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Downing-Street, May 11, 1801.

DISPATCHES, of which the following are Copies, addressed to the Right Honorable Henry Dundas, were last Night received at the Office of the Right Honorable Lord Hobart, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, from Lieutenant-General Trigge, Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces in the Leeward and Windward Charibbee Islands.

On board His Majesty's Ship Leviathan, at Sea, 22d March, 1801.

HAVING already detailed in my Dispatches of the 13, 14th, and 15th Instant, (Nos. 7, 8, and 9.) the various Arrangements that had been made to enable me to carry into Effect His Majesty's Commands, communicated in your Letters of the 14th and 31st of January, I have now the Honor to acquaint you, that having been joined on the 16th, at St. John's, Antigua, the appointed Rendezvous, by the 8th West India Regiment, from English Harbour, we sailed the same Evening, with the Force there collected, consisting of a Detachment of the Royal Artillery, the 3d and 11th Regiments of Foot, and the 8th West India Regiment, but owing to the Calms and light Winds that prevailed, we made so little Progress, as not to arrive at St. Bartholomew's, until the Morning of the 20th, although the Passage is generally made in the Course of a few Hours.

Rear Admiral Duckworth, conceiving it might be useful to order the Andromeda from Antigua, with a View to prevent any Vessels communicating with the Island of St. Bartholomew, Captain Bradby was accordingly dispatched on that Service, of which Opportunity I availed myself to send Lieutenant Colonel Shipley, the commanding Engineer, for the Purpose of making Observations, and to discover where a Landing might be made with the least Risk to the Troops. The Report of Lieutenant Colonel Shipley, and Captain Bradby, was very correct, and, had Occasion required us to have acted on their Information, would no doubt have proved of very essential Consequence, in facilitating the Reduction of the Island.

A Disposition was made for landing on the Morning of the 19th; but being becalmed the Whole of that Day, in Sight of the Island, and

thereby losing the Advantage that would have been derived from a sudden and unexpected Attack, together with the Information we had received by a Vessel lately from St. Bartholomew, that the Governor was unprepared, and indeed possessed no Means of Defence, we determined at once to send in a Summons, which was accordingly done on the Morning of the 20th, and I am happy to acquaint you was followed by the immediate Surrender of the Island.

I have the Honor to transmit to you herewith, for your more particular Information, Copies of the Summons and Capitulation, together with a Return of the Ordnance found in the Island of St. Bartholomew.

I have the Honor to be, &c. &c. &c.

(Signed) **THO. TRIGGE**, Lieut. Gen.

[Here follows the Summons and Articles of Capitulation, as inserted in Admiral Duckworth's Dispatch.]

Return of Ordnance, &c. captured in the Island of St. Bartholomew, March 21, 1801.

Iron.—8 Twenty-four-Pounders, 6 Eighteen-Pounders, 8 Six-Pounders, 13 Four-Pounders, 4 Three-Pounders, 6 Two Pounders.

Garrison Carriages complete.—6 Twenty-four-Pounders, 6 Eighteen-Pounders, 9 Four-Pounders, 3 Three-Pounders, 2 Two-Pounders;

With a considerable Proportion of Ordnance and Engineers' Stores.

(Signed) **FRANCIS LAYE**, Lieut. Col. commanding Royal Artillery, Caribbee Islands.

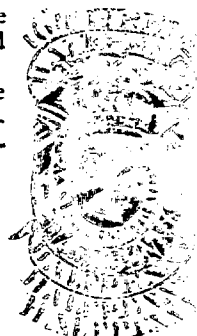
His Majesty's Ship Leviathan, at Sea, 27th March 1801.

SIR,

I Have the Honor to acquaint you, that the Island of St. Martin surrendered to the British Forces on the 24th Instant.

It being considered of much Consequence that the least Delay possible should take place after the Surrender of St. Bartholomew, every Exertion was made to complete the Arrangements necessary to enable us to leave that Island, which were finally concluded on the 22d.

At the Moment when we were about to sail, the Profelyte from England, with Nine Transports under Convoy, hove in Sight, on which we immediate-



ly weighed, and joined them about Ten o'Clock that Night, when we found that One Transport was missing, with Two Hundred Men of the 64th Regiment on board. On the following Day at Noon, we were also joined by the Coromandel, with the 2d West India Regiment.

The Ships of War and the Transports, during the Night of the 23d, drew as near to the Island of St. Martin as appeared consistent with Safety, and at Daylight the following Morning stood into Little-Cole Bay.

The Troops having been divided into two Brigades, a Disposition was made for Landing. The First Brigade, under the Command of Brigadier-General Fuller, was composed of the 1st Battalion of the Royals, the 11th Regiment, and 2d West India Regiment, and was destined to make an Attack on Fort Chesterfield, near the Town of Marigot, situated in the French Quarter of the Island.

The Second Brigade, commanded by Brigadier-General Maitland, consisted of Six Companies of the 3d Regiment, the 64th, and Four Companies of the 8th West India; and was intended for the Attack of Fort Amsterdam, and the Town of Philipsburgh in the Dutch Quarter, a Proportion of Field Artillery being attached to each Brigade.

The Bay fixed on for the Troops to Land in being in the Dutch Quarter, and contiguous to Fort Amsterdam, the 2d Brigade was in consequence landed first, which was effected without Opposition. During this Operation, the Transport arrived with the part of the 64th Regiment, which had been missing, and being ordered to run close in with the Shore, the Men were landed in Time to join their Regiment.

Brigadier-General Maitland, having gained the Heights towards Fort Amsterdam, was soon opposed by detached Parties of the Enemy. The 8th, West India Regiment, being principally engaged on those Occasions, was always successful.

It appeared that almost the whole Force of the Enemy had been drawn to the Dutch Quarter, whereas it was expected that the principal Resistance would have been made at Fort Chesterfield.

The Enemy, rather than await an Attack from our Troops, which they were led to expect, by our possessing the Heights at no great Distance from the Fort and Town, determined to attack, with a considerable Part of their Force, one of the Positions which we occupied, and brought out Two Field Pieces with about Three Hundred Men for the Purpose.

The Body of our Troops, on which this Attack was made, consisted of Four Companies of the Sixty-fourth Regiment, under the immediate Command of Lieutenant-Colonel Pakenham, and Two Companies of the 8th West India Regiment, who evinced, on this Occasion, the greatest Courage and Steadiness, repulsed and pursued the Enemy, and took Possession of the Two Field Pieces.

The Loss of the Enemy, which they themselves state to be much more considerable, was certainly not less than between Fifty and Sixty killed and wounded, which must appear a great Number when compared with the few Men we had wounded in this Affair.

That the 64th, one of the finest Regiments I ever saw, commanded as it was, should have behaved in a

distinguished Manner is not surprising; but I have peculiar Satisfaction in being enabled to add, that the 8th West India Regiment, formed within the last Three Years, and composed almost entirely of new Negroes, who never had before seen an Enemy, engaged with a Degree of Gallantry, and behaved in a Manner that would do Honor to any Troops.

After the Attack now mentioned, the Enemy made no further Attempt, but between Four and Five o'Clock in the Afternoon a Communication was opened, and the Capitulation finally concluded by Twelve that Night.

The First Brigade, when landed, proceeded to the French Quarter without Opposition, and took Possession of Lee's Hill, which commands Fort Chesterfield, and had prepared to commence an Attack, which was ordered to be made on that Post at Day-break on the 25th.

The Crews of some Privateers, who formed a considerable Part of the Enemy's Force, finding the Attack on our Position had failed, returned to their Ships and put to Sea.

The Regular Troops, to the Number of at least Three Hundred and Twenty, had laid down their Arms before my Departure; and it is probable there were still more who had not then surrendered.

The Officers of the Navy and the Seamen went through the laborious Task of disembarking the Troops and dragging the Guns up steep and rugged Hills, with a Spirit and Cheerfulness highly honorable to themselves and gratifying to those who witnessed their Zeal and Exertions. Were I merely to say that Rear-Admiral Duckworth gave every possible Assistance, I might be understood only to mean that he did his Duty; an Expression totally inadequate to convey what I feel, as, exclusive of all that can be comprehended under the most extensive Meaning of the Word Duty, his most Acts of Kindness must be remembered by me with Gratitude, and by every Officer and Soldier serving on this Expedition.

I have also much Pleasure in bearing Testimony to the Zeal manifested by the Whole of the Troops, whose Conduct was so highly creditable, as to entitle them to my warmest Praise.

It likewise affords me particular Satisfaction to have an Opportunity of expressing, through this Channel, my Acknowledgments to Brigadiers General Fuller and Maitland, for the Manner in which they conducted the Services entrusted to them, and to Lieutenant-Colonel Gleistanes, the Adjutant-General, Lieutenant-Colonel Laye, commanding the Royal Artillery, and Lieutenant-Colonel Shipley, the commanding Engineer, for the unremitting Exertions which they used in their respective Situations, as well as to the Officers commanding the several Corps, for the Attention and Alacrity so eminently conspicuous in the Discharge of their Duty.

I have the Honor to enclose to you herewith, Copies of the Summons and Articles of Capitulation, on which the Island of Saint Martin has been surrendered to His Majesty, together with a Return of the Ordnance taken Possession of, and a Return of the wounded.

I have the Honor to be, &c. &c. &c.
(Signed) THOS. TRIGGE, Lieutenant-General.

[See the Summons and Articles of Capitulation in Admiral Duckworth's Dispatch.]

