firm of John White and Co. and who died on the seventh day of January 1882 are required to send written particulars of such claim to the undersigned Solicitor for Robert Richmond of Leighton Bussard aforesaid Chemist the surviving executor of the will of the deceased before the seventeenth day of August next after which date the said executor will distribute the deceased's assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.—Dated this seventh day of July 1897.

CHAS. W. B. CALCOTT Leighton Bussard Beds

**ELIZABETH WHITE Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., cap. 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Elizabeth White late of Leighton Bussard in the county of Bedford Widow deceased who died on the first day of May 1897 are required to send written particulars of such claim to the undersigned Solicitor for Robert Richmond of Leighton Bussard aforesaid Chemist the sole executor of the will of the deceased before the seventeenth day of August next after which date the said executor will distribute the deceased's assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.—Dated this seventh day of July 1897.

CHAS. W. B. CALCOTT Leighton Bussard Beds.

**WILLIAM SEBASTIAN GRAFF BAKER Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vict. cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any debts claims or demands against the estate of William Sebastian Graff Baker late of 25 Kensington Court Mansions in the county of London and of 18 Austin Friars in the city of London Electrical Engineer who died on the 1st day of June 1897 and to whose personal estate letters of administration were granted by the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice to Grace Carey Graff Baker are hereby required to send particulars of their claims or demands to me the undersigned as Solicitor to the said administratrix on or before the 9th day of August next after which the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have had notice and the said administratrix will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any persons of whose debt or claim she shall not then have had notice; all persons indebted to the estate of the said William Sebastian Graff Baker are requested forthwith to pay the amount of their debts respectively to me the undersigned on behalf of the said administratrix. Dated this 9th day of July 1897.

R. BYRON JOHNSON, 49 and 50 Parliament-street, Westminster, Solicitor to the said Administratrix.

**Re EMMA LEACH Deceased.**

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of Emma Leach, late of 60, Portland-road, Halifax, Widow, who died on the 16th day of May 1897, are requested to send particulars to us before the 11th day of August next after which date the executor will distribute the estate, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.—Dated this sixth day of July 1897.

Longbutham and Sons, 4, Carlton-street, Halifax, Solicitors for the Executor.

**The Reverend TUPPER CAREY Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria chapter 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of the Reverend Tupper Carey late of Ebbesborne Wake Salisbury in the county of Wilts and of No. 18 Royal-crescent Bath in the county of Somerset Clerk in Holy Orders deceased (who died on the 27th day of April 1897 and letters of administration with his will annexed were on the 17th day of June 1897 granted out of the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice to Helen Jane Carey of No. 22 Blenheim-terrace Leeds in the county of York widow) are hereby required to send to us in writing, the full particulars of their debts, claims and demands on or before the 6th day of August 1897 after which day the said administratrix will proceed to administer the estate and distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims and demands of which the said administratrix shall then have had notice, and the said administratrix will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim or demand the said administratrix has not had notice at the time of distribution; and all persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased are requested forthwith to pay the amount of their debts respectively to the said administratrix or to us the undersigned.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

OSBORN JENKYN and SON 63 Lincoln's-inn-fields London W.C. Solicitors for the said Administratrix.

**SIMPSON NOAKES Deceased.**

Pursuant to Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria chapter 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Simpson Noakes late of the Cottage Bushey Heath in the county of Hertford and of 51 Fetter-lane in the city of London Esquire (who died on the 1st day of May 1897 and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice on the 12th of June 1897 by Thomas Francis Blackwell of the Cedars Harrow Weald in the county of Middlesex Esquire and Samuel John Blackwell of Brookshill Harrow Weald aforesaid Esquire the executors therein named) are hereby required to send particulars in writing of their claims and demands to us on or before the 1st day of September next after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

SEDGWICK TURNER and ODDIE Watford Herts, Solicitors for the said Executors.

**JAMES PAINTER McEuen Deceased.**

Pursuant to Statute 22nd and 23rd Vic. cap. 35.

**ALL** creditors and others having claims against the estate of James Painter McEuen Captain Superintendent of Police late of Shanghai (who died at Yokohama Japan on the 30th day of August 1896 and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 18th day of May 1897 by Milford Hallett one of the executors named in the said will) must furnish us the undersigned as Agents for the said executor with written particulars thereof on or before the 10th day of August 1897 when the estate will be distributed having regard only to claims of which notice shall then have been received.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

LEIGHTON and SAVORY 2 Clement's-inn Strand London W.C. Solicitors for the Executor.

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vict. cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Mary Phillips late of 12 Church-street St. Austell in the county of Cornwall Draper deceased (who died on the 15th day of May 1897 at St. Austell aforesaid intestate and letters of administration of whose personal estate were granted by the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice to William Phillips of St. Austell aforesaid Cooper, on the 28th day of June 1897) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to us the undersigned on or before the 7th day of September 1897 after which date the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice, and he will not

be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

WATTS WARD and ANTHONY 4 Princess-square Plymouth Solicitors for the said Administrator.

**LUCY MANKNELL Deceased.**

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims and demands upon or against the estate of Lucy Manknell late of Brimington in the county of Derby deceased (who died on or about the 12th day of March 1897 and whose will with one codicil thereto was proved by Joseph Belfitt of Hollingwood Common near Staveley Works in the county of Derby Farmer the executor named in the said codicil on the 6th day of April 1897 in the District Probate Registry of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice at Derby) are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims and demands to the undersigned the Solicitors for the said executor on or before the 14th day of August 1897 and notice is hereby also given that after that day the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which the said executor shall then have notice, and that he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 9th day of July 1897.

JONES and MIDDLETON Chesterfield Solicitors for the said Executor.

**THOMAS JONES Deceased.**

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the twenty-second and twenty-third years of the reign of Her present Majesty cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Thomas Jones late of No. 47 Commercial-road in the city of Hereford retired Railway Policeman deceased (who died on the 17th day of February 1897 and whose will was proved by Samuel Ward of Radnor Villa Ryelands-street in the city of Hereford Solicitor's Managing Clerk and John Martin of Barrs Court Station in the city of Hereford Railway Inspector the executors therein named on the 15th day of May 1897 in the Hereford District Registry of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice) are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims and demands to the said Samuel Ward and John Martin or to the undersigned their Solicitor on or before the 2nd day of August 1897 and notice is hereby also given that after that day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have notice and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

E. L. WALLIS of No. 133 Saint Owen-street, Hereford Solicitor for the said Executors.

**The Revd. CHARLES DOLBEN Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vict. cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands against the estate of the Revd. Charles Dolben late of Ipsley Rectory in the county of Warwick (who died at Ipsley Rectory aforesaid on the 28th day of January 1897 and to whose estate letters of administration with the will annexed were granted out of the Birmingham District Registry of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice on the 3rd day of April 1897 to Frances Elizabeth Anne Dolben Widow the relict of deceased the universal legatee for life named in the said will) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims and demands to me the undersigned on or before the 2nd day of August 1897 after which date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which she shall then have had notice and she will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands she shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

THEO. CHRISTOPHERS Henley-in-Arden Birmingham Solicitor for the said Administratrix.

**Re CAROLINE SHARP, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vict. cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Caroline Sharp, late of Attercliffe East Loos in the county of Cornwall Spinster deceased (who died on the 12th day of May 1897, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 11th day of June 1897 by Emily Martin and Walter George Marzetti the executors therein named) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to me the undersigned on or before the 9th day of August 1897 after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice, and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 9th day of July 1897.

**EUSTACE MARZETTI** Bartholomew House Bank, London, E.C. Solicitor for the said Executors.

**Re HANNAH RHODES Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Victoria cap. 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Hannah Rhodes late of 19 Gartside-street Oldham in the county of Lancaster (who died on the 10th day of September 1896 intestate and of whose personal estate and effects letters of administration were granted by the Manchester Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 4th day of January 1897 to Thomas Rhodes of Hope Villa Thornton Poulton-le-Fylde in the said county of Lancaster) are hereby required to send in particulars in writing of their claims and demands to the said Thomas Rhodes on or before the 14th day of August 1897 after which date the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said intestate among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which the said administrator shall then have had notice and he will not be liable for the said assets so distributed or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim or demand he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

**TWEEDALE SONS and LEES**, Church-lane Oldham Solicitors to the said Administrator.

**JOHN KEYS Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vic. cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of John Keys, late of 6 Rose Hill-street Derby in the county of Derby, Gentleman deceased (who died on the 17th day of May 1897 and probate of whose will was granted by the Derby District Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 29th day of June 1897 to Frances Keys and James Lockwood the executors named in the said will) are hereby required to send particulars, in writing, of their said claims or demands to me the undersigned, as Solicitor for the said executors, on or before the 14th day of August 1897 after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 8th day of July 1897.

**A. E. HOBSON** All Saints-chambers Derby Solicitor to the said Executors.

**ISAAC RIST Deceased.**

**NOTICE** is hereby given pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Vict. c. 35 that all persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Isaac Rist late of Brentwood in the county of Essex Grocer deceased (who died on the 18th day of February 1897 and whose will and codicils were proved by Robert Green Rist of Brentwood aforesaid Grocer and Edward Palmer Landon of 53 New Broad-street in the city of London Gentleman two of the executors therein named on the 1st day of July 1897 in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice) are hereby required to send in the particulars of their debts or claims to the said executors at the offices of the undersigned their Solicitors on or before the 29th day of September 1897; and notice is hereby also given that

after that day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Isaac Rist deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 8th day of July 1897.

**E. F. and H. LANDON** 53 Broad-street London E.C. Solicitors for the said Executors.

**WILLIAM BARBER Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Victoria chapter 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of William Barber late of 9 the Boltons South Kensington in the county of Middlesex Esquire deceased (who died on the 12th day of March 1897 and whose will with two codicils was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 4th May 1897 by Robert Barber and Henry Barber the executors named in the said will and codicils) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims and demands to us the undersigned the Solicitors for the said executors on or before the 15th day of August 1897 after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

**YOUNG JONES and CO.** 2 St. Mildred's-court Poultry E.C. Solicitors to the Executors.

**JOSHUA SHEPHERD TAYLOR Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vict. chap. 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Joshua Shepherd Taylor Planter formerly of Rajmahal Bengal but late of the Oriental Club Hanover-square and of Edderton House Ross-shire and the Scottish Conservative Club Edinburgh (who died on the 26th day of May 1897 at Edderton House aforesaid and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 8th day of July 1897 by John Taylor Cormack of Linkfield Portobello N.B. Retired Merchant and David Cruickshank of 138 Leadenhall-street in the city of London Merchant two of the executors therein named) are hereby required to send on or before the 3rd day of October 1897 particulars of their claims and demands to us the undersigned as Solicitors for the said executors after which date the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**SANDERSON ADKIN and LEE** 46 Queen Victoria-street E.C. Solicitors for the said Executors.

**JOHN CANNING Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic. cap. 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims upon the estate of John Canning, late of 19 High-street, Harborne, in the county of Stafford, and formerly of the city of Birmingham, Law Stationer, deceased, who died on the 6th day of June 1897, are required to send particulars of their claims to us the undersigned on or before the second day of August 1897, after which date the executor of the will of the said John Canning will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**HOOPE and RYLAND** 83 Colmore-row, Birmingham Solicitors for the Executor.

**HENRIETTA GIBBS Deceased.**

**NOTICE** is hereby given pursuant to the 22 and 23 Vic. cap. 35 that all creditors and others having any claim against the estate of Henrietta Gibbs of Aston near Rotherham, Yorkshire, Spinster who died on the 17th day of December 1896 and whose will and codicils thereto were proved in the Principal Registry by Sarah Watson the executrix therein named) are requested to send particulars thereof to me the Solicitor for the executrix on or before the 17th August next when the assets of the said deceased will be distributed regard being had only to the claims of which notice shall have been received.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**THOS. R. WATSON** 81 Finsbury-pavement E.C. Solicitor for the said Executrix.



**Re JOHN STEPHENSON Deceased.**

Pursuant to Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria cap. 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all persons having any claims against the estate of John Stephenson late of Number 4 Victoria-terrace Kirkmanshulme-lane Long-sight near Manchester in the county of Lancaster and of Shepley in the county of York, Stone Merchant Mason and Contractor deceased (who died on the 6th day of November 1894 and whose will was proved in the District Registry at Manchester attached to the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice by Alice Stephenson and David Conway the executors therein named) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims to us the undersigned on or before the 19th day of August next after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice, and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this sixth day of July 1897.

**RYLANCE and SON 76 Mosley-street Manchester**  
Solicitors for the Executors.

**WILLIAM BALL Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty c. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of William Ball late of the Royal Arms Silver-town in the county of Essex Gentleman deceased who died on the 5th day of May 1897 intestate and letters of administration to whose estate were granted by Her Majesty's High Court of Justice at the Principal Probate Registry thereof on the 3rd day of July 1897 to Walter Milburn Ball the natural and lawful brother of the said deceased are required to send particulars in writing of their claims or demands to the undersigned on or before the 12th day of August 1897 after which date the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he should then have had notice and the said administrator will not be liable or accountable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he should not then have had notice.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

**NASH FIELD and CO. 12 Queen-street Cheap-side E.C. Solrs. for the Administrator.**

**Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel****RAJENDRA CHANDRA CHANDRA Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Victoria c. 35. sec. 29.

**ALL** creditors and others having any claims against or on the estate of Rajendra Chandra Chandra late of 24 Devonshire-terrace Hyde Park London a Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel in Her Majesty's Indian Army deceased (who died on the 14th December 1895 and of whose personal estate and effects letters of administration have been granted to James Frederick Burton and Henry Maxwell Dalston the attorneys of Mohendro Lal Chunder and Sreemutty Choonemoney Dassee the brother and sister and only next-of-kin of the said deceased by Her Majesty's High Court of Justice at the Principal Probate Registry) are hereby required to send particulars in writing of their claims to the undersigned on or before the 11th day of August 1897 after which date the said administrators will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which the administrators have then notice and they will not be liable for the assets so distributed or any part thereof to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**BURTON YEATES and BART 23 Surrey-street Strand London W.C., Solicitors for the said Administrators.**

**WILLIAM SACHEVERELL COKE Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic. cap. 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of William Sacheverell Coke late of Brookhill Hall Alfreton in the county of Derby Esquire deceased (who died on the 4th day of March 1896 and to whose estate letters of administration with will annexed were granted out of the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 2nd day of July 1897 to William Langton Coke the natural and lawful son and one of the next-of-kin of the said deceased) are hereby required to send particulars in writing of their claims and demands to me the undersigned Solicitor for the said administrator on or before the 17th day of

August 1897 after which date the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice and he will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims and demands he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**SEATON F. TAYLOR 5 Gray's-inn-square London**  
Solicitor for the Administrator.

**JOSEPH LAWSON Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act 22 and 23 Vict. chap. 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Joseph Lawson late of No. 11 Woodstock-avenue Redland in the city of Bristol Gentleman deceased (who died on the nineteenth day of April last and whose will was proved in the Bristol District Registry (Probate Division) of the High Court of Justice on the thirty-first day of May last by Samuel Robert Long and John Bucknell the executors therein named) are required to send particulars in writing of such claims or demands to us the undersigned Solicitors to the executors on or before the thirty-first day of August next after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice.—Dated this ninth day of July 1897.

**JOHN MILLER and SON 1, St. Stephen's-chambers, Bristol, Solicitors to the Executors.**

**CAROLINE EMMA PATEY Deceased.**

**NOTICE** is hereby given pursuant to 22 and 23 Vict. c. 35 that persons having any claim upon the estate of Caroline Emma Patey late of 18 Macaulay-buildings Bath Widow deceased who died on the 23rd day of February 1897 whose will was proved by Algernon Brendon Major-General Royal Artillery and Joshua Brooking Rowe Gentleman the executors thereof, in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 6th day of May 1897 are required to send particulars of their claims to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of August next after which day the executors will distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto and they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**BULTEEL ROWE and MUNDAY Solicitors**  
Mulgrave-street Plymouth Solicitors for the said Executors.

