

*Crown-Office, December 12, 1857.*

MEMBERS returned to serve in the present  
PARLIAMENT.

*Town of Paisley.*

Humphrey Ewing Crum Ewing, Esq., of Strath-  
leven, Merchant, in Glasgow, in the room of  
Archibald Hastie, Esq., deceased.

*December 15.*

*Borough of Scarborough.*

John Dent Dent, of Ribston Hall, in the county  
of York, Esq., in the room of the Right Honour-  
able George Augustus Constantine Phipps,  
commonly called Earl of Mulgrave, who has  
accepted the office of Steward of Her Majesty's  
Manor of Hempholme, in the county of York.

*Whitehall, December 8, 1857.*

The Queen has been pleased to give and grant  
unto Edmund Waldegrave Park, a Lieutenant in  
the 3rd (Prince of Wales's) Regiment of Dragoon  
Guards, Her royal licence and authority that he  
may, in compliance with the order and direction  
contained in the last will and testament of his late  
honoured mother, Elizabeth Jane Park, of Ince  
Hall, in the county of Chester, one of the only  
two daughters and coheirs, and ultimately sole  
heir, of Edmund Yates, late of Fairlawn, in the  
county of Kent, and of Ince, in the said county of  
Chester, Esquire, both deceased, and widow and  
relict of the late Reverend William Waldegrave  
Park, also deceased, take and use the surname of  
Yates, in addition to and after that of Park, and  
also bear the arms of Yates; such arms being first  
duly exemplified according to the laws of arms,  
and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the  
said royal licence and permission to be void and  
of none effect:

And also to command that the said royal con-  
cession and declaration be registered in Her  
Majesty's College of Arms.

*Board of Trade, Whitehall,  
December 12, 1857.*

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Com-  
mittee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations  
have received, from the Imperial Austrian Con-  
sulate General at London, a copy of a Notification  
issued by the Central Government at Trieste,  
modifying as follows, from the 7th November last,  
the Quarantine Regulations hitherto in force.

**A.—REGULATIONS AGAINST THE PLAGUE.**

(a.)—*Vessels, from whatever port, arriving with  
foul bills of health.*

The ship and crew, after the disembarkation of  
merchandize and suspected articles, 15 days.  
Suspected merchandize, after being opened in the  
lazaretto, 22 days.

Passengers, not including the captain and clerks,  
when they go straight into lazaretto, 14 days.

Ditto, if their effects are fumigated, from the  
commencement of the quarantine, 12 days.

Ditto, if they are fumigated towards the close  
of the quarantine, 13 days.

Vessels of war, from the period of disembarkation  
of suspected goods and articles, 12 days.

(b.)—*Vessels with clean bills of health.*

I.—Arriving from any Turkish port of Europe,  
Asia, and Africa, including Egypt and Syria:

Vessels, crews, and cargoes, when the latter com-  
prise no goods especially suspected, and when  
the bill of health is given up or confirmed  
by the Consul of any European Power, free  
pratique.

Ditto, in the absence of a consular certificate, 24  
hours.

Ditto, if furnished with a consular certificate,  
whenever there may be on board suspected  
goods, after the latter are landed, free pratique.

Ditto, in the absence of the above certificate, 24  
hours.

Suspected articles (rags and left off wearing ap-  
parel), from the period of their being opened in  
the lazaretto, 5 days.

II.—Arriving from any Christian port of the  
Black Sea or the Sea of Azof, or from the Mouth  
of the Danube, without having touched at any  
intermediate Ottoman port:

Vessels crews, and cargoes, having cleared in free  
pratique, free pratique.

Ditto, having cleared in suspected pratique, but  
with a clean bill of health, free pratique.

Vessels having cleared in suspected pratique with  
a foul bill of health:

1.—Vessels and crews, immediately after dis-  
charging into the lazaretto the suspected  
merchandize and articles, 14 days.

2.—Suspected merchandize, from the period  
of its being opened in the lazaretto, 20  
days.

III.—Arriving from the Coast of Africa and  
Asia, not including those ports comprised under  
Section I, and from Australasia:

Vessels, crews, and cargoes, whenever furnished  
with a clean bill of health accorded by an  
authority of any European Power, free prac-  
tique.

Ditto, without a bill of health as above, 24 hours.

**B.—REGULATIONS AGAINST YELLOW FEVER.**

(a.)—*Vessels with foul bill of health, whencesoever  
arriving.*

Vessels, crews, and cargoes, 10 days.

(b.)—*With a clean bill of health, whencesoever  
arriving.*

Vessels, crews, and cargoes, free pratique.

The maximum amount of quarantine against the  
plague is fixed at 40 days.

Ditto, ditto, yellow fever, 15 days.

*Board of Trade, Whitehall,  
December 14, 1857.*

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Com-  
mittee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations  
have received, through the Secretary of State for  
Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her  
Majesty's Ambassador at Paris, enclosing copy of  
a French Imperial Decree, repealing the export  
duties upon all articles except the following, and  
modifying as undermentioned the export duties  
on walnut wood, millstones, and grindstones and  
raw skins:

*List of Articles still charged with Export Duty.*

Almonds and nuts  
Weapons for war  
Rams and sheep