Amsterdam, March 25, 1801.

Return of Ordnance, &c. captured in the Island of Saint Martin.

Iron, on Garrison Carriages, with Trucks, &c. complete.—6 Twenty-four Pounders, 1 Sixteen-Pounder, 3 Twelve-Pounders, 2 Nine-Pounders, 5 Eight-Pounders, 14 Six-Pounders, D. F.
On Travelling Carriages.—4 Three-Pounders.
On Skids.—1 Eighteen-Pounder, 7 long Six-Pounders, 4 light Six-Pounders, 14 Four-Pounders, 6 Three-Pounders, 8 Two-Pounders, 13 One-Pounder.

Brass, on Travelling Carriages.—2 Two-Pounders;
With a considerable Proportion of Ordnance and Engineers' Stores.

(Signed) FRANCIS LAYE, Lieutenant-Colonel commanding Royal Artillery, &c. Caribbee Islands.

Saint Martin, March 24, 1801.

Return of Wounded.

64th Regiment.—6 Rank and File.

(Signed) ALBERT GLEDSTANES, Lieutenant-Colonel and Adjutant General.

Head-Quarters, St. Thomas, 29th March, 1801.

SIR,

HAVING completed such Arrangements as appeared necessary for the Security of Saint Martin's, we were enabled to leave that Island on the Afternoon of the 26th, and arrived here Yesterday.

The Ships of War and Transports having anchored at Noon, and the Troops being immediately disposed in the Order of Landing, the Summons was sent in without further Delay, and I have the Satisfaction to acquaint you, that the Islands of Saint Thomas and St. John, together with their Dependencies, were surrendered on Capitulation to His Majesty's Troops, and taken Possession of in the Afternoon.

I have done myself the Honor to enclose to you a Copy of the Articles of the Capitulation, on which these Islands have been put into our Possession; but have conceived it unnecessary to transmit the Summons, it being similar to that of Saint Bartholomew, a Copy of which accompanies this Dispatch; and also to annex, for your Information, a Return of the Ordnance found in this Island.

I have charged my Aid-de-Camp, Major Browne, with the Delivery of this Dispatch, as well as of those containing Information of the Surrender of the Islands of Saint Bartholomew and St. Martin, to whom I beg Leave to refer you for such further Particulars as you may require, having no doubt but you will find him perfectly prepared to afford you every necessary Information,

I have the Honor to be, &c. &c. &c.

(Signed) THOS. TRIGGE, Lieut. General.
The Right Honorable Henry Dundas.

Fort Christian, March 29, 1801.

Return of Part of the Ordnance, &c. captured in the Island of Saint Thomas.

Brass, mounted on Travelling Carriages.—2 Three-Pounders, 2 One-Pounders.

Iron Carronades, mounted on Garrison Carriages.—2 Twenty-four Pounders.

Guns.—6 Eighteen-Pounders, 1 Twelve-Pounder, 18 Eight-Pounders, 38 Six-Pounders, 12 Four-Pounders.

Dismounted.—2 Eight-Pounders, 6 Six-Pounders, 16 Four-Pounders;

With a considerable Proportion of Ordnance and Engineers' Stores.

(Signed) FRANCIS LAYE, Lieut. Col. commanding Royal Artillery, &c. Caribbee Islands.

Head-Quarters, St. Croix, April 7, 1801.

SIR,

I Have the Honor to acquaint you that we failed from Saint Thomas's on the Evening of the 30th Ultimo, and arrived off this Island the following Day.

Having issued Orders to the Troops preparatory to their Landing, and made the Arrangements necessary for that Purpose, it was judged inexpedient to take any further Steps until the Summons had been sent in, which was immediately done; and I have the Honour to acquaint you that the Island of Saint Croix was surrendered to his Majesty in the course of the Afternoon; but it being then too late in the Day to take Possession, it was deferred until this Morning, when the British Troops were landed, and marched into the different Ports and Towns of Christianstadt and Frederickstadt.

I have the Honor to enclose for your Information a Copy of the Articles of Capitulation, and of the Governor-General's Reply to the Summons; as likewise a Return of the Ordnance found in the several Ports and Batteries.

Captain M'Mahon, of the 53d Regiment, my Aid-de-Camp, will have the Honor of presenting this Dispatch, who I am persuaded you will find sufficiently prepared to afford you such further Information as you may wish to be in Possession of.

I have the Honor, to be, &c. &c. &c.

THO. TRIGGE, Lieutenant General.
The Right Honorable Henry Dundas,
&c. &c. &c.

P. S. I also have the Honor to enclose, for your Information, a Return of the Prisoners of War belonging to the Land Forces, who surrendered at the different Islands.

It must be satisfactory to you to know that the present Crop of Sugar in this Island will amount to Thirty-six Thousand Hogsheads, containing Half a Ton each.

By his Excellency William Anthony Lindemann, Governor-General of the Danish West India Islands, to their Excellencies Lieutenant-General Thomas Trigge and Rear-Admiral John Thomas Duckworth, Commanders in Chief of his Britannic Majesty's Forces, &c.

The Summons delivered to me from your Excellencies has greatly astonished me, as I am unacquainted with any Rupture between the King my Master and His Britannic Majesty.

Participating in those Sentiments of Humanity your Excellencies have expressed in the said Summons, and desirous to prevent an unnecessary Effusion of Blood, I here enclose the Terms on which I offer to surrender the Island of Saint Croix.

The Officers Bearers of this are authorized to treat and sign.

(Signed) W. A. LINDEMANN.

(A true Copy.)

RA. DARLING, Mil. Sur.

Saint Croix, 31st March, 1801.

[Vide Articles of Capitulation in Admiral Duckworth's Dispatch.]

Christianstadt, April 2, 1801.

Return of Ordnance, &c. captured in the different Forts and Batteries in the Island of Saint Croix.

Brafs, mounted on Travelling Carriages, with Limbers, &c. complete.—4 Three-Pounders, 4 One-Pounders, 4 Five Inch, and 2 Six and a Half Inch Howitzers, dismounted.

Iron, mounted on Garrison Carriages, with Trucks, Beds, and Coils complete.—2 Six-Pound Caronades; Guns, 12 Eighteen-Pounders, 8 Twelve-Pounders, 6 Eight-Pounders, 24 Six-Pounders, 16 Four-Pounders, 1 Three-Pounder.

Mounted on Parapet Carriages, with Slides, &c. complete.—9 Eighteen-Pounders.

Dismounted, serviceable.—16 Eighteen-Pound Caronades; Guns, 3 Eighteen-Pounders, 6 Four-Pounders, 2 Three-Pounders, 5 Two-Pounders, 2 One-Pounders.

Dismounted, unserviceable.—4 Nine-Pound Caronades; Guns, 6 Twelve-Pounders, 2 Eight-Pounders, 5 Six-Pounders, 8 Four-Pounders, 5 Three-Pounders, 6 One-Pounders.

Dismounted, serviceable.—8 One-Pound Swivels; With a large Proportion of Ordnance and Engineers' Stores.

(Signed) FRANCIS LAYE, Lieutenant-Colonel commanding Royal Artillery, &c. Caribbee Islands.

Return of the Prisoners of War who surrendered at the following Islands.

St. Bartholomew's, on the 20th of March.—1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, 19 Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates. Total 21.

St. Martin's, on the 24th of March.—1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 4 Captains, 5 Lieutenants, 6 Ensigns, 286 Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates, Total 302.

St. Thomas's, on the 28th of March.—1 Major, 2 Captains, 4 Lieutenants, 128 Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates. Total 135.

St. Croix, on the 31st of March.—1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 1 Major, 1 Captain, 6 Lieutenants, 231 Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates. Total 240.

Total 2 Lieutenant-Colonels, 2 Majors, 8 Captains, 16 Lieutenants, 6 Ensigns, 664 Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates.—Total 698.

(Signed) ALBERT GLADSTANES, Adjutant-General.

Admiralty-Office, May 11, 1801.

CAPTAIN EKINS, late of His Majesty's Ship Amphitrite, arrived last Night with Dispatches from Rear-Admiral Duckworth, Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels at Bar-

badoes and the Leeward Islands, to Evan Nepean, Esq; Secretary of the Admiralty, of which the following are Copies:

SIR, *Leviathan, at Sea, March 27, 1801.*

HAVING consulted with Lieutenant-General Trigge, on the Subject of the Orders of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, we determined not to wait for the expected Reinforcements, but collect the Troops that the General thought might be employed with Dispatch; and we sailed on the 16th, with about One Thousand Five Hundred Troops, for the Purpose of attacking the various Islands specified in our Orders, the General and myself considering it most judicious to commence with the weathermost one St. Bartholomew, though by Calms and very variable Winds we were prevented from getting to Grand Saline Bay (our intended Place of Landing) till the Morning of the 20th, when, having prepared every Thing for that Purpose, and placed the *Andromeda*, *L'Unité*, and *Drake* Brig to cover it, the General and myself deemed it expedient to prevent Delay, by sending Brigadier-General Fuller, and Captain King of the *Leviathan*, with a Summons, which, after some little Hesitation, was accepted, and the Capitulation I transmit, entered into. I then detached the *Andromeda* with the *Alexandria* Tender to assist in watching St. Thomas's, when every Exertion was used to land a Garrison, and form such temporary Arrangements as the Urgency of the Service would admit; all of which were effected by the Morning of the 22d. We found here Two Swedish Ships nearly laden with Produce of this Country, a Danish Ship in Ballast, besides a Variety of small Craft, Swedish, and Three small French Vessels; and I left Captain Thomas Harvey, in *L'Unité*, to co-operate with the Commandant of that Island, and at Ten o'Clock A. M. were in the Act of weighing, when Ten Sail were seen from the Mast-Head, I therefore ordered the *Drake* Brig and *L'Eclair* Schooner to reconnoitre, keeping the Wind, myself concluding they were our Troops from England, which the General and myself had sent Orders to Barbadoes to follow us after landing their Sick, with Women and Children; this, from light Airs, was not ascertained till Ten o'Clock at Night, when they proved as conjectured, and the Profelyte joined in the Afternoon of the 24th. Upon this Accumulation of Force, the General and myself, after some Deliberation, judged it would be highly injurious to His Majesty's Service, and render Saint Bartholomew very unsafe, if we omitted attacking the Island of Saint Martin: We therefore, (though it was not mentioned in our Instructions,) prompted by the Rectitude of our Intentions, decided upon endeavouring to reduce it, and at Midnight of the 22d bore away for that Purpose; but the unprecedented Variableness of the Winds prevented our getting there till Daylight of the 24th; and on the Afternoon of the 23d the *Coromandel* joined with the 2d West India Regiment, when, having placed Captain Fowke in the *Profelyte*, with the *Drake* Brig in Coles Bay to cover the Landing under the Direction of Captain Ekings of the *Amphitrite*, (who had been sick at Barbadoes, but joined me in the *Profelyte*, and handsomely volunteered this Service,) which commenced at Half past Eight o'Clock; and with his judicious Arrangements, the Second

Brigade of near One Thousand Five Hundred Men under Brigadier-General Maitland, were on Shore with their Field Pieces, and One Hundred Seamen by Eleven o'Clock, as was the First Brigade of One Thousand Eight Hundred, under Brigadier-General Fuller, by Two o'Clock, with their Field Pieces, and One Hundred Seamen; the Second Brigade directly proceeded on to take the Heights in the Approach to the Town of Philipsburgh, which was quickly effected, though not without some smart skirmishing, which afterwards brought on a short Action, in which some Companies of the 64th, under Lieut. Col. Pakenham, and Two Companies of the Eighth West India Regiment, displayed great Gallantry; beat the Enemy, and took Two Field Pieces; at this Time Brigadier-General Fuller, with the First Brigade, marched on to take the Heights above Fort Chesterfield, or Maregot, where we had Reason to expect the greatest Resistance; but the former Check (in which the Enemy lost from Fifty to Sixty killed and wounded) evinced that Opposition could only lead to Destruction; and they embraced a verbal Summons (sent in by Brigadier-General Maitland, at Five o'Clock) to propose their Terms at Nine; when Lieutenant-General Trigge and Self, being on the Spot, the Capitulation was signed and exchanged by Midnight of the 24th, of which I transmit a Copy for their Lordships' Information. At the Commencement of the Attack we observed in Great Bay, Two Privateer Brigs, of Twelve Guns each, and a Schooner of the same Force, with a Merchant Ship, Brig, and Nine or Ten small Craft; and as I considered them likely to attempt getting off in the Course of the Night, if it was found necessary to surrender, I ordered the Hornet and Fanny armed Brig, to work up to Great Bay, to prevent such Attempt from succeeding, and at Sunset sent the Drake to aid on that Service; but, unfortunately, the Two First did not get far enough to Windward to fulfil my Intention, by which Means One of the Brigs and the Schooner got out, with a few small Vessels, Five of which were taken; but I am to lament the Brig and Schooner getting away, after a Chace of Twenty-four Hours, by the Hornet and Fanny. We found remaining in the Bay, One Brig Privateer of Twelve Guns, an English captured Ship, a Merchant Brig, Four small Schooners, and a Sloop; the Particulars of which my Time would not allow me to collect, as I began to embark the Troops, Ordnance, &c. &c. the next Morning, the 25th, and sailed for Saint Thomas's the Afternoon of the 26th, leaving the Profelyte, Hornet, and Drake, to assist in the Arrangements necessary for the Security of the Island, and Two Transports to embark the Garrison in, which consisted of between Three and Four Hundred, besides nearly a similar Number which got away in the Brig, &c.

I have ordered the Profelyte to relieve L'Unité, keeping with her the Drake for the assisting Protection of the Two Islands, and L'Unité to conduct the Prisoners to Martinique, arranging and getting ready to convoy the Trade home.

I cannot conclude this Account of our successful Proceedings, for their Lordships' Information, without paying that grateful Tribute which is due to Lieutenant-General Trigge for his kind Support and Concurrence in every Instance, and for his

anxious Endeavours to preserve that particular Harmony and Unanimity between the Army and Navy, which must always contribute to the Success of every Undertaking. I should not do Justice to the Officers and Men serving under my Command, if I was to omit assuring their Lordships they have performed the harassing and laborious Service they have been employed in highly to my Satisfaction, and with an Alacrity characteristic of British Seamen; and I have the Honor to be, Sir, &c. &c. &c.

J. T. DUCKWORTH.

By Lieutenant-General Thomas Trigge and Rear Admiral John Thomas Duckworth, Commanders in Chief of His Britannic Majesty's Land and Sea Forces employed at the Windward and Leeward Islands, &c. &c. &c.

THE King, our Master, having viewed with the deepest Concern the unjust Combination lately entered into between the Courts of Sweden, Denmark, and Russia, to support the Principles of Armed Neutrality, contrary to the Law of Nations and the positive Stipulation of Treaties, His Majesty, therefore, feels himself called upon to adopt such Measures, as a Conduct so hostile to the just and ancient Privileges of the British Flag requires, on his Part, for the Maintenance and Preservation of the best Rights of His People, and in Support of the most solemn Treaties, thereby violated, and to consider, though with the greatest Reluctance, those Courts as Enemies of Great Britain.

Feeling that Resistance on your Part would only tend to increase the Calamities of War, which it is our most earnest Desire to alleviate, we have sent this Summons by Brigadier-General Fuller, of the Land Forces, and Captain King, of the Royal Navy, requiring you to surrender the Island of Saint Bartholomew, together with all Ships and Vessels, Stores, and Public Property of every Description.

Knowing how ardently it is the Desire of our Royal Master to avert the Sufferings of Individuals, and it being no less our own Disposition and Wish to soften their Distresses, we take this Opportunity to declare, that the private Property of the Inhabitants will be respected, as well as whatever belongs to the Subjects of the United States of America; and in case of immediate Submission, that the Laws, Customs, and Religious Usages of the Island shall not be infringed.

Dated on board His Majesty's Ship Leviathan, this 20th Day of March 1801.

(Signed) THOMAS TRIGGE, Lieut. General.
J. T. DUCKWORTH, Rear-Admiral.

His Excellency the Governor of
St. Bartholomew.

His Majesty's Ship Leviathan,
March 20, 1801.

SIR,

HIS Majesty's friendly Disposition towards the Interests of the United States of America, and their Inhabitants, corresponding so perfectly with our own—We, in order the more certainly to prevent any Cause of Misunderstanding on the present Occasion, have taken this Opportunity to express our just Expectation, that the Subjects of America, at present residing in the Island of St. Bartholomew, will not lend themselves to any collusive Transactions,

with a View of preventing such Property from coming into Possession of the Forces under our Command, as of Right ought to be forfeited to the Crown of Great Britain. As whatever Reluctance we might feel in adopting a Measure so extremely disagreeable to us, it nevertheless would be our Duty, not only to resist, in every Instance, such unbecoming Proceedings, but be the Means of obliging us to act against whoever might be concerned in a Transaction of so improper a Nature, in a Manner which we would ever wish to avoid. At the Time of making this Communication, we hope not to be understood as conceiving any Thing of the Nature now alluded to, at all likely to occur. We feel satisfied of the contrary, and have noticed it merely as a Measure of Precaution to those who might otherwise have been unwarily led into a Step, without being aware of the Consequences attendant.

We have the Honor to be, &c. &c. &c.
(Signed).

THOS. TRIGGE, Lieutenant General.
J. T. DUCKWORTH, Rear Admiral.

Whereas War between Great Britain and Sweden being announced by the Arrival of an Armament at this Island, summoning it to surrender to his Britannic Majesty, I do hereby agree to deliver it up to the British on the following Conditions :

Art. I. That all His Swedish Majesty's Property, now delivered, shall, according to Inventory, be restored, when the Colony is returned to his Majesty the King of Sweden.

Answer.—All His Swedish Majesty's Property must be delivered up to the British unconditionally.

Art. II. That all the Inhabitants of this Colony, of what Nation soever, shall be protected to their Persons and Property, and at Liberty to leave the Island, or remain here; and, in the first Case, to take with them their Property, without Confiscation, or other Hindrance. Whereunder is comprehended, Goods, Merchandize, and Vessels.

Answer.—All Swedish Inhabitants, and those of the United States of America, shall be protected in their Persons and Property, and be at Liberty to leave the Island, or remain on it, while they do not act inconsistently with the Interests of the British; by Property is to be understood Goods and Merchandize on Shore.

Art. III. That all Military and Civil Officers, as well as the Garrison, shall, when desired, be transported to Sweden at the Expence of His Britannic Majesty, without being considered Prisoners of War, and at Liberty to take their Property with them.