**JOHN KELSALL Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vict. cap. 35.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of John Kelsall late of 12 Irish-street, Whitehaven in the county of Cumberland Gentleman (who died on the 7th June 1897 and whose will with one codicil was proved in the Principal Probate Registry on 30th June 1897 by Wilson Franks the sole executor) are hereby required to send particulars of their claims or demands to me the undersigned on or before the 12th day of August 1897 after which date the executor will proceed to distribute the estate of the testator having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

**J. R. THOMPSON 18 Scotch-street, Whitehaven**  
Solicitor for the Executor.

**FREDERICK GRANT WHITE Esqre. Deceased.**

Statutory Notice to Creditors.

**ALL** creditors having any claims against the estate of Frederick Grant White, late of No. 16 Morden-road, Blackheath, Kent, and of No. 2 Great Winchester-street, in the city of London Esquire, who died on the 10th March 1897, and whose will was proved on the 13th April 1897 by Edward Felix White, the sole executor therein named are hereby required to send particulars of such claims to us, the undersigned Solicitors for the said executor, on or before the 31st August 1897.—Dated this 5th July 1897.

**BARFIELD and CHILD 5 Plowden-buildings, Temple, London, Solicitors for the Executor.**

**MARY ANN COLING Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria cap. 35 intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of Mary Ann Coling (late Wife of the Reverend Richard James Coling of Stow Maries Rectory

near Malden in the county of Essex) deceased, who died on the 18th day of May 1897 and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice on the 1st day of July 1897 by Robert Cunliffe and Henry Reginald Cooke the surviving executors therein named, are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims and demands to the said executors at the office of their Solicitors Messrs. Cunliffes and Davenport 48, Chancery-lane in the county of Middlesex on or before the 1st day of September 1897 after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim or demand they shall not have had such notice as aforesaid.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

CUNLIFFES and DAVENPORT 48 Chancery-lane London W.C. Solicitors to the said Executors.

FREDERICK MACDONALD Deceased late of 40 Adys-road Peckham.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that all creditors are to send in their claims in writing to the administratrix on or before the 5th day of August 1897 and any amounts owing to the estate to be forwarded to her at the above address after that date the administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets to those persons entitled to receive the same having regard only to the debts or claims of which she shall then have had notice.—5th day July 1897.

CHARLOTTE MACDONALD.

In the High Court of Justice.—Chancery Division.

Mr. Justice Kekewich.

To Herbert William Foulsham late of No. 1 St. Margaret's-road Brockley in the county of Kent and of 13 Trafalgar-road Yarmouth in the county of Norfolk Wine Shipper and Ida Gertrude Foulsham late of the same places wife of the said Herbert William Foulsham.

**T**AKE notice that on the 8th day of May 1897 an originating summons was issued in the action of Crosse v. Foulsham and others 1897. C. No. 1408. That by such summons you the said Herbert William Foulsham and Ida Gertrude Foulsham as mortgagors of the premises referred to in the mortgage thereafter mentioned are required within eight days after service of such summons on you respectively inclusive of the day of such service to cause an appearance to be entered on your behalf to the said summons which is issued upon the application of the plaintiffs Arthur Willson Crosse and Reginald William Crosse of No. 7 Lancaster-place Strand in the county of London who claim to be interested as first mortgagees of the said premises for an Order for (1) an account of what is due to them for principal interest and costs under a mortgage dated the 1st day of June 1886 made between you the said Herbert William Foulsham and Ida Gertrude Foulsham of the one part and Edward Willson Crosse (since deceased) of the other part and under an Indenture of further Charge dated the 11th October 1886 and made between the same parties which deeds were transferred to the plaintiffs by Indenture of Transfer dated the 15th day of September 1892 and made between the plaintiff Arthur Willson Crosse and Charles Neville Crosse (the executors of the will of the said Edward Willson Crosse deceased) of the one part and the plaintiffs of the other part and that the mortgage may be enforced by foreclosure or sale and for (2) costs. And take notice that by an Order of Mr. Justice Kekewich dated 3rd day of July 1897 it was ordered that the service of the said summons by publication of this notice once in the London Gazette once in the Times once in the Standard and once in the Eastern Weekly Express newspapers should be deemed good service of the said originating summons upon you the said Herbert William Foulsham and Ida Gertrude Foulsham. And further take notice that in default of your causing an appearance to be entered for you at the Central Office Royal Courts of Justice London within eight days after the insertion of the last of such advertisements the plaintiffs may proceed in the said action and Judgment may be given in your absence.—Dated this 3rd day of July 1897.

W. O. HEWLETT, Master.

Spitalfields.

**T**O be sold pursuant to a Judgment of the High Court of Justice (Chancery Division) in an action of Wearing v. Wearing with the approbation of Mr. Justice Stirling by Mr. Alfred Moore of the firm of Messrs. C. C.

No. 26871.

L

and T. Moore the person appointed by the said Judge at the Auction Mart E.C. on Thursday 22nd July at 2 o'clock in 3 lots:—

The following valuable freehold property Nos. 5 and 7 Grey Eagle-street and Nos. 17 and 18 Great Pearl-street let on lease at £89 18s. reversion to rack rents (estimated at £109 per annum) at Christmas next, Nos. 15, 17 and 19 Little Pearl-street let on lease at £39 18s. per annum with reversion to rack rents (estimated at £137 14s. per annum) at Christmas next, No. 13 Little Pearl-street and Crown-court let on lease at £40 per annum reversion to rack rents (estimated at £160 per annum) at Christmas next, Nos. 24½, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29½, 29½ and 30 Great Pearl-street and Nos. 3, 4 and 5 Wilk-court and Half Wilk-court let on lease at rents (amounting to £144 16s. per annum with reversion to rack rents (estimated at £590 per annum) at Christmas next and as to No. 24½ at Midsummer 1898.

Particulars of Messrs. W. Carpenter and Sons Solicitors 5 Laurence Pountney-lane E.C. Messrs. Patey and Warren Solicitors 90 London-Wall E.C. Messrs. Easton and Cargill Solicitors Lion House 124 Walworth-road S.E. Messrs. Gibson Usher and Co. Solicitors 55 Lincoln's-inn-fields and of the Auctioneers 7 Leadenhall-street E.C. and 144 Mile End-road, E.—Dated 25th June 1897. THOS. A. ROMER Master of the Supreme Court.

**T**O be sold pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Justice (Chancery Division) made in the actions Hudson v. Austen, Morgan v. Morgan and Morgan v. Shanks with the approbation of Mr. Justice North the Judge to whom these actions are attached by Mr. Arthur William Brackett the person appointed by the said Judge at the Mart Tokenhouse-yard Lothbury in the city of London on Wednesday the 28th of July 1897 at 2 o'clock in the afternoon in one lot:—

A freehold residential estate known as Tidebrook Manor situate in the parish of Wadhurst in the county of Sussex comprising a mansion, farm house, two pairs of cottages and 157A. 3R. 12P. of park and other land.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had gratis of Messrs. Kingsford Dorman and Co. of 23 Essex-street Strand London Solicitors of Mr. Harold E. Moore of 41 Bedford-row London Land Agent of the Auctioneer at 27 High-street Tunbridge Wells Kent and at the place of sale.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

E. W. WALKER Master.

**T**O be sold pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Justice Chancery Division made in an action re Elizabeth Ann West deceased George v. Grose 1896, W. 933 with the approbation of Mr. Justice Kekewich by Mr. John Geach Hawkey the person appointed by the said Judge at the Molesworth Hotel at Wadebridge in the county of Cornwall on Friday the 6th day of August 1897 at four o'clock in the afternoon in two lots:—

The freehold farm called Hendraweather containing about 106 acres situate in the parish of Minster in the county of Cornwall and the freehold farm called Polingarrow and Rose-in-the-Vale containing about 102A. 3R. and 30P. with good dwelling-house and outbuildings situate in the parish of St. Kew in the said county of Cornwall.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had gratis of Mr. Richard James Edward Symons of Wadebridge Solicitor, and Mr. Mark Guy of Bodmin Solicitor, of Messrs. Robbins Billing and Co. of Surrey House Victoria Embankment London Solicitors, of Messrs. Lyell and Co. of 5 Fenchurch-street London Solicitors, of the Auctioneer at Treglimes Wadebridge and at the place of sale.—Dated this 6th day of July, 1897.

RICHD. JOHN VILLIERS Master.

**T**O be sold pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Justice Chancery Division made in an action re Newbery, Newbery v. Buckingham 1894 N. No. 602 with the approbation of Mr. Justice Romer to whose Court the said action is attached by Mr. Charles William Davies the person appointed by the said Judge at the Mart Tokenhouse-yard E.C. on Tuesday 20th July 1897 at one o'clock precisely in two lots viz.:

Lot 1. The leasehold warehouse premises known as No. 16 Norman's-buildings Old-street St. Luke's. The premises are extensive and consists of a spacious ground floor, four floors over and basement. Let on lease at £180 per annum and held for a term expiring 15th March 1949 at £31 5s. per annum.

Lot 2. The leasehold warehouse premises Nos. 18 and 20 Norman's-buildings adjoining Lot 1. The premises are extensive and each consists of ground floor 4 upper floors and basement. Let on lease (with other premises) for 21 years from 25th December 1877 at £300 per annum £260 of which is apportioned on this lot. Held for a term expiring 25th March 1949 at only £10 per annum.



Particulars and conditions of sale may be had gratis of Messrs. Lewis and Sons 7 Wilmington-square W.C. Solicitors Messrs. Stevens Bawtree and Stevens 73A Queen Victoria-street E.C. Solicitors Mr. C. T. Wilkinson 24 Martin's-lane Cannon-street E.C. Solicitor and of Mr. Charles William Davies Auctioneer and Surveyor at the place of sale and 15 Upper-street Islington N.

JOHN WM. HAWKINS, Master.

**T**O be sold pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Justice Chancery Division made in an action of Rutland v. Rutland 1896 R. 1053 with the approbation of Mr. Justice Kekewich by Mr. George Croxton Walker the person appointed by the said Judge, at the Swan Hotel Bedford on Tuesday the 3rd August 1897 at six for seven o'clock in the evening in one lot:—

All those two freehold cottages with barns and gardens situate in the parish of Goldington in the county of Bedford and abutting on the main road leading from Bedford to St. Neots producing the annual rent of £9.

And at the Red Lion Inn Sandy Bedfordshire on Friday the 6th August 1897 at six o'clock in the evening punctually in one lot.

All those four freehold cottages with large gardens situate in Chapel-yard and near to the main street of Sandy in the county of Bedford producing the annual rent of £33 10s.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had (gratis) of Messrs. Andrews and Fawcus, Solicitors, 18 Essex-street Strand London W.C., Messrs. Conquest and Clare Solicitors Bedford of the Auctioneer 5 St. Paul's-square Bedford and at the place of sale.—Dated this 8th day of July 1897.

RICHD. JOHN VILLIERS Master.

Re JAMES LAWSON Deceased.  
Intestate as to residue.

**P**URSUANT to an Order dated the 30th day of November 1895 of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice England made in the matter of the estate of James Lawson deceased Yeoman v. Lawson or Christie 1895 L. No. 2255. The persons entitled by virtue of or according to the Statutes of Distribution or otherwise of the residuary estate of James Lawson deceased late of Peckham in the county of Surrey England living at the time of his death or the legal personal representative of any such persons who have since died are hereby required by themselves or their Solicitors to come in and prove their respective claims at the chambers of Mr. Justice Romer at the Royal Courts of Justice London on or before the 31st day of July 1897 or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Tuesday the 3rd day of August 1897 at 12 o'clock noon at the chambers of Mr. Justice Romer aforesaid is appointed for hearing and adjudicating on the claims.

The said James Lawson was a son of James Lawson and Barbara (formerly Barbara Brown) his wife.

The said Barbara Lawson (formerly Brown) was a daughter of James Brown and Elizabeth (formerly Elizabeth Leslie) his wife.

The said Elizabeth Brown (formerly Leslie) married secondly William Peden.

The said James Lawson the father of said James Lawson of Peckham aforesaid was in business first as a Stonemason at Lady Lawson's Wynd and afterwards as a Grocer at West Richmond-street Edinburgh respectively. His wife Barbara survived him and died about December 1846.—Dated this 8th day of July 1897.

JOHN WM. HAWKINS, Master of the Supreme Court England.

**P**URSUANT to the Directions of the Honourable Mr. Justice Romer in an action in the matter of the estate of Edward Charles Weddall deceased Weddall v. Weddall 1896 W. 2986 the creditors of Edward Charles Weddall formerly of Selby in the county of York but late of Granville and Donville both in the Department of La Manche France Gentleman and Landowner deceased who died on the 12th of December 1894 are on or before the 9th of August 1897 to send by post prepaid to Messrs. Dixon Weld and Dixons of 1 Lancaster-place Strand London the Solicitors of the defendant Clarisse Ann Weddall the executrix of the wills of the said Edward Charles Weddall deceased their full names addresses and descriptions the full particulars of their claims a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the directions given by the Court in the administration of the testator's estate. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before Mr. Justice Romer at his chambers the Royal Courts of Justice London on Wednesday the 11th of August 1897 at 11.30 of the clock in the forenoon being the

time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 6th of July 1897.

ERNEST R. CHAMPION 17 Ironmonger-lane  
London Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

**P**URSUANT to an Order of the Court of Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster, made in the matter of the estate of William Memory deceased and in an action Firth against Naphtali the creditors of William Memory late of Blackpool in the county of Lancaster Restaurant Keeper and Corston House Harlesden Willesden in the county of Middlesex who died in or about the month of November 1896 are on or before the 9th day of August 1897 to send by post prepaid to Henry Isaacson Parry of No. 1A Clifton-street Blackpool the Solicitor of the defendant Sarah Ann Naphtali the executrix of the deceased their Christian and surnames addresses and descriptions and in the case of firms the names of the partners and the style or title of the firm, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Registrar of the Preston District at his chambers, situate at No. 10 Winckley-street Preston on the 18th day of August 1897 at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

ALEXANDER PEARCE, Registrar.

In the Matter of a Deed of Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors dated the 24th of March 1897 executed by Andrew Thomas McCulloch of 66 High-street Hampstead in the county of Middlesex Draper.

**T**HE creditors of the above named Andrew Thomas McCulloch who have not already sent in their claims are required to do so on or before the 24th day of July 1897 to Messrs. Beecroft Sons and Nicholson of No. 12 Wood-street Cheapside in the city of London on behalf of the Trustee under the said deed or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

W. H. MARTIN and CO., 15 King-street Guildhall E.C. Solicitors to the Trustee.

In the Matter of a Deed of Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors dated the 2nd day of April 1897 executed by George Laishley Dore of 376 and 378 Bethnal Green-road in the county of Middlesex Draper.

**T**HE creditors of the above named George Laishley Dore who have not already sent in their claims are required to do so on or before the 24th day of July 1897 to Messrs. Beecroft Sons and Nicholson of No. 12 Wood-street Cheapside in the city of London on behalf of the Trustees under the said deed or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

W. H. MARTIN and CO., 15 King-street Guildhall E.C., Solicitors to the Trustees.

In the Matter of a Deed of Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors executed on the 1st day of June 1897 by Henry Cross of 62 Lowther-street Whitehaven Umbrella Maker.

**T**HE creditors of the above named Henry Cross who have not already sent in their claims are required on or before Friday the 16th day of July 1897 to send in their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims to Jonathan Beattie of 97 Duke-street Whitehaven Accountant the Trustee under the said deed or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

EDWARD ATTER Solicitor for the above-named Trustee.

In the Matter of a Deed of Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors executed the first day of April 1897 by Hannah Gaukroger of 18 New Bond-street Halifax in the county of York Widow as administratrix of Samuel Gaukroger late of 18 New Bond-street Halifax aforesaid Plasterer deceased.

**T**HE creditors of the above named Hannah Gaukroger and Samuel Gaukroger deceased who have not already sent in their claims are required on or before the 2nd day of August next to send in their names and addresses and the particulars of their claims to J. Norman Lister of Silver-street Halifax aforesaid the Trustee under the said deed or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this fifth day of July 1897.

W. BAILEY Solicitor for the Trustee.

In the Matter of a Deed of Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors dated the 21st day of April 1892 executed by Samuel Barker Booth of No. 3 Gray's-inn-square London Solicitor.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that Mr. Edward Hewitt Fletcher of the firm of Cooper Brothers and Co. of 14 George-street Mansion House London Chartered Accountant the Trustee named in the said deed will immediately after the 6th day of September 1897 declare a Final Dividend and distribute the assets having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice and all creditors who have not already sent in their claims are required before the 16th day of August 1897 to send to the said Trustee notice in writing of their claims and the nature and amount thereof or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the said Assignment.—Dated this 7th day of July 1897.