Answer.—The Garrison must be considered as Prisoners of War; every possible Indulgence will be granted them, and their Property respected.

Art. IV. All Public Papers and Documents to be respected, and allowed to be sent to Sweden.

Answer.—All Public Papers and Documents must be submitted to the Inspection of the British.

Art. V. Religion, Laws, and Customs, shall remain in the same State as they now are.

Answer.—Agreed to.

Art. VI. The Papers and Documents belonging to the French Delegation here, to be suffered to be sent away unmolested.

Answer.—All Papers belonging to the Enemies of Great Britain must be delivered up.

Art. VII. That Six Days be allowed to deliver up whatever may belong to His Swedish Majesty, and for an Inventory to be made of the same, during which Space of Time I desire to be guarded by my own Troops.

Answer.—Every Protection is insured to the Person of the Governor; but the Troops of His Swedish Majesty must be disarmed immediately after the Surrender of the Place; and His Swedish Majesty's Property must be delivered up to the British as soon as possible, and likewise all the Forts and strong Posts must be surrendered to the British Troops as soon as these Article. are ratified by the Commander in Chief.

Gustavia, in the Island of Saint Bartholomew, the 20th Day of March 1801.

H. ANKERBEIM.

FRANCIS FULLER, Brigadier-General.

E. D. KING, Captain Royal Navy.

Confirmed and ratified by us the Commanders in Chief of His Britannic Majesty's Forces. Dated on board His Majesty's Ship Leviathan, this 20th Day of March 1801.

THOMAS TRIGGE, Lieut. General.

JOHN THOMAS DUCKWORTH, Rear-Admiral.

By their Excellencies Lieutenant-General Thomas Trigge, and Rear-Admiral John Thomas Duckworth, Commanders in Chief of his Britannic Majesty's Forces, &c. &c.

THE Superiority of the Force which it has pleased His Britannic Majesty to place under our joint Command, rendering every Hope of Resistance, on your Part, altogether ineffectual, we, in order to avert the Consequences that so evidently would attend any Opposition which, from a vain Expectation of Success, you might be induced to make, and to give you the only Opportunity in our Power to afford, of avoiding the Effects so certainly to be apprehended, have taken this Means of manifesting the Moderation with which it is our Desire to proceed:

And we do therefore require you, in the Name of the King our Master, immediately to surrender into our Possession the Island of St. Martin, as likewise all Stores and Vessels, together with the Property of every Description.

Done on board His Britannic Majesty's Ship Leviathan, this 24th Day of March, 1801.

(Signed) THOMAS TRIGGE, Lieutenant-General.
J. T. DUCKWORTH, Rear-Admiral.

To his Excellency the Governor
of Saint Martin.

CAPITULATION of the Island of Saint Martin.

Art. I. That all Property, both French and Dutch, shall be respected.

Answer.—All Public Property, Military and Naval Stores, must be delivered up; as likewise all Ships and Vessels, with their Cargoes, belonging to the Enemies of Great Britain and Ireland. The Private Property of the ancient Inhabitants, both French and Dutch, is to be respected; but we reserve to ourselves the Right to determine with respect to such Property as has been acquired of late Years.

Art. II. The French Troops shall march out at Eight o'Clock to-morrow Morning with their Arms, Drums beating, and be allowed to take their Baggage.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. III. The French Delegate, the Commandant, and the Officers composing the Garrison of Saint Martin, shall be embarked with their Effects and Arms, which they are to be allowed to keep in their Possession.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. IV. The Officers of the Civil Department shall be treated as the Military, and a Vessel shall be granted to convey them to Gaudaloupe, where they shall remain on Parole until exchanged.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. V. The Sick and Wounded shall be treated with Humanity, and all possible Assistance given to them.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. VI. All Papers of the French Delegation shall be given up to the Delegate.

Answer.—Granted.

Philipburgh, 24th of March, 1801.

(Signed) BRESSON, Delegate.
BANNIER, Commandant of Military.
(Signed) THOS. TRIGGE, Lieutenant-General.
J. T. DUCKWORTH, Rear-Admiral.

Leviathan, Saint Thomas,
March 30, 1801.

SIR,
HAvING had the Honor of stating to you, for the Information of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, the successful Proceedings of this Armament to the Twenty-seventh, I have now further to add, that we arrived off this Island at Day-light of the Twenty-eighth, having previously concerted with the General the Arrangement for landing at Black Point Bay, about Three Miles to the Westward of the Town; but from the Wind throwing off the Land we were not able to obtain Anchorage till Noon, when I directed Captain Bradby in the Andromeda, with the Alexandria Tender, to place themselves as close to the Beach as the Water would admit to cover the Landing; which Service was ably executed: I also ordered the Southampton, Diana, and Amphitrite, (which had been previously directed here to prevent Succour from being thrown in,) to anchor close off the Town, to be in Readiness to attack the Forts, if requisite. This Service performed, and the Troops all ready to land, Lieutenant-General Trigge and Self were of Opinion it would promote His Majesty's Service to summon the Island, which was sent by Brigadier-General Maitland, and Captain King of the Leviathan, when a Capitulation was agreed on for this Island, Saint Johns, and its Dependencies (with the Delay only of the Governor being permitted to send Officers to ascertain that our Force was formidable as represented;) and Yesterday Morning we took Possession of the Forts, &c. since when I have been constantly employed in landing a Garrison, and forming temporary Regulations, to move for our next Object Santa Cruz this Evening, that my Time will not admit of my giving their Lordships an exact Detail of the Vessels in Harbour, but there was One Man

of War Brig of Eighteen Guns which appears a very fine Vessel, and fit for His Majesty's Service. Herewith I send a Copy of the Capitulation.— This, with my other Dispatch of the Twenty-seventh, I forward by my First Lieutenant, Charles Marshall Gregory, an Officer of great Merit and Activity, who has been recently employed as acting Captain of the Amphitrite, and to whom I must refer their Lordships for further Particulars; and I have the Honor to be,
Sir, &c. &c. &c.

J T. DUCKWORTH.

CAPITULATION of the Island of St. Thomas.

Art. I. The Islands of Saint Thomas, Saint John, and their Dependencies, are hereby placed under the Protection of his Britannic Majesty, until, by a Conclusion of Peace, it shall be settled whether they are to be Danish or English Property.

Answer.—The Islands of Saint Thomas, Saint John, and their Dependencies, must be surrendered to the Forces of His Britannic Majesty on the Conditions which follow.

Art. II. Military Honours are to be shewn by the Surrender. The Officers keep and continue to carry their Swords.

Answer.—Agreed.

Art. III. All Inhabitants of the said Islands are to enjoy the fullest Security for their Persons and Property and other Rights, as well as a free Exercise of Religion.

Answer.—All Danish Inhabitants and the Subjects of the United States of America, shall enjoy the fullest Security for their Persons and Properties, as well as the free Exercise of their Religion, provided they do not endeavour collusively to cover the Property of the Enemies of Great Britain and Ireland. By Property is to be understood all Goods and Merchandize now on Shore.

Art. IV. Arms and Ammunition to be delivered by a Commission composed of Officers of both Parties; also the Magazines and Provisions, and what else may be found in the Fort to-day, according to Returns to be drawn up.

Answer.—Agreed.

Art. V. All Danish Officers, the Garrison, Naval Officers and Sailors, to be conducted conveniently and safely to their native Country, and those that might desire to proceed *via* America, or elsewhere, to be provided with proper Passports.

Answer.—The Garrison must be considered as Prisoners of War, and will be conveyed to Europe as speedily as possible, and every Indulgence shewn them.

Art. VI. No Military to be quartered in Houses, but in Barracks and decent Rooms, to be assigned by the Burgher Council, and a Commission appointed to that End.

Answer.—Agreed.

Art. VII. The Danish Laws and Ordinances to remain in force. All Courts and Juridical Offices to be occupied by the present Officers. In case no Appeal can take Place to the High Court of Justice at Copenhagen, One is to be established here by the English Government, to consist of Three of the most able Candidates in Law, and Two respectable Citizens, acquainted with the Danish Language.

Answer.—The Danish Laws and Ordinances will remain in force as at present; but the Persons filling Civil Offices must be subject to the Approbation of their Excellencies the Commanders in Chief. In the Event of Appeal from the Courts here, the Appeal to lay to His Britannic Majesty in Council.

Art. VIII. The King's and Public Treasures, all Public-Book-keepings and Accounts, Archives and Protocols, remain unmolested, under the Hands of the respective Officers, for mutual Security and Use.

Answer.—All Property belonging to the King or the Government must be given up to His Britannic Majesty; and all Public Papers and Records be submitted to the Inspection of the British, and the Records and Papers will afterwards be allowed to remain in the proper Offices.

Art. IX. His Majesty the King of Denmark having advanced Loans to the Planters, the said Planters continue to pay off according to the Method regulated unto His said Majesty the King of Denmark, (who retains the Right of Mortgage on the said Estates,) with the Exception that the Proprietors, in Consideration of precedent unfavourable Commercial Conjunctions, and the present Circumstances, make no Payments *this Year* upon the Royal Loan which has been effected for the Benefit of the Planters.

Answer.—Answered in the last Article. But with Respect to the Payments to be made upon the Loan advanced by the King of Denmark to the Planters, it is agreed to be left to the Determination of the King of Great Britain and Ireland in Council how they are to be made and applied.

Art. X. No Inhabitants shall be compelled to carry Arms, or perform Duty, when he has made his Oath of Neutrality.