**FREEMAN and BOTHAMLEY** 13 Queen-street London E.C. Solicitors for the Trustee.

In the Matter of a Deed of Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors executed on and dated the 10th day of May 1897 by John Henry Judge of Ashby in the county of Lincoln Grocer and Provision Dealer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims upon the said John Henry Judge who have not already sent in their claims and executed or otherwise assented to the said Deed of Assignment are required to send written particulars of their claims to Mr. Arthur Henry Brock, Accountant, Scot-lane, Doncaster the Trustee under the said deed and to execute or assent thereto before the 10th day of August next otherwise they will be excluded from participating in the Dividend intended to be declared.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897.

**BURTONSHAW and CUNDALL**, Crowle, Doncaster, Solicitors for the Trustee.

Re Ernest Fisher and Frederick Alexander Beard trading as Fisher and Beard of Nos. 262, 264, 266, and 268 Roman-road Bow in the county of Middlesex, Drapers.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that on the 28th day of April 1897 the above named Ernest Fisher and Frederick Alexander Beard executed a Deed of Assignment of their joint and separate property to Trustees for the benefit of their creditors generally. All creditors who have not already done so are requested to send in particulars of their claims to Messrs. Joselyne Miles and Blow of 28 King-street, Cheapside in the city of London Chartered Accountants on or before the 30th day of July 1897 failing which they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**CHARLES A. BANNISTER and REYNOLDS** 70 Basinghall-street London Solicitors for the Trustees.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Denbighshire, holden at Wrexham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Edward Kershaw, of No. 2, Derby-road, High Town, Wrexham, in the county of Denbigh, Accountant.

**THE** creditors of the above-named Charles Edward Kershaw who have not already proved their debts are required, on or before the 30th day of July, 1897, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Llewelyn Hugh-Jones, Crypt-chambers, Eastgate-row, Chester, Official Receiver and Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 6th day of July, 1897. **LL. HUGH-JONES.**

The Bankruptcy Act 1869.

In the County Court of Denbighshire holden at Wrexham.

**A** DIVIDEND is intended to be declared in the matter of Thomas Cambrian Jones, of Cefn Mawr, in the parish of Ruabon, in the county of Denbigh, Draper Grocer and General Dealer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 10th day of December 1875. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 30th day of July 1897 will be excluded.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**LL. HUGH-JONES** Crypt-chambers, Eastgate-row Chester Official Receiver.

The Bankruptcy Act 1869.

In the County Court of Carnarvonshire holden at Bangor.

**A** DIVIDEND is intended to be declared in the Matter of William Pritchard, of Regent House, Festiniog in the county of Merioneth, Grocer and Provision Dealer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 21st day of

March 1883. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 30th day of July 1897 will be excluded.—Dated this 6th day of July 1897.

**LL. HUGH-JONES** Crypt-chambers, Eastgate-row Chester, Official Receiver.

In the High Court of Justice, in Bankruptcy.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition filed the 29th day of June 1897.

To George Percival Dodsworth lately residing at 18 Albemarle-street 56 St. James's-street and 14 Cork-street all in Piccadilly in the county of London but whose present residence the Judgment Creditors Sandon and Company are unable to ascertain War Correspondent.

**TAKE** notice, that a Bankruptcy Petition has been presented against you to this Court by Sandon and Company of 8 Savile-row in the county of London Tailors and the Court has ordered that the publication of this notice in the London Gazette and in the Morning Post newspaper, shall be deemed to be service of the petition upon you; and further take notice that the said petition will be heard at this Court on the 30th day of July 1897 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on which day you are required to appear, and if you do not appear the Court may make a Receiving Order against you in your absence. The petition can be inspected by you on application at this Court.—Dated 3rd day of July 1897.

**HERBERT J. HOPE** Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Acts 1883 and 1890.

In the County Court of Lancashire holden at Blackburn.

In Bankruptcy. No. 7 of 1897.

Re James Mitchell.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition filed the 29th day of June 1897.

To James Mitchell trading as William Mitchell of Constablee Rawtenstall in the county of Lancaster Waste Bleacher.

**TAKE** notice that a Bankruptcy Petition has been presented against you to this Court by William Hargreaves James Hargreaves and George Hargreaves of Pippin Bank Bacup in the county of Lancaster Waste Dealers trading under the style or firm of James Hargreaves and the Court has ordered that the publication of this notice in the London Gazette and the Rossendale Free Press newspaper of the service of the said petition together with a copy of the Order of the Court on some adult person at your last known place of abode viz.:—Laund House Constablee aforesaid shall be deemed to be service of the petition upon you; and further take notice that the said petition will be heard at this Court on the 16th day of July 1897 at 12 o'clock at noon on which day you are required to appear and if you do not appear the Court may make a Receiving Order against you in your absence. The petition can be inspected by you on application at this Court.—Dated this 2nd day of July 1897. **JOHN BOLTON** Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Acts 1883 and 1890.

In the County Court of Sussex holden at Lewes and Eastbourne.

In Bankruptcy. No. 3 of 1897.

Ex parte Lewis Phillips a Creditor.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition filed the 26th day of June 1897.

To Augustus James Parsons of St. Anne's Rectory Lewes and of 6 Hartfield-square Eastbourne both in the county of Sussex Clerk in Holy Orders.

**TAKE** notice that a Bankruptcy Petition has been presented against you to this Court by Lewis Phillips of 6 Devonshire-road Hastings in the county of Sussex Money Lender and the Court has ordered that the delivering of a sealed copy of the above-mentioned bankruptcy petition together with a sealed copy of this Order to some adult inmate at St. Anne's Rectory Lewes and the delivering of a further sealed copy of such petition and Order to some adult inmate at 6 Hartfield-square Eastbourne together with fivepence being the cost of Continental postage and the sending of a further sealed copy of such petition and Order by prepaid registered post addressed to Messrs. Andrew Wood and Purves at 8 Great James-street Bedford-row London W.C. and the publication of this Notice in the London Gazette and in the East Sussex News newspapers shall be deemed to be service of the petition on you and further take notice that the said petition will be heard at the County Court Office 211 High-street Lewes on the 19th day of July 1897 at 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon on which day you are required to appear and if you do not appear the Court may make a Receiving Order against you in your absence. The petition can be inspected by you on application at this Court.—Dated this 5th day of July 1897. **MONTAGUE S. BLAKER**, Registrar.

# THE BANKRUPTCY (DISCHARGE AND CLOSURE) ACT, 1887.

## APPLICATION FOR DEBTOR'S DISCHARGE.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	Date of Adjudication or Resolution for Liquidation.	Day and Hour fixed for Hearing.
Day, James Henry ... ..	131, Newtown-row, Birmingham, formerly 20, Union-street, Dowlais, and 49, High-street, Merthyr Tydfi	Furniture Remover's Foreman, formerly Hatter and Hosier	Manchester ... ..	Nov. 24, 1874 ...	July 26, 1897, 11 A.M.

**THE BANKRUPTCY ACTS, 1883 AND 1890.**  
**RECEIVING ORDERS.**

No.	Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	Date of Filing Petition.	No. of Matter.	Date of Receiving Order.	No. of Receiving Order.	Whether Debtor's or Creditor's Petition.	Act or Acts of Bankruptcy proved in Creditor's Petition.
2134	Afriat, H. and J....	110, London-wall, in the city of London	Merchants	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	June 17, 1897	777 of 1897	July 6, 1897	372	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (G.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2135	Berlin, Idel	7, Manchester-avenue, in the city of London	Fur Skin Merchant	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	May 29, 1897	687 of 1897	July 5, 1897	364	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (G.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2136	Birkin, Hubert	Late of 52, Margaret-street, Regent-street, in the county of London, but whose present residence the Petitioning Creditors are unable to ascertain, but who has ordinarily resided in England during the past twelve months, and is domiciled in England	...	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	June 11, 1897	755 of 1897	July 6, 1897	371	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (G.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2137	Buchanan, F.	Late of 48, Gillingham-street, Eccleston-square, in the county of Middlesex, now of 2, Queen-square-place, Queen-square, Middlesex	...	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	May 27, 1897	671 of 1897	July 5, 1897	366	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (G.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2138	Clarke, William Otto	9. Mincing-lane, in the city of London	Commission Agent	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	June 9, 1897	732 of 1897	July 6, 1897	369	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (G.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2139	Dennison, Walter	5, New Union-street, in the city of London...	Manager of a Public Company	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	June 1, 1897	700 of 1897	July 6, 1897	368	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (G.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2140	Lavender, Charles Henry Nalder	20, Finsbury-circus, in the city of London, lately residing at 3, Raymond-buildings, Gray's-inn, London, and formerly at 72, St. Ermin's-mansions, in the city of Westminster	Accountant	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	May 20, 1897	636 of 1897	July 7, 1897	377	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (G.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2141	Marshall, William	16, Tokenhouse-yard, in the city of London	Merchant	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	April 24, 1897	502 of 1897	July 7, 1897	375	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (G.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2142	Merry, Eugenia Mary (trading as Madame Aileen)	36, Welbeck-street, in the county of London, and carrying on business at 53, Conduit-street, in the said county	Dressmaker, a Married Woman, trading separately and apart from her Husband, having separate estate and assets	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	July 7, 1897	844 of 1897	July 7, 1897	373	Debtor's	

RECEIVING ORDERS—continued.

No.	Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	Date of Filing Petition.	No of Matter.	Date of Receiving Order.	No. of Receiving Order.	Whether Debtor's or Creditor's Petition.	Act or Acts of Bankruptcy proved in Creditor's Petition
2143	Percival, John ...	7, Park-place, St. James's-street, Middlesex...	Formerly Bookmaker on the Turf, now of no occupation	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	July 7, 1897	845 of 1897	July 7, 1897	374	Debtor's	
2144	Pitcairn, John (trading as John Pitcairn and Sons).	7, Union-court, Old Broad-street, in the city of London, and 18, Dalebury-road, Upper Tooting, Surrey	Marine Insurance and General Broker	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	June 18, 1897	787 of 1897	July 7, 1897	376	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (A.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2145	Rosenthal, Harris ...	109, Brick-lane, Spitalfields, in the county of London	Shoe Manufacturer ...	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	May 29, 1897	689 of 1897	July 5, 1897	367	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (H.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2146	O. H. Roskin and Company	Of and lately carrying on business at 30 and 32, Broad-street House, in the city of London	Investment Brokers ...	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	June 15, 1897	765 of 1897	July 5, 1897	365	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (G.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2147	Hill, Thomas ...	Whitcott Farm, Twitcheu, Devonshire ...	Farmer ...	Barnstaple ...	July 6, 1897	12 of 1897	July 6, 1897	8	Debtor's	
2148	Haigh, Ronald Grenfell	11, Beresford-road, Oxton, Cheshire ...	Cotton Broker ...	Birkenhead ...	June 23, 1897	4 of 1897	July 6, 1897	3	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (G.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2149	Caunter, Nelson Snelling	36, High-street, Sutton Coldfield, Warwickshire	Bank Manager ...	Birmingham ...	June 2, 1897	47 of 1897	July 2, 1897	49	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (D.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2150	Smith, Robert ...	200, High-street, Brentford, Middlesex ...	Fruit Merchant ...	Brentford ...	July 6, 1897	13 of 1897	July 6, 1897	7	Debtor's	
2151	Brown, William Henry ...	103, Redcliffe-street and Redcliffe-hill Works, Redcliffe-hill, both in the city and county of Bristol	School Furnisher ...	Bristol ...	July 5, 1897	30 of 1897	July 5, 1897	27	Debtor's	
2152	Kettle, Lewis Jeremiah Cropley	Wicken, Cambridgeshire ...	Builder ...	Cambridge ...	July 6, 1897	17 of 1897	July 6, 1897	16	Debtor's	
2153	Howell, John Thomas ...	Residing and carrying on business at 2, St. Andrew's-crescent, Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, lately residing and carrying on business at 27, Lemon-street, Truro, in the county of Cornwall	Draper ...	Cardiff ...	July 6, 1897	57 of 1897	July 6, 1897	57	Debtor's	
2154	Weissberg, Charles ...	Residing at 198, Bute-street, Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, and carrying on business at 198 and 146, Bute-street, Cardiff	Clothier and Pawnbroker	Cardiff ...	July 6, 1897	58 of 1897	July 6, 1897	58	Debtor's	

**RECEIVING ORDERS—continued.**

No.	Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	Date of Filing Petition.	No. of Matter.	Date of Receiving Order.	No. of Receiving Order.	Whether Debtor's or Creditor's Petition.	Act or Acts of Bankruptcy proved in Creditor's Petition.
2155	Munden, George William	41, Park-street, Melcombe Regis, in the borough of Weymouth, and Melcombe Regis, in the county of Dorset	Tailor ... ..	Dorchester ...	July 7, 1897	15 of 1897	July 7, 1897	13	Debtor's	
2156	Castleton, William Benjamin	2, Camberwell Cottages, Kirkley Run, Lowestoft, Suffolk	Fishing Boat Master ...	Great Yarmouth	July 6, 1897	13 of 1897	July 6, 1897	12	Debtor's	
2157	Willoughby, Digby ...	44, Prospect-street, in the city of Kingston-upon-Hull	Toy Dealer ! ... ..	Kingston-upon-Hull	July 5, 1897	29 of 1897	July 5, 1897	23	Debtor's	
2158	Smith, James Arthur ...	Residing and carrying on business at 51, Ditch Hillock, Sutton, St. Helens, Lancashire	Grocer ... ..	Liverpool ...	July 5, 1897	47 of 1897	July 5, 1897	38	Debtor's	
2159	Whitaker, James Hitchon	19, Dickenson-street, in the city of Manchester, residing at Holm Lea, Sale	Yarn and Cloth Merchant	Manchester ...	May 8, 1897	24 of 1897	July 2, 1897	30	Creditor's ...	Sec. 4-1 (D.) and (H.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2160	Spiller, John ... ..	9, Belle Vue-crescent, Tyne Dock, South Shields, county of Durham	Painter and Decorator ...	Newcastle-on-Tyne	July 6, 1897	33 of 1897	July 6, 1897	31	Debtor's	
2161	White, Walter, and McDonnell, Mary Margaret (trading as White and McDonnell)...	64, Union-street, Ryde, Isle of Wight ...	Ladies' Costumiers ...	Newport and Ryde	July 6, 1897	14 of 1897	July 6, 1897	12	Debtor's	
2162	Frazer, David ... ..	Woolstone Common, in the county of Gloucester	Grocer ... ..	Newport, Mon.	July 5, 1897	22 of 1897	July 5, 1897	21	Debtor's	
2163	Galsworthy, George ...	Residing at 19, Shaftesbury-street, and carrying on business at 19, Shaftesbury-street aforesaid, and at Llanvair-road, East Usk-road, both in the county borough of Newport	Manufacturing and Retail Confectioner	Newport, Mon.	July 6, 1897	23 of 1897	July 6, 1897	22	Debtor's	
2164	Whipp, Edward ... ..	17, Mortimer-street, Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, and carrying on business at Henthorn-street, Oldham aforesaid	Carrier ... ..	Oldham ...	July 7, 1897	9 of 1897	July 7, 1897	9	Debtor's	
2165	Tremain, William ...	94, Cobourg-street, Plymouth, in the county of Devon	Undertaker ... ..	Plymouth and East Stonehouse	July 6, 1897	41 of 1897	July 6, 1897	40	Debtor's	

**RECEIVING ORDERS—continued.**

No.	Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	Date of Filing Petition.	No. of Matter.	Date of Receiving Order.	No. of Receiving Order.	Whether Debtor's or Creditor's Petition.	Act or Acts of Bankruptcy proved in Creditor's Petition.
2166	De Lacy, Oscar ...	164, Arundel-street, Landport, in the county of Hants	Furniture Dealer ...	Portsmouth ...	July 5, 1897	18 of 1897	July 5, 1897	18	Debtor's	
2167	Scholes, Frederick ...	Residing at 143, Seedley Range, Seedley, Pendleton, Salford, Lancashire, and carrying on business at 172, 174, and 176, Ellor-street, Pendleton aforesaid	Grocer ... ..	Salford ...	July 6, 1897	19 of 1897	July 6, 1897	19	Debtor's	
2168	Vigerstaff, Walter ...	88, Daw Bank, Stockport ... ..	Greengrocer and Coal Dealer	Stockport ...	July 6, 1897	11 of 1897	July 6, 1897	11	Debtor's	
2169	Lynch, John ... ..	The Swan Inn, Aldridge, Staffordshire, and carrying on business at 61, Wednesbury-road, Walsall, Staffordshire, lately residing at Stormall-road, Aldridge aforesaid	Licensed Victualler and Bridle Cutter, and Fancy Leather Worker	Walsall ...	June 24, 1897	21 of 1897	July 5, 1897	24	Creditor's ...	Sec. 4-1 (A.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2170	Williams, John ... ..	Formerly of Camelia-terrace, Town Green, Ashton-in-Makerfield, in the county of Lancaster, now of Mansfield-terrace, Golborne, in the said county	Miner ... ..	Wigan ... ..	June 18, 1897	11 of 1897	July 6, 1897	12	Creditor's...	Sec. 4-1 (A.), Bankruptcy Act, 1883
2171	Lea, William James (formerly trading as Teakle and Company)	105, Bright-street, Whitmore Reans, Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, formerly of 14, College-buildings, Hare-lane, Gloucester, and Hazeldine Mills, Robins Wood Hill, in the county of Gloucester	Shopkeeper's Assistant, formerly Bedding Manufacturer	Wolverhampton	July 5, 1897	25 of 1897	July 5, 1897	18	Debtor's	
<i>The following Amended Notice is substituted for that published in the London Gazette of the 22nd June, 1897.</i>										
1976	Lawrence, Alfred ...	185, High-street, Bloxwich, Staffordshire ...	Grocer and Provision Dealer	Walsall ...	June 18, 1897	20 of 1897	June 18, 1897	20	Debtor's	



# FIRST MEETINGS AND PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS.

No. 26871.

M

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Date of First Meeting.	Hour.	Place.	Date of Public Examination.	Hour.	Place.	Date of Order, if any, for Summary Administration.
Berlin, Idel ...	7, Manchester-avenue, in the city of London	Fur Skin Merchant	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	687 of 1897	July 16, 1897	2.30 P.M.	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Aug. 4, 1897	12 noon	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey - street, London, W.C.	
Buchanan, F. ...	Late of 48, Gillingham-street, Eccleston-square, now of 2, Queen-square-place, Queen-square, both in Middlesex	... ..	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	671 of 1897	July 16, 1897	12 noon	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Aug. 4, 1897	12 noon	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey - street, London, W.C.	
Hampson, Charles E. (trading as O. Hampson and Company)	42A, Noble-street, in the city of London, and at the Cottage, Dorney, near Windsor	... ..	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	776 of 1897	July 20, 1897	12 noon	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Aug. 12, 1897	11.30 A.M.	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey - street, London, W.C.	
Neale, Harold Sea-grave	Now temporarily residing at 28, Belton-road, St. George's-road, Forest Gate, Essex, previously of 31, Fleming-road, Lorrimore-square, Kennington, Surrey, and previously of St. James's-terrace, Heywood, Lancashire, and formerly of Crown-street, Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, and formerly of 4, Mylne-street, Myddelton-square, London, E.C.	Mercantile Clerk	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	831 of 1897	July 20, 1897	11 A.M.	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Aug. 24, 1897	11 A.M.	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey - street, London, W.C.	July 7, 1897
Vavasour, William Edward Joseph	Hazelwood, Tadcaster, Yorkshire, and Draycott, Stoke-on-Trent, Staffordshire, lately residing at 16, Vicarage-gate, Kensington, in the county of London, and now residing at 16, Alexander-square, in the county of London	Baronet ... ..	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	828 of 1897	July 19, 1897	12 noon	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Aug. 10, 1897	11.30 A.M.	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey - street, London, W.C.	
Witkowsky, Julius ...	Now and lately residing at 19, Beaumont - street, Marylebone, Middlesex	... ..	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	698 of 1897	July 19, 1897	2.30 P.M.	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Aug. 10, 1897	11.30 A.M.	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey - street, London, W.C.	

**FIRST MEETINGS AND PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS—continued.**

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Date of First Meeting.	Hour.	Place.	Date of Public Examination.	Hour.	Place.	Date of Order, if any, for Summary Administration.
Jones, Hugh Owen ...	Tanybwlich, Carmel, in the parish of Llandwrog, Carnarvonshire	Quarryman ...	Bangor ...	19 of 1897	July 17, 1897	11.45 A.M.	Crypt - chambers, Eastgate - row, Chester	Aug. 12, 1897	12.15 P.M.	Magistrates' Room, Bangor	
Roberts, Owen Thomas	21, Segontium - terrace, Carnarvon, Carnarvonshire	Plumber and Painter	Bangor ...	21 of 1897	July 17, 1897	12 noon	Crypt - chambers, Eastgate - row, Chester	Aug. 12, 1897	12.15 P.M.	Magistrates' Room, Bangor	
Fearnley, Benjamin...	87, St. Stephen's-road, West Bowling, in the city of Bradford	Piece Taker-In ...	Bradford ...	52 of 1897	July 16, 1897	11 A.M.	Official Receiver's Chambers, 31, Manor-row, Bradford	July 22, 1897	10 A.M.	County Court, Manor - row, Bradford	July 7, 1897
Anderton, Joseph Shepherd	Residing at 63, Fraser-street, and carrying on business at the Old Brick Factory, off Briercliffe-road, both in Burnley, Lancashire	Carter ...	Burnley ...	13 of 1897	July 30, 1897	1 P.M.	Exchange Hotel, Nicholas - street, Burnley	July 30, 1897	11 A.M.	Court - house, Burnley	July 1, 1897
Kettle, Lewis Jeremiah Cropley	Wicken, Cambridgeshire...	Builder ...	Cambridge ...	17 of 1897	July 21, 1897	10 A.M.	Official Receiver's Offices, 5, Petty Cury, Cambridge	July 21, 1897	11 A.M.	Guildhall, Cambridge	July 7, 1897
Lee, Joel Samson ...	86, Glebe-street, Penarth, in the county of Glamorgan, lately carrying on business at 86, Glebe-street, and Cornerswell-road, West Cottages, Penarth	Butcher ...	Cardiff ...	52 of 1897	July 19, 1897	11.30 A.M.	Official Receiver's Offices, 29, Queen-street, Cardiff	Aug. 9, 1897	10 A.M.	Townhall, Cardiff	June 23, 1897
Smith, David Lewis...	Residing at 11, Hamilton-street, Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, and carrying on business at 12, Custom House-street, Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan	Furniture Dealer and Auctioneer	Cardiff ...	47 of 1897	July 19, 1897	11 A.M.	Official Receiver's Offices, 29, Queen-street, Cardiff	Aug. 9, 1897	10 A.M.	Townhall, Cardiff	June 3, 1897
Williams, William Henry	92, Straithnairn - street, and lately carrying on business at 37, Albany-road, both in Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan	Butcher ...	Cardiff ...	56 of 1897	July 20, 1897	11 A.M.	Official Receiver's Offices, 29, Queen-street, Cardiff	Aug. 9, 1897	10 A.M.	Townhall, Cardiff	July 3, 1897

**FIRST MEETINGS AND PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS—continued.**

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Date of First Meeting.	Hour.	Place.	Date of Public Examination.	Hour.	Place.	Date of Order, if any, for Summary Administration.
Jackson, David ...	Low Houses, Wigton, Cumberland	Farmer ...	Carlisle...	19 of 1897	July 19, 1897	12 noon	Official Receiver's Offices, 34, Fisher- street, Carlisle	July 19, 1897	11 A.M.	Court-house, Carlisle	
Bellamy, Arthur Edward	Maisemore, Gloucester- shire, and King-street, Gloucester	Farmer, Auction- eer, and Valuer, now a Partner in the firm of Bellamy Brothers, and lately in partnership with Harry Villar un- der the style of Villar and Bel- lamy	Gloucester ...	19 of 1897	July 17, 1897	3 P.M.	Bell Hotel, Glou- cester.	July 13, 1897	12 noon	Shirehall, Glou- cester	
Carter, George ...	106, Welholme-road, Great Grimsby	Builder ...	Great Grimsby	24 of 1897	July 17, 1897	11 A.M.	Office of Official Receiver, 15, Os- borne-street, Great Grimsby	Aug. 4, 1897	11 A.M.	Townhall, Great Grimsby	July 1, 1897
Whiteley, James ...	18, Fitzwilliam-street East, Huddersfield, and of 2, Queen-street, Hudders- field, Yorkshire	Clothier ...	Huddersfield ...	14 of 1897	July 19, 1897	11 A.M.	Official Receiver's Chambers, 19, John William - street, Huddersfield	Aug. 9, 1897	2 P.M.	County Court, Queen - street, Huddersfield	
Edge, James ...	Lately carrying on business at 16, Helsby-street, Ard- wick, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster	...	Manchester ...	32 of 1897	July 16, 1897	3 P.M.	Official Receiver's Offices, Byrom- street, Manchester	July 26, 1897	11 A.M.	Court - house, Quay - street, Manchester	July 5, 1897
Scott, William ...	Trading at 75, Westgate- road, and residing at furnished lodgings at 2, Hav-lock-street, New- castle-on-Tyne	Draper ...	Newcastle-on- Tyne	82 of 1897	July 19, 1897	12.30 P.M.	Official Receiver's Office, 80, Mosley- street, Newcastle- on-Tyne	July 20, 1897	11.30 A.M.	County Court, Westgate-road, Newcastle-on- Tyne	
Wells, William ...	50, Abington-street, in the county borough of North- ampton	Tailor ...	Northampton ...	20 of 1897	July 16, 1897	12.30 P.M.	County Court-build- ings, Sheep-street, Northampton	Aug. 3, 1897	12 noon	County - hall, Northampton	July 3, 1897

**FIRST MEETINGS AND PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS—continued.**

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Date of First Meeting.	Hour.	Place.	Date of Public Examination.	Hour.	Place.	Date of Order, if any, for Summary Administration.
Axell, James, jun. ...	17, Edith-road, Grandpont, in the city of Oxford, and carrying on business at 17, Edith-road aforesaid, and 9A, St. Aldate's-street, in the same city	Builder ...	Oxford ...	10 of 1897	July 17, 1897	3 P.M.	Golden Cross Hotel, Oxford	July 22, 1897	11.30 A.M.	County Hall, Oxford	
Aspittle, John, the younger	Residing at 59, Russell-street, Peterborough, in the county of Northampton, and carrying on business at Cumbergate, Peterborough aforesaid.	Hairdresser and Tobacconist	Peterborough ...	9 of 1897	July 30, 1897	11.45 A.M.	Law Courts, New-road, Peterborough	July 30, 1897	12 noon	Law Courts, New-road, Peterborough	July 5, 1897
Slade, Christopher ...	Plough Inn, Duloe, Liskeard, Cornwall	Licensed Vic-tualler and Butcher	Plymouth and East Stone-house	41 of 1897	July 16, 1897	11 A.M.	10, Athenæum-terrace, Plymouth	July 16, 1897	12 noon	Townhall, East Stonehouse	July 6, 1897
Wise, Frederic ...	15, Gascoyne-street, Plymouth	Plumber ...	Plymouth and East Stone-house	43 of 1897	July 16, 1897	10.30 A.M.	10, Athenæum-terrace, Plymouth	July 16, 1897	12 noon	Townhall, East Stonehouse	July 7, 1897
Williams, John ...	Ymwlchbach, Dolbenmaen, Carnarvonshire	Farmer ...	Portmadoc and Blaenau Ffestiniog	7 of 1897	July 22, 1897	11.45 A.M.	Sportsman Hotel, Portmadoc	July 22, 1897	12 noon	Police Court, Portmadoc	July 6, 1897
Wray, Richard Jackson	122, Raikes-road, and lately residing at 10, Oxford-street, both in Blackpool, Lancashire	Lately Builder and Contractor, now out of business	Preston...	12 of 1897	Aug. 13, 1897	2.30 P.M.	Official Receiver's Office, 14, Chapel-street, Preston	Aug. 13, 1897	11 A.M.	County Court Offices, Winckley-street, Preston	July 1, 1897
Scholes, Frederick ...	Residing at 143, Seedley Range, Seedley, Pendleton, Salford, Lancashire, and carrying on business at 172 and 174, Ellor-street, Pendleton aforesaid, formerly residing at 176, Ellor-street aforesaid	Grocer and Provision Dealer	Salford...	9 of 1897	July 19, 1897	3 P.M.	Official Receiver's Office, Byrom-street, Manchester	July 20, 1897	2 P.M.	Court-house, Encombe-place, Salford	

**FIRST MEETINGS AND PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS—continued.**

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Date of First Meeting.	Hour.	Place.	Date of Public Examination.	Hour.	Place.	Date of Order, if any, for Summary Administration.
Solomon, Meyer ...	Carrying on business at 38, Canal-walk, Southampton, and who resides at 103, St. Mary's-road, Southampton	Fried Fish Retailer	Southampton ...	13 of 1897	July 19, 1897	3.30 P.M.	Official Receiver's Office, 4, East-street, Southampton	July 28, 1897	11 A.M.	Court - house, Castle-square, Southampton	July 5, 1897
Dawes, Walter ...	1, Dunkery - villas, St. Mary's - road, Tonbridge, Kent	Collector of Taxes	Tunbridge Wells	13 of 1897	July 19, 1897	2.30 P.M.	Office of Mr. Parris, 65, High - street, Tunbridge Wells	July 26, 1897	2.30 P.M.	Townhall, Tunbridge Wells	
Roberts, Richard John	37, Forshaw-street, Barrow-in-Furness, Lancashire	Tobacconist ...	Ulverston and Barrow - in - Furness	2B of 1897	July 16, 1897	11.30 A.M.	Official Receiver's Office, 16, Cornwallis-street, Barrow-in-Furness	July 16, 1897	3 P.M.	Magistrates' Court, Barrow-in-Furness	June 11, 1897
Lythgoe, Richard ...	The Prince of Wales Hotel, Earle-street, Earlestown, in the county of Lancaster	Innkeeper... ..	Warrington ...	12 of 1897	Aug. 6, 1897	10.50 A.M.	Court-house, Upper Bank-street, Warrington	Aug. 6, 1897	11 A.M.	Court - house, Upper Bank-street, Warrington	July 3, 1897
Taylor, Thomas ...	16, Cartwright-street, and of 15 and 17, Wakefield-street, and of 75, Catherine-street, Warrington, in the county of Lancaster	Baker and Provision Dealer	Warrington ...	11 of 1897	Aug. 6, 1897	10.45 A.M.	Court-house, Upper Bank-street, Warrington	Aug. 6, 1897	11 A.M.	Court - house, Upper Bank-street, Warrington	July 1, 1897