Answer.—Agreed to; but they will be required to take an Oath of Allegiance to the British Government, expressing, that they will not either openly or secretly do any Thing hostile to the British Government.

Art. XI. The Americans shall be permitted, without Constraint, to export the Produce of the Islands, and provide them with Necessaries; the Inhabitants also to ship to America.

Answer.—These Colonies must trade under the same Laws as govern the British West India Islands.

Art. XII. A secret and separate Convention to permit the Inhabitants from the neighbouring Islands, or from the Main, to trade hither, in order to provide the Country with fresh Provisions.

Answer.—The Affirmative to this Proposition must depend upon the Decision of His Majesty the King of Great Britain and Ireland.

Art. XIII. The Free Coloured People of this Island shall be protected and regarded as heretofore under the Danish Government, and they shall not be forced to do any Military Duty.

Answer.—The Danish Free Coloured People will be protected as heretofore, and will not be forced to do Military Duty: but they must take the Oath of Allegiance conformably to the Tenth Article.

Art. XIV. The Preliminary Article, on which the proposed Capitulation depends, is, that the Re-

turn of the Officers sent on board of the Fleet, ascertain the Number of British Troops to be Three Thousand Men at least.

Answer.—His Excellency the Danish Governor is not expected to sign the Capitulation, until the return of the Officers he has sent to see the British Troops.

Art. XV. In the general Claim of Danish and Neutral Property to be respected as belonging to the lawful Owners, is also comprehended the Vessels and all Property afloat in this Harbour, or what might arrive during the Time the Danish Colonies may remain in Possession of His Britannic Majesty.

Answered by the Reply to the Third Proposition.

ADDITIONAL.

All the Forts, Military Posts, and Vessels of War, must be given up as soon as this Capitulation is ratified by the Commander in Chief.

Saint Thomas, the 28th of March 1801.

(Signed) C. W. VON SCHOTTEN.

FRED. MAITLAND, Brigadier-General.

E. D. KING, Captain Royal Navy.

Ratified THOMAS TRIGGE, Lieut. General.

J. T. DUCKWORTH, Rear-Admiral.

Leviathan, off Christianstadt, Santa Cruz, April 2, 1801.

SIR,

MY Letters of the 27th and 30th ult. (of which I now transmit Duplicates) having given you Information for the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty of our fortunate and successful Proceedings in the Execution of their Lordships' Orders to the Surrender of Saint Thomas's, (with the Deviation of venturing to attack Saint Martin's) and my Intentions of leaving Saint Thomas's for Santa Cruz that Evening, the 30th, I now have the further Pleasure to acquaint you that we were off the Town of Christianstadt at Day-light of the 31st, and having formed the Arrangements for Landing, and founded to the eastward of the Town, to ascertain that it could be safely effected, Lieutenant-General Trigge and myself thought proper to send a Summons similar to that of Saint Bartholomew: Upon which confidential Officers were sent off by the Governor-General Lindeman, and the accompanying Capitulation entered into, the whole of which, I hope, will meet with his Majesty's and their Lordships' Approbation; and as I possess an expeditious Account thereof, under the present Circumstances with the Northern Powers, may be transmitted to you by the Fanny Hired Arrived at the Cape, without giving any Detail of the Vessels, &c. I have not yet been able to get any exact Account of Ekins, of the Amphitrite, having been seized with a Fever, and by his Exertions to get well, but on violently his Complaint, I have the Pleasure to testify my Humanity to entrust that valuable Officer with the patches, and beg leave to refer their Lordships to him for any further Particulars.

I intend giving an acting Order to Captain Miller Garnier, of the Hawke, and my Lieutenant George William Blamey, an Officer who has made great Exertions in the present Expedition entitles him to my warmest Support.

I should feel very remiss was I to close this without mentioning to their Lordships the Aid I have

received from my Captain E. D. King, in this harassing Service; and I have the Honor to be,
Sir, &c. &c. &c.

J. T. DUCKWORTH.

ARTICLES of CAPITULATION proposed by Governor-General Lindetman to their Excellencies Lieutenant-General Thomas Trigge, and Rear-Admiral John Thomas Duckworth, Commanders in Chief of His Britannic Majesty's Forces.

Art. I. The Garrison shall evacuate the Forts, and all the Troops of the Island give up their respective Quarters. They shall march out of the said Forts with their Arms and Baggage, and all the Honors of War, with Two Field-Pieces, Colours flying; Drums beating; but previous to the Evacuation they will discharge all their Guns, and the Officers will keep their Side-Arms.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. II. Proper Ships will be provided at the Expence of His Britannic Majesty to convey directly to Copenhagen all His Danish Majesty's Officers of the Army, Navy, and of the Civil Establishment, with their Domestic and Baggage, and also to convey the Garrison and Seamen; but should any of those Officers wish to go to America in their Way Home, they will be provided with Passports to that Effect.

Answer.—The Garrison and Seamen must be considered as Prisoners of War, and will be conveyed to Europe as speedily as possible; but such Officers as may desire it will be allowed Passports to go by the Way of America, on their Parole of Honor not to serve until regularly exchanged; and must depart from the Island in the Course of Two Months from the signing of this Capitulation.

Art. III. Such of His Majesty's Officers who should wish to remain on the Island are to be at Liberty to do so.

Answer.—The Officers of the Army and Navy cannot be permitted to remain on the Island.

Art. IV. All Churches and religious Congregations in the Island shall be supported in their respective Rites and Privileges.

Answer.—Granted.

Art. V. The Danish Laws, and the Special Ordinances of this Country, shall remain in full and uncontrolled Vigour and Execution as hitherto, and Justice be administered by the Persons now in Office: the Appeals from the Upper Court to go as usual in the last Instance to the High Court of Justice in Copenhagen, or to a High Court to be nominated by the British Governor, to consist of Three able Danish Lawyers, and two respectable Inhabitants who understand the Danish Language, and to be presided by the British Governor.

Answer.—The Danish Laws and Ordinances will remain in force as at present, but the Persons filling Civil Offices must be subject to our Approbation; and in the Event of Appeal from the Courts here, the Appeal must be made to His Britannic Majesty in Council.

Art. VI. All the Inhabitants of this Island present and absent of every Denomination, to remain in full and uncontrolled Possession of their Property of every Description; and they shall meet with no Impediment in the Administration thereof.

Answer.—The Property of all Inhabitants will be respected, except the French, Spanish, and Dutch, who have become Residents since the 1st of January 1794.

Art. VII. Absent Officers in His Danish Majesty's Service, as well as other Absentees, to be maintained in the Possession of their Property, which shall be administered by their Attorneys.

Answer.—The Officers in His Danish Majesty's Service, and other Absentees, except French, Spanish and Dutch, as specified in the foregoing Article, provided they are not serving those Governments, shall continue possessed of their landed Property, which shall be administered by their Attorneys. But if any Person, resident in Denmark, shall have Warehouses or other Depôts of Goods in the Island, they must be sequestered until His Britannic Majesty's Pleasure shall be known respecting them.

Art. VIII. No Inhabitant shall be compelled, on any Pretext whatsoever, to bear Arms against His Danish Majesty, or any other Power, or perform any Military Duty of any Denomination. Those who may wish to remain on the Island shall swear to observe a strict Neutrality, and those who may wish to quit the Island shall be allowed to dispose of their Property, or to appoint Attorneys for the Administration of the same.

Answer.—Granted; but they will be required to take an Oath of Allegiance to the British Government, expressing that they will not, either openly or secretly, do any Thing hostile to the British Government: No Frenchman, Dutchman, or Spaniard, who has become a Resident since the 1st January 1794, can be permitted to remain on the Island.

Art. IX. The Free People of Colour shall continue to enjoy their Freedom and Property, and in every respect to be considered on the same Footing as the other Inhabitants, as stipulated in the Eighth Article.

Answer.—Granted; on the Terms specified in the Answer to the Eighth Article.

Art. X. No Officers nor Soldiers to be billeted on the Inhabitants; every Assistance shall be given to procure proper Quarters.

Answer.—Granted; provided proper Quarters are procured.

Art. XI. The Inhabitants concerned in His Majesty's Loan shall not be compelled to make any Payments on Account of the same, as long as the Colony continues subjected to His Britannic Majesty.

Answer.—The Inhabitants concerned in His Danish Majesty's Loan must make their Payments to His Britannic Majesty as they become due, whilst the Colony remains under the British Government.

Art. XII. All Public Books, Registers, Archives of Government, the Burgher Council, and all other Public Offices, shall, as well as Private Property, be held sacred and unmolested in the respective Offices, under the Care of the present Officers.

Answer.—All Public Books and Records, of whatever Denomination, must be submitted to our Examination, but will afterwards be allowed to remain in the proper Offices.



Art. XIII. The Ports of the Colony shall be opened to all American Vessels, who shall be permitted to import Provisions and Supplies, and to export Produce; the Inhabitants shall enjoy the same Liberty of Importation and Exportation in their own Vessels.

Answer.—The same Indulgencies will be granted to all American Vessels, as in the Islands under His Britannic Majesty's Government. The Inhabitants taking the Oath of Allegiance, will enjoy the same Privileges with respect to Trade, as in the British Colonies.

Done on board His Britannic Majesty's Ship Leviathan, off Saint Croix, the 31st of March, 1801.

(Signed) THOS. TRIGGE, Lieutenant-General.
J. T. DUCKWORTH, Rear-Admiral.