# ADJUDICATIONS.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Date of Order.	Date of Petition.
Berlin, Idel ... ..	7, Manchester-avenue, in the city of London ... ..	Fur Skin Merchant ... ..	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	687 of 1897	July 7, 1897 ...	May 29, 1897
Galpin, Henry Draper ... ..	14, Rigault-road, Fulham, in the county of London ... ..	Of no occupation ... ..	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	617 of 1897	July 5, 1897 ...	May 18, 1897
Neale, Harold Seagrave ... ..	Now temporarily residing at 28, Belton-road, St. George's-road, Forest Gate, Essex, previously of 31, Fleming-road, Lorrimore-square, Kennington, Surrey, and previously St. James's-terrace, Heywood, Lancashire, and formerly of Crown-street, Newark-on-Trent, Nottinghamshire, formerly of 4, Mylne-street, Myddelton-square, London, E.C.	Mercantile Clerk ... ..	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	831 of 1897	July 5, 1897 ...	July 2, 1897
Percival, John ... ..	7, Park-place, St. James's-street, Middlesex ... ..	Formerly Bookmaker on the Turf, now of no occupation	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	845 of 1897	July 7, 1897 ...	July 7, 1897
Hill, Thomas ... ..	Whitcott Farm, Twitcheu, Devonshire ... ..	Farmer ... ..	Barnstaple ... ..	12 of 1897	July 6, 1897 ...	July 6, 1897
Smith, Robert ... ..	200, High-street, Brentford, Middlesex ... ..	Fruit Merchant ... ..	Brentford ... ..	13 of 1897	July 6, 1897 ...	July 6, 1897
Wells, Henry ... ..	7, Woodford-terrace, Hanworth-road, Hounslow, in the county of Middlesex	Baker ... ..	Brentford ... ..	12 of 1897	July 3, 1897 ...	June 29, 1897
Kent, Edward James ... ..	Mill-road, Haywards Heath, Sussex ... ..	Builder ... ..	Brighton ... ..	38 of 1897	July 5, 1897 ...	July 1, 1897
Kettle, Lewis Jeremiah Copley ... ..	Wicken, Cambridgeshire ... ..	Builder ... ..	Cambridge ... ..	17 of 1897	July 6, 1897 ...	July 6, 1897
Bower, Eliza Harriet ... ..	42, Penge-road, South Norwood, Surrey ... ..	Spinster ... ..	Croydon ... ..	15 of 1897	July 3, 1897 ...	May 12, 1897
Munden, George William ... ..	41, Park-street, Melcombe Regis, in the borough of Weymouth, and Melcombe Regis, in the county of Dorset	Tailor ... ..	Dorchester ... ..	15 of 1897	July 7, 1897 ...	July 6, 1897
Castleton, William Benjamin ... ..	2, Camberwell-cottages, Kirkley Run, Lowestoft, Suffolk ... ..	Fishing Boat Master ... ..	Great Yarmouth ... ..	13 of 1897	July 6, 1897 ...	July 6, 1897
Willoughby, Digby ... ..	44, Prospect-street, in the city of Kingston-upon-Hull ... ..	Toy Dealer ... ..	Kingston-upon-Hull ... ..	29 of 1897	July 5, 1897 ...	July 5, 1897

# ADJUDICATIONS—continued.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Date of Order.	Date of Petition.
Dyer, R. J. ... ..	Lately residing and carrying on business at 13, Church-street, Market Harborough, in the county of Leicester	Draper and Milliner ... ..	Leicester ... ..	34 of 1897	July 2, 1897 ...	June 3, 1897
Hoare, Arthur Warren ... ..	146, High-street, St. Michael's, Lewes, Sussex... ..	Grocer and Wine and Spirit Merchant	Lewes and East-bourne	5 of 1897	July 5, 1897 ...	July 1, 1897
Scott, William ... ..	75, Westgate-road, Newcastle-on-Tyne, lately residing at furnished lodgings at 2, Havelock-street, Newcastle-on-Tyne aforesaid	Draper... ..	Newcastle-on-Tyne...	32 of 1897	July 6, 1897 ...	June 12, 1897
Spiller, John ... ..	9, Bellevue-crescent, Tyne Dock, South Shields, county of Durham	Painter and Decorator ... ..	Newcastle-on-Tyne...	33 of 1897	July 6, 1897 ...	July 6, 1897
Fraser, David ... ..	Woolstone Common, in the county of Gloucester ... ..	Grocer ... ..	Newport, Mon. ...	22 of 1897	July 5, 1897 ...	July 5, 1897
Jones, Thomas Luther ... ..	National Provincial Bank of England, Builth, in the county of Brecon	Bank Manager ... ..	Newtown ... ..	3 of 1897	July 6, 1897 ...	June 8, 1897
Whipp, Edward ... ..	17, Mortimer-street, Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, and carrying on business at Henthorn-street, Oldham aforesaid	Carrier ... ..	Oldham ... ..	9 of 1897	July 7, 1897 ...	July 7, 1897
Tremain, William ... ..	94, Cobourg-street, Plymouth, in the county of Devon ... ..	Undertaker ... ..	Plymouth and East Stonehouse	44 of 1897	July 6, 1897 ...	July 2, 1897
de Laoy, Oscar ... ..	164, Arundel-street, Landport, in the county of Hants ...	Furniture Dealer ... ..	Portsmouth ... ..	18 of 1897	July 5, 1897 ...	July 5, 1897
Scholes, Frederick ... ..	Residing at 143, Seedley Range, Seedley, Pendleton, Salford, Lancashire, and carrying on business at 172, 174, and 176, Ellor-street, Pendleton aforesaid	Grocer ... ..	Salford ... ..	19 of 1897	July 6, 1897 ...	July 5, 1897
Solomon, Meyer ... ..	Carrying on business at 38, Canal-walk, Southampton, and residing at 103, St. Mary's-road, Southampton	Fried Fish Retailer ... ..	Southampton ...	13 of 1897	July 5, 1897 ...	June 18, 1897
Vigerstaff, Walter ... ..	88, Daw Bank, Stockport, Cheshire ... ..	Greengrocer and Coal Dealer	Stockport ... ..	11 of 1897	July 6, 1897 ...	July 6, 1897
Hopkins, Peter ... ..	New Dock Timber Yard, in the county borough of Swansea	Timber Merchant ... ..	Swansea ... ..	16 of 1897	July 5, 1897 ...	May 21, 1897
Lea, William James (formerly trading as Teakle and Company)	105, Bright-street, Whitmore Reans, Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, formerly of 14, College-buildings, Hare-lane, Gloucester, and of Hazeldine Mills, Robinswood Hill, in the county of Gloucester	Shopkeeper's Assistant, formerly Bedding Manufacturer	Wolverhampton ...	25 of 1897	July 7, 1897 ...	July 5, 1897



# NOTICES OF INTENDED DIVIDENDS.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Last Day for Receiving Proofs.	Name of Trustee.	Address.
Beasley, George Lingfield	14, Sunderland-terrace, Westbourne-square, Bayswater, Middlesex	Gentleman ... ..	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	1129 of 1896	July 24, 1897 ...	E. Leadam Hough, Official Receiver	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.
Bellew, Thomas Acheson (Separate Estate)	Residing at South Lodge, North Finchley, Middlesex, and trading at 5, Trinity-square, in the city of London	Grain, Flour, and General Merchant, lately trading with James Emerson Howard as Sachse and Howard	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	409 of 1893 (Proceedings consolidated by Order of Court)	July 23, 1897 ...	Alfred Cotton Harper	10, Trinity-square, Tower-hill, London, E.C.
Avis, Robert John	Bedford and Cranfield, both in Bedfordshire ...	Builder and Farmer... ..	Bedford ... ..	8 of 1896	July 23, 1897 ...	Alfred Long Field ...	Howard - chambers, Bedford
Pearson, William Henry...	Lately 211, Ladypool-road, Sparkbrook, Birmingham, and 20, School-road, Moseley, Worcestershire	Grocer and Provision Dealer	Birmingham ... ..	117 of 1896	July 26, 1897 ...	Luke Jesson Sharp, Official Receiver	Whitehall - chambers, 23, Colmore-row, Birmingham
Sutton, Herbert Mann	Residing at 51, Heywood-street, Bury, Lancashire, and trading at 3 and 5, Broad-street, Bury aforesaid	Hosier... ..	Bolton ... ..	2 of 1897	July 26, 1897 ...	Thomas H. Winder, Official Receiver	Official Receiver's Offices, 16, Wood-street, Bolton
Holland, Mary	Huddersfield-road, Wyke, in the parish of Birstal, Yorkshire	Milliner and Dressmaker, a Married Woman, trading separately and apart from her Husband	Bradford ... ..	72 of 1896	July 24, 1897 ...	J. Arthur Binns, Official Receiver	31, Manor-row, Bradford
Fowler, Charles Edward...	The Craven Inn, in the township of Giggleswick, Yorkshire	Licensed Victualler... ..	Bradford ... ..	75 of 1896	July 24, 1897 ...	J. Arthur Binns, Official Receiver	31, Manor-row, Bradford
Grist, Henry	58, the Bishopric, Horsham, Sussex, and carrying on business at the Horsham Iron Works and the Bone Mills, both in Horsham	Engineer and Ironfounder, and Bone Manure Manufacturer	Brighton ... ..	74 of 1896	July 26, 1897 ...	Augustus Edwin Hibberd	17, King's Arms-yard, Coleman-street, E.C.
Penn, William	45 and 46, Burgate-street, Canterbury, Kent ...	House Furnisher ... ..	Canterbury ... ..	9 of 1897	July 23, 1897 ...	George Graham Poppleton, Chartered Accountant	164, Aldersgate - street, London, E.C.
Williams, John Vaughan	Severn Bank, Park-road, Penarth, carrying on business at the Exchange, Mount Stuart-square, Cardiff	Shipowner ... ..	Cardiff ... ..	85 of 1896	July 23, 1897 ...	Charles Edwin Dovey	31, Queen-street, Cardiff
Nisling, George King	Residing at the Pingle, Derby-road, and trading at the Harrington Factory, both in Long Eaton, Derbyshire	Lace Manufacturer ... ..	Derby ... ..	6 of 1897	July 23, 1897 ...	John Smith, Official Receiver	40, St. Mary's-gate, Derby
King, Frederick (trading as the Oriental Tea Company)	25, Stockleigh-road, St. Leonards-on-Sea, Sussex, and at 17, King's-road, St. Leonards aforesaid	Lodging-house Keeper and Tea Dealer	Hastings ... ..	22 of 1896	July 24, 1897 ...	Howard W. Cox, Official Receiver	4, Pavilion-buildings, Brighton

NOTICES OF INTENDED DIVIDENDS—continued.

No. 26871.

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Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Last Day for Receiving Proofs.	Name of Trustee.	Address.
Haselwood, Daniel ...	Upper Weedon, in the parish of Weedon Beck, Northamptonshire	Farmer ... ..	Northampton ...	22 of 1896	July 24, 1897 ...	Alfred Ewen, Official Receiver	St. Paul's-square, Bedford
French, Charles Frederick	33, High-street, Plymouth, Devonshire ...	Fisherman ... ..	Plymouth and East Stonehouse	3 of 1897	July 24, 1897 ...	John Greenway, Official Receiver	10, Athenæum-terrace, Plymouth
Jane, John... ..	Durnaford, St. Ive, Cornwall ... ..	Farmer ... ..	Plymouth and East Stonehouse	12 of 1897	July 24, 1897 ...	John Greenway, Official Receiver	10, Athenæum-terrace, Plymouth
Peatheyjohns, John Henry	Higher Hooe, Plymstock, Devonshire ...	Farmer and Dairyman ...	Plymouth and East Stonehouse	8 of 1897	July 24, 1897 ...	John Greenway, Official Receiver	10, Athenæum-terrace, Plymouth
Pomeroy, Samuel ...	Trebartha, North Hill, Cornwall... ..	Blacksmith ... ..	Plymouth and East Stonehouse	9 of 1897	July 24, 1897 ...	John Greenway, Official Receiver	10, Athenæum-terrace, Plymouth
Smith, George ... ..	Residing at Hill-street, Stoke-upon-Trent, and carrying on business at Commerce-street and the Wheat Sheaf Hotel-yard, Stoke-upon-Trent, Staffordshire	Cab Proprietor ... ..	Stoke-upon-Trent and Longton	7 of 1896	July 23, 1897 ...	C. E. Bullock ... ..	Albion-street, Hanley
Johnson, Samuel ...	166, Ormskirk-road, Pemberton, Lancashire ...	Grocer and Provision Dealer	Wigan ... ..	11 of 1896	July 26, 1897 ...	Thomas H. Winder, Official Receiver	Official Receiver's Office, 16, Wood-street, Bolton
Garner, William Thomas, the elder	Bilston-road, Willenhall, Staffordshire, lately residing at Stringes-lane, Willenhall aforesaid, and trading at the Hall-street Brass Foundry, Hall-street, Willenhall aforesaid	Brass Caster ... ..	Wolverhampton ...	8 of 1890	July 24, 1897 ...	Edwin Pritchard, Official Receiver	St. Peter's-close, Wolverhampton
Gatis, Thomas ... ..	16, Compton-road and 9, King-street, both in Wolverhampton, Staffordshire, formerly trading in copartnership with one William Henry Sale as the Victoria Manufacturing Company, in Darlington-street and Lawrence-street, Wolverhampton, as Patent Spring Manufacturers	Solicitor ... ..	Wolverhampton ...	20 of 1892	July 24, 1897 ...	Edwin Pritchard, Official Receiver	St. Peter's-close, Wolverhampton
Tildesley, Matthew Herbert, and Pardoe, Thomas ... .. (trading as Tildesley and Pardoe) ...	Living in lodgings at 23, Walsall-street, Willenhall, Staffordshire 9, Hall-street, Willenhall 8, Hall-street, Willenhall ... ..	Builders and Contractors ...	Wolverhampton ...	41 of 1888	July 24, 1897 ...	Edwin Pritchard, Official Receiver	St. Peter's-close, Wolverhampton
Martin, Sidney Joseph ...	Preston Plucknett, Somersetshire, lately carrying on business at Lamjatt, Somersetshire	Farmer and Milk Dealer ...	Yeovil ... ..	1 of 1896	July 26, 1897 ...	Henry Wilson Marillier	Bank-chambers, Yeovil

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# NOTICES OF DIVIDENDS.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Amount per Pound.	First, or Final, or Otherwise.	When Payable.	Where Payable.
Forrest, James ...	2, Wells-street, Jermyn-street, Middlesex...	Gentleman ...	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	1334 of 1893	1s. 6d.	Second	July 19, 1897	Offices of Trustee, Flaxman Haydon, 16, Union-court, Old Broad-street, London, Chartered Accountant
Hepner, Max Simon Adolph (trading as Kinze Brothers)	3, New Zealand-avenue, in the city of London	Publisher and Wholesale Fancy Stationer	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	262 of 1896	7½d.	First and Final	Aug. 3, 1897...	142 and 143, Palmerston-buildings, Old Broad-street, E.C.
Paterson, Frederick	Residing at 10, Oakworth-road, Hornsey, Middlesex	A Clerk in the Savings Department of the General Post Office	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	1410 of 1891	2s.	Fifth	Any day (except Saturday) between 11 and 2	Offices of Official Receivers, Bankruptcy-buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.
Gibbs, Frederick Hollier	9, Bluoher-street, in the city of Birmingham	Baker and Grocer	Birmingham	15 of 1896	10d.	First and Final	July 12, 1897	Whitehall - chambers, 23, Colmore-row, Birmingham
Haslett, William George (trading as Smart and Haslett)	Singleton, near Chichester, Sussex...	Grocer and Baker	Brighton	116 of 1896	7s.	First	July 21, 1897	Office of Official Receiver 4, Pavilion-buildings, Brighton
Lacroix, Louis Victor	24, Prince Albert-street, Brighton	Fire Superintendent	Brighton	41 of 1894	4s.	Second	June 19, 1897	Office of Official Receiver, 4, Pavilion-buildings, Brighton
Markley, Horace William (trading as Markley and Piper)	39, Park-street, Bristol, and of Staple Hill, Gloucestershire	Tailor and Outfitter	Bristol	59 of 1896	4s. 6d.	First	July 19, 1897	Offices of Official Receiver, Bank-chambers Corn-street, Bristol
Stevenson, William (trading under the style or firm of William Stevenson and Son)	18, Park-street, in the city and county of Bristol	Tailor and Habit Maker	Bristol	22 of 1897	8s.	First	July 12, 1897	Offices of Official Receiver, Bank-chambers, Corn-street, Bristol
Allen, Charles	Mildenhall, Suffolk	Florist and Seedsman	Bury St. Edmunds	11 of 1892	7s. 4d.	Supplementary	July 12, 1897	36, Princes-street, Ipswich
Gray, Jont	2 and 4, Pasture-street, Great Grimsby	House Furnisher...	Great Grimsby	34 of 1896	3s. 11½d.	First and Final	July 26, 1897	Office of Official Receiver, Trinity House-lane, Hull
Chandler, Ernest Arthur	9, Fransfield-grove, Sydenham Hill, Kent...	Clerk to Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, of Lutigate-circus, in the city of London, Tourist Agents	Greenwich	27 of 1893	1s.	Second	July 21, 1897	Offices of Official Receiver, 24, Railway - approach, London Bridge, S.E.