(Signed) J. C. MOT, Chamberlain to His Danish Majesty.

S. KRAUSE, Major of Infantry.

Ratified W. A. LINDEMANN, Governor-General over the Danish West India Colonies.

S E C R E T.

Art. XIV. As it is impossible for the Inhabitants to procure fresh Provisions and certain indispensable Supplies for their Estates, but from the Spaniards, either from the Main or Porto Rico, the Ports of Saint Croix shall be opened to all Spanish Vessels bringing such Supplies.

Answer.—Granted; until His Britannic Majesty's Pleasure shall be known.

(Signed) THOS. TRIGGE, Lieutenant-General.
J. T. DUCKWORTH, Rear-Admiral.

(Signed) J. C. MOT, Chamberlain to His Danish Majesty.

(Signed) S. KRAUSE, Major of Infantry.

Whitehall, May 12, 1801.

The King has been pleased to appoint Robert Dundas, Esq; to be Chief Baron of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland, vacant by the Resignation of James Montgomery, Esq.

The King has also been pleased to appoint Charles Hope, Esq; to be His Majesty's Advocate in Scotland, in the Room of Robert Dundas, Esq; appointed Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland.

Admiralty Office, April 24, 1801.

Notice is hereby given, that a Session of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery for the Trial of Offences committed on the High Seas, within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, will be held at Justice-Hall, in the Old-Bailey, London, on Wednesday the 3^d Day of June next, at Eight o'Clock in the Morning.
Evan Nepean.

Navy Office, May 7, 1801.

THE Principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that on Friday the 15th Instant, at One o'Clock, they will be ready to treat with such Persons as may be willing to let a Vessel to serve as a Tender under the Orders of the Commander in Chief at Cork.

Printed Conditions for hiring Tenders may be seen at this Office.

No Tender will be received after Twelve o'Clock, nor any noticed, unless the Party, or an Agent for him, attends.
R. A. Nelson, Secretary.

OFFICE FOR TAXES, SOMERSET-PLACE.
May 12, 1801.

PURsuant to an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, Notice is hereby given, That the Average Price of Three per Centum Consolidated Annuities, sold at the Bank of England on this Day, was £.59 five eighths per Centum.

By Order of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes,
Matthew Winter, Secretary.

INDENTURES OF APPRENTICESHIP OF POOR CHILDREN AND OTHERS, MADE UPON IMPROPER STAMPS, RENDERED VALID.

Stamp-Office, Somerset-Place, May 9, 1801.

HIS Majesty's Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties do hereby give Notice, that, by a Clause in an Act of the present Session of Parliament, Cap. 22. it is enacted, for Remedy of the Inconvenience which has arisen and may arise to Masters and Mistresses of Apprentices, and also to Apprentices, in respect to Indentures of Apprenticeship made for the binding Poor Children and others, which have, through Mistake or Inadvertency, been executed upon Stamps of a different Denomination and Value than required by the several Acts relating to the Stamp Duties, and therefore are not valid or binding on any of the Parties thereto, that, upon Payment on or before the 31st Day of December 1801, of the FULL RATE OR DUTY payable on any such Indenture; or on the Production at this Office of any Indenture of Apprenticeship, where the same shall have been stamped with any Stamp of a higher Value, though of a different Denomination than is required by Law, and tendering the same to be stamped to the proper Officer at the said Office, every such Indenture shall be stamped without Payment of any Penalty whatever; and being so stamped with the proper Stamp (whether done during the Time mentioned therein, or after the Expiration thereof) shall thereupon be good and valid, and the Persons who have incurred any Penalty by such Neglect or Omission, are indemnified against the same, except only in such Cases where any Prosecution shall be now depending.

By Order of the Commissioners,

John Brettell, Secretary.

London, May 8, 1801.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company late of His Majesty's Sloop Eugenie, that an Account of Salvage received for Recapture of the Brig Juno (George Wallace late Master) and her Cargo, on the 1st April last, will be deposited in the Registry of the High Court of Admiralty, agreeable to Act of Parliament.
Thomas Goode, Agent.

London, April 29, 1801.

Notice is hereby given, that an Account of Sales of the Bounty-Money granted for the Capture of the Balidor Spanish Privateer, on the 24th Day of February 1800, by His Majesty's Ship Cormorant, Honourable Courcy Boyle, Commander, will be delivered into the Registry of the High Court of Admiralty, agreeable to Act of Parliament.

Ommanney and Druce, Agents.

Cork, April 30, 1801.

Notice is hereby given, that an Account of Sales of the Hull and Cargo of the French Schooner *Le General Balthes*, captured on the 2d March 1801, by His Majesty's Ship *Hussar*, Right Honorable Viscount *Garlies*, Commander, will be delivered into the Registry of the High Court of Admiralty, agreeable to Act of Parliament. John Scott and John Roche, Agents.

Portsmouth, May 1, 1801.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Crew of the Union Hired Armed Cutter, who were entitled to Share for the Salvage of the Ship *Friendship*, recaptured on the 29th March 1801, that they will be paid their respective Proportions of the same at Portsmouth on the Arrival of the said Cutter; and that the Shares not then demanded will be recalled at same Place for Three Years to come. Benj. Stow, Agent.

London, May 2, 1801.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Hired Armed Cutter *Swan*, Lieutenant *Henry Stanley*, Commander, who were actually on board at the Capture of the *Ugeride Mercarius*, on the 26th Day of February 1800; that an Account of the Proceeds of the Capture will be deposited in the Registry of the High Court of Admiralty agreeable to Act of Parliament. Noble and Hunt, Agents.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of His Majesty's Hired Armed Cutter *Stag*, Lieutenant *James Irwin*, Commander, who were actually on board at the Recapture of the Brig *London* of London, on the 9th Day of April 1801, that they will be paid their respective Proportions arising from the Salvage of the said Recapture on her Arrival in Port; and the Shares not then demanded will be recalled for Three Years at No. 12, Upper Thames-Street. Peyton and Greenfell, Agents.

London, May 12, 1801.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of His Majesty's Ship *Jamaica*, John Mackellar, Esq; Captain, who were actually on board at the Recapture of the *Duke of Athol* and *James and Ruth*, on the 13th and 14th of December 1800, that they will be paid their respective Proportions of the Salvage on board the *Jamaica*, on her Arrival in Port; and the Shares not then demanded will be recalled at the Office of Francis Wilson, Esq; London, for Three Years from the Date hereof.

Francis Wilson and Donald Mackellar, Agents.

London, May 12, 1801.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of His Majesty's Ship *Jamaica*, John Mackellar, Esq; Captain, who were actually on board at the Recapture of the *Duke of Athol* and *James and Ruth*, on the 13th and 14th December 1800, that an Account of Sales has been deposited in the Admiralty Court, agreeable to Act of Parliament.

Francis Wilson and Donald Mackellar, Agents.

London, May 12, 1801.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of His Majesty's Sloop *Spitfire*, Michael Seymour, Esq; Captain, who were actually on board at the Capture of the *Concordia*, on the 15th September 1796, that an Account of the final Payment has been deposited in the Admiralty Court, pursuant to Act of Parliament.

Francis Wilson, Agent.

London, May 12, 1801.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of His Majesty's Sloop *Spitfire*, Michael Seymour, Esq; Captain, who were actually on board at the Capture of the *Concordia*, that they will be paid their respective Proportions of the final Payment of the said Prize on board the *Spitfire* on her Arrival at Plymouth; and the Shares not then demanded will be recalled at my Office, in London, for Three Years from the Date hereof.

Francis Wilson, Agent.

London, May 12, 1801.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of His Majesty's Sloop *Spitfire*, Michael Seymour, Esq; Captain, who were actually on board at the Capture of the Danish Ship *Sohestern*, on the 2d of September 1796, that an Account of Sales has been deposited in the Admiralty Court, pursuant to Act of Parliament.

Francis Wilson and Charles Brewer, Agents.

London, May 12, 1801.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Ship's Company of His Majesty's Sloop *Spitfire*, Michael Seymour, Esq; Captain, who were actually on board at the Capture of the Danish Ship *Sohestern*, on the 2d September 1796, that they will be paid their respective Proportions of the said Capture on board the *Spitfire* on her Arrival at Plymouth; and the Shares not then demanded will be recalled at the Office of Francis Wilson, Esq; London, for Three Years from the Date hereof.

Francis Wilson and Charles Brewer, Agents.

London, April 30, 1801.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Hired Armed Cutter *Drake*, Lieutenant *D. Hamline*, Commander, who were actually on board the said Cutter at the Recapture of the Brig *Gabriel*, on the 19th of March last, that an Account of Salvage of the said Recapture will be registered in the High Court of Admiralty, agreeable to Act of Parliament.

James Harvey and A. H. Steward, of Great Yarmouth, Agents.

London, May 6, 1801.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Hired Armed Cutter *Drake*, Lieutenant *D. Hamline*, Commander, who were actually on board the said Cutter at the Recapture of the Brig *Gabriel*, on the 19th of March last, that they will be paid their respective Shares of the Salvage of the said Recapture on the Cutter's Arrival in Yarmouth Roads; and the Shares not then demanded will be recalled the first Monday in every Month at A. H. Steward's, Great Yarmouth, for Three Years to come.

James Harvey and A. H. Steward, of Great Yarmouth, Agents.

Notice is hereby given, that the Partnership subsisting by William Coomer, Thomas Coomer, and John Hewitt, of Lane-End, in the County of Stafford, Pottery, under the Firm of Coomers and Hewitt, was this Day dissolved by mutual Consent; and all Debts owing to and from the said Partnership Concern will be received and paid by the said William and Thomas Coomer, who will in future carry on the said Business. Witness their Hands this 24th Day of April 1801.

William Coomer.

Thomas Coomer.

John Hewitt.

Crooked-Lane, Liverpool, May 6, 1801.
THE Partnership lately existing between us, and carried on at Liverpool, under the Firm of W. John Donne and Company, as Merchants and Factors, was dissolved by mutual Consent on the 30th Day of April last.

W. J. Donne.
John M'Carthy.

THE Copartnery carried on here by the Subscribers, under the Firm of James Gillispie and Co. is this Day dissolved by mutual Consent.

Anderston, April 3, 1801.
James Gillispie.
Robt. Clark, junior.

THE Partnership lately subsisting between William Cooper and Joseph Killer, of Derby, in the County of Derby, Bras and Iron-Founders, was on the 26th Day of January last dissolved by mutual Consent. All Accounts belonging to the late Partnership are requested to be settled with the said William Cooper, who is authorized to pay or receive the same, and by whom the Business will in future be carried on: As witness our Hands this 27th Day of March 1801.

Wm. Cooper.
Josaph Killer.

TO ALL PERSONS CONCERNED.

WHEREAS by indented Deed of Lease, bearing Date the 23d Day of December, in the Year of our Lord 1713, made between the Honorable Edward Brabazon, Esq; Second Son of the Right Honorable Chambre Earl of Meath, of the one Part, and John Marshall, of Clonmell, in the County of Tipperary, Gent. of the other Part, the said Edward Brabazon did demise unto the said John Marshall, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, All that and those the Town and Lands of Garrylish, in Two Parcels, viz. in the First Parcel 57 Acres, Plantation Measure, profitable Land; Part of John Fisher's Retrenchments; in the Second Part of the said Garrylish 79 Acres 3 Roods, of like Land and Measure; in the South Part of Gurteenbarnane, retrenched by Richard Clutterbuck, 270 Acres, of like Measure, profitable Land, and 30 Acres unprofitable Land; in Killamoane 86 Acres 2 Roods 26 Perches profitable Land, and 74 Acres unprofitable Land; in Drumtrafney, retrenched by Thomas White and John Dooling, 54 Acres, of like Measure, profitable Land; more in the same, 38 Acres 1 Rood 32 Perches profitable Land, of like Measure; in Rathcardan 102 Acres 1 Rood 8 Perches profitable Land, Plantation Measure; more in a Parcel of the same, retrenched by Thomas White and John Dooling, 23 Acres 3 Roods 8 Perches, like Measure, profitable Land; more in the same, besides the said Retrenchments, 62 Acres 3 Roods 24 Perches, of like Measure, profitable Land; in Gortnacranagh 59 Acres 3 Roods 4 Perches, of like Measure, profitable Land; all which said Lands and Premises are situate, lying, and being in the Territory of Meagh, and County of Tipperary: to have and to hold all and singular the said granted and demised Premises, with their and every of their Appurtenances, (except as in the said Indenture is particularly excepted,) unto the said John Marshall, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, from the 1st Day of November then last past, for and during the natural Lives of the Honorable Chaworth Lord Erabazon, eldest Son of the Right Honorable Chambre Earl of Meath, the Brother of the Lessor, the said Edward Erabazon the Lessor, and Brabazon Ponsoby, Esq; eldest Son of William Ponsoby, of Besborough, in the County of Kilkenny, Esq; and the Survivor or Survivors, or longer or longer Liver of them; and after their or any or either of their Decease, for and during the Term of any new Life or Lives, to be nominated or inserted by the said John Marshall, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns for ever, in the Room of the said Lord Erabazon, Edward Erabazon, and Brabazon Ponsoby, or in the Room of any other Life or Lives, to be for ever nominated and inserted as aforesaid, on Payment of 25l. Sterling, of lawful Money of Ireland, as a Fine for every such new Life, to be so nominated and inserted by the said John Marshall, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns for ever, in Twelve Calendar Months after the Decease of any of the Lives thereinbefore mentioned, or thereafter to be nominated or inserted, subject to the yearly Rents therein mentioned, that is to say, the Rent of 40l. Sterling for the First Year and a Half, to be computed

from the 1st Day of November then last past to the 1st Day of May 1715; and from and after the said 1st Day of May 1715, the yearly Rent or Sum of 50l. Sterling, and 1s. in the Pound Receiver's Fees, in Default of Payment within the Space of 61 Days after the Days of Payment therein mentioned: In which said Indenture there is contained a Covenant on the Part of the said Lessor, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, for the perpetual Renewal of the said Lease to the said John Marshall, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, upon the Fall of every of the Lives in the said Lease named and thereafter to be added thereto by virtue of said Covenant for Renewal, upon Payment of a Fine of 25l.: And whereas the said John Marshall, under and by virtue of the said Lease, entered into the Seizin and Possession of the said demised Lands and Premises; and whereas the said Honorable Claworth Lord Brabazon, eldest Son of the Right Honorable Chambre Earl of Meath, the Brother of the Lessor, the said Edward Brabazon the Lessor, and the said Brabazon Ponsoby, the said Three Cousin germs named in the said Lease, are dead; and whereas the Estate, Right, Title, and Interest of the said Edward Brabazon, the Lessor in and to the said Lands and Premises, and to the Rent and Renewal Fines payable thereout, are now vested in Roger Barrett, of Montagu-Street, in the County of Dublin, and Kingdom of Ireland, Esq; as Devisee thereof, named in the last Will and Testament of Edward Brabazon, formerly of Tarah-Houfe, in the County of Meath, and late of the City of Dublin, Esq; deceased; and whereas I the said Roger Barrett find Difficulty in discovering the Tenant to said Lands and Premises, or the Assignee or Assignees of such Tenant; and whereas on the 27th of February 1801, I caused a Demand for said Renewal Fines, and Interest thereon due, to be made on said Lands from the principal Occupier thereof without Effect—Now I the said Roger Barrett do hereby, pursuant to the Statute in that Case made and provided, give this public Notice of such Demand having been so made; and I do hereby demand the Fines for Renewal of said Lease, with Interest for the same, which amount to the Sum of 942l. 3s. up to and for the 25th Day of February last, I being ready to renew said Lease by inserting Lives in the Place of the said Chaworth Lord Brabazon, Edward Brabazon, and Brabazon Ponsoby, upon Payment of the said Renewal Fines and Interest; and in case such Fines and Interest shall not be paid within the Space of Two Calendar Months from the First Publication of this Notice, then all Persons interested are to take Notice, that I the said Roger Barrett will not renew the said Original Lease. Dated this 2d Day of March 1801.

Witness present,
 JOHN DOWLING.

WOODHALL, HERTS.

Capital Estates and Manors, Mansion, Park, Lands, Woods, and Adwovfons.

TO be sold to the best Bidders, pursuant to an Order of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer made on the 29th Day of May last, in a Matter between our Sovereign-Lord the King and Dame Joanna Ruehbold, Paul Benfield, and others, before Abel Moseley, Esq; the Deputy to His Majesty's Remembrancer of the said Court, at Garraway's Coffee-House, Change-Alley, London, on Wednesday the 20th, Thursday the 21st, and Friday the 22d of May, 1801, at Twelve o'Clock, in Forty-one Lots,

The very capital Freehold Estates of Paul Benfield, Esq; consisting of extensive Manors, the Perpetual Adwovfons of Wotton, Aston, and Stapleford, noble Mansion-House and Offices, beautiful Plantations, Gardens, Pleasure Grounds, Park, Woods, Farms, and Lands, containing about Five Thousand Acres, abundantly stocked with capital Timber of very considerable Value; the Whole forming one of the completest Domains of its Extent in this Kingdom, called Woodhall Park, situate in a fine high, healthy, and beautiful Part of the County of Herts, Four Miles from Hertford and Ware, and only Twenty-five Miles from London, in a Neighbourhood universally known to be equal to any Part of Great Britain for its Consequence, Sociability, and all kind of Field Sports; the Rental and estimated Value about Five Thousand Pounds. Also Frogmore Villa and Gardens, and the numerous Farms, are laid out in the most compact Manner, and are equal to any in the County for Situation, Produce, and Ease of Management.

Thousand Five Hundred Pounds per Annum, exclusive of the Mansion-House, Gardens, Advowsons, &c.

The noble modern-built Mansion is erected on a Plain of the first Style of Elegance, containing magnificent Suites of Apartments, fitted up in a superb Manner, with Offices of every Description, and completed with a Liberality that renders it suitable for a Family of the first Distinction.

The Gardens are provided with lofty Walling, Green-House, Peach-House, Hot and Succession-Houses, and Grapery, planted with Trees of the first Quality.

The Plantations, Lawns, and Shrubbery Walks; are truly beautiful.

The Park intersected by the River Beane.

The Estates are well worth the Attention of Noblemen or Gentlemen wishing to realise their Money in one of the finest Counties in this Kingdom, and, in Point of Situation and Distance from the Metropolis, not to be equalled for either Family Residences or Farms.