**NOTICES OF DIVIDENDS—continued.**

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Amount per Pound.	First, or Final, or Otherwise.	When Payable.	Where Payable.
Long, Patrick ...	2, Barrack-road, Aldershot, in the county of Southampton, lately residing and carrying on business at Edinburgh, North Britain, and previously residing and carrying on business at Manchester, Lancashire	Bootmaker, formerly Master Bootmaker in Her Majesty's 6th Regiment of Dragoons	Guildford and Godalming	12 of 1896	2d.	Third and Final	July 23, 1897	Offices of Official Receiver, 24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.
Chapman, George Frederick	Tower-road, St. Leonards-on-Sea, Sussex	Grocer ... ..	Hastings ... ..	34 of 1896	2s. 6d.	Composition, first instalment	July 20, 1897	Office of Official Receiver, 4, Pavilion-buildings, Brighton
Action, Richard Lloyd ...	Mass House Farm, near Cleobury Mortimer, Salop	Farmer ... ..	Kidderminster ...	8 of 1897	8s. 2d.	First and Final	July 12, 1897	Official Receiver's Offices, Wolverhampton-street, Dudley
Gildea, Isaac ... ..	Residing at 6, Licensed Victualler's Cottages, West Derby-road, Liverpool, and carrying on business at 2 and 3, Avenues, St. John's Market, Liverpool	Poultry Dealer ...	Liverpool ... ..	71 of 1896	4½d.	First and Final	July 13, 1897	Offices of Official Receiver, 35, Victoria-street, Liverpool
Smith, James Bramwell (trading as J. B. Smith, Junr.)	Residing 92, Allington-street, St. Michael's, town-hip of Toxteth Park, Liverpool, Lancashire, and trading at 5, Thomas-street, Liverpool, lately residing at 19, Priory-road, Anfield, near Liverpool	Joiner and Builder ...	Liverpool ... ..	53 of 1897	2s. 0½d.	Supplemental	July 10, 1897	Offices of Official Receiver, 35, Victoria-street, Liverpool
Scovell, George Henry ...	91, Pyle-street, Newport, Isle of Wight	Corn Merchant ... ..	Newport and Ryde...	48 of 1896	7s. 9d.	First and Final	On and after July 3, 1897	Official Receiver's Office, 19, Quay-street, Newport, Isle of Wight
Beavan, Matthew John...	69, Bridge-street, Newport, Monmouthshire	Sewing Machine and General Dealer	Newport, Mon. ...	10 of 1897	5s. 7½d.	First and Final	July 16, 1897	Office of Official Receiver, Gloucester Bank-chambers, Newport, Mon.
Eckersley, James ...	6, Bryngwyn-place and late of 17, Pembroke-terrace, both Pontypool, Monmouthshire, trading in Lower Bridge-street, Pontypool aforesaid	Hay and Chaff Dealer ...	Newport, Mon. ...	13 of 1897	3s. 5d.	Final	July 16, 1897	Office of Official Receiver, Gloucester Bank-chambers, Newport, Mon.
Kerwood, Charles ...	Newerne, Lydney, Gloucestershire...	Bootmaker ... ..	Newport, Mon. ...	9 of 1897	1s. 10½d.	First and Final	June 16, 1897	Office of Official Receiver, Gloucester Bank-chambers, Newport, Mon.
Green, George Noble (trading as Arnett Brothers)	20, Ayresome-street, Middlesborough, and trading at Commercial-street And at Stockton-street, both in Middlesborough	Iron and Steel Merchant Nut and Bolt Manufacturer	Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesborough	54 of 1896	6s. 4d.	First and Final	July 20, 1897	Albert-chambers, Middlesborough

NOTICES OF DIVIDENDS—continued.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Amount per Pound.	First, or Final, or Otherwise.	When Payable.	Where Payable.
Pickering, George ...	The Gladstone Hotel, Bridge-street West, Middlesborough, Yorkshire	Innkeeper... ..	Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesborough	5 of 1897	4s. 10½d.	First and Final	July 22, 1897	Official Receiver's Office, 8, Albert-road, Middlesborough
Brotherhood, James ...	6, St. Peter's-street, Tunbridge Wells, Kent	Cattle Dealer ... ..	Tunbridge Wells ...	1 of 1897	8s. 2d.	First and Final	July 23, 1897	Offices of Official Receiver, 24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.
Hadley, Edward Brether-ton	35, Gorst road, Wandsworth Common; Surrey, and lately residing at Horeham Manor, Horeham-road, Waldron, Sussex, and at Claytons, Mayfield, Sussex.	Gentleman ... ..	Wandsworth ...	1 of 1896	1s. 5½d.	First and Final	July 23, 1897	Offices of Official Receiver, 24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.
Niblett, James ... ..	Bishampton, Worcestershire ... ..	Wheelwright ... ..	Worcester ... ..	39 of 1896	7s. 8½d.	First and Final	July 12, 1897	Whitehall-chambers, 23, Colmore-row, Birmingham
Dickson, George Arthur	Pool Bridge Farm, Heslington, Yorkshire	Farmer ... ..	York ... ..	14 of 1897	5s.	First	July 19, 1897	Official Receiver's Office, 23, Stonegate, York
<i>The following Amended Notice is substituted for that published in the London Gazette of the 29th June, 1897.</i>								
Ludlam, John Spencer ...	2, Felstead-villas, Aylestone-road, Aylestone Park	Boot and Shoe Manufacturers	Leicester ... ..	37 of 1896	2s. 3d.	Third and Final	July 12, 1897	Offices of Trustee, St. George's-chambers, Grey Friars, Leicester
Boat, Thomas, and ...	141, Lansdowne-road, Aylestone Park							
Herbert, Thomas Henry	120, Lansdowne-road, Aylestone Park							
(trading as Ludlam, Boat, and Co.)...	At Lansdowne-road, Aylestone Park, all in the county borough of Leicester							

# APPLICATIONS FOR DEBTORS' DISCHARGE.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Day fixed for Hearing.
Blackman, J. ... ..	Late of 7, Medusa-road, Catford, Kent, at present residing at the Laurels, Albercore - crescent, Catford aforesaid	Builder... ..	Greenwich ... ..	40 of 1891	July 30, 1897, 11 A.M., Court-house, Burney-street, Greenwich
Hall, Reginald ... ..	14, Prospect-road, Chatham, Kent, lately of Aldershot and Farnborough, Hampshire	Captain in Her Majesty's Army, the Royal Warwickshire Regiment	Guildford and Godalming	10 of 1894	Aug. 12, 1897, 12 noon, Public Hall, Godalming
Bolle de Lasalle, Augustus ... ..	East Field, Bedford Park, St. Albans, Hertfordshire	Retired Colonel ... ..	St. Albans ... ..	17 of 1894	Aug. 16, 1897, 12 noon, Court-house, St. Albans
Pilling, Peter ... ..	61, Park-lane, Ashton-in-Makerfield, Lancashire ...	Grocer and Provision Dealer ... ..	Wigan ... ..	12 of 1892	July 28, 1897, 11 A.M., Court-house, King-street, Wigan

## ORDERS MADE ON APPLICATIONS FOR DISCHARGE.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Date of Order.	Nature of Order made.	Grounds named in Order for refusing an Absolute Order of Discharge.
Bullock, Jabez Sidney (trading as the Public Benefit Boot and Shoe Company)	Residing in lodgings at 55, Burlington-terrace, and trading at 74A, Westgate, both in Bradford, Yorkshire	Boot and Shoe Dealer ...	Bradford	26 of 1893	June 15, 1897	Discharge granted on payment to the Official Receiver of a sum sufficient to make the Dividend equal to 10s. in the pound	Bankrupt had omitted to keep such books of account as are usual and proper in the business carried on by him, and as suffi- ciently disclose his business transactions and financial position within the three years immediately preceding his bank- ruptcy
Denton, Charles	65, Shearbridge-terrace, and trading at 37, Tyrrel-street, both in Bradford, Yorkshire	Printer and Stationer ...	Bradford	22 of 1888	June 15, 1897	Discharge suspended two months	Bankrupt had omitted to keep such books of account as are usual and proper in the business carried on by him, and as suffi- ciently disclose his business transactions and financial position within the three years immediately preceding his bank- ruptcy; and had on a previous occasion, viz., in June, 1886, made a Composition with his creditors
House, Albert (trading as John House)	68, Grantham-road, and trad- ing at 3, Thornton-road, both in Bradford, Yorkshire	Cycle Engineer ...	Bradford	59 of 1895	June 15, 1897	Discharge suspended two years	Bankrupt's assets are not of a value equal to 10s. in the pound on the amount of his unsecured liabilities; that he had omitted to keep such books of account as are usual and proper in the business carried on by him, and as sufficiently disclose his busi- ness transactions and financial position within the three years preceding his bank- ruptcy; and had continued to trade after knowing himself to be insolvent
Davies, John	45, Perrott-street, Treharris, Glamorganshire	Travelling Draper	Merthyr Tydfil	25 of 1894	May 14, 1897	Discharge suspended for six months, and that the bankrupt be dis- charged as from 14th November, 1897	Bankrupt had omitted to keep such books of account as are usual and proper in the business carried on by him, and as suffi- ciently disclose his business transactions and financial position within the three years immediately preceding his bank- ruptcy; had continued to trade after know- ing himself to be insolvent; and had con- tracted debts provable in the bankruptcy without having at the time of contracting them any reasonable ground of expectation of being able to pay them.
Baldwin, William	Greenmeadow, Lliswerry, in the county borough of New- port, late of 10, Alexandra- road, Newport aforesaid	Butcher	Newport, Mon.	30 of 1893	Mar. 12, 1897. (Completed June 12, 1897)	Discharge granted upon payment to the Official Receiver of an amount sufficient to pay a Dividend of 2s. in the pound and costs of bank- ruptcy	Bankrupt's assets are not of a value equal to 10s. in the pound on the amount of his un- secured liabilities; that he had omitted to keep such books of account as are usual and proper in the business carried on by



# ORDERS MADE ON APPLICATIONS FOR DISCHARGE—continued.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Date of Order.	Nature of Order made.	Grounds named in Order for refusing an Absolute Order of Discharge.
Jenkinson, William Henry	Hayes, in the county of Middlesex	Coal and Corn Merchant, Currier, and Leather Manufacturer	Windsor	... 13 of 1896	May 21, 1897	Discharge suspended for two years	<p>him, and as sufficiently disclose his business transactions and financial position within the three years immediately preceding his bankruptcy; had continued to trade after knowing himself to be insolvent; and had contracted debts provable in the bankruptcy without having at the time of contracting them any reasonable or probable ground of expectation of being able to pay them</p> <p>Bankrupt's assets are not of a value equal to 10s. in the pound on the amount of his unsecured liabilities; that he had omitted to keep such books of account as are usual and proper in the business carried on by him, and as sufficiently disclose his business transactions and financial position within the three years immediately preceding his bankruptcy; had continued to trade after knowing himself to be insolvent; and had contracted debts provable in the bankruptcy, namely, those owing to Messrs. A. Brown and Co., Cleeve Hooper, and Morton and Sons, without having at the time of contracting them any reasonable or probable ground of expectation of being able to pay them</p>

## APPOINTMENTS OF TRUSTEES.

Debtor's Name.	Address.	Description.	Court.	No.	Trustee's Name.	Address.	Date of Certificate of Appointment.
Skinner, William Beecher Skinner, Albert Ernest Skinner, George Henry, and Skinner, Arthur Sydney (trading as Skinner Brothers) ...	246, Borough High-street, in the county of London	Hardware Merchants, Factors, and Agents	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	526 of 1897	Poppleton, George Graham	164, Aldersgate - street, London, E.C.	July 1, 1897
Toope, James ...	65, Great Titchfield-street, and 11 and 12, Charlotte-mews, Charlotte-street, and 105, High-street, Camden Town, all in the county of London	Dealer in China and Glass	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	741 of 1897	Hayes, Thomas William	24, Cheapside, Hanley ...	June 28, 1897
Wilkins, Cecil Francis (described in Receiving Order as Cecil F. Wilkins)	18, Great Winchester-street, in the city of London, and residing at 72, St. Ermin's Mansions, Caxton-street, Westminster, in the county of London	Bullion Broker ...	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	657 of 1897	Haydon, Flaxman ...	16, Union-court, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.	July 3, 1897
Thomas, George ...	Appleby, Westmorland ...	Solicitor ...	Kendal ...	3 of 1897	Jordon, Alexander Thomas	Kirkby Stephen, Auctioneer and Accountant	July 6, 1897
Cook, Henry ...	47, Harrison-street and 42, Cornwallis-street, Barrow-in-Furness, Lancashire	Tailor ...	Ulverston and Barrow-in-Furness	3B of 1897	Waddington, James Jonathan	Hartington-street, Barrow-in-Furness, Accountant	July 7, 1897

# NOTICES OF RELEASE OF TRUSTEES.

No. 26871.

Debtor's Name.	Debtor's Address.	Debtor's Description.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Trustee's Name.	Trustee's Address.	Trustee's Description.	Date of Release.
Goddard, Frank ...	18, Crowland-road, South Tottenham, Middlesex, and of the Angel, Webber-street, Blackfriars, Surrey	Licensed Victualler ...	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	504 of 1895	Harold Brougham ...	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Kirby, James Langford ...	33, Old Change, in the city of London, and 73, Comeragh-road, West Kensington, in the county of London	... ..	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	1008 of 1893	Edwin Leadam Hough	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Official Receiver ...	Oct. 17, 1894
Law, William ...	282, Clapham-road, 36, St. George's-place, Knightsbridge, and 64, Brompton-road, all in the county of London	Jeweller ...	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	784 of 1894	Edwin Leadam Hough	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Official Receiver ...	Sept. 30, 1895
Morgan, George Joseph ...	121, Canterbury-road, Kilburn, Willesden, Middlesex	Boot Dealer and Draper	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	1335 of 1888	Edwin Leadam Hough	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Official Receiver ...	Jan. 13, 1890
Phillips, Walter ...	25, Belmont-park, Lee, Kent, carrying on business at 32, Queen's-terrace, Southampton, in copartnership and lately carrying on business alone at 79, Mark-lane, in the city of London	Carrying on business in copartnership with John Ray Cowell as Phillips and Cowell, as Engineers, Surveyors and Agents, and lately carrying on business as a Consulting Engineer	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	607 of 1894	Edwin Leadam Hough	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Official Receiver ...	Oct. 3, 1895
Steenbekkers, William (trading as William Steen)	39, Glasshouse-street, Regent-street, in the county of London	Greengrocer and Fruiterer	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	1404 of 1893	Alfred Henry Wildy	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1893
Woodhouse, Arthur Leighton Alderson (described in the Receiving Order as A. L. A. Woodhouse)	24, Philpot-lane, London, E.C.	... ..	High Court of Justice in Bankruptcy	719 of 1892	Alfred Henry Wildy	Bankruptcy - buildings, Carey-street, London, W.C.	Official Receiver ...	July 11, 1894
Brown, Alfred ...	49, Commercial street, Mountain Ash, Glamorganshire	Greengrocer ...	Aberdare ...	4 of 1896	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	July 2, 1897
Reed, Stephen ...	8, Graig-place, Aberdare, Glamorganshire	Travelling Draper ...	Aberdare ...	9 of 1896	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Jones, John ...	Dinas View, Llanbadarn-road, Aberystwith, Cardiganshire	Commercial Traveller	Aberystwith...	6 of 1893	Thomas Thomas ...	4, Queen-street, Carmarthen	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897

**NOTICES OF RELEASE OF TRUSTEES—continued.**

Debtor's Name.	Debtor's Address.	Debtor's Description.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Trustee's Name.	Trustee's Address.	Trustee's Description.	Date of Release.
Parry, John ...	Lately trading at 103, Mostyn-street, and residing at Bryn Aber Cottage, James-street, both in Llandudno, Carnarvonshire, now residing at 9, Clonmel-street, Llandudno aforesaid	Late Tobacconist and Hairdresser, now Joiner, out of employment	Bangor ...	20 of 1896	Llewelyn Hugh Jones	Crypt-chambers, Chester	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Williams, Griffith Trevor ...	Tyddyntrwfl, Waenfawr, in the parish of Llanbeblig, Carnarvonshire	Retired Quarryman ...	Bangor ...	19 of 1896	Llewelyn Hugh Jones	Crypt-chambers, Chester	Official Receiver ...	May 17, 1897
Williams, Thomas ...	Fern Bank, Llanfairfechan, Carnarvonshire	Lodging-house Keeper	Bangor ...	36 of 1895	Llewelyn Hugh Jones	Crypt-chambers, Chester	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Olaf, Sandford Nevile ...	8, Upper Camden-place, Bath	Gentleman ...	Bath ...	12 of 1891	Alfred Christopher Turpin	41, Broad-street, Bath	Accountant ...	May 11, 1897
Ferebee, George ...	2, 3, and 4, St. Peter's terrace, in the parish of Twerton-on-Avon, Somersetshire	Greengrocer, Fishmonger, and Butcher	Bath ...	23 of 1895	Edward Gustavus Clarke	Bank-chambers, Corn-street	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Spurway, William Hudson	2A, Westgate-place, Bath	Butcher ...	Bath ...	16 of 1895	Alfred Christopher Turpin	41, Broad-street, Bath	Accountant ...	May 11, 1897
Isaacs, Henry Isaac ...	25, Church-street, Birkenhead, Cheshire	Butcher's Commission Agent	Birkenhead ...	3 of 1896	Frederick Gittins	35, Victoria-street, Liverpool	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Ostle, Robert Ellison, the younger	Little Neston, Cheshire	Grocer and Baker	Birkenhead ...	8 of 1896	Frederick Gittins	35, Victoria-street, Liverpool	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Clift, Thomas Frederick ...	Lately Short Heath, near Wolverhampton, Staffordshire, now 21, Station-road, Witton, Birmingham, Warwickshire	Lately Colliery Proprietor, now Coal Merchant	Birmingham	64 of 1896	Luke Jesson Sharp	23, Colmore-row, Birmingham	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Edwards, David ...	Barnt Green, Worcestershire	Builder ...	Birmingham	40 of 1896	Luke Jesson Sharp	23, Colmore-row, Birmingham	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Hedges, Vincent Edmund (trading as William Hodges)	153, High-street, Bordesley, also trading at Great Barr-street, both in Birmingham, Warwickshire	Grocer ...	Birmingham	86 of 1896	Luke Jesson Sharp	23, Colmore-row, Birmingham	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Lee, William, and Kemp, William (trading as Lee and Kemp)	Both residing and trading at 235, Coventry-road, in the city of Birmingham	Bakers and Confectioners	Birmingham	2 of 1895	Luke Jesson Sharp	23, Colmore-row, Birmingham	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897

**NOTICES OF RELEASE OF TRUSTEES—continued.**

Debtor's Name.	Debtor's Address.	Debtor's Description.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Trustee's Name.	Trustee's Address.	Trustee's Description.	Date of Release.
Smeaton, Thomas ...	34, Charles-road, Small Heath, Birmingham, Warwickshire	Draper's Assistant ...	Birmingham ...	101 of 1896	Luke Jesson Sharp...	23, Colmore-row, Birmingham	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Walton, Israel ...	Gregoryfold, Helmshore, Lancashire	Yarn Agent ...	Blackburn ...	33 of 1895	Thomas Edelston ...	14, Chapel-street, Preston	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Greenwood, Henry...	Well-street, Bradford, Yorkshire...	Cigar Merchant ...	Bradford ...	32 of 1896	J. Arthur Binns ...	31, Manor-row, Bradford	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Marshall, Fred ...	Residing at Greenhill-lane, and trading at 225, Leeds-road, both in Bradford, Yorkshire	Clothier and Draper ...	Bradford ...	19 of 1896	J. Arthur Binns ...	31, Manor-row, Bradford	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Varley, Samuel ...	1, Albert-street, Wibsey, and recently of 51, Park Side-road, Bradford, both in Yorkshire	Grocer ...	Bradford ...	28 of 1896	J. Arthur Binns ...	31, Manor-row, Bradford	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
15 Weare, Joseph Rayner (trading as J. B. Weare and Co.)	Residing at 18, Rochester street, Laisterdyke, and formerly trading at West Holme Works, West Holme-street, lately at 92, Harris-street, all in Bradford, Yorkshire	Rolling Board and Packing-case Maker	Bradford ...	49 of 1896	J. Arthur Binns ...	31, Manor-row, Bradford	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897
Collard, Henry Thomas ...	9, Church-road, Burgess Hill, Sussex	Painter and Decorator	Brighton ...	46 of 1895	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion - buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Filmer, Thomas Henry ...	Walburton, Sussex ...	Butcher ...	Brighton ...	20 of 1895	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion - buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Fowler, Thomas Holmes ...	Late of 70, Franklin road, now of 20, Shaftesbury-road, both in Brighton	Insurance Agent ...	Brighton ...	72 of 1894	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion - buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Hart, John (lately trading as Marshall)	25, Duke street, Brighton ...	Fishmonger's Manager, lately Fishmonger	Brighton ...	5 of 1895	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion - buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Peskett, James and Ayling, George (trading as Peskett and Ayling)	39, Denne - parade, Horsham, Sussex	Builders ...	Brighton ...	90 of 1895	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion - buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver ...	July 2, 1897
Tooze, Arthur E. ...	7, Wellington-crescent, Ramsgate, late of 10, Patterfield-road, Streatham Common, and 2, Seafield-road, West Brighton, and 7, Royal - crescent, Ramsgate, and of Folkestone, and Middle Temple, London	Barri-ter-at-Law ...	Brighton ...	85 of 1895	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion - buildings Brighton	Official Receiver ...	June 30, 1897

**NOTICES OF RELEASE OF TRUSTEES—continued.**

Debtor's Name.	Debtor's Address.	Debtor's Description.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Trustee's Name.	Trustee's Address.	Trustee's Description.	Date of Release.
Townsend, James ...	Nutbourne, in the parish of Westbourne, Sussex	General Dealer	Brighton ...	27 of 1895	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion - buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Yates, William ...	Coppice Side, Swadlincote, Derbyshire	Grocer and Confectioner	Barton-on-Trent ...	10 of 1895	John Smith ...	40, St. Mary's Gate, Derby	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Calver, Fred ...	The Street, Pakenham, Suffolk ...	Blacksmith ...	Bury St. Edmunds ...	5 of 1896	Frederick Messent ...	36, Princes-street, Ipswich	Official Receiver ...	May 20, 1897
Vick, David ...	Oldbury, in the borough of Tewkesbury, Gloucestershire	Coal and Fruit Dealer	Cheltenham ...	18 of 1896	Charles Scott ...	Station-road, Gloucester	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Roby, John Robert ...	New-street, Grassmoor, Derbyshire	Grocer ...	Chesterfield ...	2 of 1896	John Smith ...	40, St. Mary's Gate, Derby	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
London, John ...	Residing and trading at 43, Cook-street, Coventry, Warwickshire	Purveyor of Milk ...	Coventry ...	16 of 1895	Edward Thomas Peirson	17, Hertford - street, Coventry	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Davies, Henry Rowland ...	138, Cherry Orchard-road, and of 13, Clarendon-road, Derby-road, both in Croydon, Surrey, lately residing at Hillside, Woodmansterne-road, Purley, Surrey, and trading at 134, Cherry Orchard-road aforesaid	Builder ...	Croydon ...	38 of 1895	A. Mackintosh ...	24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Epstein, Edward ...	249, Selhurst-road, South Norwood, Surrey	Hairdresser ...	Croydon ...	28 of 1896	A. Mackintosh ...	24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Leigh, Thomas (lately trading as Leigh and Son)	Knockholt Wood, Knockholt, Kent	Contractor ...	Croydon ...	53 of 1893	A. Mackintosh ...	24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Wiles, John Fletcher (trading as the Wheel and Camera Company)	52, Heathfield - road, Croydon, Surrey, trading at 128, High-street, Croydon aforesaid	Cycle Agent and Manufacturer	Croydon ...	12 of 1894	A. Mackintosh ...	24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Hooley, Benjamin ...	Borrowash, Derbyshire ...	Late Postmaster, now out of employment	Derby ...	7 of 1896	John Smith ...	40, St. Mary's-gate, Derby	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Ogden, William ...	The Talbot Inn, Bridge Foot, Belper, Derbyshire	Licensed Victualler ...	Derby ...	1 of 1896	John Smith ...	40, St. Mary's-gate, Derby	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Bould, Newman ...	High-street, Gawthorpe, late of Town-street, Batley Carr, both in Yorkshire	Formerly Fried Fish Dealer, now out of business	Dewsbury ...	23 of 1896	Edgar Ernest Deane	Bank-chambers, Batley	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897

## NOTICES OF RELEASE OF TRUSTEES—continued.

Debtor's Name.	Debtor's Address.	Debtor's Description.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Trustee's Name.	Trustee's Address.	Trustee's Description.	Date of Release.
Tindale, Michael ...	Pittington and Fatfield House Farm, Pittington, in the county of Durham	Farmer and Butcher ...	Durham ...	13 of 1888	James A. Longden ...	25, John-street, Sunderland	Official Receiver ...	May 20, 1897
Flowerday, William]	42, South-street, Eastbourne, Sussex	Fruiterer and Beer Merchant	Eastbourne and Lewes	18 of 1894	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion - buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Little, Harriett Pigeon ...	2, Regent-terrace, Eastbourne, Sussex	Ladies' and Children's Outfitter, Wife of Henry Bowman Little, carrying on business separately from her Husband	Eastbourne and Lewes	7 of 1894	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion - buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Ratchiffe, Daniel Rowlinson	Lately residing at Great Alne Hall, Great Alne, Warwick, now of 42, Royal Parade, Eastbourne, Sussex	Of no occupation ...	Eastbourne and Lewes	14 of 1895	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion - buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Vine, William ...	167, Seaside-road, and 29, South-street, both in Eastbourne, Sussex	Bootmaker ...	Eastbourne and Lewes	20 of 1895	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion - buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Brittain, William (trading and commonly known as William Caine)	11, George-lane, Lewisham, Kent, lately trading at Woking, Surrey	Builder... ..	Greenwich ...	12 of 1896	A. Mackintosh ...	24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Cumberland, Arthur ...	Exburg-road, Catford, Kent ..	Gentleman ... ..	Greenwich ...	22 of 1896	A. Mackintosh ...	24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Stow, William ...	133, High-street, Beckenham, Kent, residing and lately trading at 133, High-street, Beckenham aforesaid	Butcher ... ..	Greenwich ...	6 of 1896	A. Mackintosh ...	24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Durbidge, George Benjamin	Guildford, Surrey ... ..	Solicitor ... ..	Guildford and Godalming	12 of 1893	A. Mackintosh ...	24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Baddeley, William Henry	Victoria-road and Whitmore-street, and lately Brown-street, all in Hanley, Staffordshire	Builder... ..	Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall	37 of 1895	Thomas Bullock ...	King-street, Newcastle-under-Lyme	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Carson, John ...	1, Foster-street, Burslem, Staffordshire	Joiner and Builder ...	Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall	31 of 1895	Thomas Bullock ...	King-street, Newcastle-under-Lyme	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Clews, Thomas ...	The Bird in Hand Inn, High-street, Wolstanton, Staffordshire	Beerhouse Keeper ...	Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall	41 of 1895	Thomas Bullock ...	King-street, Newcastle-under-Lyme	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Proudlove, Elizabeth ...	Little Madeley, near Newcastle-under-Lyme, Staffordshire	Grocer and Provision Dealer, Widow	Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall	19 of 1894	Thomas Bullock ...	King-street, Newcastle-under-Lyme	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897



**NOTICES OF RELEASE OF TRUSTEES—continued.**

Debtor's Name.	Debtor's Address.	Debtor's Description.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Trustee's Name.	Trustee's Address.	Trustee's Description.	Date of Release.
Landridge, Arthur	Stamford House, High-street, Hastings, and 83, Warrior-square, St. Leonards-on-Sea, formerly of 43, Barclay-road, Leytonstone, Essex	Eating-house Keeper...	Hastings ...	10 of 1896	Howard-W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion-buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver	June 25, 1897
Wright, Edwin ...	Late of the White House Farm, Mickfield, now of the Swan Hotel, Fressingfield, both in Suffolk	Late Farmer, now Innkeeper	Ipswich ...	20 of 1896	Frederick Messent...	36, Princes - street, Ipswich	Official Receiver	May 20, 1897
Waldor, Frank ...	Boring Wheel Mill, Maresfield, Sussex, lately residing and trading at Cowden, Kent	Miller, Baker, and Corn and Coal Merchant	Lewes and East-bourne	4 of 1895	Howard W. Cox ...	4, Pavilion-buildings, Brighton	Official Receiver	June 25, 1897
Bold, James... ..	Residing at Green-lane, Ashton-on-Mersey, Cheshire, lately for the greater part of the past six months residing and carrying on business at 11A, Irwell-street, Widnes, Lancashire	Bricklayer and Coal Agent	Liverpool ...	55 of 1896	Frederick Gittins ...	35, Victoria - street, Liverpool...	Official Receiver	May 26, 1897
Cooper, John Alfred ...	Residing and trading at 253, Upper Parliament-street, Liverpool	Painter and Decorator	Liverpool ...	15 of 1896	Frederick Gittins ...	35, Victoria - street, Liverpool	Official Receiver	May 26, 1897
Parker, William Crompton	Queen's Hotel, Southport, Lancashire	Lately Hotel Keeper...	Liverpool ...	16 of 1896	Thomas Henry Crane	211, Lord-street, Southport	Chartered Accountant	June 28, 1897
Ainsworth, Samuel...	Sytchouse Farm, in the parish of Cloverley, Salop	Farmer ...	Madeley ...	3 of 1896	Thomas Bullock ...	42, St. John's - hill, Shrewsbury	Official Receiver	May 26, 1897
Hall, Joseph ...	170, Amesbury-avenue, Streatham Hill, Brixton, and lately carrying on business at 14, Market-square, Wellington, Salop	Chemist ...	Madeley ...	4 of 1896	George White ...	14, Old Jewry-chambers, London, E.C.	Chartered Accountant	June 14, 1897
Newman, John ...	Yew Tree Stores, Mereworth, Kent	Grocer ...	Maidstone ...	20 of 1896	R. T. Tatham ...	9, King-street, Maidstone	Official Receiver	May 26, 1897
White, William ...	16, Faith-street, Maidstone, Kent	General-shop Keeper...	Maidstone ...	11 of 1896	R. T. Tatham ...	9, King-street, Maidstone	Official Receiver	May 26, 1897
Ellison, Mary Louisa	Residing at 22, Carruthers-street, and trading there and also at 6, Hadfield street, both in Ancoats, Manchester, Lancashire	Maker-up of Ladies' and Children's Under-clothing	Manchester ...	37 of 1896	Christopher Jenkins Dibb	Ogden's chambers, Bridge - street, Manchester	Official Receiver	June 18, 1897