Printed Particulars may be had (gratis) at the Exchequer-Office, Inner-Temple; of Joseph White, Solicitor, of the Treasury, No. 6, Lincoln's-Inn New-Square; Messrs. Bullock and Arnold, Solicitors, Bedford-Row; Messrs. Dawes, Solicitors, Angel-Court, Throgmorton-Street, near the Royal-Exchange; at Woodhall-House; the Place of Sale; and of Messrs. Skinner and Dyke, Aldersgate-Street, where a Plan may be seen, and of whom Tickets may be had for viewing the Mansion, Gardens, &c.

The Estates may be viewed by applying at Woodhall Mansion-House.

TO be sold to the best Bidder, pursuant to several Orders of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster, made in a Matter between our Sovereign Lord the King and John Montresor, deceased, at Garraway's Coffee-House, Change-Alley, London, on Tuesday the 19th Day of May instant, at Twelve o'Clock, before Abel Moysey, Esq; Deputy to His Majesty's Remembrancer of the said Court of Exchequer, in Three Lots, The remaining unsold Estates of the said John Montresor, deceased, consisting of the capital Mansion called Belmont, with 128 Acres of Land, of a Freehold Farm, in the Parishes of Olpringe and Stone, called Sindall, containing 210 Acres of Land, or thereabouts; and also of a Farm called Great and Little Huntingfield, in the Parish of Eastling, said to contain 201 Acres, or thereabouts.

The Bailiff and Tenants will shew the Mansion and Estates.

Printed Particulars may be had of the said Deputy-Remembrancer at his Chambers in the Exchequer-Office, Inner-Temple, London; of Joseph White, Esq; Lincoln's-Inn; at the Fountain, Canterbury; Ship, Feverham; Rose, Sittingbourne; Crown, Rochester; at Garraways; and of Mr. Young, No. 58, Chancery-Lane.

N. B. At the same Time will be sold, a College Lease of the Farm adjoining Belmont-House, containing 165 Acres.

TO be peremptorily sold to the best Bidders, at the New Inn, in Bideford, in the County of Devon, on Wednesday the 27th, Thursday the 28th, and Friday the 29th Days of May instant, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of each Day, in Forty-five Lots, before Abel Moysey, Esq; Deputy to His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, pursuant to a Decree of the same Court, made in a Cause Kingdon against King, The Freehold Estates late of Christopher Coplestone, of Bideford, in the County of Devon, deceased, consisting of divers Messuages, Lands, and Tenements, and of the Moiety of divers Messuages, Lands, and Tenements, situate in the several Parishes of Alvington and Bideford, in the same County.

Particulars may be had (gratis) at the said Deputy-Remembrancer's Office, and of Messrs. Batten and Anlice, both in the King's-Bench-Walks, Temple, London; and of Mr. Thomas Pearce, Solicitor, Launceston, Cornwall; and at the Place of Sale.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Benjamin Wraith of Great Bolton, in the County of Lancaster, Cotton-Spinner, Dealer and Chapman, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects on the 27th Day of May next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Three Crowns, in Bolton, in the said County, to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees com-

mencing, prosecuting, or defending any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for Recovery of any Part of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; or to the compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other special Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Sharples and James Sharples, both late of Anderton, in the County of Lancaster, Manufacturers, Dealers, Chapmen, and Copartners, are desired to meet the Assignees of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupts on the 6th Day of June next at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Bridge Inn, in Little Bolton, in the said County, to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing, prosecuting, or defending any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for the Recovery of any Part of the said Bankrupts' Estate and Effects; or to the compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other special Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against William Jackson, Robert Taylor, and John Pease, of the Town and County of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Oilmen, Dealers, Chapmen; and Copartners, are desired to meet the Assignees of the said Bankrupts' Estate and Effects on Tuesday the 2d Day of June next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the Shakespear Tavern, in Newcastle aforesaid; to assent to or dissent from the said Assignees commencing, prosecuting, or defending any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for Recovery of any Part of the said Bankrupts' Estate and Effects; or to the compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other special Affairs.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt, bearing Date on or about the 8th Day of November 1798, was awarded and issued forth against Joseph Hedgeland, of the City of Exeter, Linen-Draper; This is to give Notice; that the said Commission is, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, superseded.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Richard Medd, late of the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Timber-Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 18th and 19th Days of May instant, and on the 23d Day of June next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at the House of John Clarkson, the White-Hart Tavern, in the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull aforesaid, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the Last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Messrs. Allen and Exley, of Furnival's-Inn, London, or to Mr. Codd, Attorney at Law, in Kingston-upon-Hull.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued against James Hook and William Turner, now or late of Bridge-Foot, Westminster, in the County of Middlesex, Coal-Merchants and Partners, and they being declared Bankrupts are hereby required to surrender themselves to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 16th and 23d Days of May instant, and on the 23d of June next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at Guildhall, London and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of their Estates and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the Last Sitting the said Bankrupts are required to finish their Examinations, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of their Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupts or that have any of their Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Blunt, Old Pay-Office, Broad-Street, London.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Makinson, of Bolton, in the County of Lancaster, Muslin-Manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 10th Day of June next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Richard Richmond, the Coach and Horsesh Inn, in Manchester, in the said County of Lancaster, in order to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed. And the Assignee of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects will also at the said Meeting require the Creditors to assent to or dissent from his commencing, prosecuting, or defending any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for Recovery of any Part of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; or to the compounding, submitting to Arbitration, or otherwise agreeing any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other special Affairs.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Henry Dry, of Uxbridge, in the County of Middlesex, Liquor-Merchant, Cooper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 16th Day of May instant, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, (by Adjournment from the 9th Instant,) in order to take the Last Examination of the said Bankrupt; when and where he is required to surrender himself and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and, with those who have proved their Debts, assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Sharples and James Sharples, both late of Anderton, in the County of Lancaster, Manufacturers, Dealers and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th Day of June next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Bridge Inn, in Little Bolton, in the said County, (by Adjournment from the 2d Day of May instant,) in order to take the Last Examination of the said Bankrupts; when and where they are required to surrender themselves and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of their Estates and Effects, and finish their Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and, with those who have proved their Debts, assent to or dissent from the Allowance of their Certificates.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against George Pugh and James Davis, of Old Fish-Street, in the City of London, Chemists and Druggists, and Copartners, intend to meet on the 27th Day of May instant, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon, at Guildhall, London, (by Further Adjournment from the 11th of May instant,) to take the Last Examination of the said Bankrupts; when and where they are required to surrender themselves and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of their Estate and Effects, and finish their Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and, with those who have already proved their Debts, assent to or dissent from the Allowance of their Certificate.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against James Richard Bolton, late of Princes-Street, Hanover-Square, in the County of Middlesex, Money-Scrivener, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 30th of May instant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, (by Adjournment from the 9th Instant,) in order to take the Last Examination of the said Bankrupt; when and where he is required to surrender himself, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects, and finish his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and, with those who have proved their Debts, assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against James Richards, late of Gosport, in the County of Southampton, Baker, Grocer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 3d Day of June next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Dolphin Inn, in Gosport aforesaid, in order to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against William Walter, of Fore-Street, in the Parish of Saint Anne, Limehouse, in the County of Middlesex, Grocer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 23d Day of June next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Final Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against James Hawkins the Elder and James Hawkins the Younger, of Rotherhithe-Wall, in the County of Surrey, Boat-Builders, Copartners, Dealers and Chapman, intend to meet on the 3d Day of June next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the Separate Estate and Effects of James Hawkins the Elder, one of the said Bankrupts; when and where the Separate Creditors of the said James Hawkins the Elder, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against George Towsey, of Letcomb Regis, in the County of Berks, Miller, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 6th Day of June next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the Alfred's Head Inn, in Wantage, in the said County, in order to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Eskrick, of Great Bolton, in the County of Lancashire, Cotton-Manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 10th Day of June next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the Bridge Inn, in Little Bolton, in the said County, to make a Final Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against James Aintworth, late of Torton, in the County of Lancashire, Whitster, intend to meet on the 9th Day of June next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Bridge Inn, in Little Bolton, in the said County, in order to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Thomas Griffith Vaughan, of the City of Bristol, Merchant, intend to meet on the 3d Day of June next, at Twelve at Noon, at the Bush Tavern, in Corn-Street, in the said City of Bristol, in order to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said

Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against John Fitch, of Elbow-Lane, Dowgate-Hill, London, Wine and Brandy-Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 6th of June next, at Twelve at Noon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against John Pomeroy, of Berners-Street, in the County of Middlesex, Jeweller, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 2d Day of June next, at One of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Final Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Edward Wilkinson and William Dudley, of Charing-Cross, in the County of Middlesex, Vintners, Dealers, Chapmen, and Cepartners, intend to meet on the 2d of June next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, to make a Final Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupts; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Benjamin Wraith, of Great Bolton, in the County of Lancaster, Muslin-Manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honorable John Lord Eldon, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Benjamin Wraith hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the

several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of June next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Bridge, of Lenchfold in Rossendale, in the County of Lancaster, Clothier, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honorable John Lord Eldon, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said John Bridge hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of June next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Shields Legg, late of Portsea, in the County of Southampton, Shoe-Maker, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honorable John Lord Eldon, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Shields Legg hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of June next.

WHEREAS the acting Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Samuel Morley, of No. 126, Fleet-Street, in the City of London, Taylor, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honorable John Lord Eldon, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the said Samuel Morley hath in all Things conformed himself according to the Directions of the several Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the said Act directs, unless Cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 2d Day of June next.

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[Price Two Shillings.]