**NOTICES OF RELEASE OF TRUSTEES—continued.**

Debtor's Name.	Debtor's Address.	Debtor's Description.	Court.	No of Matter.	Trustee's Name.	Trustee's Address.	Trustee's Description.	Date of Release.
Harper, Robert ... .. and Rothwell, Wilberforce Richards (trading as Harper and Rothwell) ...	Residing at 44, Hilton - street, Higher Broughton, previously at 4, Hall-road, Rusholme, both in Manchester, Lancashire, and formerly at 4, King - street, Glasgow Residing at 44, Hilton - street, Higher Broughton, previously at 4, Hall-road, Rusholme, both in Manchester aforesaid At 26, Corporation-street, Man- chester aforesaid.	Cycle and Cycle Accessories Factors	Manchester ...	20 of 1896	Christopher Jenkins Dibb	Byrom-street, Man- chester	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Harrison, John ... ..	Residing and trading at 22, Albert - street, Manchester, Lancashire, formerly trading at 20, Albert-street aforesaid, and residing at 404, Eccles New- road, Waste, near Manchester aforesaid, and prior thereto residing at 8, Cedar-avenue, Waste aforesaid	Carver, Gilder, and Picture Frame Dealer	Manchester ...	56 of 1896	Christopher Jenkins Dibb	Byrom-street, Man- chester	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Reynolds, Henry ... ..	10, Montague-street, Collyhurst- street, Manchester	Baker and Flour Dealer	Manchester ...	21 of 1896	Christopher Jenkins Dibb	Byrom-street, Man- chester	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Bowen, Thomas, and Jones, William Edward (trading as Bowen and Jones) ... ..	14, Bridge-street, Merthyr Tydfil 70, Clare-street, Merthyr Tydfil 67, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil, Glamorganshire	Outfitters ... ..	Merthyr Tydfil ...	2 of 1896	Charles Edwin Dovey	31, Queen-street, Cardiff	Chartered Account- ant	June 28, 1897
Nevitt, Herbert ... ..	Residing and carrying on busi- ness at Annie's-lane, Wybun- bury, and carrying on business at Stapeley, near Nantwich, and at Shavington, near Crewe	Farmer and Brick Manufacturer	Nantwich and Crewe	8 of 1896	Thomas Bullock ...	King-street, Newcastle- under-Lyme	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Wood, Charles William ...	Wheelock - street, Middlewich, Cheshire	Licensed Victualler ...	Nantwich and Crewe	23 of 1895	Thomas Bullock ...	King-street, Newcastle- under-Lyme	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Berryman, Joseph ... ..	31, Bath-road, West Cowes, Isle of Wight	Fruiterer and Green- grocer	Newport and Ryde...	24 of 1896	Harry Castell Damant	19, Quay-street, New- port, Isle of Wight	Official Receiver ...	May 20, 1897
Childs, George ... ..	St. Catherine House, and the Royal Hotel Mews, Ventnor, in the Isle of Wight	Posting Master ...	Newport and Ryde...	12 of 1895	Harry Castell Damant	19, Quay-street, New- port, Isle of Wight	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Jones, Samuel Evans ... ..	Church-road, Newbridge, Mon- mouthshire	Grocer ... ..	Newport, Mon. ...	18 of 1896	George Henry Llewellyn	Gloucester Bank-cham- bers, Newport, Mon.	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897

**NOTICES OF RELEASE OF TRUSTEES—continued.**

Debtor's Name.	Debtor's Address.	Debtor's Description.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Trustee's Name.	Trustee's Address.	Trustee's Description.	Date of Release.
Hartshorn, William Thomas	21, Betton - street, Belle Vue, Shrewsbury, late of Marton, Chirbury, Salop	Machinist ... ..	Newtown ... ..	14 of 1895	J. D. Davies .. ..	Llanidloes ... ..	Official Receiver ...	May 20, 1897
Bull, John Henry ... (Deceased)	Late of Goldswong - terrace, Cranmer-street and Oldknow's Factory, both in Nottingham	Late Hosier ... ..	Nottingham... ..	12 of 1896	Henry Roby Thorpe	St. Peter's Church-walk, Nottingham	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Rawlings, James ... ..	Earith, Huntingdonshire ... ..	Bargeman and Coal Merchant	Peterborough ... ..	23 of 1895	E. W. J. Savill ... ..	5, Petty Cury, Cambridge	Official Receiver ...	May 20, 1897
Ham, George ... ..	Morning Star Hotel, Pontypridd, Glamorganshire	Licensed Victualler ...	Pontypridd ... ..	52 of 1895	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Jackson, William Henry (late trading as Jackson and Co.)	26, Penrhys-road, Tylorstown, formerly trading at Bridge-street, Tonypandy, both in Glamorganshire	Weighter at Colliery, formerly Grocer	Pontypridd ... ..	67 of 1895	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Jenkins, Jeffra ... ..	59, Duffryn - street, Ferndale, Glamorganshire	Grocer ... ..	Pontypridd ... ..	26 of 1894	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Lewis, Vinson ... ..	Next door to Post-Office, Llanbradach, Glamorganshire	Tailor ... ..	Pontypridd ... ..	8 of 1896	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Morgan, George Thomas ...	1, Ynysmeirig - road, Aberdare Junction, Glamorganshire	Builder ... ..	Pontypridd ... ..	62 of 1895	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Williams, Edward ... ..	Manchester House, High-street, Llanbradach, near Caerphilly, Glamorganshire	Draper and Outfitter ...	Pontypridd ... ..	13 of 1896	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Short, Frederick Stephen ...	Parkstone, Dorsetshire ... ..	Architect and Surveyor	Poole... ..	22 of 1895	Frederick Dawes Aston	City-chambers, Salisbury	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Holmes, Marion ... ..	22, Prospect-street, Caversham, Oxfordshire	Principal of a School...	Reading ... ..	1 of 1896	George Mallam ... ..	1, St. Aldate's, Oxford ...	Official Receiver ...	May 20, 1897
Wood, Henry ... ..	273, Chapel-street, Salford, Lancashire	Baker and Provision Dealer	Salford ... ..	14 of 1896	Christopher Jenkins Dobb	Byrom - street, Manchester	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Boyes, John... .. (Deceased)	Late of Thornton-le-Dale, Yorkshire	Late Miller ... ..	Scarborough ... ..	1 of 1896	Charles Edwin Bradley	Huntriss-chambers, 24, Huntriss - row, Scarborough	Chartered Accountant	June 14, 1897
Shaw, Harry Percy... ..	45, High-street, Shrewsbury ...	Naturalist and Fishing Tackle Maker	Shrewsbury ... ..	7 of 1896	Thomas Bullock ... ..	42, St. John's - hill, Shrewsbury	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Cooksey, Joseph ... ..	Rifleman Inn, Stafford-street, Stone, Staffordshire	Innkeeper and Drayman	Stafford ... ..	9 of 1896	Thomas Bullock ... ..	King-street, Newcastle-under-Lyme	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897

## NOTICES OF RELEASE OF TRUSTEES—continued.

No.	Debtor's Name.	Debtor's Address.	Debtor's Description.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Trustee's Name.	Trustee's Address.	Trustee's Description.	Date of Release.
26871.	Johnson, Alfred ...	Gnosall, Staffordshire ...	Butcher ...	Stafford ...	4 of 1895	Thomas Bullock ...	King-street, Newcastle-under-Lyme	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
	Martin, Edwin ...	Formerly of Audlem, Cheshire, now of Weston Jones, in the parish of Norbury, Staffordshire	Journeyman Joiner and Wheelwright	Stafford ...	2 of 1896	Thomas Bullock ...	King-street, Newcastle-under-Lyme	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
	Armstrong, William ...	Carrying on business at Chadwick-street, Longton, and residing at High-street, Longton, Staffordshire	Builder and Contractor	Stoke-upon-Trent and Longton	1 of 1896	Thomas Bullock ...	King-street, Newcastle-under-Lyme	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
	Dunn, Henry ...	Prestwood, near Stourbridge, Staffordshire	Blacksmith ...	Stourbridge ...	5 of 1896	Edward Percy Jobson	Dudley ...	Official Receiver ...	May 14, 1897
P	Gwynne, Thomas ...	63, Glamorgan-street, Brynmawr, Brecknockshire	Grocer ...	Tredeggar ...	18 of 1893	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
	Harris, David ...	33, Church-street, Abertillery, Monmouthshire	Outfitter and Jeweller	Tredeggar ...	4 of 1894	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
	Jones, Hugh Simon ...	Market-street, Ebbw Vale, Monmouthshire	Grocer ...	Tredeggar ...	10 of 1895	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
	Payne, Elon ...	King-street, Blaenavon, Monmouthshire	Grocer ...	Tredeggar ...	9 of 1893	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
	Powell, Dyfrig ...	Garnvach, Nantyglo, Monmouthshire	Grocer ...	Tredeggar ...	10 of 1893	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
	Walters, John Richard ...	Bryn Shop, Cwmillery, Monmouthshire	Grocer ...	Tredeggar ...	3 of 1893	William Daniel Lewes	65, High-street, Merthyr Tydfil	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
	Radcliffe, Christopher ...	Lately residing at the Commercial Hotel, Grange-over-Sands, Lancashire, now residing at Kents Bank-road, Grange-over-Sands aforesaid	Lately Hotel Manager, now Cab Proprietor	Ulverston and Barrow-in-Furness	1U of 1895	Henry Garencières Pearson	16, Cornwallis-street, Barrow-in-Furness	Official Receiver ...	May 24, 1897
	Edwards, Arthur ...	63, Falcon-road, Battersea, in the county of London	Tailor ...	Wandsworth ...	27 of 1896	A. Mackintosh ...	24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
	Edwards, Henry James (trading as H. J. Edwards)	12, Howbery-road, Thornton Heath, Surrey, lately residing and carrying on business at Church-place, Streatham Common, Streatham, London	Builder, Decorator, Oil Colour Man and Ironmonger and General Store Keeper	Wandsworth ...	4 of 1896	A. Mackintosh ...	24, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897

## NOTICES OF RELEASE OF TRUSTEES—continued.

Debtor's Name.	Debtor's Address.	Debtor's Description.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Trustee's Name.	Trustee's Address.	Trustee's Description.	Date of Release.
Egerton, Warwick ...	316, Earlsfield-road, Wandsworth, Surrey, lately residing and carrying on business at 32, Lewisham-road, Greenwich, Kent	Oilman ...	Wandsworth	25 of 1894	A. Mackintosh ...	21, Railway-approach, London Bridge, S.E.	Official Receiver ...	June 25, 1897
Turner, Joseph ...	Residing at 25, Dixon-street, Warrington, Lancashire, and trading at 54, Horsemarket-street, Warrington, and formerly carrying on business at the last-named place in copartnership with William Turner under the style of J. and W. Turner	Smallware Dealer ...	Warrington ...	7 of 1896	Christopher Jenkins Dobb	Byrom-street, Manchester	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Rudd, Thomas ...	30, Bridge-street, Earlestown, Lancashire	Fancy Dealer ...	Warrington ...	8 of 1896	Christopher Jenkins Dobb	Byrom-street, Manchester	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Tickle, Joseph ...	5, Alcock-street, Runcorn, Cheshire, and trading at the Market Hall, Runcorn aforesaid, lately residing and trading at 17, Bridge-street and the Market Hall, both in Runcorn aforesaid, and formerly of 31 and 33, Egerton-street, Runcorn aforesaid	Hardware Dealer and Confectioner	Warrington ...	13 of 1896	Christopher Jenkins Dobb	Byrom-street, Manchester	Official Receiver ...	June 18, 1897
Dadley, Benjamin ...	103, Stafford-road, Wolverhampton, Staffordshire	Iron Moulder and Stationer, News-agent, and Tobacco-conist.	Wolverhampton	23 of 1896	Edwin Pritchard ...	St. Peter's-close, Wolverhampton	Official Receiver ...	May 20, 1897
Easthope, Mary ...	Fern Cottage, Compton, near Wolverhampton, Staffordshire	Widow ...	Wolverhampton	4 of 1893	Edwin Pritchard ...	St. Peter's-close, Wolverhampton	Official Receiver ...	May 20, 1897
Jones, John ...	6, Church-street, Bilston, Staffordshire	Pork Butcher ...	Wolverhampton	24 of 1896	Edwin Pritchard ...	St. Peter's-close, Wolverhampton	Official Receiver ...	May 26, 1897
Higgins, Sarah ...	The Fox Inn, Bagley, near Ellesmere, Salop	Innkeeper and Farmer	Wrexham ...	4 of 1896	Llewelyn Hugh Jones	Crypt-chambers, Chester	Official Receiver ...	May 17, 1897
<i>The following Amended Notice is substituted for that published in the</i>					<i>London Gazette of the 15th June, 1897.</i>			
Langham, Herbert Hay ...	Cottesbrooke Park, Northamptonshire	Esquire...	Northampton	8 of 1893	Augustus Cufaud Palmer	St. Giles'-chambers, Northampton	Chartered Accountant	June 14, 1897

Pursuant to the Acts and Rules, notices to the above effect have been received by the Board of Trade.

JOHN SMITH, Inspector-General in Bankruptcy.

# THE COMPANIES ACTS, 1862 TO 1890.

## WINDING-UP ORDER.

Name of Company.	Address of Registered Office.	Court.	No. of Matter.	Date of Order.	Date of Presentation of Petition.
The Mineral Estates Corporation Limited ... ..	2, Old Serjeants'-inn, Chancery-lane, London, W.C. ... ..	High Court of Justice ...	00150 of 1897	June 30, 1897 ...	June 10, 1897

## FIRST MEETINGS.

Name of Company.	Address of Registered Office.	Court.	Number.	Date of First Meeting.	Hour.	Place.
The British India Rubber and Exploration Company Limited	15, George-street, Mansion House, in the city of London	High Court of Justice	00153 of 1897	Creditors, June 19, 1897 ... Contributories, June 19, 1897	11 A.M. 11.30 A.M.	33, Carey-street, Lincoln's-inn, London, W.C. 33, Carey-street, Lincoln's-inn, London, W.C.

## NOTICE OF INTENDED DIVIDEND.

Name of Company.	Address of Registered Office.	Court.	Number.	Last Day for Receiving Proofs.	Name of Liquidator.	Address.
The Fustian Cutting Machine Company Limited	Peel Mills, Adelphi, Salford...	Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster (Manchester District)	F. 803 of 1894	July 24, 1897	Richard Brutton	77, King-street, Manchester

## NOTICES OF RELEASE OF LIQUIDATORS.

Name of Company.	Address of Registered Office.	Court.	No. of Matter	Liquidator's Name.	Liquidator's Address.	Date of Release.
The Liverpool and Birkenhead Subway Company Limited	48, Castle-street, Liverpool ...	High Court of Justice	0029 of 1896	Samuel Wheeler, Official Receiver and Liquidator	33, Carey-street, Lincoln's-inn, London, W.C.	July 7, 1897
Queen Anne and Garden Mansions Limited	Queen Anne's Mansions, St. James's Park, S.W.	High Court of Justice	00150 of 1893	George Stapylton Barnes, Senior Official Receiver and Liquidator	33, Carey-street, Lincoln's-inn, London, W.C.	July 7, 1897
Uniquia, the Universal Sports and Recreation Society Limited	62, King William-street, London, E.C.	High Court of Justice	00178 of 1896	Arthur Goddard ...	St. George's House, Eastcheap, E.C.	June 17, 1897

Pursuant to the Companies (Winding-up) Act, 1890, and the Rules thereunder, notices to the above effect have been received by the Board of Trade.

JOHN SMITH, Inspector-General in Companies Liquidation.



**T**HE estates of William Moyes, junior, Plumber, 227 St. Andrew's-road East, Pollokshields, Glasgow were sequestrated on the fifth day of July, 1897, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance in the Cessio ultimately converted into sequestration, is dated 5th June, 1897.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon on Friday, 16th July, 1897, within the Faculty Hall, St. George's-place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the fifth day of November, 1897.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

WM. SMITH, Writer

95 Bath-street, Glasgow, Agent.

**T**HE estates of James King Watchmaker and Jeweller 32½, Cathcart-road, Govanhill, Glasgow were sequestrated on 6th July 1897 by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow.

The first deliverance is dated the 6th day of July 1897.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon on Monday the 19th day of July 1897 within the Faculty Hall Saint George's-place Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting and to entitle creditors to the first dividend their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 6th day of November 1897.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

D. and J. HILL, Writers.

138, West Regent-street, Glasgow, Agents.

**T**HE estates of D. M. Dewar, 335 Gairbraid-street Maryhill and presently residing at 301 Gairbraid-street Maryhill Glasgow were sequestrated on the 7th day of July 1897 by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow.

The first deliverance is dated 24th June 1897.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon on Tuesday the 20th day of July 1897 within the Faculty Hall St. George's-place Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting and to entitle creditors to the first dividend their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 7th day of November 1897.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

SCOTT and BROWNLIE Writers

227 Hope-street Glasgow Agents.

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**NOTICE.**—All Notices and Advertisements are published in the London Gazette at the risk of the Advertiser.

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*Scale of Charges for Advertisements, which must be received before 2 o'clock on the day previous to publication.*

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*All Letters must be Post-paid, and all communications on the business of the London Gazette to be addressed to the Office, 47, St. Martin's Lane, London, W.C.*

Printed and Published by THOMAS HARRISON and JAMES WILLIAM HARRISON, Printers, at their Office, 47, St. Martin's Lane, in the Parish of St. Martin-in-the-Fields, in the County of London.

Friday, July 9, 1897.

Price One Shilling.

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